Index to Proceedings of the Security Council

Fifty-fourth year – 1999
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INTRODUCTION

The Security Council is the organ of the United Nations which has primary responsibility for the maintenance of international peace and security under the Charter of the United Nations. The Council, which is composed of 15 members, is organized so as to be able to function continuously.

The Index to Proceedings of the Security Council is a guide to the documentation and proceedings of the Security Council, its commissions, committees and ad hoc committees. The present issue covers the fifty-fourth year (1999) of the Security Council and its 7 sub-bodies which met during the year. The Index is prepared by the Dag Hammarskjöld Library, Department of Public Information, as one of the products of the United Nations Bibliographic Information System (UNBIS).

ARRANGEMENT OF THE INDEX

The Index consists of the following parts:

Sessional Information, listing members and officers, and providing information on rules of procedure and on resolutions and decisions;

Check-list of meetings, listing the meetings of the Council and those of its subsidiary bodies that met during the year;

Agenda, listing matters considered by and brought before the Council together with the subject headings under which these items are listed in the Subject Index;

Subject Index, providing topical access to Security Council documentation arranged alphabetically by subjects and listing documents submitted to the Council, the meetings at which items were considered and the action taken, if any;

Index to speeches, providing access to speeches that were made before the Security Council. The index is subdivided into 3 sections: corporate names/countries, speakers and subjects;

List of documents, listing documents arranged by symbol;

Resolutions adopted by the Security Council, 1999, listing resolution numbers, the subjects under which they may be found in the Subject index, as well as meetings and dates on which the resolutions were adopted;

Voting chart, indicating the voting for resolutions adopted by the Council.

DOCUMENTATION OF THE SECURITY COUNCIL

Documents of the Security Council are first issued in provisional form. A selected number of them are subsequently printed in the quarterly Supplements to Official Records, where they are arranged chronologically. Some special reports are issued individually as numbered Special Supplements. Resolutions adopted by the Security Council, first issued in provisional form, are later collected along with decisions taken, in a separate volume of the Official Records of the year. After their republication in the Official Records, the provisional documents are no longer available.

Double-symbol documents bearing both SI- and AI-symbols were submitted to both the Security Council and the General Assembly.

Verbatim records of meetings of the Security Council appear first in provisional form. They may be identified by their symbol, which consists of the series corresponding to that of the meeting, e.g., S/PV.4054. Verbatim records of meetings are later printed as separate fascicules in the Official Records.

HOW TO OBTAIN DOCUMENTS

Printed documentation for the Security Council, fifty-fourth year, may be obtained or purchased from authorized agents by providing the following information:

Official Records of the Security Council, Fifty-fourth Year.

Meeting . . . (specify meeting number) for verbatim records.

Supplement for . . . (specify quarter of year or special supplement no.).

Resolutions and decisions (for the collected edition of resolutions and decisions adopted during the year).

- V -
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# ABBREVIATIONS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Abbreviation</th>
<th>Full Form</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Add.</td>
<td>Addendum, addenda</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Art.</td>
<td>Article</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ASEAN</td>
<td>Association of South-East Asian Nations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CARICOM</td>
<td>Caribbean Community</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ch.</td>
<td>chapter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Corr.</td>
<td>Corrigendum; corrigenda</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CIS</td>
<td>Commonwealth of Independent States</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CSCE</td>
<td>Conference on Security and Co-operation in Europe</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECOMOG</td>
<td>ECOWAS Ceasefire Monitoring Group</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ecowas</td>
<td>Economic Community of West African States</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FAA</td>
<td>Angolan Armed Forces</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FMLN</td>
<td>Frente Farabundo Martí para la Liberación Nacional</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GAOR</td>
<td>Official Records of the General Assembly</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GUNR</td>
<td>Government of Unity and National Reconciliation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IAEA</td>
<td>International Atomic Energy Agency</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ICJ</td>
<td>International Court of Justice</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ICRC</td>
<td>International Committee of the Red Cross</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IPTF</td>
<td>International Police Task Force</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MINUGUA</td>
<td>United Nations Mission for the Verification of Human Rights and of Compliance with the Commitments of the Comprehensive Agreement on Human Rights in Guatemala</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MINURCA</td>
<td>United Nations Mission in the Central African Republic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MINURSO</td>
<td>United Nations Mission for the Referendum in Western Sahara</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MIPONUH</td>
<td>United Nations Civilian Police Mission in Haiti</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MISAB</td>
<td>Inter-African Force to Monitor the Implementation of the Bangui Agreements</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MONUA</td>
<td>United Nations Observer Mission in Angola</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NATO</td>
<td>North Atlantic Treaty Organization</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MONUC</td>
<td>United Nations Organization Mission in the Democratic Republic of the Congo</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OAS</td>
<td>Organization of American States</td>
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<tr>
<td>OAU</td>
<td>Organization of African Unity</td>
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<tr>
<td>OIC</td>
<td>Organization of the Islamic Conference</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OSCE</td>
<td>Organization for Security and Co-operation in Europe</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PLO</td>
<td>Palestine Liberation Organization</td>
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<tr>
<td>POLISARIO</td>
<td>Frente Popular para la Liberación de Sagulá el Hamra y Rio de Oro</td>
</tr>
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<td>Rev.</td>
<td>revision</td>
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</table>
Official Records of the Security Council

Serbian Democratic Party

session

multinational Stabilization Force

Supplement

United Nations

United Nations Mission in East Timor

United Nations Mission in Sierra Leone

United Nations Angola Verification Mission

United Nations Confidence Restoration Operation in Croatia

United Nations Disengagement Observer Force

United Nations Development Programme

United Nations Peacekeeping Force in Cyprus

Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees

United Nations Children's Fund

United Nations Interim Force in Lebanon

United Nations Iraq-Kuwait Observation Mission

United Nations Angola para a Independência Total de Angola

United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland

United States of America

United Nations Mission in Bosnia and Herzegovina

United Nations Interim Administration Mission in Kosovo

United Nations Military Observer Group in India and Pakistan

United Nations Mission of Observers in Prevlaka

United Nations Mission of Observers in Tajikistan

United Nations Monitoring, Verification and Inspection Commission

United Nations Observer Mission in Georgia

United Nations Observer Mission in Liberia

United Nations Observer Mission in Sierra Leone

United Nations Political Office for Somalia

United Nations Preventive Deployment Force

United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees in the Near East

United Nations Special Commission [for Iraq/Kuwait]

United Nations Special Mission to Afghanistan

United Nations Transitional Administration in East Timor

World Food Programme
ORGANIZATIONAL INFORMATION

MEMBERS AND TERMS OF OFFICE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Members</th>
<th>Date of election by the General Assembly</th>
<th>Term of office (1 Jan.-31 Dec.)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>China</td>
<td>Permanent member under Art. 23 of the Charter</td>
<td>1998-1999</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>France</td>
<td>Permanent member under Art. 23 of the Charter</td>
<td>1998-1999</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Russian Federation</td>
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<td>1998-1999</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>United Kingdom</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>United States</td>
<td>Permanent member under Art. 23 of the Charter</td>
<td>1998-1999</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

A list of representatives and advisers for 1999 is included in Permanent Missions to the United Nations (ST/SG/SER.A/282).

PRESIDENTS

In accordance with rule 18 of the provisional rules of procedure of the Security Council, the presidency of the Council is held in turn by Member States, normally in the English alphabetical order of their names. Each President holds office for one calendar month. During 1999, the presidency was held as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Month</th>
<th>President</th>
<th>Meetings</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>January</td>
<td>Brazil (Amorim, Celso Luiz Nunes)</td>
<td>3963-3974</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>February</td>
<td>Canada (Fowler, Robert)</td>
<td>3975-3985</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>March</td>
<td>China (Gin, Huasun)</td>
<td>3986-3990</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>April</td>
<td>France (Dejamnet, Alain)</td>
<td>3991-3994</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>May</td>
<td>Gabon (Dangue Rewaka, Danise)</td>
<td>4005-4010</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>June</td>
<td>Gambia (Jagne, Babouwar-Blaise)</td>
<td>4011-4019</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>July</td>
<td>Malaysia (Hssmy, Agam)</td>
<td>4020-4029</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>August</td>
<td>Namibia (Adjaba, Marin)</td>
<td>4030-4039</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>September</td>
<td>Netherlands (Walsum, Peter van)</td>
<td>4040-4049</td>
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<tr>
<td>October</td>
<td>Russian Federation (Lavrov, Sergel)</td>
<td>4050-4058</td>
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<tr>
<td>November</td>
<td>Slovenia (Turk, Danilo)</td>
<td>4059-4076</td>
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<tr>
<td>December</td>
<td>United Kingdom (Greenstock, Jeremy)</td>
<td>4077-4086</td>
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</table>
RULES OF PROCEDURE

During 1999, the provisional rules of procedure of the Security Council contained in
document S/86/Rev.7 were in effect (Sales No. E.63.I.4).

RESOLUTIONS AND DECISIONS

Resolutions adopted and decisions taken by the Council during 1999 are collected in
a volume of the Official Records of the Security Council, Fifty-fourth Year (document
S/INF/55) (to be issued).

Resolutions initially issued separately in provisional form under the symbols
S/RES/1220-1284 (1999), are listed on pages 263-287, entitled "Resolutions adopted by
the Security Council".
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Meeting</th>
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<th>Date 1999</th>
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<td>22 Oct. 4107</td>
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<td>15 Dec. 4135</td>
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<td>17 Sept. 4086</td>
<td>30 Dec. 4140</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
SECURITY COUNCIL COMMITTEE ESTABLISHED BY RESOLUTION 681 (1990) CONCERNING THE SITUATION BETWEEN IRAQ AND KUWAIT
(Symbol: S/AC.25/SR.-)

Established at the 2933rd meeting, 6 Aug. 1990.
Chairman: Peter van Walsum (Netherlands)
Vice-Chairmen: representatives of Argentina and Gabon.
Meetings: meetings are held in closed session.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Meeting</th>
<th>Date, 1999</th>
<th>Meeting</th>
<th>Date, 1999</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
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<td>11 Jan.</td>
<td>185</td>
<td>22 Apr.</td>
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<td>179</td>
<td>23 Feb.</td>
<td>186</td>
<td>27 May</td>
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<td>180</td>
<td>26 Feb.</td>
<td>187</td>
<td>25 June</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>181</td>
<td>6 Mar.</td>
<td>188</td>
<td>6 July</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>183</td>
<td>16 Mar.</td>
<td>189</td>
<td>12 Oct.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(Restricted distribution of meeting records)

UNITED NATIONS COMPENSATION COMMISSION
(Symbol: S/AC.26/SR.-)

Established at the 2987rd meeting, 20 May 1991.
President: Hans Heinemann (Netherlands).
Vice-Presidents: representatives of Argentina and Slovenia.
Meetings: meetings are held in closed session.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Session</th>
<th>Date, 1999</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>8th special meeting</td>
<td>27 Jan.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31st</td>
<td>15-18 Mar.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>32nd</td>
<td>22-24 June</td>
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<tr>
<td>33rd</td>
<td>28-30 Sept.</td>
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<tr>
<td>34th</td>
<td>7-9 Dec.</td>
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</table>

(Restricted distribution of meeting records)
SECURITY COUNCIL COMMITTEE ESTABLISHED PURSUANT TO
RESOLUTION 748 (1992) CONCERNING THE LIBYAN ARAB JAMAHIRIYA
(Symbol: S/AC.28/SR.-)

Chairman: Danilo Turk (Slovenia).
Vice-Chairmen: representatives of Brazil and Gabon.
Meetings: meetings are held in closed session.

Meeting Date, 1999
90 28 Jan.
91 1 Feb.

(Restricted distribution of meeting records)

SECURITY COUNCIL COMMITTEE ESTABLISHED PURSUANT TO
RESOLUTION 751 (1992) CONCERNING SOMALIA
(Symbol: S/AC.29/SR.-)

Chairman: Jassem Mohammed Buallay (Bahrain).
Vice-Chairmen: representatives of Costa Rica and Gambia.
Meetings: meetings are held in closed session.

Meeting Date, 1999
15 20 Dec.

(Restricted distribution of meeting records)

SECURITY COUNCIL COMMITTEE ESTABLISHED PURSUANT TO
RESOLUTION 864 (1993) CONCERNING ANGOLA
(Symbol: S/AC.31/SR.-)

Established at the 3277th meeting, 15 Sept. 1993.
Chairman: Robert Fowler (Canada).
Vice-Chairmen: representatives of Argentina and Malaysia.
Meetings: meetings are held in closed session.

Meeting Date, 1999
15 20 Jan.
16 23 Mar.
17 15 Sept.
18 15 Nov.
19 30 Dec.

(Restricted distribution of meeting records)
SECURITY COUNCIL COMMITTEE ESTABLISHED PURSUANT TO RESOLUTION 1132 (1997) CONCERNING SIERRA LEONE (Symbol: S/AC.34/SR.-)

Established at the 3822nd meeting, 8 Oct. 1997.
Chairman: Fernando Enrique Petrella (Argentina).
Vice-Chairmen: representatives of Bahrain and Namibia.
Meetings: meetings are held in closed session.

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(Restricted distribution of meeting records)

SECURITY COUNCIL COMMITTEE ESTABLISHED PURSUANT TO RESOLUTION 1160 (1998) (Symbol: S/AC.35/SR.-)

Established at the 3868th meeting, 31 Mar. 1998.
Chairman: Celso L.N. Amorim (Brazil).
Vice-Chairmen: representatives of Gambia and Netherlands.
Meetings: meetings are held in closed session.

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(Restricted distribution of meeting records)
AGENDA

The Council's practice is to adopt at each meeting, on the basis of a provisional agenda circulated in advance, the agenda for that meeting. At subsequent meetings an item may appear in its original form or with the addition of such sub-items as the Council may decide to include. Once included in the agenda, an item remains on the list of matters of which the Council is seized, until the Council agrees to its removal.

The agenda as adopted for each meeting in 1999 will be found in the Official Records of the Security Council, Fifty-fourth Year (S/PV.3663-4086). A list of weekly summary statements of matters of which the Security Council is seized, and on the stage reached in their consideration, submitted by the Secretary-General under rule 1 of the provisional rules of procedure of the Security Council, appears in the Subject Index under the heading "UN. SECURITY COUNCIL (1999)—AGENDA".

Listed below are the matters considered by, or brought to the attention of the Council during 1999. They are arranged alphabetically by the subject headings under which related documents are to be found in the Subject Index.

LIST OF MATTERS CONSIDERED BY THE SECURITY COUNCIL DURING 1999

NOTE: Subject headings under which documentation related to agenda items is listed in the Subject Index appear in capital letters following the title of the item.

1. The situation in Afghanistan.
   See AFGHANISTAN SITUATION
      See UN SPECIAL MISSION TO AFGHANISTAN

2. Peace and security in Africa.
   See AFRICA—REGIONAL SECURITY
   2a. Peace and security in the Great Lakes region of Africa.
      See GREAT LAKES REGION (AFRICA)—REGIONAL SECURITY

3. The situation in Angola.
   See ANGOLA SITUATION
      See UN OBSERVER MISSION IN ANGOLA

4. The role of the Security Council in the prevention of armed conflicts.
   See ARMED CONFLICTS PREVENTION—UN. SECURITY COUNCIL

5. Incidents of interference against international civil aviation.
   See ATTACKS ON AIRCRAFT

6. The situation in Burundi.
   See BURUNDI SITUATION

7. The situation in the Central African Republic.
   See CENTRAL AFRICAN REPUBLIC SITUATION
      See UN MISSION IN THE CENTRAL AFRICAN REPUBLIC

   See CHILDREN IN ARMED CONFLICTS

   See CIVILIAN PERSONS—ARMED CONFLICTS
10. The situation in Cyprus.
   See CYPRUS QUESTION
   See UN PEACEKEEPING FORCE IN CYPRUS

11. The situation in the Democratic Republic of the Congo.
   See DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF THE CONGO SITUATION
   See UN ORGANIZATION MISSION IN THE DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF THE CONGO

12. The situation in East Timor.
   See EAST TIMOR QUESTION
   See INTERNATIONAL FORCE, EAST TIMOR
   See UN MISSION IN EAST TIMOR
   See UN TRANSITIONAL ADMINISTRATION IN EAST TIMOR
   See INTERNATIONAL POLICE TASK FORCE
12e. International Security presence in Kosovo.
   See KFOR.
12f. Kosovo (Yugoslavia).
   See KOSOVO (YUGOSLAVIA)
12g. Multinational Stabilization Force.
   See STABILIZATION FORCE
12h. The situation in the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia.
   See THE FORMER YUGOSLAV REPUBLIC OF MACEDONIA SITUATION
12i. United Nations Interim Administration Mission in Kosovo.
   See UN INTERIM ADMINISTRATION MISSION IN KOSOVO
   See UN MISSION IN BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA
   See UN MISSION OF OBSERVERS IN PREVLAKA
   See UN PREVENTIVE DEPLOYMENT FORCE

13. Relations between Eritrea and Ethiopia.
   See ERITREA–ETHIOPIA

14. The situation in the former Yugoslavia.
   See FORMER YUGOSLAVIA SITUATION
14a. The situation in the Republic of Bosnia and Herzegovina.
   See BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA SITUATION
14b. The situation in Croatia.
   See CROATIA SITUATION
   See INTERNATIONAL POLICE TASK FORCE
   See UN MISSION IN SERBIA
14e. KFOR.
   See KOSOVO (YUGOSLAVIA)
   See UN PEACEKEEPING FORCE IN YUGOSLAVIA
14g. The situation in the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia.
   See THE FORMER YUGOSLAV REPUBLIC OF MACEDONIA SITUATION
14h. United Nations Interim Administration Mission in Kosovo.
   See UN INTERIM ADMINISTRATION MISSION IN KOSOVO
14i. United Nations Mission in Bosnia and Herzegovina.
   See UN MISSION IN BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA
   See UN MISSION OF OBSERVERS IN PREVLAKA
   See UN PREVENTIVE DEPLOYMENT FORCE

15. The situation in Georgia.
   See GEORGIA SITUATION
   See UN OBSERVER MISSION IN GEORGIA

16. The situation in Guinea Bissau.
   See GUINEA BISSAU SITUATION

17. Political conditions in Haiti.
   See HAITI—POLITICAL CONDITIONS,
   See UN CIVILIAN POLICE MISSION IN HAITI
18. Date of an election to fill a vacancy in the International Court of Justice.  
See ICJ–MEMBERS

See INTERNATIONAL SECURITY

See INTERNATIONAL TRIBUNAL–FORMER YUGOSLAVIA

See INTERNATIONAL TRIBUNAL–RWANDA

22. The situation between Iraq and Kuwait.  
See IRAQ–KUWAIT SITUATION

23. The situation in the Middle East.  
See MIDDLE EAST SITUATION

23a. The situation in the occupied Arab territories.  
See TERRITORIES OCCUPIED BY ISRAEL

See UN DISENGAGEMENT OBSERVER FORCE

See UN INTERIM FORCE IN LEBANON

24. Matters concerning refugees.  
See REFUGEES

25. Political conditions in Sierra Leone.  
See SIERRA LEONE–POLITICAL CONDITIONS

See UN MISSION IN SIERRA LEONE

See UN OBSERVER MISSION IN SIERRA LEONE

See SMALL ARMS

27. The situation in Somalia.  
See SOMALIA SITUATION

28. The situation in Tajikistan.  
See TAJIKISTAN SITUATION

See UN MISSION OF OBSERVERS IN TAJIKISTAN

29. International terrorism.  
See TERRORISM

30. Admission of New Members.  
See UN–MEMBERS

32. The question of Western Sahara.
   See WESTERN SAHARA QUESTION
   See UN MISSION FOR THE REFERENDUM IN WESTERN SAHARA

OTHER MATTERS BROUGHT TO THE ATTENTION OF THE SECURITY COUNCIL DURING 1999

NOTE: These items were not discussed by the Council.

1. Relations between Afghanistan and the Islamic Republic of Iran.
   See AFGHANISTAN–IRAN (ISLAMIC REPUBLIC OF)
2. Development in Africa.
   See AFRICA—DEVELOPMENT
3. Relations between Albania and the former Yugoslavia.
   See ALBANIA—YUGOSLAVIA
4. Relations between Armenia and Azerbaijan.
   See ARMENIA—AZERBAIJAN
5. Relations between Burundi and the United Republic of Tanzania.
   See BURUNDI—UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA
6. The situation in Cambodia.
   See CAMBODIA SITUATION
7. The situation in Chechnya.
   See CHECHNYA (RUSSIAN FEDERATION)
8. The situation in the Comoros.
   See COMOROS SITUATION
9. Political conditions in Côte d’Ivoire.
   See CÔTE D’IVOIRE—POLITICAL CONDITIONS
    See DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF THE CONGO—UGANDA
11. Disarmament matters.
    See DISARMAMENT
    See ENVIRONMENT
13. Relations between Eritrea and the Sudan.
    See ERITREA—SUDAN
14. Relations between Eritrea and Yemen.
    See ERITREA—YEMEN
15. Regional cooperation and security in Europe.
    See EUROPE—REGIONAL SECURITY
16. The situation of human rights in the former Yugoslavia.
    See FORMER YUGOSLAVIA—HUMAN RIGHTS
   See HUMAN RIGHTS

18. Political conditions in Indonesia.
   See INDONESIA--POLITICAL CONDITIONS

19. Relations between the Islamic Republic of Iran and Iraq.
    See IRAN (ISLAMIC REPUBLIC OF)--IRAQ

20. Relations between the Islamic Republic of Iran and United Arab Emirates.
    See IRAN (ISLAMIC REPUBLIC OF)--UNITED ARAB EMIRATES

    See IRAN (ISLAMIC REPUBLIC OF)--UNITED STATES

22. The human rights in Iraq
    See IRAQ--HUMAN RIGHTS

23. The post-conflict situation in Iraq.
    See IRAQ--POST-CONFLICT SITUATION

24. Relations between Iraq and Turkey.
    See IRAQ--TURKEY

25. Relations between Iraq and the United Kingdom.
    See IRAQ--UNITED KINGDOM

    See IRAQ--UNITED STATES

27. Relations between Israel and Lebanon.
    See ISRAEL--LEBANON

    See JAMMU AND KASHMIR

29. The question of Korea.
    See KOREAN QUESTION

30. The situation in Liberia.
    See LIBERIA SITUATION

31. Relations between the Libyan Arab Jamahirya and the United Kingdom.
    See LIBYAN ARAB JAMAHIRIYA--UNITED KINGDOM

32. Relations between the Libyan Arab Jamahirya and the United States.
    See LIBYAN ARAB JAMAHIRIYA--UNITED STATES

    See MINE CLEARANCE--PEACEKEEPING OPERATIONS

34. Political conditions in Niger.
    See NIGER--POLITICAL CONDITIONS

35. Matters concerning the non-proliferation of nuclear weapons.
    See NUCLEAR NON-PROLIFERATION

36. The question of Palestine.
    See PALESTINE QUESTION
37. Political conditions in Papua New Guinea.
   See PAPUA NEW GUINEA--POLITICAL CONDITIONS

38. United Nations peacekeeping operations.
   See PEACEKEEPING OPERATIONS

39. Regional cooperation.
   See REGIONAL COOPERATION

40. The situation of human rights in Rwanda.
    See RWANDA--HUMAN RIGHTS

41. The situation in Rwanda.
    See RWANDA SITUATION

42. Special assistance to States affected economically by the application
    of sanctions imposed under Chapter VII of the Charter of the United Nations.
    See SANCTIONS COMPLIANCE--ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE

43. Political conditions in the Sudan.
    See SUDAN--POLITICAL CONDITIONS

44. Relations between the Sudan and Uganda.
    See SUDAN--UGANDA

45. Membership of the Security Council.
    See UN SECURITY COUNCIL--MEMBERSHIP

46. Enhancing the transparency of the methods of work of the Security Council.
    See UN SECURITY COUNCIL--METHODS OF WORK

47. Election of Chairman and Vice-Chairman of Sanctions Committees of the Security Council.
    See UN SECURITY COUNCIL--SANCTIONS COMMITTEES--OFFICERS

    See UN IRAQ-KUWAIT OBSERVATION MISSION

    See UN MILITARY OBSERVER GROUP IN INDIA AND PAKISTAN

OTHER MATTERS INCLUDED IN THE INDEX

1. Matters of which the Security Council is seized and on the stage
   reached in their consideration.
   See UN SECURITY COUNCIL (1999)--AGENDA

   See UN SECURITY COUNCIL (1999)--REPRESENTATIVES' CREDENTIALS
ABKHAZIA SITUATION
See: GEORGIA SITUATION

AFGHANISTAN–IRAN (ISLAMIC REPUBLIC OF)

General documents

AFGHANISTAN SITUATION
See also: TAJIKISTAN SITUATION

UN SPECIAL MISSION TO AFGHANISTAN
Reports


General documents


AFGHANISTAN SITUATION (continued)


S/1999/824 (A/53/1027) Identical letters, 25 July 1999, from Afghanistan addressed to the Secretary-General and to the President of the Security Council, transmitting letter of 24 July from the Vice-Minister for Foreign Affairs including 2 texts concerning the situation in Afghanistan; concerns the activities of the Taliban and armed Pakistani groups and expresses its support of the Tashkent Declaration which calls for a peaceful settlement of the conflict in Afghanistan.


S/1999/838 Identical letters, 1 Aug. 1999, from Afghanistan addressed to the Secretary-General and to the President of the Security Council transmitting letter of the same date from the President concerning the situation in Afghanistan; reports attacks on provinces of Parwan and Kapisa on 28 July 1999 by groups of fighters allegedly involved with Pakistan; expresses the need for relief supplies for the affected areas.

S/1999/849 (A/54/203) Letter, 4 Aug. 1999, from Uzbekistan transmitting statement on recent developments in Afghanistan issued by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Tashkent, 3 Aug. 1999; calls upon the Inter-Afghan parties to cease hostilities, conclude a ceasefire agreement and resume peace negotiations under the auspices of the UN; also appeals to the States members of the "6+2" Group which signed the Tashkent Declaration to observe their commitments.

AFGHANISTAN SITUATION (continued)

S/1999/865 Letter, 6 Aug. 1999, from the Islamic Republic of Iran transmitting letter dated 5 Aug. from the Ministry of Foreign Affairs; concerns the anniversary of the murder of Iranian diplomats and a correspondent of the Islamic Republic News Agency by Taliban forces in the northern Afghan city of Mazar-e-Sharif; states that, despite international efforts, the Taliban forces have not brought to justice those responsible for the murders and expresses hope that the international community will persuade the Taliban to fulfill its obligations in doing this.

S/1999/884 (A/53/1038) Identical letters, 17 Aug. 1999, from Afghanistan addressed to the Secretary-General and to the President of the Security Council transmitting letter of the same date from the President concerning the situation in Afghanistan; reports attacks on provinces of Panaw and Kapisa by Taliban troops and allegedly Pakistani military personnel.

S/1999/886 Letter, 13 Aug. 1999 from Finland transmitting declaration on the situation in Afghanistan issued on 10 Aug. 1999 by the Presidency of the European Union; expresses its dismay that the Taliban ignored the Tashkent Declaration and calls on all parties to cease fighting; further calls upon neighbouring States to prevent the flow of arms and personnel into Afghanistan.


S/1999/1069 Letter, 15 Oct. 1999, from the Islamic Republic of Iran transmitting statement that the Permanent Representative intended to deliver before the Security Council’s meeting of the same date on the situation in Afghanistan, but which was not delivered owing to timing problems.

S/1999/1142 (A/54/532) Identical letters, 5 Nov. 1999, from Afghanistan addressed to the Secretary-General and to the President of the Security Council, transmitting note verbale of the same date from the Ministry of Foreign Affairs enclosing 2 items: 1) an editorial dated 3 Nov. 1999 by the Agence France Presse, entitled "Murderous Taliban must not be appeased" and 2) a news report dated 20 Oct. 1999 from The Guardian (London), entitled "Afghan rulers drive 130,000 from homes".

AFGHANISTAN SITUATION (continued)


Draft resolutions

S/1999/1054 Draft resolution on measures against the Taliban / Canada, Netherlands, Russian Federation, Slovenia, United Kingdom and United States.

Statements by the President of the Security Council

S/PRST/1999/29 Statement made on behalf of the Security Council, 4055th meeting, 22 Oct. 1999, in connection with the Council's consideration of the item entitled "The situation in Afghanistan" / President, Security Council. Reiterates its concern at the continued Afghan conflict, which is a growing threat to regional and international peace and security and condemns the Taliban for the new offensive despite repeated demands by the Council for an unconditional ceasefire; demands that the Afghan parties, especially the Taliban, resume negotiations in full compliance with the provisions of relevant resolutions on Afghanistan adopted by the General Assembly and Security Council; calls upon all States to refrain from any outside interference in the internal affairs of Afghanistan, including the involvement of foreign military personnel and the supply of arms and ammunition used in the conflict; reaffirms its full support for the UN efforts, especially the activities of the UN Special Mission to Afghanistan and those of the Special Envoy of the Secretary-General, In facilitating the political process for a lasting political settlement; calls upon all Afghan parties and, in particular, the Taliban, to take the necessary steps to secure the uninterrupted supply of humanitarian aid to all in need of it and in connection not to create impediments to the activities of the UN humanitarian agencies and international humanitarian organizations; calls upon all Afghan factions, in particular the Taliban, to conform to the necessary steps to ensure the safety and freedom of movement of such personnel; welcomes the Declaration of Fundamental Principles for a Peaceful Settlement of the Conflict in Afghanistan adopted by the "Six plus Two" group on 13 July 1999 in Tashkent; condemns the continuing use of Afghan territory for the sheltering and training of terrorists and demands that the Taliban turn over indicted terrorist Usama bin Laden to appropriate authorities as set out in its resolution 1267 (1999)
AFGHANISTAN SITUATION (continued)

Participation by non-Council members (without the right to vote)

S/PV.4039 (27 Aug. 1999) Afghanistan, Egypt, Finland, India, Islamic Republic of Iran, Japan, Kazakhstan, Norway, Pakistan, Tajikistan, Turkey, Turkmenistan and Uzbekistan.


Discussion in plenary


At the 4051st meeting, draft resolution S/1999/1054 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1267 (1999).


At the 4055th meeting, the President made a statement, on behalf of the Council, in connection with prior consultations held among Council members on the item entitled "The situation in Afghanistan": S/PRST/1999/29.

Resolutions

S/RES/1267 (1999) [Measures against the Taliban].

Decides that on 14 Nov. 1999 all States shall impose the measures set out below, unless the Council has previously decided, on the basis of a report of the Secretary-General, that the Taliban has fully complied with the obligation set out above; decides further that all States shall: (a) deny permission for any aircraft to take off from or land in their territory if it is owned, leased or operated by or on behalf of the Taliban as designated by the Committee established below, unless the particular flight has been approved in advance by the Committee on the grounds of humanitarian need, including religious obligation such as the performance of the Hajj; (b) freeze funds and other financial resources or by any undertaking owned or controlled by the Taliban, as designated by the Committee established below, and ensure that neither they nor any other funds or financial resources so designated are made available to or for the benefit of the Taliban or any undertaking owned or controlled, directly or indirectly, by the Taliban, except as may be authorized by the Committee on a case-by-case basis on the grounds of humanitarian need; decides to establish a Committee of the Security Council consisting of all the members of the Council to undertake the following tasks and to report on its work to the Council with its observations and recommendations: (a) to seek from all States further information regarding the action taken by them with a view to effectively implementing the measures imposed above; (b) to consider information brought to its attention by States concerning violations of the measures above and to recommend appropriate measures in response thereto; (c) to make periodic reports to the Council on the impact of the measures (Adopted unanimously, 4051st meeting, 15 Oct. 1999)

AFRICA—DEVELOPMENT

General documents


S/1999/917 (A/54/292) Identical letters, 24 Aug. 1999, from Mozambique addressed to the Secretary-General and the President of the Security Council transmitting communiqué issued by the Summit of Heads of State or Government of the Southern African Development Community (SADC), Maputo, 17-18 Aug. 1999; concerns development strategy of SADC that would allow it to reach its objectives, which include the necessary economic and political environment for peace, security and progress in the region.

AFRICA—REGIONAL SECURITY

See also: ANGOLA SITUATION

BURUNDI SITUATION

CENTRAL AFRICAN REPUBLIC SITUATION

DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF THE CONGO SITUATION

LIBERIA SITUATION

RWANDA SITUATION

SIERRA LEONE—POLITICAL CONDITIONS

Reports


General documents

S/1999/170 (E/1999/7) Letter, 16 Feb. 1999, from the President of the Economic and Social Council to the President of the Security Council concerning implementation of Article 65 of the Charter of the UN; presents the outcome of discussions on 2 themes, the promotion of durable peace and sustainable development in Africa and a long-term programme of support for Haiti.

AFRICA–REGIONAL SECURITY (continued)


S/1999/1132 Letter, 2 Nov. 1999, from the Secretary-General informing the President of the Security Council that the Secretary-General has decided to extend the appointment of Mohammed Sahnoun as his Adviser on Africa until 31 Dec. 2000.

S/1999/1133 Letter, 5 Nov. 1999, from the President of the Security Council reporting that the members of the Council take note of the decision of the Secretary-General to extend the appointment of Mohammed Sahnoun as his Adviser on Africa until 31 Dec. 2000.


S/1999/1206 Letter, 29 Nov. 1999, from Djibouti transmitting declaration of the 7th Summit of Heads of State and Government of the Intergovernmental Authority on Development, Djibouti, 26 Nov. 1999; transmits also, the resolution on the Somali peace initiative and proposals of the President of Djibouti adopted at the Summit.

Participation by non-Council members (without the right to vote)


AFRICA–REGIONAL SECURITY (continued)

S/PV.4049 (29 Sept. 1999) Algeria, Australia, Belgium, Cuba, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Djibouti, Egypt, Finland, India, Indonesia, Japan, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Malawi, Morocco, Mozambique, Norway, Philippines, Portugal, Republic of Korea, Rwanda, Senegal, Slovakia, South Africa, Sudan, Swaziland, Togo, Ukraine, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Yemen, Zambia and OAU.


S/PV.4081 (15 Dec. 1999) Algeria, Bahamas, Bangladesh, Belgium, Burundi, Cameroon, Colombia, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Egypt, Finland, Germany, Ghana, India, Indonesia, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Kenya, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Mozambique, New Zealand, Nigeria, Norway, Portugal, Republic of Korea, Rwanda, Sierra Leone, South Africa, Spain, Uganda, Ukraine, United Republic of Tanzania and Zimbabwe.


Discussion in plenary

S/PV.4025 (26 July 1999).


S/PV.4049(Resumption1) (29 Sept. 1999).

S/PV.4049(Resumption2) (30 Sept. 1999).

S/PV.4049(Resumption3) (30 Sept. 1999).


ALBANIA–YUGOSLAVIA

General documents


S/1999/452 Letter, 20 Apr. 1999, from Yugoslavia claiming that the Republic of Albania committed border incidents on the Yugoslav-Albanian border; provides an account of the most recent incident which occurred on 15 Apr. 1999.
ALBANIA–YUGOSLAVIA (continued)

S/1999/65 Letter, 25 May 1999, from Yugoslavia reporting that, since the start of NATO's military activities against the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia, there has been an increase in armed incidents and other activities against its border and border units, allegedly carried out by Albania.


S/1999/638 Letter, 2 June 1999, from Yugoslavia informing the President of the Security Council of organized border incidents on 26 and 29 May 1999 carried out by ethnic Albanians allegedly with the support of the armed forces of Albania and NATO at the State border posts of Oplaz, Kosare, Djakovica and Prizren.

S/1999/688 Letter, 17 Aug. 1999, from Yugoslavia reporting on the travel of the Prime Minister of Albania to Kosovo and Metohija, without prior notification to Yugoslav authorities or the granting of a Yugoslav visa, during which time he made an address to local residents whom he allegedly called "Albanian citizens" and stated that Kosovo and Metohija would become part of "Greater Albania" in the future.

S/1999/1075 Letter, 20 Oct. 1999, from Yugoslavia expressing concern over the visit of the Foreign Minister of Albania to Kosovo and Metohija; states that the visit constitutes a violation of the sovereignty of Yugoslavia, is contrary to Security Council resolution 1244 (1999) and encourages the Albanian separatists.

ANGOLA SITUATION (continued)

See also: AFRICA–REGIONAL SECURITY

UN OBSERVER MISSION IN ANGOLA

Report:


ANGOLA SITUATION (continued)

General documents

S/1999/65 Letter, 21 Jan. 1999, from Angola transmitting note verbale of 20 Jan. from the Ministry of Territorial Administration of Angola addressed to the Special Representative of the Secretary-General in Angola, concerning the crash of the plane in Bailundo; reports that contacts have been established with the Command of the Northern Centre (Huambo) so as to coordinate all the actions with a view to guaranteeing security for the team that will be sent to Bailundo.

S/1999/86 Letter, 28 Jan. 1999, from Zambia transmitting press release issued by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs refuting allegations contained in a letter of 14 Jan. 1999 from Angola which accuses the Zambian authorities of substantial involvement in the logistic and military support to Dr. Savimbi inside Angola; calls upon the international community, including the UN and the OAU, to send independent monitors to investigate these allegations.


S/1999/166 Letter, 18 Feb. 1999, from Angola transmitting letter of 11 Feb. 1999 from the President reporting that conditions for maintaining the presence of the UN Observer Mission in Angola have ceased to exist and that the situation in the country can be monitored by a Special Representative.

S/1999/168 Note on the consideration and approval of the report of the Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution 864 (1993) concerning the situation in Angola (S/1999/147) / President, Security Council.

S/1999/182 Letter, 20 Feb. 1999, from Zambia transmitting press statement of 17 Feb. from the Zambian Foreign Minister refuting allegations of the involvement of the Zambian authorities in the logistics and military support of Jonas Savimbi in Angola, contained in a memorandum of 15 Jan. 1999; states that Zambia has complied with all the UN Security Council resolutions against UNITA and was never involved in any activities that would be detrimental to the peace and stability in Angola and the subregion as a whole.


ANGOLA SITUATION (continued)


S/1999/659 Letter, 4 May 1999, from the Chairman of the Security Council Committee established by resolution 864 (1993) concerning the situation in Angola; transmits text outlining a conceptual framework for proposed expert studies to trace violations in arms trafficking, oil supplies and the diamond trade, as well as the movement of funds of the Uniao Nacional para a Independencia Total de Angola.

S/1999/533 Letter, 10 May 1999, from Burkina Faso transmitting 3 communiqués issued by the Central Organ of the Mechanism for Conflict Prevention, Management and Resolution of OAU at its 57th ordinary session, held at ambassadorial level at Addis Ababa on 10 May 1999.

S/1999/593 Letter, 20 May 1999, from the Russian Federation transmitting statement of the same date by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs concerning the capture of the Russian crew of a civilian aircraft, shot down by forces of the Uniao Nacional para a Independencia Total de Angola (UNITA), near Luzamba on 12 May 1999; states that the aircraft was chartered by an Angolan company and was used to transport food and other civilian cargo under a commercial contract and demands the immediate release of all Russian citizens captured arr ′ held by UNITA.

S/1999/644 Letter, 4 June 1999, from the Chairman of the Security Council Committee Established pursuant to Resolution 864 (1993) concerning the Situation in Angola, transmitting report on his visit to Central and Southern Africa in May 1999, regarding implementation of the sanctions imposed against the Uniao Nacional para a Independencia Total de Angola.

S/1999/684 Letter, 9 June 1999, from Germany transmitting statement on Angola issued 8 June 1999 by the Presidency of the European Union; condemns shooting down of a Russian Antonov-26 commercial aircraft by Uniao Nacional para a Independencia Total de Angola members and other possible hostages; expresses serious concern about the rapid deterioration of the humanitarian situation in Angola.

S/1999/821 Letter, 23 July 1999, from Finland transmitting statement on Angola, issued by the Presidency of the European Union, 22 July; deplores the resumption of civil war in Angola and stresses its commitment to maintain international pressure on the Uniao Nacional para a Independencia Total de Angola through full implementation of sanctions; calls on the Government to accept a significant UN presence in Angola comparable to the enormous tasks facing the country.

ANGOLA SITUATION (continued)

S/1999/829 Letter, 28 July 1999, from the Chairman of the Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution 864 (1993) concerning the situation in Angola; transmits report on the Chairman's visit to Europe and participation in the 70th ordinary session of the OAU Council of Ministers, July 1999, regarding implementation of the sanctions imposed by the Security Council against the Uniao Nacional para a Independencia Total de Angola.

S/1999/837 Letter, 30 July 1999, from the Chairman of the Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution 864 (1993) concerning the situation in Angola transmitting list of 10 experts appointed to the expert panels established in accordance with paragraph 6 of Security Council resolution 1237 (1999); states that it is the Chairman's intention to convene a meeting of the expert panels in New York at the end of the 4th week of Aug. 1999, and proposes that the submission of the interim report requested in paragraph 7 of resolution 1237 (1999) be delayed until 30 Sept. 1999.

S/1999/871 Letter, 11 Aug. 1999, from the Secretary-General referring to a statement of the President of the Security Council (S/PRST/1999/3); reports on the status of the Secretary-General's consultations with the Government of Angola on its continued multidisciplinary presence of the UN in that country and about his intention to initiate arrangements for the earliest establishment of a UN office in Angola and to conclude a status-of-mission agreement with the Government as soon as possible.

S/1999/900 Letter, 21 Aug. 1999, from Ukraine transmitting statement issued by the Press Service of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, 17 Aug. 1999; refutes allegations that occasionally appear in some mass media implicating Ukraine in the violation of sanctions imposed by the Security Council, including the sanctions against UNITA.

ANGOLA SITUATION (continued)

S/1999/1099 Letter, 25 Oct. 1999, from Angola transmitting message of 18 Oct. 1999 from the Minister of External Relations; states that the Government of Angola consents to the installation of a UN office in Angola which should serve as a liaison between the Government of Angola and the Secretary-General, with a view of ensuring close follow-up to the situation in Angola by the Security Council in matters related to humanitarian assistance.

S/1999/1163 Letter, 12 Nov. 1999, from the Chairman of the Security Council Committee Established pursuant to resolution 864 (1993) concerning the situation in Angola; transmits press release issued by the International Diamond Manufacturers Association (IDMA), Antwerp, Belgium, 7 Nov. 1999; states that the IDMA will continue to work closely with the UN and its expert panels in order to achieve greater compliance with sanctions against the Uniao Nacional para a Independencia Total de Angola (UNITA).

Draft resolutions

S/1999/27 Draft resolution on the downing of 2 UN-chartered aircraft and disappearance of other aircraft over territory in Angola controlled by UNITA.

S/1999/203 Draft resolution on the expiration of the mandate and technical liquidation of the UN Observer Mission in Angola.

S/1999/521 Draft resolution on implementation of the sanctions against the Uniao Nacional para a Independencia Total de Angola (UNITA) / Canada, Portugal, Russian Federation and United States.

S/1999/1061 Draft resolution on the establishment of the UN Office in Angola.

Statements by the President of the Security Council


Strongly condemns the criminal act by the Uniao Nacional para a Independencia Total de Angola (UNITA) against commercial aircraft, namely the shooting down of an Antonov-26 aircraft on 12 May 1999 near Lubenza and the taking hostage of its Russian crew, while the fate of its Angolan passengers remains unknown; expresses its grave concern at the fate of those who were on board the downed aircraft, demands the immediate and unconditional release of the Russian crew members and all other foreign national that may be held hostage by UNITA in Angola, and demands also information on the fate of the Angolan passengers; calls upon the Government of Angola and all other concerned parties to cooperate in obtaining the release of the Russian crew members as well as in ascertaining the fate of passengers and circumstances over UNITA-controlled territory.


Reiterates that the primary cause of the current crisis in Angola is the failure by the leadership of the Uniao Nacional para a Independencia Total de Angola (UNITA) to comply with its obligations under the Lusaka Protocol, and again demands that UNITA comply immediately and without conditions with its obligations to demilitarize and permit the extension of state administration to areas under its control; expresses its grave concern at the number of malnourished children and at the outbreak of diseases such as polio and meningitis due to the lack of access to clean water and hygiene; expresses its concern that the continuing conflict in Angola has increased the cost of humanitarian assistance and noted the insufficient level of contributions to the 1999 UN Consolidated Inter-Agency Appeal for Angola and reiterates its appeal to the donor community to contribute; urges the Government of Angola and particularly UNITA to provide access to all internally displaced persons in Angola, and to facilitate the mechanisms necessary for the delivery of humanitarian assistance to all populations in need throughout the country; urges both parties, particularly UNITA, to guarantee the safety and security and freedom of movement of humanitarian personnel, including UN and associated personnel, providing assistance to internally displaced persons and strongly urges respect for the principle of neutrality and impartiality in the delivery of assistance; urges UNITA to cease committing atrocities, including killing civilians and attacking humanitarian aid workers, and demands the release of all foreign citizens, including the Russian aircrews, held by UNITA.

Participation by non-Council members (without the right to vote)


ANGOLA SITUATION (continued)


Discussion in plenary

At the 3985th meeting, draft resolution S/1999/27 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1221 (1999).

At the 3989th meeting, the President made a statement, on behalf of the Council, in connection with prior consultations held among Council members on the situation in Angola: S/PRST/1999/3.

At the 3983rd meeting, draft resolution S/1999/203 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1229 (1999).

S/PV.3999 (7 May 1999).
At the 3999th meeting, draft resolution in S/1999/521 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1237 (1999).

S/PV.4007 (19 May 1999).
At the 4007th meeting, the President made a statement, on behalf of the Council following consultations among members on the item entitled "The situation in Angola": S/PRST/1999/14.

S/PV.4027 (29 July 1999).
At the 4036th meeting, the President made a statement, on behalf of the Council, in connection with prior consultations held among Council members on the item entitled "The situation in Angola": S/PRST/1999/26.

At the 4052nd meeting, draft resolution S/1999/1061 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1268 (1999).

Resolutions

S/RES/1221(1999) [The downing of 2 UN-chartered aircraft and disappearance of other aircraft over territory in Angola controlled by UNITA].
Condemns the downing of the 2 aircraft chartered by UN, deploring the loss under suspicious circumstances of other commercial aircraft, and demands that all such attacks cease immediately; concludes that the leader of UNITA, Mr. Jonas Savimbi, has not complied with the demands contained in its resolution 1219 (1998) of 31 Dec. 1998; requests the International Civil Aviation Organization to provide all possible support to the investigation of those incidents; stresses the obligation of Member States to comply with the measures imposed against UNITA contained in resolutions 864 (1993) of 15 Sept. 1993, 1127 (1997) of 28 Aug. 1997 and 1173 (1998) of 12 June 1998. (Adopted unanimously, 3999th meeting, 7 May 1999)
ANGOLA SITUATION (continued)

S/RES/1288(1999) (Establishment of the UN Office in Angola (UNOA)).

Authorizes the establishment, for an initial period of 6 months until 15 Apr. 2000, of the UN Office in Angola (UNOA) staffed with the personnel necessary to liaise with the political, military, police and other civilian authorities, with a view to exploring effective measures for restoring peace, assisting the Angolan people in the area of capacity-building, humanitarian assistance, the promotion of human rights, and coordinating other activities; decides that UNOA will consist of up to 30 substantive professional staff, as well as the necessary administrative and other support personnel, calls upon all parties concerned and in particular UNITA to ensure the safety, security and freedom of movement of UN and associated personnel and to respect fully their status; requests the Secretary-General to provide every 3 months a report on developments in Angola including his recommendations about additional measures the Council might consider to promote the peace process in Angola. (Adopted unanimously, 4052nd meeting, 15 Oct. 1999)

ARMED CONFLICTS PREVENTION—UN. SECURITY COUNCIL

Statements by the President of the Security Council


Recognizes the importance of building a culture of prevention of armed conflicts and the need for a contribution from all principal organs of the UN in that regard; recognizes that early warning, preventive diplomacy, preventive deployment, preventive disarmament and post-conflict peace-building are interdependent and complementary components of a comprehensive conflict prevention strategy; emphasizes the important role of the Secretary-General in the prevention of armed conflicts; invites the Secretary-General to present to the members of the Council periodic reports on such disputes, including, as appropriate, early warnings and proposals for preventive measures. In this regard the Council encourages the Secretary-General to improve further his capacity to identify potential threats to international peace and security and invites him to indicate any requirements to fulfill these capacities, including the development of the Secretariat's expertise and resources; emphasizes the crucial importance of disarmament and the non-proliferation of weapons of mass destruction and the means of their delivery for the maintenance of international peace and security; recalls the provisions of Art. 39 of the Charter of the UN concerning measures to prevent armed conflicts. Such measures may include targeted sanctions, in particular arms embargoes and other enforcement measures. In imposing such measures the Council will pay special attention to their likely effectiveness in achieving clearly defined objectives, while avoiding negative humanitarian consequences as much as possible; emphasizes the importance of cooperation between the UN and regional organizations in preventive activities in accordance with Chapter VIII of the Charter of the UN; will consider the possibility of holding further orientation debates and strengthening its cooperation with the Economic and Social Council; will also consider the possibility of a meeting at the level of Foreign Ministers on the issue of prevention of armed conflicts during the Millennium Assembly.

Participation by non-Council members (without the right to vote)

S/PV.4072 (29 Nov. 1999) Australia, Bangladesh, Belarus, Croatia, Egypt, Finland, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Japan, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Liechtenstein, New Zealand, Nigeria, Norway, Pakistan, Republic of Korea, Senegal, South Africa, Sudan, Ukraine, United Arab Emirates and Zambia.

Discussion in plenary

S/PV.4072 (29 Nov. 1999).
S/PV.4072(Resumption1) (30 Nov. 1999).
ARMENIA–AZERBAIJAN

General documents


S/1999/643 Letter, 4 June 1999, from Azerbaijan transmitting statement issued by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs on 3 June 1999 concerning the delivery from China to Armenia of 8 "Taifeng" missile systems made in China; states that it trusts that the Government of China will find it possible to take the necessary measures to ensure the return to China of the weapons that were delivered to Armenia.

S/1999/681 Letter, 15 June 1999, from Armenia transmitting statement of the same date by the representative from Nagorno Karabakh in response to statement of Ministry of Defence of Azerbaijan; concerns an alleged attack by units of armed forces from Nagorny Karabakh in the Martakert sector of the line of contact, between the sides.


ATTACKS ON AIRCRAFT

Reports


General documents

S/1999/311 Letter, 19 Mar. 1999, from the Secretary-General addressed to the President of the Security Council transmitting letter of the same date from the Secretary of the General People's Committee for Foreign Liaison and International Cooperation of the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya transmitting report on the activities of the Committee during the calendar year 1999.

S/1999/312 Letter, 23 Mar. 1999, from the President of the Security Council referring to the Secretary-General's letter (S/1999/311) and transmitting statement of the same date made on behalf of the Council concerning the transfer to the Netherlands of the 2 suspects in the Lockerbie question; states that the Council looked forward to the transfer of the 2 suspects on 6 Apr. 1999, and to the immediate suspension of sanctions against the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya with a view of lifting them as soon as circumstances permit.

S/1999/337 Letter, 25 Mar. 1999, from Libyan Arab Jamahiriya transmitting editorial broadcast by the Voice of America on the same date; comprises a public service announcement regarding the bombing of Pan Am flight 103 on 21 Dec. 1988 and the 2 Libyans suspected of committing the act.

S/1999/376 Letter, 5 Apr. 1999, from the Secretary-General addressed to the President of the Security Council, informs the Security Council that the 2 persons charged with the bombing of Pan Am flight 103 have safely arrived in the Netherlands aboard a UN aircraft; refers to letter from France (S/46/825-S/23306) and reports that the conditions set forth in resolution 1192 (1999) have been met.
ATTACKS ON AIRCRAFT (continued)


S/1999/407 Letter, 8 Apr. 1999, from Germany transmitting statement on the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, issued by the Presidency of the European Union, 5 Apr. 1999; concerns the transfer to the Netherlands of the 2 individuals charged with bombing of Pan Am flight 103 for the purpose of trial.

S/1999/485 Letter, 22 Apr. 1999, from Qatar in the capacity of Chairman of the Islamic Group at UN concerning recent development in the Lockerbie case; requests that the Security Council speedily adopt a resolution definitively lifting the sanctions imposed on Libya and expresses the view that all the parties must comply with the verdict of the Scottish court convened in the Netherlands.

S/1999/593 Letter, 20 May 1999, from the Russian Federation transmitting statement...ent of the same date by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs concerning the capture of the Russian civilian aircraft, shot down by forces of the UnlAo Nacional para a Independencla Total de Angola (UNITA), near Luzamba on 12 May 1999; states that the aircraft was chartered by an Angolan company and was used to transport food and other civilian cargo under a commercial contract and demands the immediate release of all Russian citizens captured and held by UNITA.

S/1999/762 Letter, 6 July 1999, from the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya referring to the Secretary-General's report submitted pursuant to paragraph 16 of Security Council resolution 883 (1993) and paragraph 8 of resolution 1192 (1993) (S/1999/728); states that the Security Council is obliged, according to its decision, to lift the sanctions imposed on the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya upon the receipt of the aforementioned report.

S/1999/770 Letter, 9 July 1999, from South Africa, in the capacity of Chairman of the Coordinating Bureau of the Movement of Non-aligned Countries, regarding sanctions against Libya; requests that the Security Council urgently consider the adoption of a resolution reflecting the decision of the 12th Summit of Heads of State or Government, Durban, 2-3 Sept., in particular the decision that "sanctions must be totally terminated once the suspects have appeared for trial".

S/1999/1183 Letter, 18 Nov. 1999, from the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya calling upon the Security Council to rescind fully and immediately, the measures imposed on Libya under its resolutions 748 (1992) and 863 (1993) in view of its cooperation with the Scottish court in the Netherlands; includes press release of 4 Nov. 1999 by the United Kingdom Foreign and Commonwealth Office conveying its gratitude for the arrangements made by the Libyan judicial authorities for the visit to Libya by a team from the Dumfries and Galloway Constabulary, from 12 Oct. to 4 Nov. 1999.

ATTACKS ON AIRCRAFT (continued)

Statements by the President of the Security Council


Welcomes the letter of the Secretary-General to the President of the Security Council of 6 Apr. 1999 (S/1999/378) reporting that the 2 persons accused of the bombing of Pan Am flight 103 have arrived in the Netherlands for the purpose of trial before the court described in paragraph 2 of resolution 1192 (1998) and that, with regard to the bombing of UTA 772, the French authorities had informed the Secretary-General that they might indicate, in reporting to the Council under paragraph 8 of Security Council resolution 1192 (1998), that the conditions set forth in resolution 1192 (1998) had been met, without prejudice to the other requests concerning the bombing of Pan Am flight 103; notes that, with the letter of the Secretary-General of 5 Apr., the conditions set forth in paragraph 8 of resolution 1192 (1998) for the immediate suspension of the measures set forth in resolutions 748 (1992) and 883 (1993) have been fulfilled. In this regard, the Council recalls that, in accordance with resolution 1192 (1998), the measures set forth in resolutions 748 (1992) and 863 (1993) were immediately suspended upon receipt of the letter of the Secretary-General on 5 Apr. 1999 at 14.00.


Recalls that the measures set forth in resolutions 748 (1992) and 883 (1993) have been suspended, and reaffirms its intention to lift those measures as soon as possible, in conformity with the relevant resolutions; requests the Secretary-General to follow developments regarding this matter closely and to report to the Council accordingly.

Discussion in plenary

SPV.3992 (8 Apr. 1999).

At the 3992nd meeting, the President made a statement, on behalf of the Council, in connection with prior consultations held among Council members on the item entitled "Letters dated 20 and 23 December 1991, from France, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the United States of America (S/23305, S/23306, S/23308 and S/23317)", President, Security Council.

"..."
ATTACKS ON AIRCRAFT (continued)
S/PV.4022 (6 July 1999).
At the 4022nd meeting, the President made a statement, on behalf of the Council, in connection with prior consultations held among Council members on the item entitled "Letters dated 20 and 23 December 1991, from France, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the United States of America (S/23306, S/23308, S/23309 and S/23317)*: S/PRST/1999/22.

AZERBAIJAN–ARMENIA
See: ARMENIA–AZERBAIJAN

BANGUI AGREEMENTS
See: CENTRAL AFRICAN REPUBLIC SITUATION

BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA SITUATION
See also: FORMER YUGOSLAVIA–HUMAN RIGHTS
FORMER YUGOSLAVIA SITUATION
INTERNATIONAL POLICE TASK FORCE
INTERNATIONAL TRIBUNAL–FORMER YUGOSLAVIA
STABILIZATION FORCE
UN MISSION IN BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA

Reports


S/1999/284 Report on the UN Mission in Bosnia and Herzegovina / Secretary-General.


S/1999/524 Letter, 6 May 1999, from the Secretary-General transmitting report of the High Representative for the Implementation of the Peace Agreement on Bosnia and Herzegovina, covering the period from the beginning of Jan. to the end of Mar. 1999.

BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA SITUATION (continued)

S/1999/538 Letter, 10 May 1999, from the Secretary-General transmitting monthly report of the Secretary-General of NATO on the operations of the Stabilization Force for the period 21 Mar.-20 Apr. 1999.

S/1999/642 Letter, 3 June 1999, from the Secretary-General transmitting monthly report of the Secretary-General of NATO on the operations of the Stabilization Force for the period 21 Apr.-20 May 1999.

S/1999/870 Report on the UN Mission in Bosnia and Herzegovina / Secretary-General.

S/1999/768 Letter, 8 July 1999, from the Secretary-General transmitting monthly report of the Secretary-General of NATO on the operations of the Stabilization Force for the period 21 May-20 June 1999.


S/1999/999 Report on the UN Mission in Bosnia and Herzegovina / Secretary-General.


S/1999/1115 Letter, 1 Nov. 1999, from the Secretary-General transmitting letter of the same date from the High Representative for the Implementation of the Peace Agreement on Bosnia and Herzegovina submitting the 15th report on the activities of the High Representative, covering the period from the end of June to the middle of Oct. 1999.


S/1999/1260 Report on the UN Mission in Bosnia and Herzegovina / Secretary-General.

General documents
S/1999/243 Letter, 7 Mar. 1999, from Yugoslavia forwarding statement of the same date by the Government concerning the decision of the Arbitral Tribunal on Brcko.
BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA SITUATION
(continued)


S/1999/263 Letter, 5 Mar. 1999, from Yugoslavia transmitting statement of 5 Mar. 1999 regarding the removal of Nikola Poplasen, President of Republika Srpska from office; states that this act is illegitimate, unprecedented and arbitrary and represents a violation of the Dayton/Paris agreement and the constitutions of Republika Srpska and Bosnia and Herzegovina.

S/1999/270 (A/53/851) Letter, 11 Mar. 1999, from Yugoslavia transmitting letter from the Minister for Foreign Affairs; conveys disagreement with the decision of the President of the Arbitral Tribunal to declare Brcko a district under the sovereignty of Bosnia and Herzegovina, and the decision of the High Representative for Bosnia and Herzegovina to dismiss the President of Republika Srpska; states that these decisions are contrary to the Dayton/Paris agreement and the constitutions of Republika Srpska and Bosnia and Herzegovina.

S/1999/287 Letter, 17 Mar. 1999, from the Secretary-General reporting his intention to appoint Colonel Detlef Buwitt (Germany) to succeed Richard Monk (United Kingdom) as Commissioner of the International Police Task Force.

S/1999/288 Letter, 17 Mar. 1999, from the President of the Security Council informing the Secretary-General that the members of the Council take note of his intention to appoint Colonel Detlef Buwitt (Germany) as Commissioner of the International Police Task Force.


S/1999/469 Letter, 22 Apr.1999, from the Islamic Republic of Iran in his capacity as Chairman of the Contact Group of the Organization of the Islamic Conference on Bosnia and Herzegovina and Kosovo; expresses concern over the increasing number of Sandjak Muslims who are being forced to flee, mostly to Bosnia and Herzegovina and urges the Security Council to address the situation.


S/1999/531 Letter, 7 May 1999, from Bosnia and Herzegovina stating the forwarding of a letter regarding NATO’s operations to UN; transmits the following documents: letter from the Chair of the Presidency of Bosnia and Herzegovina obtained through the media, alleging that NATO is using the territory of Bosnia and Herzegovina for operations against Yugoslavia; letter of 6 May 1999 from a Member of the Presidency, in response, addressed to the President of the Security Council; and letter of 3 Apr. 1999 from the High Representative for Implementation of the Peace Agreement on Bosnia and Herzegovina addressed to the Chair of the Presidency of Bosnia and Herzegovina.


S/1999/774 Letter, 8 July 1999, from the Secretary-General informing the President of the Security Council of his intention to appoint Jacques Paul Klein (United States) as his Special Representative and Coordinator of UN Operations in Bosnia and Herzegovina, with effect from 2 Aug. 1999.

S/1999/775 Letter, 12 July 1999, from the President of the Security Council referring to the Secretary-General’s letter of 8 July 1999 (S/1999/774) and informing him that the members of the Security Council agree with his intention to appoint Jacques Paul Klein (United States) as his Special Representative and Coordinator of UN Operations in Bosnia and Herzegovina.
"BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA SITUATION (continued)"

S/1999/858 (A/53/1033) Letter, 6 Aug. 1999, from Yugoslavia concerning the status of Yugoslavia in the Convention on Wetlands of International Importance Especially as Waterfowl Habitat (1971) (Ramsar Convention), adopted by the 7th Meeting of the Conference of the Contracting Parties (A/53/975-S/1999/615); states that Yugoslavia is a full-fledged party to the Convention and that the Contracting Parties are not authorized to make a decision on Yugoslavia's status; refers to articles 34-35 of the Vienna Convention on Succession of States in Respect of Treaties that regulates the participation of States in international treaties of predecessor States.


Draft resolutions

S/1999/688 Draft resolution on continuation of the multinational stabilization force and extension of the mandate of the UN Mission in Bosnia and Herzegovina (UNMIBH).

S/1999/634 Draft resolution on the role of the High Representative for the implementation of the Peace Agreement.

Participation by non-Council members (without the right to vote)

S/PV.4014 (18 June 1999) Bosnia and Herzegovina, Germany and Italy.


S/PV.4069 (15 Nov. 1999) Bosnia and Herzegovina.

Discussion in plenary

S/PV.4014 (18 June 1999). At the 4014th meeting, draft resolution S/1999/688 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1247 (1999).

S/PV.4030 (3 Aug. 1999). At the 4030th meeting, draft resolution S/1999/634 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1256 (1999).

BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA SITUATION (continued)


S/PV.4062 (8 Nov. 1999).

S/PV.4069 (15 Nov. 1999).


Resolutions

S/RES/1247(1999) (Continuation of the multinational stabilization force (SFOR) and extension of the mandate of the UN Mission in Bosnia and Herzegovina (UNMIBH)).

Authorizes the Member States acting through or in cooperation with the organization referred to in Annex 1-A of the Peace Agreement to continue for a further planned period of 12 months the multinational stabilization force (SFOR) as established in accordance with its resolution 1088 (1996) under unified command and control in order to fulfill the role specified in Annex 1-A and Annex 2 of the Peace Agreement; authorizes Member States to take all necessary measures, at the request of SFOR, either in defence of SFOR or to assist the force in carrying out its mission and to take all necessary measures to ensure compliance with the rules and procedures established by the Commander of SFOR, governing command and control of airspace over Bosnia and Herzegovina with respect to all civilian and military air traffic; requests the authorities in Bosnia and Herzegovina to cooperate with the Commander of SFOR to ensure the effective management of the airports of Bosnia and Herzegovina; decides to extend the mandate of UNMIBH for an additional period terminating on 21 June 2000, and also decides that the International Police Task Force (IPTF) shall continue to be entrusted with the tasks set out in Annex 11 of the Peace Agreement; requests the Secretary-General to keep the Council regularly informed on the work of IPTF and its progress in assisting the restructuring of law enforcement agencies and UNMIBH's progress in monitoring and assessing the court system and to report every 3 months on the implementation of the mandate of UNMIBH as a whole. (Adopted unanimously, 4014th meeting, 18 June 1999)

S/RES/1256(1999) (Role of the High Representative for the implementation of the Peace Agreement).

Welcomes and agrees to the designation by the Steering Board of the Peace Implementation Council on 12 July 1999 of Wolfgang Petritsch as High Representative in succession to Carlos Westendorp; pays tribute to the efforts of Carlos Westendorp in his work as High Representative; reaffirms the importance it attaches to the role of the High Representative in pursuing the implementation of the Peace Agreement and giving guidance and coordinating the activities of the civilian organizations and agencies involved in assisting the parties to implement the Peace Agreement; reaffirms also the final authority of the High Representative in theatre regarding the interpretation of Annex 10 on civilian implementation of the Peace Agreement. (Adopted unanimously, 4030th meeting, 3 Aug. 1999)
BOUGAINVILLE (PAPUA NEW GUINEA)
See: PAPUA NEW GUINEA—POLITICAL CONDITIONS

BURUNDI—UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA

General documents

S/1999/207 Letter, 25 Feb. 1999, from Burundi transmitting 2 press releases on the recent visits by its Minister of External Relations and Cooperation to Kenya and Rwanda, and 2 joint communiqués signed at the conclusion of a visit to the United Republic of Tanzania; concerns lifting of economic sanctions against Burundi and Burundi’s application for membership in the East African Community.

S/1999/817 Letter, 23 July 1999, from Burundi transmitting note verbaux of 22 July from the Ministry of Foreign Affairs and Cooperation addressed to the Ministry of Foreign Affairs and International Cooperation of the United Republic of Tanzania concerning serious threats to the security of the common border; calls for the security meeting in Kagoma, originally scheduled for the end of June.

S/1999/1118 Letter, 2 Nov. 1999, from Burundi transmitting note verbaux of the same date from the Ministry of External Affairs and Cooperation which encloses a preliminary report concerning an attack on the town of Muzwe (Rutana province) which cost the lives of 2 UN officials on a humanitarian mission, prepared between 14 and 16 Oct. 1999, by the military legal advisors and the Legal Counsel of the Ministry of National Defence.

BURUNDI SITUATION (continued)

See also: AFRICA—REGIONAL SECURITY
GREAT LAKES REGION (AFRICA)—REGIONAL SECURITY
REFUGEES
RWANDA SITUATION

General documents

S/1999/83 Letter, 19 Jan. 1999, from Burundi transmitting statement made by the President of the National Assembly before the Security Council at its meeting held under the Arria formula, 12 Jan. 1999; calls for economic assistance and for lifting economic sanctions against Burundi.


S/1999/108 Letter, 1 Feb. 1999, from Burundi transmitting statement of 23 Jan. 1999 by the President following the recent Summit of Heads of State on Burundi held at Arusha; welcomes the lifting of economic sanctions which were imposed on Burundi on 31 July 1996.

S/1999/207 Letter, 25 Feb. 1999, from Burundi transmitting 2 press releases on the recent visits by its Minister of External Relations and Cooperation to Kenya and Rwanda, and 2 joint communiqués signed at the conclusion of a visit to the United Republic of Tanzania; concerns lifting of economic sanctions against Burundi and Burundi’s application for membership in the East African Community.

S/1999/299 Letter, 19 Mar. 1999, from Germany transmitting statement of the same date issued by the Presidency of the European Union concerning the continuing talks on Burundi within the Arusha peace process; expresses willingness to provide assistance to socio-economic rehabilitation and reconstruction in response to positive political steps.

S/1999/425 Letter, 12 Apr. 1999, from the Secretary-General informing the President of the Security Council of his decision to upgrade the level of the UN Office in Burundi and to appoint Cheikh Tidiane Sy as the Representative of the Secretary-General in Burundi.

S/1999/426 Letter, 15 Apr. 1999, from the President of the Security Council reporting that members of the Council took note of the Secretary-General’s letter (S/1999/425) concerning his decision to upgrade the level of the UN Office in Burundi by appointing Cheikh Tidiane Sy as the Representative of the Secretary-General in Burundi.

S/1999/816 Letter, 23 July 1999, from Burundi transmitting statement of 21 July issued by the Government on negotiations between Burundian parties held in Arusha 5-17 July 1999; rejects the allegations made by the facilitator, Mwalimu Julius Nyerere, against the Government and reaffirms its determination to continue the Burundian peace process.

S/1999/817 Letter, 23 July 1999, from Burundi transmitting note verbaux of 22 July from the Ministry of Foreign Affairs and Cooperation addressed to the Ministry of Foreign Affairs and International Cooperation of the United Republic of Tanzania concerning serious threats to the security of the common border; calls for the security meeting in Kagoma, originally scheduled for the end of June.


S/1999/958 (A/54/330) Letter, 8 Sept. 1999, from Finland transmitting statement on the killing of civilians in Burundi issued on 3 Sept. 1999 by the Presidency of the European Union; condemns the killings on 28 Aug. 1999 of civilians by rebels in Bujumbura and calls upon all Burundians to preserve the ongoing process of national reconciliation, and in particular the Arusha negotiations.
BURUNDI SITUATION (continued)

S/1999/1060 (A/54/405) Letter, 12 Oct. 1999, from Finland transmitting statement on the forced removals of civilians in Burundi, issued by the Presidency of the Council of the European Union, 8 Oct. 1999; calls upon the Government of Burundi to halt the policy of forced removals and to allow the people to return to their property.

S/1999/1068 Letter, 18 Oct. 1999, from Burundi transmitting note verbal of 17 Oct. 1999 from the Ministry of Foreign Affairs and Cooperation addressed to the Secretary-General concerning the urgent need to find a new facilitator of the negotiations on Burundi to replace the late Mwalimu Julius Nyerere; proposes that the new facilitator should have 2 or 3 assistants to form a collegium to avoid the weaknesses mentioned in having only a single facilitator.


S/1999/1118 Letter, 2 Nov. 1999, from Burundi transmitting note verbal of the same date from the Ministry of External Affairs and Cooperation which encloses a preliminary report concerning an attack on the town of Musyae (Rutana province) which cost the lives of 2 UN officials on a humanitarian mission, prepared between 14 and 16 Oct. 1999, by the military legal advisers and the Legal Counsel of the Ministry of National Defence.


S/1999/1137 Letter, 5 Nov. 1999, from the President of the Security Council reporting that the members of the Council took note of the intention of the Secretary-General to extend the UN Office in Burundi until the end of Dec. 2000.

S/1999/1138 Letter, 2 Nov. 1999, from the Secretary-General informing the Security Council that the Secretary-General has decided to extend the appointment of Ayité Jean-Claude Kpakpo (Benin) as Senior UN Adviser to the Facilitator of the Burundi Peace Process until June 2000.

S/1999/1139 Letter, 5 Nov. 1999, from the President of the Security Council reporting that the members of the Council took note of the decision of the Secretary-General to extend the appointment of Ayité Jean-Claude Kpakpo (Benin) as Senior UN Adviser to the Facilitator of the Burundi peace process until June 2000; refers to document (S/1999/1138).

BURUNDI SITUATION (continued)

S/1999/1151 Letter, 9 Nov. 1999, from the United Republic of Tanzania in reference to a letter from Burundi (S/1999/1118) concerning the findings of an investigation by the authorities in Burundi into the recent killings of UN personnel in that country; states that peace and stability in Burundi can only be guaranteed by a political settlement involving all citizens and denies any involvement in the deaths of the UN personnel.

Statements by the President of the Security Council


The Security Council notes with concern the recent outbreaks of violence in Burundi and the delays in the peace process; it calls on all parties to put an end to this violence and pursue negotiations towards the peaceful resolution of Burundi's ongoing crisis; the Council firmly believes that the process chaired by the late Mwalimu Nyerere offers the best hope for peace in Burundi and should be the foundation for all-party talks leading to the conclusion of a peace agreement; the States of the region, in close consultation with the UN, need to act quickly to appoint a new mediational team that is acceptable to the Burundian parties to negotiations; the Council condemns the murder of UN personnel in Burundi in Oct. and calls on the Government to undertake and cooperate with investigations, and for the perpetrators to be brought to justice; the Council urges all parties to ensure the safe and unhindered access of humanitarian assistance to those in need in Burundi and to guarantee fully the security and freedom of movement of UN and humanitarian personnel; the Council calls on States of the region to ensure the neutrality and civilian character of refugee camps and to prevent the use of their territory by armed insurgents; it also calls on the Government of Burundi to halt the policy of forced regroupment and to allow the affected people to return to their homes, with full and unhindered humanitarian access throughout the process.

Participation by non-Council members (without the right to vote)


Discussion in plenary

S/PV.4067 (12 Nov. 1999).

S/PV.4067(Resumption1) (12 Nov. 1999).

S/PV.4068 (12 Nov. 1999).

At the 4068th meeting, the President made a statement, on behalf of the Council, following consultations among Council members on the item entitled "The situation in Burundi": S/PRST/1999/32.
CAMBODIA SITUATION (continued)

S/1999/324 (A/53/875) Identical letters, 24 Mar. 1999, from Cambodia addressed to the Secretary-General and to the President of the Security Council transmitting letter of the same date from the Prime Minister to the Secretary-General; concerns the trial of the leaders of the Khmer Rouge.

S/1999/443 Letter, 19 Apr. 1999, from Cambodia transmitting statement concerning the issue of the trial of Khmer Rouge leaders, issued by the Cabinet of the Prime Minister, 18 Apr. 1999; states that the trial of Ta Mok would be conducted by the existing national courts in which foreign judges and prosecutors would be allowed to take part, and Cambodia will enact additional legislation in order to facilitate their participation in the domestic trial.

CENTRAL AFRICAN REPUBLIC SITUATION

See also: AFRICA-REGIONAL SECURITY

UN MISSION IN THE CENTRAL AFRICAN REPUBLIC

Reports


General documents

S/1999/116 Letter, 22 Dec. 1999, from the Secretary-General transmitting letter of 8 Dec. from the President of the Central African Republic concerning the UN Mission in the Central African Republic (MINURCA); requests the Security Council to extend the mandate of MINURCA until the successful completion of the forthcoming presidential elections in 1999.

S/1999/121 Letter, 4 Feb. 1996, from the Secretary-General addressed to the President of the Security Council transmitting letter of 23 Dec. 1996 from the President of the World Bank concerning the link between the economic reform programme and peacekeeping arrangements in the Central African Republic; states that the withdrawal of the UN Mission in the Central African Republic on 15 Jan. 1999 would weaken the prospects for continued economic improvement and could undermine and even reverse the progress made so far.
CENTRAL AFRICAN REPUBLIC SITUATION
(continued)

S/1999/132 Letter, 9 Feb. 1999, from the Central African Republic transmitting letter of the same date from the President concerning the UN Mission in the Central African Republic (MINURCA); states that extension of the mandate of MINURCA until the successful completion of the forthcoming presidential elections in 1999 is needed for the implementation of the Bangui Agreements; reports that the 3 governing powers of democracy are functioning normally.


S/1999/1235 Letter, 3 Dec. 1999, from the Secretary-General reporting the main observations and recommendations of a multidisciplinary mission which visited Bangui from 15 to 19 Nov. 1999, to examine the conditions for the maintenance of the UN presence after the withdrawal of the UN Mission in the Central African Republic on 15 Feb. 2000.


Draft resolutions


CENTRAL AFRICAN REPUBLIC SITUATION

Resolutions

S/RES/1230(1999) [Extension of the mandate of the UN Mission in the Central African Republic (MINURCA)].

Decides to extend the mandate of MINURCA until 15 Nov. 1999; expresses its intention to commence the reduction of MINURCA personnel 15 days after the conclusion of the presidential elections in the Central African Republic with a view to full termination of the Mission no later than 15 Nov. 1999; further decides to review every 45 days, on the basis of reports of the Secretary-General, the mandate of MINURCA in light of the progress achieved towards implementation of the commitments made by the President of the Central African Republic to the Secretary-General; welcomes the intention of the Secretary-General to discuss with the President of the Central African plans for the possibility of a progressive reduction of the MINURCA military component in anticipation of the 15 Nov. 1999 termination date of the Mission commensurate with the advances in the restructuring of the Central African armed forces; strongly reaffirms that the complete implementation of the Bangui Agreements (S/1997/561, appendices III-VI) and of the National Reconciliation Pact (S/1998/219) is essential to peace and national reconciliation in the Central African Republic, and urges the Government of the Central African Republic to continue to take concrete steps to implement political, economic, social and security reforms; urges all parties in the Central African Republic to take the necessary measures to resolve the current political impasse; further calls upon the Government of the Central African Republic to establish the new electoral commission as soon as possible. (Adopted unanimously, 3984th meeting, 26 Feb. 1999)

S/RES/1271(1999) [Extension of the mandate of the UN Mission in the Central African Republic (MINURCA)].

Decides to extend the mandate of MINURCA until 15 Feb. 2000; calls once again upon the Government of the Central African Republic to continue to take tangible measures to implement the political, economic, social and security reforms mentioned in the report of the Secretary-General of 23 Feb. 1998 (S/1998/219); calls upon the Government of the Central African Republic to coordinate closely with MINURCA, the initial steps of the restructuring programme of the Central African armed forces and of the demobilization and reintegration programme of the retired military personnel, appeals to the international community to give its support to these programmes; requests the Secretary-General to submit by 15 Jan. 2000 a report on the implementation of the mandate of MINURCA; decides to remain actively seized of the matter. (Adopted unanimously, 4056th meeting, 22 Oct. 1999)

CHECHNYA (RUSSIAN FEDERATION)

General documents

S/1999/1176 Letter, 16 Nov. 1999, from Georgia transmitting statement of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs concerning the situation in north Caucasus; denies allegations by the mass media of the Russian Federation that Georgia decided to set up in its territories a government-in-exile of Chechnya.

S/1999/1244 Letter, 13 Dec. 1999, from Georgia transmitting letter of the same date from the Minister for Foreign Affairs to the President of the Security Council; concerns the situation in the Chechnya section of the state border between the Russian Federation and Georgia and informs the President of the Security Council that Georgia has made an official proposal to the Permanent Council of the Organization for Security and Co-operation in Europe (OSCE) to expand the mandate of the OSCE mission in Georgia for monitoring that area.

S/1999/1277 Letter, 23 Dec. 1999, from Georgia transmitting statement of 22 Dec. by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs; refutes allegations by the Russian Federation that Georgia has been assisting Chechen forces.

CHILDREN IN ARMED CONFLICTS

Draft resolutions

S/1999/911 Draft resolution on children in armed conflicts.

Statements by the President of the Security Council


Expresses its grave concern at the growing civilian toll of armed conflict and notes with distress that civilians now account for the vast majority of casualties in armed conflict and are increasingly directly targeted by combatants and armed elements; condemns attacks or acts of violence in situations of armed conflict directed against civilians, especially women, children and other vulnerable groups, including also refugees and internally displaced persons, in violation of the relevant rules of international law; concerned about attacks on humanitarian workers; calls upon all parties concerned to ensure the safety of civilians and guarantee the unimpeded and safe access of UN and other humanitarian personnel to those in need; expresses particular concern at the harmful impact of armed conflict on children; notes the deleterious impact of the proliferation of arms, in particular small arms, on the security of civilians, including refugees and other vulnerable populations; welcomes the continuing contribution to the implementation of international humanitarian law of the International Committee of the Red Cross.
CHILDREN IN ARMED CONFLICTS (continued)

Participation by non-Council members (without the right to vote)

S/PV.3977 (12 Feb. 1999) President of the International Committee of the Red Cross, Executive Director of UNICEF and the Special Representative of the Secretary-General on the Impact of Armed Conflict on Children.

S/PV.3980 (22 Feb. 1999) Australia, Azerbaijan, Bangladesh, Burkina Faso, Costa Rica, Dominican Republic, Egypt, El Salvador, Germany, Guatemala, Haiti, India, Indonesia, Iraq, Israel, Jamaica, Japan, New Zealand, Norway, Pakistan, Palestine, Republic of Korea, Switzerland, Togo, Ukraine, Uruguay and Zambia.

S/PV.4037 (25 Aug. 1999) Afghanistan, Algeria, Angola, Bangladesh, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Costa Rica, Egypt, Finland, Guyana, India, Indonesia, Iraq, Japan, Kenya, Monaco, Mongolia, Mozambique, New Zealand, Norway, the Philippines, Portugal, the Republic of Korea, Rwanda, Slovakia, South Africa, the Sudan, Switzerland, Uganda, Ukraine, the United Republic of Tanzania and Zambia.

Discussion in plenary


S/PV.3978 (12 Feb. 1999). At the 3978th meeting, the President made a statement, on behalf of the Council, in connection with prior consultations held among Council members on the protection of civilians in armed conflicts: S/PRST/1999/6.


S/1999/911 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1261 (1999).


CHILDREN IN ARMED CONFLICTS (continued)

Resolutions

S/RES/1261(1999) [Children in armed conflicts]. Strongly condemns the targeting of children in situations of armed conflict, including killing and maiming, sexual violence, abduction and forced displacement, recruitment and use of children in armed conflict; urges all parties to armed conflicts to ensure that the protection, welfare and rights of children are taken into account during peace negotiations and throughout the process of consolidating peace in the aftermath of conflict; urges all parties to armed conflicts to take special measures to protect children, in particular girls, from rape and other forms of sexual abuse and gender-based violence in situations of armed conflict; calls upon all parties to armed conflicts to ensure the full, safe and unhindered access of humanitarian personnel and the delivery of humanitarian assistance to all children affected by armed conflict; urges States and the UN system to facilitate the disarmament, demobilization, rehabilitation and reintegration of children used as soldiers; requests the Secretary-General to ensure that personnel involved in UN peacemaking, peacekeeping and peace-building activities have appropriate training on the protection, rights and welfare of children, and urges States and relevant international and regional organizations to ensure that appropriate training is included in their programmes for personnel involved in similar activities. (Adopted unanimously, resumed 4037th meeting, 25 Aug. 1999)

CIVIL AIRCRAFT INCIDENTS

See: ATTACKS ON AIRCRAFT

CIVILIAN PERSONS—ARMED CONFLICTS

Reports


General documents


S/1999/1160 Note stating that an informal working group of experts of the Council has been established in connection with the item entitled "Protection of civilians in armed conflict" for a period of 6 months / President, Security Council.
CIVILIAN PERSONS–ARMED CONFLICTS

(continued)

Draft resolutions

S/1999/981 Draft resolution on protection of civilians in armed conflicts.

Statements by the President of the Security Council


Expresses its grave concern at the growing civilian toll of armed conflict and notes with distress that civilians now account for the vast majority of casualties in armed conflict and are increasingly directly targeted by combatants and armed elements; condemns attacks or acts of violence in situations of armed conflict directed against civilians, especially women, children and other vulnerable groups, including also refugees and internally displaced persons, in violation of the relevant rules of international law; concerned about attacks on humanitarian workers; calls upon all parties concerned to ensure the safety of civilians and guarantee the unimpeded and safe access of UN and other humanitarian personnel to those in need; expresses particular concern at the harmful impact of the proliferation of arms, in particular small arms, on the security of civilians, including refugees and other vulnerable populations; welcomes the continuing contribution to the implementation of international humanitarian law of the International Committee of the Red Cross.

Participation by non-Council members (without the right to vote)

S/PV.3977 (12 Feb. 1999) President of the International Committee of the Red Cross, Executive Director of UNICEF and the Special Representative of the Secretary-General on the Impact of Armed Conflict on Children.

S/PV.3980 (22 Feb. 1999) Australia, Azerbaijan, Bangladesh, Burkina Faso, Costa Rica, Dominican Republic, Egypt, El Salvador, Germany, Guatemala, Haiti, Indonesia, Iraq, Israel, Jamaica, Japan, New Zealand, Norway, Pakistan, Palestine, Republic of Korea, Switzerland, Togo, Ukraine, Uruguay and Zambia.

S/PV.4046 (16 Sept. 1999) Botswana, Egypt, Finland, India, Iraq, Japan, Mongolia, Norway, Palestine, Republic of Korea, Rwanda, Slovakia, South Africa, Switzerland, the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, Tunisia and Ukraine.


Discussion in plenary


Expresses its grave concern at the growing civilian toll of armed conflict and notes with distress that civilians now account for the vast majority of casualties in armed conflict and are increasingly directly targeted by combatants and armed elements; condemns attacks or acts of violence in situations of armed conflict directed against civilians, especially women, children and other vulnerable groups, including also refugees and internally displaced persons, in violation of the relevant rules of international law; concerned about attacks on humanitarian workers; calls upon all parties concerned to ensure the safety of civilians and guarantee the unimpeded and safe access of UN and other humanitarian personnel to those in need; expresses particular concern at the harmful impact of the proliferation of arms, in particular small arms, on the security of civilians, including refugees and other vulnerable populations; welcomes the continuing contribution to the implementation of international humanitarian law of the International Committee of the Red Cross.

Participation by non-Council members (without the right to vote)

S/PV.3977 (12 Feb. 1999) President of the International Committee of the Red Cross, Executive Director of UNICEF and the Special Representative of the Secretary-General on the Impact of Armed Conflict on Children.

S/PV.3980 (22 Feb. 1999) Australia, Azerbaijan, Bangladesh, Burkina Faso, Costa Rica, Dominican Republic, Egypt, El Salvador, Germany, Guatemala, Haiti, Indonesia, Iraq, Israel, Jamaica, Japan, New Zealand, Norway, Pakistan, Palestine, Republic of Korea, Switzerland, Togo, Ukraine, Uruguay and Zambia.

S/PV.4046 (16 Sept. 1999) Botswana, Egypt, Finland, India, Iraq, Japan, Mongolia, Norway, Palestine, Republic of Korea, Rwanda, Slovakia, South Africa, Switzerland, the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, Tunisia and Ukraine.


Discussion in plenary


CIVILIAN PERSONS–ARMED CONFLICTS

(continued)


At the 3978th meeting, the President made a statement, on behalf of the Council, in connection with prior consultations held among Council members on the protection of civilians in armed conflicts: S/PRST/1999/6.


S/PV.4046 (16 Sept. 1999).

S/PV.4046(Resumption1) (17 Sept. 1999).


S/PV.4046(Resumption2) (17 Sept. 1999).

At the 4046th meeting, draft resolution S/1999/981 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1265 (1999).

Resolutions

S/RES/1265(1999) [Protection of civilians in armed conflicts].

Strongly condemns the deliberate targeting of civilians in situations of armed conflict; emphasizes the importance of preventing conflicts which could endanger international peace and security; urges all parties concerned to comply strictly with their obligations under international humanitarian, human rights and refugee law; emphasizes the responsibility of States to end impunity and to prosecute those responsible for genocide, crimes against humanity and serious violations of international humanitarian law; underlines the importance of safe and unhindered access of humanitarian personnel to civilians in armed conflict; emphasizes the need for combatants to ensure the safety, security and freedom of movement of UN and associated personnel; requests the Secretary-General to ensure that UN personnel involved in peacemaking, peacekeeping and peace-building activities have appropriate training in international humanitarian, human rights and refugee law; stresses the importance of consultation and cooperation between UN, the International Committee of the Red Cross and other relevant organizations; decides to establish immediately an appropriate mechanism to review further the recommendations contained in the report of the Secretary-General and responsibilities under the Charter of UN.

( Adopted unanimously, 4046th (Resumption 2) meeting, 17 Sept. 1999).

COMOROS SITUATION

General documents

S/1999/533 Letter, 10 May 1999, from Burkina Faso transmitting 3 communiques issued by the Central Organ of the Mechanism for Conflict Prevention, Management and Resolution of OAU at its 57th ordinary session, held at ambassadorial level at Addis Ababa on 10 May 1999.
COMOROS SITUATION (continued)

S/1999/588 Letter, 3 May 1999, from Mali transmitting statement concerning the situation in the Comoros, issued by the Government, 30 Apr.; condemns the military coup d'etat which took place on 30 Apr. 1999, reiterates support for efforts by the OAU to establish peace and calls upon all parties to work together for a political solution to the crisis.

S/1999/763 Letter, 2 July 1999, from the Comoros concerning recent social and political developments in the country; also transmits resolution requesting OAU to take steps to convene a meeting of the committee for the follow-up of the Antananarivo Agreement, signed by several political parties.


CONGO
See: DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF THE CONGO SITUATION

CROATIA SITUATION
See also: FORMER YUGOSLAVIA–HUMAN RIGHTS
FORMER YUGOSLAVIA SITUATION
INTERNATIONAL TRIBUNAL–FORMER YUGOSLAVIA
UN MISSION OF OBSERVERS IN PREVLAKA

Reports

General documents
CROATIA SITUATION (continued)


S/1999/719 Letter, 25 June 1999, from Croatia concerning the status of negotiations with Yugoslavia on the issue of Prevlaka; states that it is committed to a peaceful solution of the issue.

S/1999/760 Letter, 7 July 1999, from Yugoslavia transmitting memorandum concerning the Prevlaka Peninsula; states that Prevlaka is an integral part of Boka Kotorska Bay which is part of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia, referring to maps and extracts of laws and decisions.


S/1999/796 Letter, 18 July 1999, from Yugoslavia referring to Secretary-General’s report of 8 July 1999 on the UN Mission of Observers in Prevlaka (S/1999/764); calls for the preservation of the original concept of the UN security system on Prevlaka, in accordance with the agreement on normalization of relations between the 2 countries, published as a document of the Security Council (S/1999/706, annex).

CROATIA SITUATION (continued)

S/1999/1027 Letter, 4 Oct. 1999, from Yugoslavia forwarding its report on the situation in the negotiations with the Republic of Croatia on the disputed issue of Prevlaka; includes letter from the head of the Yugoslav delegation to his Croatian counterpart.


Draft resolutions

S/1999/39 Draft resolution on the demilitarization of the Prevlaka peninsula.

S/1999/785 Draft resolution on the monitoring of the demilitarization of the Prevlaka peninsula by UN observers.

Participation by non-Council members (without the right to vote)

S/PV.3966 (15 Jan. 1999) Croatia, Germany and Italy.

S/PV.4023 (15 July 1999) Croatia, Germany and Italy.

Discussion in plenary

At the 3966th meeting, draft resolution S/1999/39 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1222 (1999).

S/PV.4023 (15 July 1999).
At the 4023rd meeting, draft resolution S/1999/785 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1252 (1999).
CROATIA SITUATION (continued)

Resolutions

S/RES/1224(1999) [Demilitarization of the Prevlaka peninsula].

- Authorizes the UN military observers to continue monitoring the demilitarization of the Prevlaka peninsula until 15 July 1999; requests the Secretary-General, in the light of the improved cooperation and reduction in tensions in Prevlaka as described in his report, to consider possible reductions, without prejudice to the main operational activities of the UN Mission of Observers in Prevlaka (UNMOP), focusing on the possibility of reducing the number of military observers to as few as 22; further requests the Secretary-General to submit a report by 15 Apr. 1999 on the progress of bilateral negotiations between the parties, as well as on possible ways to facilitate a negotiated settlement; urges once again that the parties abide by their mutual commitments and cooperate fully with each other. (Adopted unanimously, 3966th meeting, 15 Jan. 1999)

S/RES/1263(1999) [Monitoring of the demilitarization of the Prevlaka peninsula by UN observers].

- Authorizes the UN military observers to continue monitoring the demilitarization of the Prevlaka peninsula, until 15 Jan. 2000; reiterates its calls upon the parties to cease all violations of the demilitarization regime in UN designated zones, to take steps further to reduce tension and to improve safety and security in the area, to cooperate fully with the UN military observers and to ensure their safety and full and unrestricted freedom of movement; requests the Secretary-General to report by 15 Oct. 1999 with recommendations and options further to develop confidence-building measures between the parties aimed; urges once again that the parties abide by their mutual commitments and implement fully the Agreement on Normalization of Relations; requests the UN military observers and the multinational stabilization force to cooperate fully with each other. (Adopted unanimously, 4023rd meeting, 15 July 1999)

CYPRUS QUESTION (continued)

See also: UN PEACEKEEPING FORCE IN CYPRUS

Reports


Issued: 8 June 1999.


S/1999/657/Add.2 Report on the UN operation in Cyprus for the period 10 June to 29 Nov. 1999 / Secretary-General.


S/1999/657/Add.3 Report on the UN operation in Cyprus for the period 10 June to 29 Nov. 1999: corrigendum / Secretary-General.


General documents

S/1999/4 Letter, 30 Dec. 1998, from Austria transmitting statements of the same date by the Presidency of the European Union welcoming the decision taken by President Clerides not to bring S-300 missiles to Cyprus, which the European Union considers to be an important signal for the reduction of armaments in Cyprus; expresses the hope that further steps in this direction will be taken by both sides.


CYPRUS QUESTION (continued)


S/1999/234 (A/53/852) Letter, 3 Mar. 1999, from Turkey transmitting letter from Aydog Plümer of the Turkish Cypriot community, in response to letter from the representative of Cyprus to the UN (A/53/856-S/1999/176); denies allegations concerning the destruction of the cultural property of northern Cyprus.


CYPRUS QUESTION (continued)


S/1999/722 Letter, 20 June 1999, from the Secretary-General informing the President of the Security Council of his intention to appoint Ann Hercus as his resident Special Representative and Chief of the UN Operation in Cyprus, with effect from 1 July 1999. Also informs the Council that Diego Cordovez will continue to be available to him as Special Adviser, primarily on issues relating to Latin America.

S/1999/723 Letter, 25 June 1999, from the President of the Security Council reporting that the members of the Council agree with the Secretary-General’s proposal to appoint Ann Hercus (New Zealand) as his Special Representative and Chief of the UN Operation in Cyprus.
CYPRUS QUESTION (continued)

S/1999/744 (A/53/1007) Letter, 30 June 1999, from Cyprus reporting violations of its airspace and of the flight information region of Nicosia by military aircraft of the Turkish Air Force, 21 May-27 June 1999; reports also the violations of the territorial waters of Cyprus by Turkish military vessels, 14 June 1999.


S/1999/1044 Letter, 11 Oct. 1999, from the President of the Security Council reporting that the members of the Council take note of the appointment of James Holger as the Secretary-General's Acting Special Representative and Chief of Mission of the UN Peacekeeping Force in Cyprus for a period of 3 months effective 1 Oct. 1999.


S/1999/1097 (A/54/502) Letter, 25 Oct. 1999, from Turkey transmitting letter of the same date from the representative of the Turkish Cypriot community; refers to the statement made by the Greek Cypriot representative at the meeting of the Special Political and Decolonization Committee (4th Committee) held on 20 Oct. 1999; claims that the statement in question contains allegations that distort the realities of the Cyprus situation.

S/1999/1111 Letter, 29 Oct. 1999, from the Secretary-General informing the Security Council of his intention to designate Alvaro de Soto as his Special Adviser on Cyprus at Headquarters as of 1 Nov. 1999, with the rank of Under-Secretary-General, and his plan to appoint Mr. de Soto as his Special Representative, resident in Cyprus, in the course of spring 2000.

S/1999/1112 Letter, 1 Nov. 1999, from the President of the Security Council reporting that the members of the Council take note of the intention of the Secretary-General to designate Alvaro de Soto as his Special Adviser on Cyprus at Headquarters as of 1 Nov. 1999, with the rank of Under-Secretary-General and his wish to appoint Mr. de Soto as his Special Representative, resident in Cyprus, in the course of spring 2000.


S/1999/1121 (A/54/523) Letter, 2 Nov. 1999, from Cyprus transmitting memorandum on the living conditions of the Cypriots in the part of Cyprus under Turkish administration.

S/1999/1126 (A/54/528) Letter, 3 Nov. 1999, from Turkey transmitting letter of the same date from the representative of the Turkish Cypriot community; states that the statements made by the Greek Cypriot representative to the 3rd Committee of the General Assembly on 13, 19, 22 and 28 Oct. 1999 contain allegations that distort the facts about the Cyprus issue.
CYPRUS QUESTION (continued)

S/1999/1774 (A/54/613) Letter, 15 Nov. 1999, from Turkey transmitting letter of the same date from the representative of the Turkish Cypriot community; refers to the Interim report of the Special Rapporteur of the Commission on Human Rights on the question of human rights in the north of Cyprus, and states that the allegations contained therein on the question of human rights in the north of Cyprus are unfounded; lists incidents of destruction and desecration of religious institutions allegedly committed by the Greek Cypriot side.

S/1999/1192 (A/54/627) Letter, 19 Nov. 1999, from Turkey transmitting letter of the same date from the representative of the Turkish Cypriot community; rejects allegations contained in the letter from the Greek Cypriot representative (A/54/523-S/1999/121) regarding the living conditions of Greek Cypriots in Northern Cyprus.


S/1999/1214 (A/54/643) Letter, 1 Dec. 1999, from Turkey transmitting letter from Aytaç Plumer of the Turkish Cypriot community, in reply to allegations by the Representative of Cyprus to the UN in a statement he made at the 11th meeting of the 6th Committee on 10 Oct. under agenda item 158 entitled “Establishment of an international criminal court” (A/C.5/54/SR.11) concerning the Cyprus question.

S/1999/1233 Letter, 6 Dec. 1999, from the Secretary-General informing the Security Council of his decision to appoint Major General Victory Rana (Nepal) as the next Commander of the UN Peacekeeping Force in Cyprus.

S/1999/1234 Letter, 10 Dec. 1999, from the President of the Security Council referring to document S/1999/1233; informs the Secretary-General that the members of the Security Council take note of his decision to appoint Major General Victory Rana (Nepal) as the next Commander of the UN Peacekeeping Force in Cyprus.


Draft resolutions

S/1999/724 Draft resolution concerning negotiations for a political settlement in Cyprus under auspices of the Secretary-General.

S/1999/725 Draft resolution on extension of the mandate of the UN Peacekeeping Force in Cyprus.

S/1999/1249 Draft resolution on extension of the mandate of the UN Peacekeeping Force in Cyprus.

Discussion in plenary

S/IV.4018 (29 June 1999).

At the 4018th meeting, action on draft resolutions was as follows: draft resolution S/1999/724, adopted unanimously; resolution 1250 (1999); draft resolution S/1999/725, adopted unanimously; resolution 1251 (1999).


At the 4082nd meeting, draft resolution S/1999/1249 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1283 (1999).

Resolutions

S/RES/1250(1999) [Negotiations for a political settlement in Cyprus under auspices of the Secretary-General].

Expresses its appreciation for the report of the Secretary-General of 22 June 1999 (S/1999/707) on his mission of Good Offices in Cyprus; reiterates its endorsement of the Initiative of the Secretary-General announced on 30 Sept. 1998, within the framework of his mission of Good Offices, with the goal of reducing tensions and promoting progress towards a just and lasting settlement in Cyprus; requests the Secretary-General, in accordance with the relevant UN Security Council resolutions, to invite the leaders of the two sides to negotiations in the autumn of 1999; requests the two sides on Cyprus, including military authorities on both sides, to work constructively with the Secretary-General and his Special Representative to create a positive climate on the island that will pave the way for negotiations in the autumn of 1999. (Adopted unanimously, 4018th meeting, 26 June 1999)

S/RES/1251(1999) [Extension of the mandate of the UN Peacekeeping Force in Cyprus (UNFICYP)].

Decides to extend the mandate of UNFICYP for a further period ending 15 Dec. 1999; calls upon the military authorities on both sides to refrain from any action, including acts of provocation in the vicinity of the buffer zone, which would exacerbate tensions; requests the Secretary-General and his Special Representative to continue to work intensively with the two sides with a view to early agreement on further specific tension-reducing steps, with full consideration of its resolution 1218 (1998) of 22 Dec. 1998; reconfirms the status quo is unacceptable and that negotiations on a final political solution to the Cyprus problem have been at an impasse for too long; requests the Secretary-General to submit a report by 1 Dec. 1999 on the implementation of this resolution. (Adopted unanimously, 4018th meeting, 26 June 1999)

S/RES/1253(1999) [Extension of the mandate of the UN Peacekeeping Force in Cyprus (UNFICYP)].

Decides to extend the mandate of UNFICYP for a further period ending 15 June 2000; requests the Secretary-General to submit a report by 1 June 2000 on the implementation of this resolution (Adopted unanimously, 4082nd meeting, 15 Dec. 1999)
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DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF THE CONGO-UGANDA

General documents

DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF THE CONGO

SITUATION
See also: AFRICA-REGIONAL SECURITY
GREAT LAKES REGION (AFRICA)-REGIONAL SECURITY
REFUGEES
RWANDA SITUATION
UN ORGANIZATION MISSION IN THE
DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF THE CONGO

Reports

General documents
S/1999/46 Letter, 15 Jan. 1999, from the Democratic Republic of the Congo reporting progress made by the Congolese Government, particularly in the political, economic and legal spheres, despite the difficulties resulting from the war being waged in the country.

DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF THE CONGO

SITUATION (continued)

S/1999/205 Letter, 24 Feb. 1999, from the Democratic Republic of the Congo transmitting paper containing information on violations of human rights and international humanitarian law in the eastern part of the country, allegedly carried out by the armed forces of Uganda, Rwanda and Burundi, covering the period from 2 Aug. to 5 Nov. 1998.

S/1999/329 Letter, 25 Mar. 1999, from the Democratic Republic of the Congo reporting the recent massacres perpetrated against Congolese civilians in the eastern part of the country and reiterating its call for an investigation into the matter.
S/1999/379 Letter, 1 Apr. 1999, from the Secretary-General informing the President of the Security Council of his decision to appoint Moustapha Niasse (Senegal) as his Special Envoy for the Democratic Republic of the Congo Peace Process.
S/1999/380 Letter, 5 Apr. 1999, from the President of the Security Council informing the Secretary-General that members of the Security Council agree with the decision in document S/1999/379 to appoint Moustapha Niasse (Senegal) as his Special Envoy for the Democratic Republic of the Congo Peace Process.
S/1999/396 Letter, 7 Apr. 1999, from Kenya transmitting joint statement issued on the occasion of the visit by President Laurent-Désiré Kabila of the Democratic Republic of the Congo to Kenya, 6 Apr. 1999; expresses the need to restore peace in the Congo and agrees on all-inclusive talks in Nairobi to be attended by the Government and all Congolese groups.
S/1999/450 Letter, 20 Apr. 1999, from the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya transmitting Peace Agreement for the Great Lakes Region, signed at Sirte, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, by the leaders of Uganda, the Democratic Republic of the Congo, Chad, Eritrea and the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, 18 Apr. 1999; also informs the President of the Security Council of the decision to deploy ceasefire monitors from Liberia, the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya and Zambia in the region.
SITUATION (continued)

DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF THE CONGO

Letter, 29 Apr. 1999, from the Democratic Republic of the Congo transmitting list of persons killed during massacres at Makabola, from 30 Dec. 1998 to 1 Jan. 1999 allegedly by members of the Rwandese Patriotic Forces; urges the Security Council to ensure that an international investigation of the events is undertaken.

S/1999/51 Letter, 2 June 1999, from Uganda transmitting joint communique on the situation in the Democratic Republic of the Congo issued by the Presidents of Rwanda, Uganda and Tanzania on 5 May 1999 Dodoma, Tanzania; reaffirms the need for peace, unity and reconciliation and reconstruction in the Democratic Republic of the Congo and welcomes President Kabila's readiness to hold direct talks with the opposition.


S/1999/635 Letter, 2 June 1999, from Uganda transmitting joint communiqué issued by Uganda and a delegation from the Democratic Republic of the Congo presenting the positions adopted as a result of discussions held from 28 May to 1 June 1999 on practical modalities for the implementation of the Sirté Peace Agreement, signed in the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya in Apr. 1999.

S/1999/654 Letter, 4 June 1999, from Uganda transmitting joint communiqué issued by Uganda after conclusion of a mini-summit in Dar-es-Salaam between Presidents of Uganda, the United Republic of Tanzania, Pasteur Bizimungu of Rwanda and Vice-President of Rwanda; concerns the ending of conflict and restoration of peace in the Democratic Republic of the Congo.

S/1999/663 Letter, 9 June 1999, from Germany transmitting statement on the situation in the Democratic Republic of the Congo, issued by the Presidency of European Union. 2 June 1999; calls on warring parties to respect humanitarian laws, to reach a ceasefire agreement and to operate an orderly withdrawal of forces and prepare for the deployment of a multinational peacekeeping force.

S/1999/733 Letter, 28 June 1999, from the Democratic Republic of the Congo referring to document (S/1999/205) and transmitting Volume II of the white paper on violations of human rights, basic rules of international humanitarian law and environmental protection standards in the eastern part of the country, allegedly carried out by the armed forces of Uganda, Rwanda and Burundi and Congolese groups, covering the period from 6 Nov. 1998 to 19 Apr. 1999.

S/1999/787 Letter, 12 July 1999, from Finland transmitting statement on the ceasefire agreement of the Democratic Republic of the Congo, issued by the Presidency of the European Union, 9 July 1999; welcomes the acceptance at the ministerial level by the parties involved of a ceasefire agreement and appeals to the heads of State and other parties to sign and implement the agreement as soon as possible.


S/1999/851 Letter, 16 Aug. 1999, from the Democratic Republic of the Congo expressing indignation at the military activities of Rwanda and Uganda in Kisangani, capital of the eastern province, during the past 2 weeks; requests the Security Council to condemn the violations of human rights and international humanitarian law committed by the Rwandan-Ugandan coalition against the citizens of Kisangani, including considering the adoption of sanctions against Rwanda and Uganda and demanding the immediate withdrawal of the foreign forces.

S/1999/898 Letter, 19 Aug. 1999, from the Democratic Republic of the Congo transmitting communication of 14 Aug. 1999 from the Minister for Human Rights concerning the military activities of the Rwandan and Ugandan forces in Kasala, Katanga province; calls on the Security Council, the European Union and the OAU to condemn the attack on Kasala and to induce Uganda and Rwanda to sign the Lusaka Agreement.

S/1999/913 Letter, 23 Aug. 1999, from the Democratic Republic of the Congo requesting the President of the Security Council to call an urgent meeting for the purpose of authorizing the Secretary-General to designate special envoys in Rwanda and Uganda to oversee the immediate implementation of the terms of the Ceasefire Agreement in the Democratic Republic of the Congo.

S/1999/920 Letter, 24 Aug. 1999, from the Secretary-General referring to Security Council resolution 1258 (1999) on deployment of UN military liaison personnel in the Democratic Republic of the Congo; proposes that Algeria, Bangladesh, Belgium, Benin, Bolivia, Canada, China, Egypt, France, Ghana, India, the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Madagascar, Mali, Nepal, Pakistan, Poland, Senegal, Romania, the Russian Federation, South Africa, Sweden, the United Republic of Tanzania, the United Kingdom, Uruguay and Zambia be included in the list of countries contributing military personnel to the preliminary deployment of UN liaison officers.
SITUATION (continued)

DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF THE CONGO

S/1999/921 Letter, 27 Aug. 1999, from the President of the Security Council referring to document (S/1999/920); reports that the members of the Council agree with the additions to the list of Member States contributing military personnel to the preliminary deployment of UN liaison officers to the capitals of the States signatories to the Lusaka Ceasefire Agreement and the provisional headquarters of the Joint Military Commission and, as security conditions permit, to the rear military headquarters of the main belligerents in the Democratic Republic of the Congo.

S/1999/930 Letter, 30 Aug. 1999, from Rwanda transmitting press release of the same date from the Office of the Vice-President and Minister of Defense; concerns Rwanda’s strong commitment to the speedy and smooth implementation of the Lusaka Peace Agreement.

S/1999/959 (A/54/331) Letter, 8 Sept. 1999, from Finland transmitting statement on the Democratic Republic of the Congo issued on 3 Sept. 1999 by the Presidency of the European Union; acknowledges the completion of the signing of the Lusaka Agreement by the signatures of the Rassemblement congolais pour la démocratie, and urges all parties to proceed to the implementation of the Agreement.

S/1999/1005 Letter, 22 Sept. 1999, from Finland transmitting statement of the same date on the Democratic Republic of the Congo issued by the Presidency of the European Union; expresses concern at the delays in the implementation of the Lusaka Agreement by the parties and strongly urges all parties to fully abide by the contents and timetable of the Agreement.


S/1999/1171 Letter, 13 Nov. 1999, from the Secretary-General informing the Security Council of his intention to appoint Kamel Morjane (Tunisia) as his Special Representative for the Democratic Republic of the Congo, with immediate effect.
DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF THE CONGO
SITUATION (continued)

Participation by non-Council members (without the right to vote)


Discussion in plenary

S/PV.3993 (9 Apr. 1999).
At the 3993rd meeting, draft resolution S/1999/400 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1234 (1999).
At the 4015th meeting, the President made a statement, on behalf of the Council following consultations among members, on the item entitled "The situation concerning the Democratic Republic of the Congo": S/PRST/1999/17.
At the 4032nd meeting, draft resolution S/1999/852 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1258 (1999).
S/PV.4060 (5 Nov. 1999).
At the 4060th meeting, draft resolution S/1999/1130 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1273 (1999).
S/PV.4076 (30 Nov. 1999).
At the 4076th meeting, draft resolution S/1999/1207 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1279 (1999).

DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF THE CONGO
SITUATION (continued)

Resolutions

S/RES/1234(1999) [The situation in the Democratic Republic of the Congo].
Reaffirms the obligation of all States to respect the territorial integrity, political independence and national sovereignty of the Democratic Republic of the Congo and other States in the region; demands an immediate halt to the hostilities; calls for the immediate signing of a ceasefire agreement allowing the orderly withdrawal of all foreign forces, the re-establishment of the authority of the Government of the Democratic Republic of the Congo throughout its territory, and the disarmament of non-governmental armed groups in the Democratic Republic of the Congo; calls upon all parties to the conflict to protect human rights and to respect International humanitarian law; condemns all massacres carried out on the territory of the Democratic Republic of the Congo and calls for an international investigation into all such events; condemns the continuing activity of and support to all armed groups; calls for safe and unhindered access for humanitarian assistance to those in need; welcomes the commitment by the parties to the conflict to stop fighting in order to allow an immunization campaign; urges all parties to the conflict to continue to work constructively through the regional mediation process towards the signing of a ceasefire agreement and settlement of the conflict; reaffirms its readiness to consider the active involvement of UN to assist in the implementation of an effective ceasefire agreement and its readiness to consider the active involvement of UN to assist in the implementation of an effective ceasefire agreement and in an agreed process for political settlement of the conflict. (Adopted unanimously, 3993rd meeting, 9 Apr. 1999)

S/RES/1268(1999) [Deployment of the UN personnel in the Democratic Republic of the Congo].
Authorizes the deployment of up to 90 UN military liaison personnel, together with the necessary civilian, political, humanitarian and administrative staff, to the capitals of the States signatories to the Ceasefire Agreement and the provisional headquarters of the Joint Military Commission, and, as security conditions permit, to the rear military headquarters of the main belligerents in the Democratic Republic of the Congo; welcomes the intention of the Secretary-General to appoint a Special Representative to serve as the Head of the UN presence in the subregion; calls upon all States and parties concerned to ensure the freedom of movement, security and safety of UN personnel in their territory; calls for safe and unhindered access for humanitarian assistance to those in need in the Democratic Republic of the Congo, and urges all parties to the conflict to guarantee the safety and security of all humanitarian personnel and to respect strictly the relevant provisions of international humanitarian law. (Adopted unanimously, 4032nd meeting, 6 Aug. 1999)
DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF THE CONGO

SITUATION (continued)

S/RES/1273(1999) [Extension of the mandate of the UN military liaison personnel in the Democratic Republic of the Congo].

Decides to extend the mandate of UN military liaison personnel deployed under paragraph 8 of resolution 1258 (1999) until 15 Jan. 2000; requests the Secretary-General to continue to report to it regularly on developments in the Democratic Republic of the Congo including on the future presence of UN in the country in support of the peace process; calls on all parties to the Ceasefire Agreement to continue to abide by its provisions. (Adopted unanimously, 4060th meeting, 5 Nov. 1999)

S/RES/1279(1999) [Establishment of the UN Organization Mission in the Democratic Republic of the Congo (MONUC)].

Calls upon all parties to the conflict to cease hostilities and continue the process of national reconciliation; welcomes the appointment by the Secretary-General of his Special Representative to serve as the Head of the UN presence in the subregion; decides that the personnel authorized under its resolutions 1258 (1999) and 1273 (1999), shall constitute the UN Organization Mission in the Democratic Republic of the Congo until 1 Mar. 2000; decides also that MONUC’s ongoing tasks shall be: (a) to establish contacts with the signatories to the Ceasefire Agreement; (b) to liaise with the Joint Military Commission and provide technical assistance in the implementation of its functions; (c) to provide information on security conditions in all areas of its operation; (d) to plan for the observation of the ceasefire and disengagement of forces; (e) to maintain liaison with all parties to the Ceasefire Agreement to facilitate the delivery of humanitarian assistance; requests the Secretary-General to accelerate the development of a concept of operations and to take, with immediate effect, the administrative steps necessary for the equipping of up to 500 UN military observers for future rapid UN deployments as authorized by the Council. (Adopted unanimously, 4076th meeting, 30 Nov. 1999)

DISARMAMENT

See also: NUCLEAR NON-PROLIFERATION

General documents

S/1999/272 (A/54/71) Letter, 12 Mar. 1999, from the Russian Federation transmitting statement of the same date by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs concerning the expansion of NATO; states that this expansion will not further the strengthening of trust and stability in international relations and may give rise to new dividing lines.


DISARMAMENT (continued)


EAST TIMOR QUESTION

See also: INTERNATIONAL FORCE, EAST TIMOR
UN MISSION IN EAST TIMOR
UN TRANSITIONAL ADMINISTRATION IN EAST TIMOR

Reports


EAST TIMOR QUESTION (continued)


General documents


S/1999/488 Letter, 23 Apr. 1999, from Germany transmitting statement on East Timor issued by the Presidency of the European Union, 20 Apr. 1999; condemns the acts of violence which have escalated substantially since the European Union declaration of 12 Apr. 1999 and reiterates its position that it remains the obligation of the Indonesian Government to maintain and preserve security, stability and public order in East Timor, to disarm militias and to hold accountable those responsible for the killings; urges the Indonesian authorities to allow UN to deploy its personnel in the territory.


S/1999/602 Letter, 21 May 1999, from the Secretary-General referring to document S/1999/513 and informing the Security Council of his decision to appoint Ian Martin (United Kingdom) as Special Representative of the Secretary-General for the East Timor Popular Consultation.
EAST TIMOR QUESTION (continued)

S/1999/603 Letter, 25 May 1999, from the President of the Security Council referring to document S/1999/602; reports that the members of the Security Council have taken note of the decision to appoint Ian Martin (United Kingdom) as Special Representative of the Secretary-General for the East Timor Popular Consultation.

S/1999/612 Letter, 27 May 1999, from Indonesia referring to the report of the Secretary-General on the question of East Timor (S/1999/595); states that regarding the situation on the ground, the report depicts an imbalanced picture of the prevailing realities and that acts of violence have been committed by both sides. Describes efforts by the Government which it states reflect its firm support for the effective functioning and successful implementation of the proposed mandate of the UN Mission in East Timor.

S/1999/652 Identical letters, 7 June 1999, from Portugal addressed to the Secretary-General and to the President of the Security Council, informing the Secretary-General and the President of the Security Council of the appointment of the Reverend Father Victor Melacas as Portuguese Commissioner to support the transition in East Timor.

S/1999/679 Letter, 11 June 1999, from the Secretary-General informing the Security Council of his intention to appoint Alan James Mills (Australia) as the Civilian Police Commissioner of the UN Mission in East Timor.

S/1999/688 Letter, 15 June 1999, from the President of the Security Council referring to document S/1999/679; informs the Secretary-General that the members of the Council take note of his intention to appoint Alan James Mills (Australia) as the Civilian Police Commissioner of the UN Mission in East Timor.

S/1999/709 Letter, 21 June 1999, from the Secretary-General informing the Security Council of his decision to appoint Brigadier Rezaqul Haider (Bangladesh) as Chief Military Liaison Officer of the UN Mission in East Timor.

S/1999/710 Letter, 23 June 1999, from the President of the Security Council referring to document S/1999/709; informs the Secretary-General that the members of the Security Council have taken note of his intention to appoint Brigadier Rezaqul Haider (Bangladesh) as Chief Military Liaison Officer of the UN Mission in East Timor.

S/1999/725 Letter, 25 June 1999, from the Secretary-General transmitting list of countries contributing civilian police personnel to the UN Mission in East Timor.

S/1999/736 Letter, 30 June 1999, from the President of the Security Council informing the Secretary-General that the members of the Council have taken note of his letter (S/1999/725) concerning the composition of the civilian police component of the UN Mission in East Timor.

S/1999/750 Letter, 2 July 1999, from the Secretary-General transmitting list of countries contributing military liaison officers to the UN Mission in East Timor.

EAST TIMOR QUESTION (continued)

S/1999/751 Letter, 5 July 1999, from the President of the Security Council informing the Secretary-General that the members of the Council have taken note of his proposal concerning the composition of the military liaison component of the UN Mission in East Timor as outlined in his letter (S/1999/750).

S/1999/773 Letter, 10 July 1999, from the Secretary-General concerning the security situation and the implementation of the consultation process in East Timor; proposes to start registration on 16 July 1999.

S/1999/782 Letter, 12 July 1999, from Indonesia transmitting letter of 8 July from the Minister for Foreign Affairs presenting an account of the incidents that took place in East Timor on 22 and 30 June and on 3 and 4 July 1999; reiterates Indonesia's commitment to the New York Agreements on the question of East Timor.

S/1999/786 Letter, 14 July 1999, from the Secretary-General reporting his intention to begin voter registration, based on positive assurances of the Indonesian authorities, on the condition that meaningful, visible improvements in the security situation will be observed in the immediate future.

S/1999/791 Letter, 16 July 1999, from Indonesia referring to the assessment regarding security conditions in East Timor (S/1999/786) and the kidnapping incidents of 11, 12 and 13 July 1999; expresses the Government's commitment to fulfill its obligations with regard to security, thereby assuring a more peaceful and tranquil environment for the holding of the popular consultation.

S/1999/822 Letter, 26 July 1999, from the Secretary-General reporting that 200 registration centers throughout East Timor have been open and 239,853 East Timorese have registered in the first 10 days; also reports that the security situation has improved.


S/1999/944 Letter, 3 Sep. 1999, from the Secretary-General informing that the UN Mission in East Timor has completed the popular consultation; reports that the people of the East Timor have rejected the proposed special autonomy by a vote and expressed their wish to begin a process of transition towards independence.

S/1999/945 Letter, 5 Sept. 1999, from the President of the Security Council reporting that the members of the Council agree to dispatch a mission to discuss with the Government of Indonesia concrete steps to allow the peaceful implementation of the ballot result in East Timor.

S/1999/958 Letter, 7 Sept. 1999, from Ireland concerning the critical situation in East Timor; conveys the view of the Irish Government that, if Indonesia is unable to maintain security in East Timor, other possibilities must be examined and that, in this context, Ireland would support the deployment of an agreed peacekeeping force.
EAST TIMOR QUESTION (continued)


S/1999/956 Letter, 8 Sept. 1999, from Angola transmitting declaration by the Member States of the Community of Portuguese-Speaking Countries on the situation in East Timor, adopted on 5 Sept. 1999, Lisbon; calls upon the international community, in particular the Security Council, to do everything possible to re-establish security and normality in East Timor following the recent wave of violence and terror.

S/1999/961 Letter, 9 Sept. 1999, from Brazil requesting an urgent formal meeting of the Security Council to consider the situation in East Timor.

S/1999/963 Letter, 10 Sept. 1999, from Portugal reiterating its request for an urgent meeting of the Security Council to consider the situation in East Timor.

S/1999/972 Letter, 6 Sept. 1999, from the President of the Security Council addressed to the Secretary-General reporting that the members of the Council have agreed on the terms of reference of the Security Council mission's presentation to the Government of Indonesia, to be composed of 5 members and to depart on 6 Sept. 1999.

S/1999/975 Letter, 14 Sept. 1999, from Australia informing the Secretary-General that it is willing to accept leadership of the proposed multinational force in East Timor and that it is also prepared to make a substantial contribution to the force itself.

S/1999/1004 Letter, 21 Sept. 1999, from Finland transmitting statement issued by the Presidency of the European Union, 21 Sept. 1999; welcomes the progress in the deployment of the international force in East Timor and supports calls for the establishment of an international commission of inquiry to investigate cases of alleged violation of international humanitarian law.

S/1999/1052 Identical letters, 12 Oct. 1999, from Indonesia addressed to the Secretary-General and to the President of the Security Council regarding the armed incident between Indonesian police and the International Force in East Timor that took place in Motaain, a village close to the border of East Timor, 10 Oct. 1999, during which 1 policeman was killed and others, as well as a civilian, were injured.

S/1999/1055 Identical letters, 13 Oct. 1999, from Australia addressed to the Secretary-General and to the President of the Security Council informing, in the capacity as lead nation of the International Force in East Timor (INTERFET), about an exchange of fire between INTERFET and Indonesian forces (TNI and POLRI) and military elements that took place on 10 Oct. 1999 in the vicinity of Motaain, near the border between East and West Timor, and resulted in casualties on the Indonesian side.

EAST TIMOR QUESTION (continued)

S/1999/1093 Letter, 25 Oct. 1999, from the Secretary-General informing the Security Council of his decision to appoint Sergio Vieira de Mello (Brazil) as his Special Representative and Head of the UN Transitional Administration in East Timor.

S/1999/1094 Letter, 26 Oct. 1999, from the President of the Security Council referring to document S/1999/1093; reports that the members of the Council took note of the Secretary-General's intention to appoint Sergio Vieira de Mello (Brazil) as the Secretary-General's Special Representative and Head of the UN Transitional Administration in East Timor.


S/1999/1294 Letter, 29 Dec. 1999, from the Secretary-General informing the Security Council of his intention to appoint Major General Jaime de los Santos (Philippines) to the post of Force Commander of the UN Transitional Administration in East Timor and that General de los Santos would be promoted to the rank of Lieutenant General for the purpose of the assignment.

S/1999/1295 Letter, 30 Dec. 1999, from the President of the Security Council referring to document S/1999/1294; informs the Secretary-General that the members of the Council took note of his intention to appoint Major General Jaime de los Santos (Philippines) to the post of Force Commander of the UN Transitional Administration in East Timor.

Draft resolutions

S/1999/520 Draft resolution on UN presence in East Timor to assist in the popular consultation on the status of East Timor.

S/1999/686 Draft resolution on the establishment of the UN Mission in East Timor.

S/1999/843 Draft resolution on extension of the mandate of the UN Mission in East Timor.

S/1999/904 Draft resolution on extension of the mandate of the UN Mission in East Timor.

S/1999/977 Draft resolution on the establishment of a multinational peace force in East Timor.

S/1999/1083 Draft resolution on the establishment of the UN Transitional Administration in East Timor / Brazil, Canada, France, Namibia, Netherlands, Portugal, Slovenia, United Kingdom and United States.
EAST TIMOR QUESTION (continued)

Statements by the President of the Security Council


Emphasizes that a popular consultation of the East Timorese people through a direct, secret and universal ballot represents an historic opportunity to resolve the question of East Timor peacefully; expresses serious concern that the Secretary-General, in his assessment, concludes that the necessary conditions do not yet exist to begin the operational phases of the consultation process, given the security situation throughout much of East Timor and the absence of a 'level playing field'; calls on the UN Mission in East Timor (UNAMET) to follow up reports of violent activity by both the pro-integration militias and Falintil. In this regard, it expresses grave concern at the attack on the UNAMET office in Maliana, East Timor, on 29 June 1999; demands that the incident be thoroughly investigated and the perpetrators brought to justice; also demands that all parties respect the safety and security of UNAMET personnel; stresses once again the responsibility of the Government of Indonesia to maintain peace and security in East Timor; emphasizes that all local officials in East Timor must abide by the provisions of the Tripartite Agreements (S/1999/513, annexes I-III); urges the Indonesian Government and the pro-integration and pro-independence groups to continue to enhance cooperation with UNAMET, to allow the popular consultation to go ahead in a timely manner.


Welcomes the successful popular consultation of the East Timorese people on 30 Aug. 1999 and the Secretary-General's announcement of the ballot results (S/1999/944); pays tribute to the extraordinary work of the Personal Representative of the Secretary-General and to the staff of the UN Mission in East Timor (UNAMET); calls on all parties to respect the result of the popular consultation and looks to the Indonesian Government to take the necessary constitutional steps to implement the result of the ballot, in accordance with the Agreements of 5 May 1999 (S/1999/513, annexes I-III); condemns the violence which both preceded and followed the popular consultation and expresses its condolences to the families of UN local staff and others killed; also calls upon the Government of Indonesia to take steps to prevent further violence and to guarantee the safety of UNAMET staff and its premises; requests the Secretary-General to report as soon as possible on the implementation of the ballot result, including recommendations on the mandate, size and structure of the UN presence in East Timor in the implementation phase (Phase III).

EAST TIMOR QUESTION (continued)

Participation by non-Council members (without the right to vote)

S/PV.3998 (7 May 1999) Indonesia and Portugal.
S/PV.4013 (11 June 1999) Australia, Indonesia, New Zealand and Portugal.
S/PV.4019 (29 June 1999) Indonesia and Portugal.
S/PV.4041 (3 Sept. 1999) Indonesia and Portugal.
S/PV.4042 (3 Sept. 1999) Indonesia and Portugal.
S/PV.4043 (11 Sept. 1999) Australia, Belarus, Cambodia, Chile, Cuba, Ecuador, Egypt, Finland, Germany, Indonesia, Ireland, Laos People's Democratic Republic, Libya, Arab Arab Jamahlriya, Mozambique, New Zealand, Norway, Philippines, Portugal, Republic of Korea, South Africa and Sudan.
S/PV.4044 (3 Sept. 1999) Belgium and India.
S/PV.4045 (15 Sept. 1999) Australia, Finland, Indonesia, Japan, New Zealand and Portugal.

Discussion in plenary

S/PV.3998 (7 May 1999).
At the 3998th meeting, draft resolution S/1999/520 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1236 (1999).
S/PV.4013 (11 June 1999).
At the 4013th meeting, draft resolution S/1999/666 adopted unanimously: resolution 1246 (1999).
S/PV.4019 (29 June 1999).
At the 4019th meeting, the President made a statement on behalf of the Council following consultations among members, on the item entitled "The situation in East Timor": S/PRST/1999/20.
At the 4031st meeting, draft resolution S/1999/943 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1257 (1999).
At the 4038th meeting, draft resolution S/1999/904 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1262 (1999).
S/PV.4041 (3 Sept. 1999).
S/PV.4042 (3 Sept. 1999).
At the 4042nd meeting, the President made a statement, on behalf of the Council following consultations among members, on the item entitled "The situation in East Timor": S/PRST/1999/27.
EAST TIMOR QUESTION (continued)

S/PV.4045 (15 Sept. 1999).
At the 4045th meeting, draft resolution S/1999/977 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1264 (1999).
At the 4057th meeting, draft resolution S/1999/1083 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1272 (1999).
Corrects text.

Resolutions

S/RES/1236(1999) [UN presence in East Timor to assist in the popular consultation on the status of East Timor]. Welcomes the concluding of the Agreement between Indonesia and Portugal on 5 May 1999 on the question of East Timor; welcomes also the concluding of the Agreements between UN and the Governments of Indonesia and Portugal on the same date regarding security arrangements and the modalities for the popular consultation of the East Timorese through a direct ballot; welcomes further the intention of the Secretary-General to establish as soon as practicable a UN presence in East Timor; stresses the importance of the assistance of the Government of Indonesia in ensuring that UN is able to carry out all the tasks entrusted to it for the implementation of the Agreements; welcomes the establishment by the Secretary-General of a Trust Fund to enable Member States to make voluntary contributions to assist in the financing of UN presence in East Timor; requests the Secretary-General to report to the Council prior to the start of voter registration on whether, on the basis of the objective evaluation of the UN Mission, including civilian police officers; expresses its intention to take a prompt decision on the establishment of a UN Mission; requests the Secretary-General to inform the Council prior to the start of voter registration on whether, on the basis of the objective evaluation of the UN Mission, the necessary security exists for the peaceful implementation of the consultation process. (Adopted unanimously, 3998th meeting, 7 May 1999)

EAST TIMOR QUESTION (continued)

S/RES/1248(1999) [Establishment of the UN Mission in East Timor (UNAMET)].
Decides to establish until 31 Aug. 1999 UNAMET to organize and conduct a popular consultation, scheduled for 8 Aug. 1999, on the basis of a direct, secret and universal ballot, in order to ascertain whether the East Timorese people accept the proposed constitutional framework providing for a special autonomy for East Timor within the unitary Republic of Indonesia or reject the proposed special autonomy for East Timor, leading to East Timor's separation from Indonesia, in accordance with the General Agreement and to enable the Secretary-General to discharge his responsibility under paragraph 3 of the Security Agreement; authorizes until 31 Aug. 1999 the deployment within UNAMET of up to 200 civilian police officers to act as advisers to the Indonesian Police in the discharge of their duties and, at the time of the consultation, to supervise the escort of ballot papers and boxes to and from the polling sites; authorizes until 31 Aug. 1999 the deployment within UNAMET of 50 military liaison officers to maintain contact with the Indonesian Armed Forces in order to allow the Secretary-General to discharge his responsibilities under the General Agreement and the Security Agreement; reiterates its request to the Secretary-General to keep the Security Council closely informed of the situation. (Adopted unanimously, 4013th meeting, 11 June 1999)

S/RES/1257(1999) [Extension of the mandate of the UN Mission in East Timor (UNAMET)].
Decides to extend the mandate of UNAMET until 30 Sept. 1999. (Adopted unanimously, 4031st meeting, 3 Aug. 1999)

S/RES/1262(1999) [Extension of the mandate of the UN Mission in East Timor (UNAMET)].
Decides to extend the mandate of UNAMET until 30 Nov. 1999. (Adopted unanimously, 4038th meeting, 27 Aug. 1999)

S/RES/1264(1999) [Establishment of multinational peace force in East Timor].
Authorizes the establishment of a multinational force under a unified command structure, pursuant to the request of the Government of Indonesia conveyed to the Secretary-General on 12 Sept. 1999, with the following tasks: to restore peace and security in East Timor, to protect and support the UN Mission in East Timor (UNAMET) in carrying out its tasks and, within force capabilities, to facilitate humanitarian assistance operations, and authorizes the States participating in the multinational force to take all necessary measures to fulfill this mandate; stresses that the expenses for the force will be borne by participating Member States concerned; agrees that the multinational force should collectively be deployed in East Timor until replaced as soon as possible by a UN peacekeeping operation; requests the leadership of the multinational force to provide periodic reports on progress towards the implementation of its mandate through the Secretary-General to the Council, the 1st such report to be made within 14 days of adoption of this resolution. (Adopted unanimously, 4045th meeting, 15 Sept. 1999)
EAST TIMOR QUESTION (continued)

S/RES/1277(1999) [Establishment of the UN Transitional Administration in East Timor (UNTAET)].

Decides to establish, in accordance with the report of the Secretary-General, a UN Transitional Administration in East Timor (UNTAET); decides further that UNTAET will have objectives and a structure along the lines set out in part IV of the report of the Secretary-General, and in particular that its main component will be: (a) a governance and public administration component, including an international police element with a strength of up to 1,640 officers; (b) a humanitarian assistance and emergency rehabilitation component; (c) a military component, with a strength of up to 8,950 troops and up to 200 military observers; welcomes the intention of the Secretary-General to appoint a Special Representative who, as the Transitional Administrator, will be responsible for all aspects of UN work in East Timor and will have the power to enact new laws and regulations and to amend, suspend or repeal existing ones; stresses the need for UNTAET to consult and cooperate closely with the East Timorese people; reiterates the urgent need for a coordinated humanitarian and reconstruction assistance, and calls upon all parties to cooperate with humanitarian and human rights organizations; welcomes the intention of the Secretary-General to establish a Trust Fund available for, inter alia, the rehabilitation of essential infrastructure; encourages Member States and international agencies and organizations to provide personnel, equipment and other resources to UNTAET as requested by the Secretary-General; decides to establish UNTAET for an initial period until 31 Jan. 2001. (Adopted unanimously, 4057th meeting, 25 Oct. 1999)

ENVIRONMENT

General documents


ERITREA–ETHIOPIA (continued)

S/1999/11 Letter, 6 Jan. 1999, from Ethiopia transmitting statement by the Foreign Minister delivered at a briefing organized for members of the diplomatic community at Addis Ababa, 5 Jan.; concerns the dispute between Eritrea and Ethiopia and Eritrea’s response to the OAU peace proposal.

S/1999/21 Letter, 8 Jan. 1999, from Eritrea transmitting press release of the same date referring to the statement made by the Ethiopian Foreign Minister to the diplomatic community in Addis Ababa on 5 Jan.; concerns the OAU peace proposal and the dispute between Eritrea and Ethiopia.

S/1999/52 Letter, 12 Jan. 1999, from Eritrea transmitting statement of the same date by the Minister for Foreign Affairs; concerns news leaks of impending attacks by Ethiopia.


S/1999/70 Letter, 25 Jan. 1999, from Ethiopia transmitting press release of the same date issued by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs concerning statements of the OAU and the international community on the dispute between Ethiopia and Eritrea; states that it considers the statements as encouraging steps which may convey to the Eritrean authorities that their aggression will not be rewarded.


S/1999/97 Letter, 29 Jan. 1999, from Eritrea referring to Security Council resolution 1226 (1999) on the conflict between Eritrea and Ethiopia; states that Eritrea will remain engaged in the OAU and other peace endeavours so long as such endeavours lead to peace.

S/1999/102 Letter, 29 Jan. 1999, from Ethiopia transmitting the views of Government in connection with Security Council resolution 1226 (1999); on the crisis between Ethiopia and Eritrea; states that it accepted in full OAU’s framework agreement for a peaceful resolution to the crisis.
ERITREA–ETHIOPIA (continued)


S/1999/131 Letter, 9 Feb. 1999, from Ethiopia transmitting statement of 8 Feb. 1999 by the Secretary-General of OAU concerning the situation between Ethiopia and Eritrea; urges both sides to put an end to the fighting underscoring that the Framework Agreement submitted to the parties by the High-Level Delegation of OAU remains a viable framework for a peaceful solution to the dispute.

S/1999/134 Letter, 10 Feb. 1999, from Ethiopia transmitting statement of the same date issued by the Minister for Foreign Affairs concerning the dispute between Eritrea and Ethiopia; calls upon the international community to prevail upon Eritrea to accept and implement the OAU Framework Agreement for Peace for which the Security Council expresses its support.

S/1999/140 Letter, 10 Feb. 1999, from Eritrea transmitting statement made on the same day at the Security Council meeting; concerns draft resolution S/1999/133, which was subsequently adopted by the Council as resolution 1227 (1999).

S/1999/143 Letter, 11 Feb. 1999, from Eritrea transmitting statement of the same date by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs concerning Security Council resolution 1227 (1999) regarding the conflict between Eritrea and Ethiopia; reaffirms its commitment not to start the war and states that it neither conducted air strikes nor committed crimes against civilians.

ERITREA–ETHIOPIA (continued)


S/1999/188 Letter, 23 Feb. 1999, from Eritrea transmitting statement of 22 Feb. 1999 issued by the Minister for Foreign Affairs concerning air strikes by Ethiopia on targets in Eritrea; also includes press statement of the same date from the United States Department of State urging the parties to uphold their commitments to the terms of the moratorium on air strikes.

S/1999/192 Letter, 23 Feb. 1999, from Eritrea transmitting statement of the same date entitled “Appeasing the Aggressor Must End” issued by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs; rejects the accusations that Ethiopia has violated the moratorium on air strikes referred to in letter of 22 Feb. 1999 issued by the spokesman of the United States State Department, and states that Ethiopia acted in self-defence.

S/1999/215 Identical letters, 27 Feb. 1999, from Eritrea addressed to the Secretary-General and to the President of the Security Council; transmits letter of the same date from the President regarding Eritrea's acceptance of the OAU Framework Agreement.

S/1999/221 Letter, 1 Mar. 1999, from Burkina Faso transmitting joint statement by the current Chairman and the Secretary-General of OAU concerning the dispute between Ethiopia and Eritrea.

S/1999/226 Letter, 1 Mar. 1999, from Ethiopia transmitting resolution 01/1999 of the House of People’s Representatives of Ethiopia on the dispute between Eritrea and Ethiopia and on the Security Council resolution 1227 (1999); appeals to the Security Council to reconsider and redress the injustice done to Ethiopia by the resolution.
ERITREA–ETHIOPIA (continued)


S/1999/241 Letter, 5 Mar. 1999, from Eritrea transmitting statement of the same date by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs; reiterates Eritrea’s acceptance and preparedness for the implementation of the OAU Framework Agreement.

S/1999/246 Letter, 8 Mar. 1999, from Ethiopia transmitting letter from the Prime Minister of Ethiopia on the dispute between Eritrea and Ethiopia; appeals to the Security Council to call on Eritrean forces to withdraw immediately and unconditionally from the Ethiopian territory.


S/1999/288 Letter, 10 Mar. 1999, from Eritrea transmitting statement of 9 Mar. 1999 by the Ministry for Foreign Affairs to the diplomatic community accredited to Eritrea; concerns the statement regarding the acceptance by Eritrea of the OAU Framework Agreement, made by the Prime Minister of Ethiopia in a meeting with African diplomats stationed in Addis Ababa.

S/1999/259 Letter, 10 Mar. 1999, from Eritrea transmitting statement of the same date by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs concerning the OAU Framework Agreement; states that it remains committed to an immediate cessation of hostilities and accepts the supervision of the demilitarization process by a group of military observers as provided for in the Agreement.

S/1999/260 Letter, 10 Mar. 1999, from Ethiopia transmitting statement entitled "Ethiopia was, is and will always be loyal to the Organization of African Unity Framework Agreement", issued by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, 10 Mar. 1999; states that Eritrea’s acceptance of the Framework Agreement is to gain respite for further military preparations and demands that Eritrea unconditionally withdraw from the remaining occupied Ethiopian territory and bear full responsibility for the damages caused.


ERITREA–ETHIOPIA (continued)

S/1999/273 Letter, 12 Mar. 1999, from Eritrea transmitting statement of the same date by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs concerning the dispute between Ethiopia and Eritrea; states that Ethiopia has declared a decision to continue to resort to large-scale military action against Eritrea.


S/1999/304 Letter, 22 Mar. 1999, from Eritrea forwarding briefing statement of the same date by the Minister for Foreign Affairs, presented to the members of the Security Council under the "Arria Formula"; concerns the dispute between Eritrea and Ethiopia.


S/1999/482 Letter, 27 Apr. 1999, from Eritrea transmitting press release issued by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs following the visit of the Special Envoy of the Secretary-General to Asmara, 26 Apr. 1999; states that Eritrea is committed to the OAU Framework Agreement and is ready to implement it.

S/1999/550 Letter, 12 May 1999, from Eritrea transmitting press release of the same date by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs on the occasion of a visit by an OAU delegation to Asmara on 11 May 1999 to discuss the resolution of the conflict between Eritrea and Ethiopia; calls for confirmation of the acceptance of the OAU Framework Agreement by both parties.

S/1999/558 Letter, 13 May 1999, from Ethiopia transmitting press release entitled "ICRC visits newly captured prisoners" issued by the International Committee of the Red Cross, 7 May 1999; states that the Committee visited 300 Eritrean prisoners of war currently held in a transit camp and that the ICRC is continuing regular visits at Birrate Camp to verify whether the living conditions of prisoners are in keeping with the rules of international humanitarian law.
ERITREA-ETHIOPIA (continued)

S/1999/561 Letter, 14 May 1999, from Ethiopia transmitting statement outlining the position of Ethiopia regarding the peaceful resolution of the crisis between Eritrea and Ethiopia, issued by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs on the occasion of the meeting between the Special Envoy of the Chairman of OAU and the Prime Minister of Ethiopia, 14 May 1999.

S/1999/563 Letter, 17 May 1999, from Ethiopia transmitting letter from the Vice-Minister for Foreign Affairs drawing attention to developments in Somalia; refers to eyewitness accounts of various news agencies and alleges that Eritrea has embarked on large-scale military activity in Somalia through shipments of arms, including heavy weapons, in support of one of the warring factions in Somalia in violation of Security Council resolution 733 (1992).

S/1999/567 Letter, 17 May 1999, from Eritrea transmitting press release concerning the clarity of the content of the OAU Framework Agreement which it has fully accepted and is ready to implement, issued by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, 17 May 1999.


S/1999/561 Letter, 26 May 1999, from Eritrea transmitting statement of the same date by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs concerning developments in Somalia; alleges that Ethiopia has carried out incursions into Somalia and has supplied arms to the different factions at different times.


S/1999/567 Letter, 14 June 1999, from Ethiopia transmitting letter of the same date from the Foreign Minister concerning the dispute between Ethiopia and Eritrea; states that the lack of political support on the part of members of the Security Council affects the implementation of the Framework Agreement submitted to the parties by the High-Level Delegation of OAU.

S/1999/666 Letter, 18 June 1999, from Eritrea transmitting letter of 17 June 1999 from the Minister for Foreign Affairs concerning the dispute between Eritrea and Ethiopia and clarifications regarding the implementation of the OAU Framework Agreement.

ERITREA-ETHIOPIA (continued)

S/1999/701 Letter, 21 June 1999, from Germany transmitting statement on the Ethiopian/Eritrean intervention in Somalia issued by the Presidency of the European Union, 18 June 1999; expresses its deep concern at the renewed outbreak of fighting at the border between Ethiopia and Eritrea and appeals to both parties to halt the war and to settle their conflict through negotiations on the basis of the OAU framework agreement.

S/1999/712 Letter, 24 June 1999, from Eritrea transmitting press release of the same date issued by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs regarding the statement issued 23 June by the Security Council; expresses Eritrea’s readiness to implement the OAU Framework Agreement.


S/1999/731 Letter, 29 June 1999, from Ethiopia transmitting letter of the same date from the Minister for Foreign Affairs referring to his letter of 14 June (S/1999/678) and expressing concern over the statement of the President of the Security Council of 23 June on the dispute between Eritrea and Ethiopia; states that all states have the legitimate right to protect and defend their rights as sovereign nations.


S/1999/762 Letter, 7 July 1999, from Eritrea transmitting press release of the same date issued by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs concerning 2 private written communications from the Chairman of the OAU High-Level Delegation to the President of Eritrea and their ramifications on the Framework Agreement; rejects any tampering with the OAU Framework Agreement.
ERITREA–ETHIOPIA (continued)


S/1999/794 Letter, 16 July 1999, from Eritrea, transmitting the following documents: Speech delivered by its President to the OAU Meeting of the Assembly of Heads of State and Government, Algiers, 14 July; letter of 14 July from its President to the OAU Chairman accepting the Modalities; and the Modalities for the Implementation of the OAU Framework Agreement endorsed by the Meeting.

S/1999/820 Letter, 23 July 1999, from Finland transmitting statement of 21 July issued by the Presidency of the European Union; welcomes the decision by the Assembly of Heads of State and Government of OAU to approve the modalities for the implementation of the OAU framework agreement of the settlement of the conflict between Ethiopia and Eritrea.


S/1999/948 Letter, 6 Sept. 1999, from Ethiopia transmitting press release issued on the same date by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs on the alleged rejection by Ethiopia of the Technical Arrangements proposed by OAU to resolve the Eritrea-Ethiopian conflict peacefully; urges the Security Council to take quick action to stop the conflict which has become a menace to peace and stability in the whole region.

S/1999/949 Letter, 7 Sept. 1999, from Ethiopia transmitting statement by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs issued on 4 Sept. 1999 on the current situation in the Ethiopian-Eritrean conflict; reiterates Ethiopia's commitment to a genuine and lasting peaceful resolution of the dispute and calls on Eritrea to withdraw its troops from its territory.

S/1999/973 Letter, 14 Sept. 1999, from Ethiopia transmitting statement by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs issued on the same date on the current situation in the Ethiopian-Eritrean conflict; reiterates Ethiopia's commitment to peace and calls on the international community to understand its position that seeks guarantees that its territories will be returned.

ERITREA–ETHIOPIA (continued)

S/1999/1045 Letter, 11 Oct. 1999, from Ethiopia transmitting statement by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs issued on the same day on the current situation in the Ethiopian-Eritrean conflict; reiterates Ethiopia's commitment to a peaceful resolution of the dispute and calls on Eritrea to withdraw its troops from Ethiopian territory.


S/1999/1140 Letter, 5 Nov. 1999, from Eritrea transmitting press release of the same date by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs; states that the status quo ante is the colonial boundaries.

S/1999/1147 Letter, 9 Nov. 1999, from Ethiopia transmitting statement of the same date by the Office of the Spokesperson; reiterates its request for the restoration of the status quo ante as a precondition for peace.

S/1999/1228 Letter, 8 Dec. 1999, from Eritrea transmitting press release issued the same date by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs; states that Ethiopia's formal rejection of the peace plan put forward by OAU.

S/1999/1226 Letter, 16 Dec. 1999, from Ethiopia transmitting statement of the same date issued by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs entitled "The Tigray People's Liberation Front should adhere to the OAU principle of the sanctity of colonial boundaries"; concerns the border dispute between Eritrea and Ethiopia.

Draft resolutions

S/1999/90 Draft resolution on the conflict between Ethiopia and Eritrea.

S/1999/133 Draft resolution on the border conflict between Ethiopia and Eritrea and the resumption of hostilities between the parties.
ERITREA–ETHIOPIA (continued)

**Statements by the President of the Security Council**


Demands an immediate halt to all hostilities and calls on the parties to refrain from the further use of force; welcomes the acceptance by Eritrea at the Head of State level of the OAU Framework Agreement and recalls the prior acceptance of the Agreement by Ethiopia; reaffirms the sovereignty and territorial integrity of Ethiopia and Eritrea; expresses its continuing support for the efforts of the OAU, the Secretary-General and his Special Envoy, Ambassador Sahnoun, and concerned Member States to find a peaceful resolution to the border dispute.

**Participation by non-Council members (without the right to vote)**


**Discussion in plenary**


At the 3973rd meeting, draft resolution S/1999/80 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1222 (1999).


At the 3975th meeting, draft resolution S/1999/133 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1227 (1999).


At the 3985th meeting, the President made a statement, on behalf of the Council following consultations among members on the item, entitled “The situation between Eritrea and Ethiopia”; S/PRST/1999/9.

**Resolutions**

S/RES/1227(1999) [Border conflict between Ethiopia and Eritrea and the resumption of hostilities between the parties].

Condemns the recourse to the use of force by Ethiopia and Eritrea; demands an immediate halt to the hostilities, in particular the use of air strikes; demands that Ethiopia and Eritrea resume diplomatic efforts to find a peaceful resolution to the conflict; stresses that the Framework Agreement as approved by the Central Organ Summit of the OAU Mechanism for Conflict Prevention, Management, and Resolution on 17 Dec. 1998 remains a viable and sound basis for a peaceful resolution of the conflict; expresses its full support for the efforts of OAU, the Secretary-General and his Special Envoy for Africa, and concerned Member States to find a peaceful resolution to the present hostilities; calls upon Ethiopia and Eritrea to ensure the safety of the civilian population and respect for human rights and international humanitarian law; strongly urges all States to end immediately all sales of arms and munitions to Ethiopia and Eritrea. (Adopted unanimously, 3975th meeting, 10 Feb. 1999)

ERITREA–SUDAN

**General documents**

S/1999/504 Letter, 3 May 1999, from Eritrea transmitting Agreement reached between Eritrea and the Sudan on 2 May 1999 in Doha, Qatar, in response to the mediation by Qatar aiming to establish security and stability in both countries and in the Horn of Africa, and in accordance with the Memorandum of Understanding, signed by the 2 countries in Doha, 10 Nov. 1998.

ERITREA–YEMEN

**General documents**

S/1999/1265 Letter, 20 Dec. 1999, from Eritrea transmitting press release of the same date by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs on the decision of the Arbitral Tribunal regarding the maritime boundary between Eritrea and Yemen in the Red Sea; includes map issued by the Arbitration Tribunal depicting maritime boundary.

ETHIOPIA–ERITREA

See: ERITREA–ETHIOPIA

EUROPE–REGIONAL SECURITY

**General documents**

EUROPE–REGIONAL SECURITY (continued)

S/1999/272 (A/54/71) Letter, 12 Mar. 1999 from the Russian Federation transmitting statement of the same date by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs concerning the expansion of NATO; states that this expansion will not further the strengthening of trust and stability in international relations and may give rise to new dividing lines.

S/1999/526 Letter, 6 May 1999, from the Secretary-General informing the President of the Security Council of his decision to appoint Carl Bildt (Sweden) and Eduard Kukan (Slovakia) as his Special Envoys for the Balkans; transmits text of the mandate of the Special Envoys of the Secretary-General for the Balkans.

S/1999/527 Letter, 7 May 1999, from the President of the Security Council referring to letter of 6 May from the Secretary-General (S/1999/526); reports that members of the Security Council have taken note of the decision to appoint Carl Bildt (Sweden) and Eduard Kukan (Slovakia) as Special Envoys of the Secretary-General for the Balkans.


FORMER YUGOSLAVIA–HUMAN RIGHTS

See also: BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA SITUATION
       CROATIA SITUATION
       FORMER YUGOSLAVIA SITUATION
       HUMAN RIGHTS
       INTERNATIONAL TRIBUNAL–FORMER YUGOSLAVIA
       THE FORMER YUGOSLAV REPUBLIC OF MACEDONIA SITUATION

Reports


FORMER YUGOSLAVIA–INTERNATIONAL TRIBUNAL

See: INTERNATIONAL TRIBUNAL–FORMER YUGOSLAVIA

FORMER YUGOSLAVIA SITUATION

See also: BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA SITUATION
       CROATIA SITUATION
       FORMER YUGOSLAVIA–HUMAN RIGHTS
       INTERNATIONAL POLICE TASK FORCE
       INTERNATIONAL TRIBUNAL–FORMER YUGOSLAVIA
       KFOR
       KOSOVO (YUGOSLAVIA)
       STABILIZATION FORCE
       THE FORMER YUGOSLAV REPUBLIC OF MACEDONIA SITUATION
       UN INTERIM ADMINISTRATION MISSION IN KOSOVO
       UN MISSION IN BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA
       UN MISSION OF OBSERVERS IN PREVLAKA
       UN PREVENTIVE DEPLOYMENT FORCE

Reports


FORMER YUGOSLAVIA SITUATION (continued)


S/1999/524 Letter, 6 May 1999, from the Secretary-General transmitting report of the High Representative for the Implementation of the Peace Agreement on Bosnia and Herzegovina, covering the period from the beginning of Jan. to the end of Mar. 1999.

S/1999/538 Letter, 10 May 1999, from the Secretary-General transmitting monthly report of the Secretary-General of NATO on the operations of the Stabilization Force for the period 21 Mar.-20 Apr. 1999.


S/1999/642 Letter, 3 June 1999, from the Secretary-General transmitting monthly report of the Secretary-General of NATO on the operations of the Stabilization Force for the period 21 Apr.-20 May 1999.

FORMER YUGOSLAVIA SITUATION (continued)

S/1999/1250/Add.1 Report on the UN Interim Administration Mission in Kosovo : addendum / Secretary-General.

S/1999/1260 Report on the UN Mission in Bosnia and Herzegovina / Secretary-General.

S/1999/1266 Letter, 17 Dec. 1999, from the Secretary-General transmitting monthly report on the operations of the international security presence in Kosovo (KFOR), covering the period from 27 Oct.-23 Nov. 1999


General documents


Corrects text.

S/1999/24 Letter, 9 Jan. 1999, from Yugoslavia transmitting letter of the same date from the Federal Minister for Foreign Affairs; reports the latest military activities of the "Kosovo Liberation Army" in Kosovo and Metohija.

S/1999/42 Letter, 15 Jan. 1999, from Croatia reporting the Government's decision to keep the border crossing points, Debeli Brijeg and Konfin on the international border between Croatia and Yugoslavia in the area of Prevlaka, which were opened for All Saints and the 1998-1999 Christmas holiday season, open permanently.

S/1999/50 Letter, 16 Jan. 1999, from Albania requesting that an urgent meeting of the Security Council be convened with regard to the recent massacre of ethnic Albanians in the village of Racak, Kosovo.


S/1999/62 Letter, 18 Jan. 1999, from Albania transmitting letter from the Minister for Foreign Affairs concerning the recent massacre of ethnic Albanians in Racak, Kosovo; urges the Secretary-General's immediate engagement in the matter.
FORMER YUGOSLAVIA SITUATION (continued)

S/1999/55 Letter, 12 Jan. 1999, from Albania transmitting comments on the Secretary-General’s report (S/1999/1221); states that the provisions of the agreement of 13 Oct. 1998 between Yugoslavia and the United States Special Envoy regarding the situation in Kosovo are not being implemented; reports incidents at the Albanian/Yugoslav border during the 1st week of Jan. 1999 and reconfirms the willingness of the Government of Albania to cooperate in finding a peaceful solution to the problem of Kosovo.


S/1999/68 Letter, 18 Jan. 1999, from Australia transmitting statement issued on the same date by the Minister for Foreign Affairs condemning the massacre of ethnic Albanians in Kosovo.

S/1999/76 Letter, 26 Jan. 1999, from Qatar transmitting statement on the situation in Kosovo issued by the Islamic Group at UN, 25 Jan.; condemns crimes against humanity being committed by the Serbian security forces and urges the Security Council to take action under Chapter VII of the UN Charter to ensure the safety and security of the inhabitants of Kosovo.

S/1999/77 Letter, 26 Jan. 1999, from the Russian Federation and the United States transmitting statement on Kosovo, issued after the meeting between the Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Russian Federation and the Secretary of State of the United States, Moscow, 26 Jan. 1999; expresses concern at the recent deterioration of the situation in Kosovo and states that the sides must work harder to achieve an interim political settlement providing substantial autonomy for Kosovo.

S/1999/84 Letter, 27 Jan. 1999, from Yugoslavia referring to document S/1999/42 concerning the Croatian Government’s decision to keep the border crossing points, Debeli Brijeg and Konfin on the international border between Croatia and Yugoslavia in the area of Prevlaka, which were opened for All Saints and the 1998-1999 Christmas holiday season, open permanently; states that the opening of border crossings on land is a subject for negotiation to be resolved by a bilateral agreement.


FORMER YUGOSLAVIA SITUATION (continued)

S/1999/107 Letter, 1 Feb. 1999, from Yugoslavia transmitting letter of the same date from the Minister for Foreign Affairs requesting that an emergency meeting of the Security Council be convened in order to prevent military actions against Yugoslavia following the decision of the North Atlantic Council to empower its Secretary-General to authorize air strikes against the country; includes letter of 30 Jan. 1999 from the Secretary-General of NATO addressed to the President of Yugoslavia, and the statement of the North Atlantic Council on Kosovo.


S/1999/120 Letter, 5 Feb. 1999, from Bosnia and Herzegovina, Croatia, Slovenia and the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia; refers to letter from Yugoslavia (S/1999/107) and states that the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro) is not a successor to the former Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia and cannot be considered a Member State of UN until it submits an application for membership and admitted into membership in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Charter of UN.


S/1999/152 Letter, 12 Feb. 1999, from Yugoslavia referring to letter from Bosnia and Herzegovina, Croatia, Slovenia and the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia (S/1999/120); states that the membership of Yugoslavia in UN has neither been terminated nor suspended.

S/1999/177 Letter, 18 Feb. 1999, from Yugoslavia transmitting letter from the President of the Republic of Serbia addressed to the Foreign Ministers of the member States of the Contact Group; states that threats of military strikes by the NATO forces against Yugoslavia do not only contradict the political objectives of the Rambouillet talks, but they also represent a violation of the UN Charter and the basic principles of international relations.
FORMER YUGOSLAVIA SITUATION (continued)

transmitting statement of 19 Feb. 1999 by the Verkhovna
Rada (Parliament); condemns the intention to solve the
problem of Kosovo and Metohija by means of force,
including the bombardment of Yugoslavia, and appeals
to the Security Council and to the Parliaments and
Governments of the world to do their utmost to avert
armed conflict in Europe.

Belarus transmitting statement on the development of
the situation concerning the conflict in Kosovo, issued by
the President of Belarus, 20 Feb. 1999.

S/1999/209 Letter, 25 Feb. 1999, from Bosnia and
Herzegovina, Croatia, Slovenia and the Former
Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia concerning
Yugoslavia's membership at the UN; states that
Yugoslavia should apply for membership at the UN and
not continue automatically the membership of the former
Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia at the UN.

forwarding statement of the same date by the
Government concerning the decision of the Arbitral
Tribunal on Brcko.

S/1999/244 Letter, 7 Mar. 1999, from Yugoslavia
transmitting statement of 6 Mar. 1999 by the President of
the Republic of Serbia (Yugoslavia) and the Vice-
President of its Government referring to their letters
addressed to the members of the Contact Group; draws
attention to the campaign set in motion to have the
representatives of the political parties of the Albanian
separatist movement sign a non-existent "Agreement"
which was neither discussed nor approved at
Rambouillet nor by the Contact Group.

transmitting statement of 5 Mar. 1999 by the Office of the
President on the talks on the autonomy of Kosovo and
Metohija; states that the major part of the agreement has
not been discussed within the Contact Group or in the
talks and that self-government for Kosovo and Metohija
must include the respect of the sovereignty and territorial
integrity of Yugoslavia.

transmitting final communiqué and annexes adopted at
the Annual Coordination Meeting of the Ministers for
Foreign Affairs of States members of the Organization of

S/1999/253 Letter, 8 Mar. 1999, from Yugoslavia
transmitting statement of 5 Mar. 1999 regarding the
removal of Nikola Poplasen, President of Republika
Srpska from office; states that this act is illegitimate,
unprecedented and arbitrary and represents a violation of
the Dayton/Paris agreement and the constitutions of
Republika Srpska and Bosnia and Herzegovina.

FORMER YUGOSLAVIA SITUATION (continued)

S/1999/283 Letter, 9 Mar. 1999, from Germany
transmitting statement of 5 Mar. 1999 by the Presidency
of the European Union; welcomes the decision reached
by the Arbitral Tribunal on Brcko; reminds the parties to
the arbitration that, in accordance with provisions of the
Dayton Peace Accords, the Arbitrator's decision shall be
final and binding, and the parties shall implement it
without delay.

Yugoslavia transmitting letter from the Minister for
Foreign Affairs; conveys disagreement with the decision
of the President of the Arbitral Tribunal to declare Brcko
a district under the sovereignty of Bosnia and
Herzegovina, and the decision of the High
Representative for Bosnia and Herzegovina to dismiss
the President of Republika Srpska; states that these
decisions are contrary to the Dayton/Paris Agreement
and calls upon members of the Steering Board to
convene an emergency session of the Peace
Implementation Council to consider them.

S/1999/271 Letter, 12 Mar. 1999, from the former
Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia concerning the
negative result of the vote in the Security Council on the
extension of the UN Preventive Deployment Force.

S/1999/275 Letter, 12 Mar. 1999, from the former
Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia concerning the
negative result of the vote in the Security Council on the
extension of the UN Preventive Deployment Force.

S/1999/287 Letter, 17 Mar. 1999, from the Secretary-
General reporting his intention to appoint Colonel Detlef
Buwllit (Germany) to succeed Richard Monk (United
Kingdom) as Commissioner of the International Police
Task Force.

S/1999/288 Letter, 17 Mar. 1999, from the President of
the Security Council informing the Secretary-General that
the members of the Council take note of his intention to
appoint Colonel Detlef Buwllit (Germany) as
Commissioner of the International Police Task Force.

informing the Secretary-General of the status of negotiations
between the Government of the Republic of Croatia and
authorities of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia
concerning the issue of Prevlaka.

transmitting letter of the same date from the Minister for
Foreign Affairs; concerns military activity by NATO
against Yugoslavia and its build-up of troops in the
neighbouring Republic of Macedonia; requests that a
meeting of the Security Council be convened in order to
urge NATO to cease its military activity against
Yugoslavia, to stop any further build-up of troops and
arms in the region and to withdraw those already
deployed.
FORMER YUGOSLAVIA SITUATION (continued)

S/1999/361 Letter, 20 Mar. 1999, from Yugoslavia transmitting statement issued on 19 Mar. 1999 by the Government concerning the proceedings and results of the meetings on Kosovo and Metohija held in France. rejects those provisions of the political agreement giving Kosovo and Metohija the status of a 3rd federal unit or the status of an independent state.

S/1999/302 Letter, 20 Mar. 1999, from Yugoslavia transmitting 3 documents; Agreement for Self-Government in Kosmet (Kosovo and Metohija) signed by the delegation of the Republic of Serbia (Yugoslavia) in Paris on 18 Mar.; statement of 19 Mar. by the Government of the Republic of Serbia (Yugoslavia) endorsing its stand at the Paris talks on Kosovo and Metohija; and statement of 18 Mar. by the President of the Republic of Serbia (Yugoslavia) concerning the document signed by the ethnic Albanian delegation to the talks.


S/1999/313 Letter, 23 Mar. 1999, from Yugoslavia forwarding report of Yugoslavia on the situation in the negotiations with the Republic of Croatia on the disputed issue of Prevlaka; states that following a series of meetings Prevlaka peninsula was considered by Republic of Montenegro and Republic of Croatia as part of the territory of the Republic of Montenegro.

S/1999/314 Letter, 23 Mar. 1999, from Yugoslavia transmitting reply of the President to the message of the Co-Chairmen of the Rambouillet meeting and the Ministers for Foreign Affairs of France and the United Kingdom; rejects the Rambouillet Agreement stating that there were no talks between the 2 parties and that the Agreement was published in the Kosovo press (the Albanian paper Koha Dita) before the start of the Rambouillet talks; also denounces military intervention by NATO.

S/1999/317 Letter, 23 Mar. 1999, from Yugoslavia transmitting statement of the Government relative to its decision to declare the state of imminent danger of war and statement of the National Assembly of the Republic of Serbia relative to its decision regarding the deployment of NATO troops in Kosovo and Metohija.

S/1999/318 Letter, 24 Mar. 1999 from Yugoslavia transmitting conclusions of the National Assembly of the Yugoslav constituent Republic of Serbia, at its session held on 23 Mar. 1999, relative to the report of the State delegation on the Rambouillet and Paris talks; condemns the threat against its country and states that the political agreement was not reached because the Contact Group proposals cancelled out the sovereignty and territorial integrity of the Republic of Serbia and of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia.


S/1999/322 Letter, 24 Mar. 1999, from Yugoslavia requesting to convene, on the basis of Chapter VII of the Charter, an urgent meeting of the Security Council so that it may take an immediate action to condemn and to stop the NATO's military activities against Yugoslavia and to protect its sovereignty and territorial integrity.

S/1999/323 Letter, 24 Mar. 1999, from Belarus requesting an urgent meeting of the Security Council to consider the situation caused by the military activity of NATO against Yugoslavia.


S/1999/331 Letter, 25 Mar. 1999, from Tajikistan transmitting statement of the same date from the Ministry of Foreign Affairs; expresses concern over the bomb strikes against Yugoslavia and calls for peaceful means in resolving the conflict.


FORMER YUGOSLAVIA SITUATION (continued)


S/1999/344 Letter, 26 Mar. 1999, from the Russian Federation concerning the ban on civil aviation flights imposed by NATO in the airspace above Yugoslavia, Bosnia and Herzegovina, the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia and Croatia; states that this ban constitutes a violation of the principles of civil aviation law and that ICAO has been contacted on the matter.


S/1999/349 Letter, 26 Mar. 1999, from the Islamic Republic of Iran, on behalf of the Chairman of the Organization of the Islamic Conference Contact Group on Bosnia and Herzegovina and Kosovo; conveys the support of the Group for the request by Bosnia and Herzegovina for an emergency meeting of the Security Council to address the issue of 3 Yugoslavian military jet fighters which violated the airspace of Bosnia and Herzegovina.


S/1999/352 (A/53/886) Letter, 26 Mar. 1999, from the Russian Federation transmitting appeal by the Federation Council of the Federal Assembly addressed to the parliaments of all countries, the Inter-Parliamentary Union, the Parliamentary Assembly of the Council of Europe, the Parliamentary Assembly of the Organization for Security and Cooperation and the Inter-Parliamentary Assembly of the States members of the Commonwealth of Independent States; states that the missile and bomb strikes being carried out by NATO against the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia are a flagrant violation of the Charter of the UN and of the universally accepted norms and principles of international law.

S/1999/353 Letter, 27 Mar. 1999, from Yugoslavia transmitting letter of 25 Mar. 1999 from the Minister for Foreign Affairs to the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Norway, as the Chairman-in-Office of the Organization for Security and Cooperation in Europe (OSCE) requesting the latter to convene a special session of the OSCE Permanent Council to consider and undertake measures to stop NATO air strikes against Yugoslavia.


S/1999/363 Letter, 31 Mar. 1999, from the Islamic Republic of Iran transmitting statement of the OIC Contact Group on Bosnia and Herzegovina and Kosovo, adopted at its meeting held at the ambassadorial level, 26 Mar. 1999; expresses concern over the failure of the peace effort to persuade Yugoslavia to accept a political solution to the situation in Kosovo.

S/1999/366 Letter, 31 Mar. 1999, from Yugoslavia transmitting letter of the same date from Federal Minister for Foreign Affairs concerning bomb strikes by NATO and calling on the Secretary-General to act within his powers, in particular, Article 99 of the Charter of UN, to put an end to the military activity by NATO.
FORMER YUGOSLAVIA SITUATION (continued)

S/1999/387 Letter, 31 Mar. 1999, from Yugoslavia referring to the letter from the Secretary-General of NATO (S/1999/338); states that data contained in the annex to the letter citing the instances of Yugoslavia's non-compliance with the provisions of Security Council resolution 1199 (1999) are inaccurate.


S/1999/372 Letter, 4 Apr. 1999, from Yugoslavia claiming that the Stabilization Force (SFOR) dynamited the section of the Belgrade-Bar railroad near the station of Strpci resulting in the death of a railroad guard; requests the convening of an emergency meeting of the Security Council on the actions of SFOR.

S/1999/375 Letter, 4 Apr. 1999, from Yugoslavia transmitting letter of 3 Apr. 1999 from the Federal Minister for Foreign Affairs to the President of the International Committee of the Red Cross concerning the air strikes by NATO and the humanitarian crisis in the country.

S/1999/376 Letter, 4 Apr. 1999, from Yugoslavia transmitting letter of 3 Apr. 1999 from the Federal Minister for Foreign Affairs to the UN High Commissioner for Refugees concerning the air strikes by NATO and the humanitarian crisis in the country.


S/1999/378 Letter, 16 Mar. 1999, from the President of the International Tribunal for the former Yugoslavia reporting that the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro) continues to refuse to permit the Prosecutor and Investigators of the International Tribunal to enter Kosovo; urges the Security Council to provide the necessary support to enable the Tribunal to discharge its mandate.

S/1999/388 Letter, 9 Apr. 1999, from Yugoslavia transmitting joint statement issued by the Governments of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia and Serbia (Yugoslavia), 8 Apr. 1999; proposes the cessation of all actions of the Yugoslav Army and police in Kosovo and Metohija against the "KLA", the preparation by government representatives, in cooperation with Albanians represented by Mr. Rugova, of a political agreement, which will form a basis for autonomy in Kosovo and Metohija within Serbia and Yugoslavia, and a programme for the return of refugees and the establishment of self-government, with assistance from UNHCR and the International Committee of the Red Cross.

S/1999/391 Note transmitting letters of 2 and 3 Apr. 1999, exchanged between the Secretary-General of NATO and UN High Commissioner for Refugees concerning the assistance for refugees from Kosovo / President, Security Council.

S/1999/394 Letter, 7 Apr. 1999, from the Islamic Republic of Iran transmitting declaration of the Organization of the Islamic Conference (OIC) Contact Group on Bosnia and Herzegovina and Kosovo, adopted at its Ministerial Meeting held in Geneva on 7 Apr. 1999; urges the immediate implementation of OIC draft resolution presented to the 55th session of the Commission of Human Rights and appeals to the international community to extend humanitarian assistance to refugees and internally displaced persons in and outside Kosovo.

S/1999/395 Letter, 6 Apr. 1999, from Yugoslavia transmitting letter of 1 Apr. 1999 from the President of the Bar Association of Belgrade addressed to the Security Council; calls for the cessation of the aerial bombing of Belgrade by NATO forces.

S/1999/402 Letter, 9 Apr. 1999, from the Secretary-General transmitting his statement of the same date concerning Kosovo; calls upon the Yugoslav authorities to cease the expulsion of the civilian population and all activities of military and paramilitary forces in Kosovo, and to accept the deployment of an international force to secure an environment for the return of refugees and the delivery of humanitarian aid. Also urges NATO to suspend air bombardments on the territory of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia upon the acceptance of the above conditions by the Yugoslav authorities.

S/1999/405 Letter, 8 Apr. 1999, from Austria transmitting the Vienna Declaration on Peace and Tolerance in Kosovo adopted at the Conference on Peace and Tolerance in Kosovo, 17-18 Mar. 1999, which brought together representatives from all major religions in Kosovo to discuss the current crisis in the region.

S/1999/406 Letter, 11 Apr. 1999, from Yugoslavia informing the President of the Security Council of a border incident on 9 Apr. 1999 between its armed forces and ethnic Albanians from Kosovo and Metohija with the support of the armed forces of Albania and NATO at the State border line between the Morina and Kosare posts.
FORMER YUGOSLAVIA SITUATION (continued)

S/1999/412 Letter, 12 Apr. 1999, from Yugoslavia transmitting statement of the Supreme Command of the Army of Yugoslavia regarding the aerial bombings being carried out by NATO forces.

S/1999/413 Letter, 8 Apr. 1999, from Germany transmitting statement made on 7 Apr. 1999 by the Minister for Foreign Affairs on the situation in Kosovo; concerns the reaction by the Foreign Ministers of Germany, France, Italy, the United Kingdom and the United States to the announcement by the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia of a unilateral “ceasefire” during the Orthodox Easter holidays.

S/1999/414 Letter, 9 Apr. 1999, from Germany transmitting conclusions of the Special General Council of the European Union on the situation in Kosovo set forth on 8 Apr. 1999; calls on the President of Yugoslavia to stop military action, to withdraw troops, police and paramilitary forces from Kosovo, to agree to the stationing of an international military peacekeeping force and to agree to the unconditional return of all deportees.

S/1999/417 Letter, 14 Apr. 1999, from Australia transmitting letter of the same date from the Minister for Foreign Affairs concerning the detention of 2 Australian humanitarian assistance workers by the authorities of Yugoslavia; appeals to the Secretary-General to assist in obtaining access to the 2 men and in securing their release.

S/1999/423 Letter, 14 Apr. 1999, from Yugoslavia reporting that the air forces of NATO bombed a column of refugees on the Djakovica-Prizren road near the villages of Madanjaj and Mejja on 14 Apr. 1999; requests that an emergency meeting of the Security Council be convened on the matter.

S/1999/428 Letter, 15 Apr. 1999, from Germany transmitting proposal entitled “Kosovo Peace Plan” aiming at a solution to the Kosovo crisis; lists points to be determined, proposes that the agreement be turned into a Security Council resolution under Chapter VII of the Charter and provides details pertaining to its implementation.

S/1999/429 Letter, 15 Apr. 1999, from Germany transmitting the Chairman's summary of the deliberations on Kosovo at the informal meeting of the Heads of State and Government of the European Union, Brussels, 14 Apr. 1999; reiterates that they will persist in pursuing the goal of a multi-ethnic and democratic Kosovo and expresses their support for the initiative of the Secretary-General of 9 Apr. 1999 calling for an immediate halt to the use of force, the withdrawal of all military and police forces, the deployment of an international military force and the return of all refugees and displaced persons.

S/1999/431 (A/53/911) Letter, 15 Apr. 1999, from Ukraine transmitting excerpts from the Presidential statement at his meeting on 15 Apr. 1999 with the representatives of the national mass media on the mediation Initiative of Ukraine regarding the settlement of the Kosovo crisis; states that the use of force is inadmissible without a relevant decision of the UN Security Council and presents a 3-phase plan for the settlement of the Yugoslav conflict.

S/1999/433 Identical letters, 17 Apr. 1999, from Ukraine addressed to the Secretary-General and to the President of the Security Council; transmits letter from the Minister for Foreign Affairs, containing a 3-phase plan of action on the settlement of the Kosovo crisis proposed by the President of Ukraine.


S/1999/438 Letter, 16 Apr. 1999, from Yugoslavia transmitting letter of the same date from the Minister for Foreign Affairs concerning military activity by NATO against Yugoslavia; contains an enclosure which outlines the position of the Government on Kosovo and Metohija.

S/1999/437 Letter, 19 Apr. 1999, from Yugoslavia transmitting a confidential note regarding the humanitarian consequences of the military action of NATO against the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia; states that the 25-day aerial bombardment by NATO have caused enormous human casualties and vast material destruction.

S/1999/438 Identical letters, 19 Apr. 1999, from Australia addressed to the Secretary-General and to the President of the Security Council transmitting identical letters of the same date from its Special Envoy addressed to the Presidents of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia and Serbia; asks for the release of the 2 Australian aid workers currently being held in detention by the Yugoslav authorities.

S/1999/439 Letter, 19 Apr. 1999, from Yugoslavia transmitting letter of 18 Apr. from the Minister for Foreign Affairs concerning the arrest of 2 Australian nationals at the border crossing of Batrovac on 31 Mar. 1999; states that they are being investigated for espionage and that the Australian Embassy in Belgrade will be secured consular access.

S/1999/444 Letter, 20 Apr. 1999, from Croatia reporting violation of the demilitarized zone established between Croatia and Yugoslavia by soldiers of the Yugoslav army; calls upon Yugoslavia to withdraw its forces from the demilitarized zone and upon the Security Council to ensure strict compliance with its resolutions pertaining to the Prevlaka issue.
Withdrawal of Yugoslav troops, under UN supervision, to be replaced by an International peacekeeping force.

Government; condemns the policy and practice of ethnic division in Kosovo and urges the Secretary-General to intensify the role of UN in alleviating their suffering and to investigate all abuses of human rights.

Letter, 22 Apr. 1999, from Yugoslavia reporting alleged violation by the United States of the arms and military equipment embargo established by Security Council resolution 1180 (1998) and requesting the convening of a meeting of the Security Council to consider the matter.

Letter, 20 Apr. 1999, from Yemen transmitting letter of 18 Apr. 1999 from the Minister for Foreign Affairs concerning the environmental disaster caused by NATO's military activities against Yugoslavia.

Letter, 21 Apr. 1999, from the Russian Federation transmitting resolution and declaration concerning the military operations by NATO in the territory of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia, adopted by the Inter-Parliamentary Assembly of States members of the Commonwealth of Independent States, 3 Apr. 1999; calls on the Parliaments and Governments of the States members of NATO to take immediate action to halt the military operations. Also calls on the leadership of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia to settle the Kosovo conflict by peaceful means.

Letter, 21 Apr. 1999, from Yemen transmitting letter of the same date setting forth a proposal by the President for a peace initiative with regard to the situation in Yugoslavia; proposes a halt to all military operations including aerial attacks by NATO and the withdrawal of Yugoslav troops, under UN supervision, to be replaced by an international peacekeeping force created pursuant to a Security Council resolution. Also proposes that UN preside over a peace conference to be attended by all interested parties.

Letter, 22 Apr. 1999, from the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General; states that NATO's bombing is causing damage to the natural environment and that there is the risk of serious environmental disaster in the event of the accidental destruction of nuclear facilities.

Letter, 19 Apr. 1999 from Guyana transmitting press release of 13 Apr. 1999 by the Government; condemns the policy and practice of ethnic division in Kosovo and urges a renewal of diplomatic efforts under the auspices of the Security Council to find a peaceful solution.

Letter, 9 Apr. 1999, from South Africa transmitting statement on the situation in Kosovo issued by the Movement of Non-Aligned Countries, 9 Apr. 1999; calls for an immediate cessation of hostilities and the safe return of all refugees and displaced persons who are fleeing Kosovo and urges the Secretary-General to intensify the role of UN in alleviating their suffering and to investigate all abuses of human rights.

Letter, 20 Apr. 1999, from Yugoslavia transmitting statement on the humanitarian situation in Kosovo, issued by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, 22 Apr. 1999; expresses its solidarity with the Inhabitants of Kosovo and Its readiness to receive refugees from that region to the extent of its capacity and available resources.

Letter, 21 Apr. 1999, from Yemen transmitting letter of the same date from the Federal Minister for Foreign Affairs; states that NATO military activities against Yugoslavia have concentrated primarily on civilian targets and urges the Security Council to condemn these activities and take the specific steps to end them without delay.

Letter, 22 Apr. 1999, from Uruguay transmitting statement on the humanitarian situation in Kosovo, issued by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, 22 Apr. 1999; expresses its solidarity with the inhabitants of Kosovo and its readiness to receive refugees from that region to the extent of its capacity and available resources.

Letter, 23 Apr. 1999, from Cuba transmitting statements concerning the military activities of NATO against the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia, issued by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, 23 Apr. 1999; states that NATO forces are not compatible with the basic principles of international law and expresses its support for the urgent search for a reasonable, just solution to the conflict.

Letter, 24 Apr. 1999, from Yugoslavia transmitting letter of the same date from the Federal Minister for Foreign Affairs; states that NATO military activities against Yugoslavia have concentrated primarily on civilian targets and urges the Security Council to condemn these activities and take the specific steps to end them without delay.

Letter, 24 Apr. 1999, from Uruguay transmitting statement on the humanitarian situation in Kosovo, issued by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, 22 Apr. 1999; expresses its solidarity with the inhabitants of Kosovo and its readiness to receive refugees from that region to the extent of its capacity and available resources.

Letter, 23 Apr. 1999, from the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General; states that NATO military activities against Yugoslavia have concentrated primarily on civilian targets and urges the Security Council to condemn these activities and take the specific steps to end them without delay.

Letter, 18 Apr. 1999 from Guyana transmitting press release of 13 Apr. 1999 by the Government; condemns the policy and practice of ethnic division in Kosovo and urges a renewal of diplomatic efforts under the auspices of the Security Council to find a peaceful solution.
FORMER YUGOSLAVIA SITUATION (continued)

S/1999/479 Letter, 26 Apr. 1999, from Yugoslavia transmitting assessment of NATO's military activities against Yugoslavia issued by the Federal Constitutional Court and based on the standards of its internal legal system and of international law.

S/1999/480 Letter, 27 Apr. 1999, from Yugoslavia concerning set-up of a checkpoint by the Yugoslav Army in the yellow zone in the area of Prevlaka; states that it was a temporary measure and does not constitute violation of the demilitarized zone established pursuant to an agreement of 15 Sept. 1992 between Croatia and Yugoslavia; further states that competent Yugoslav authorities reiterated guarantees of full safety to the members of the UN Mission of Observers in Prevlaka.

S/1999/484 (A/53/929) Letter, 27 Apr. 1999, from Mexico transmitting letter of 21 Apr. 1999 from the Minister for Foreign Affairs; expresses regret at the recent turn of events in Yugoslavia and welcomes steps taken by the UN in the promotion of dialogue and negotiation in accordance with the provisions of the Charter.

S/1999/490 Letter, 28 Apr. 1999, from Germany transmitting conclusions on the Kosovo crisis and statement on Bulgaria and Romania, both issued by the Council of the European Union, 25 Apr. 1999; expresses strong support for maximum pressure from the international community on the Yugoslavian regime, reiterates its commitment to relieving the fate of refugees and internally displaced persons and, considers the regional implications of the crisis. The Council also welcomes the efforts and initiatives undertaken by Bulgaria and Romania to contribute to a political solution of the crisis.


S/1999/496 Letter, 30 Apr. 1999, from Yugoslavia informing the Secretary-General that on 27 Apr. 1999 NATO planes struck Sundulca several times resulting in the death of 20 people, including 12 children, and the destruction of 500 private homes and apartments; refers to other military activities of NATO and states that it expects the Secretary-General to urgently condemn this most recent act against innocent civilians.

S/1999/497 Letter, 30 Apr. 1999, from Yugoslavia transmitting letter of the same date from the Federal Ministry for Foreign Affairs; concerns the decision of the Council of the European Union to ban the shipment of oil and oil derivatives to the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia.


FORMER YUGOSLAVIA SITUATION (continued)

S/1999/508 (A/53/933) Letter, 3 May 1999, from Yugoslavia transmitting letter of 27 Apr. 1999 from the President of the Yugoslav Commission for Cooperation with UNICEF and the Promotion of the Status of Women to the Executive Director of UNICEF; states that NATO military activity has seriously affected the implementation of the Yugoslav plans of action for children and women and demands that UNICEF take urgent action to protect the 3 million children in Yugoslavia.

S/1999/510 Letter, 4 May 1999, from Yugoslavia reporting recent escalation of NATO bombing of civilian targets all over Yugoslavia.

S/1999/511 Letter, 4 May 1999, from Yugoslavia transmitting open letter of 30 Apr. 1999 from the Federal Minister of Agriculture addressed to Ministers for Agriculture and to specialized government agencies in the field of agriculture concerning the effects of the NATO's military activity on the agriculture of the country; expresses concern over the ecological damage of agricultural land and states that a cessation of NATO's actions is indispensable to prevent further human, material, economic and ecological damage.

S/1999/516 Letter, 6 May 1999, from Germany transmitting statement by the Chairman of the meeting of the G-8 Foreign Ministers held at the Petersberg Centre on 6 May 1999 concerning the adoption of principles on the political solution to the Kosovo crisis.

S/1999/522 Letter, 1 May 1999, from Qatar requesting that the Security Council extend an invitation to the Permanent Observer of the Organization of the Islamic Conference to the UN to participate in the Council's discussion on the draft resolution on the humanitarian situation in and around Kosovo, without the right to vote under rule 39 of its provisional rules of procedure.

S/1999/523 Letter, 7 May 1999, from China requesting the convening of an urgent meeting of the Security Council to discuss the NATO attack on the Chinese Embassy in Belgrade.

S/1999/528 Letter, 7 May 1999, from Yugoslavia referring to Security Council draft resolution S/1999/517 of 6 May 1999; states that the draft resolution deals with the consequences and not with the cause of the military action of NATO against Yugoslavia, that the lack of readiness of the Council to condemn the military action of NATO continues to cause a humanitarian catastrophe all over the country and that the only way to prevent further catastrophe is an immediate cessation of the NATO's bombing of Yugoslavia.

FORMER YUGOSLAVIA SITUATION (continued)

S/1999/535 Letter, 10 May 1999, from South Africa transmitting statement concerning the bombing by NATO of the Chinese Embassy in Belgrade, issued by the Government of South Africa, 8 May 1999; states that the only way to resolve the Kosovo crisis is to support the current international diplomatic initiatives aimed at ensuring a peaceful resolution to the problem.

S/1999/531 Letter, 7 May 1999, from Bosnia and Herzegovina concerning the forwarding of a letter regarding NATO's operations to UN; transmits the following documents: letter from the Chair of the Presidency of Bosnia and Herzegovina obtained through the media, alleging that NATO is using the territory of Bosnia and Herzegovina for operations against Yugoslavia; letter of 6 May 1999 from a Member of the Presidency, in response, addressed to the President of the Security Council; and letter of 3 Apr. 1999 from the High Representative for Implementation of the Peace Agreement on Bosnia and Herzegovina addressed to the Chair of the Presidency of Bosnia and Herzegovina.

S/1999/536 (A/53/952) Letter, 10 May 1999, from China transmitting statement concerning the NATO attack on the Chinese Embassy in Belgrade, issued by the Government, 7 May 1999; states that the action is a violation of Chinese sovereignty and the Vienna Conventions on Diplomatic Relations; reports that 3 people were killed and 20 injured as a result of the bombing.

S/1999/541 Letter, 10 May 1999, from the Sudan reporting that the Government has denounced the attack by NATO against the Chinese Embassy in Belgrade.

S/1999/542 Letter, 6 May 1999, from Turkey informing the President of the Security Council that Turkey has co-sponsored the draft resolution entitled "On the humanitarian situation in and around Kosovo" in full agreement with its content and aim; states that this co-sponsorship in no way indicates any changes as regards Turkey's long-standing position concerning the name Macedonia and that it recognizes this State with its constitutional name, "the Republic of Macedonia".


S/1999/562 Letter, 14 May 1999, from Yugoslavia informng the Security Council that on the same date NATO planes struck the refugee centre at Koriste resulting in the death of 79 people, mostly women and children; refers to other military activities of NATO and states that it expects the Security Council to condemn this latest act against innocent civilians.

FORMER YUGOSLAVIA SITUATION (continued)

S/1999/564 Letter, 17 May 1999, from Yugoslavia transmitting the same memo to NATO's use of ... same weapons against the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia from 25 Mar. to 15 May 1999; states that the consequences of using these weapons are more inhuman and dangerous than those of using conventional arms.


S/1999/592 Letter, 20 May 1999, from the Russian Federation transmitting statement on the latest air strikes by NATO against civilian targets in Belgrade, issued by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, 20 May 1999; calls on the NATO leadership and member countries of the alliance to proceed seriously to political negotiations with the objective of settling the Kosovo problem.

S/1999/604 Letter, 26 May 1999, from Yugoslavia reporting the destruction of its power grid by NATO's air force, causing power outages all over the country; expresses concern over the humanitarian effects of these actions on the population.

S/1999/605 Letter, 25 May 1999, from Yugoslavia reporting that, since the start of NATO's military activities against the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia, there has been an increase in armed incidents and other activities against its border and border units, allegedly carried out by Albania.


FORMER YUGOSLAVIA SITUATION (continued)


S/1999/619 Letter, 27 May 1999, from Yugoslavia transmitting aide mémoire on NATO's bombings of diplomatic and consular missions and officers in the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia; states that these activities represent a violation of the norms of international law regarding the use of force, the sovereignty of states and, in particular, the provisions of the Convention on the Prevention and Punishment of Crimes against Internationally Protected Persons, including Diplomatic Agents.


S/1999/625 Letter, 29 May 1999, from Yugoslavia transmitting statement dated 27 May 1999 from Yugoslavia following the indictment of the President of Yugoslavia and other senior officials by the International Tribunal for the Former Yugoslavia in The Hague.

S/1999/626 Letter, 29 May 1999, from Yugoslavia reporting that 6 members of the Stabilization Force violated the border of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia, near the village of Olandci on 26 May 1999; also reports that they were disarmed and returned over the border after being held until 27 May 1999.

S/1999/629 Letter, 30 May 1999, from Yugoslavia alleging that on 22 May 1999 10 members of the Stabilization Force entered Yugoslavia in the region of Orljaca and opened fire on Yugoslav organs guarding the border; states that it expects the Security Council to condemn this act and to take measures to prevent its repetition.


S/1999/631 Letter, 1 June 1999, from Yugoslavia informing that it has accepted the principles of the G-8, including a UN presence with a mandate to be established by Security Council resolution on the condition that the NATO bombings are urgently stopped.

S/1999/633 Letter, 2 June 1999, from the Russian Federation transmitting communiqué of 27 May 1999 of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs concerning 2 inspections it had conducted on the territories of The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia and Albania, in accordance with the Vienna Document of the Negotiation on Confidence and Security Measures (1994) for the purpose of establishing the extent of military activities being carried out in the 2 countries.

FORMER YUGOSLAVIA SITUATION (continued)

S/1999/637 Letter, 2 June 1999, from Yugoslavia transmitting memorandum on the continued military actions allegedly by the regular armed forces of the Albania in collusion with the NATO air force and the Kosovo Liberation Army against the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia; requests that the Security Council condemn these acts and take urgent and immediate measures in this regard.

S/1999/638 Letter, 2 June 1999, from Yugoslavia informing the President of the Security Council of organized border incidents on 28 and 29 May 1999 carried out by ethnic Albanians allegedly with the support of the armed forces of Albania and NATO at the State border posts of Oplaz, Kosovo, Djatkovica and Prizren.

S/1999/639 Letter, 3 June 1999, from Bosnia and Herzegovina, Croatia, Slovenia and the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia referring to 2 letters from the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia dated 10 May 1999 (S/1999/546) and 14 May 1999 (S/1999/562); disagrees with statements regarding the membership of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia in UN and requests that the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro) apply for membership in the UN as a new legal entity.

S/1999/646 Letter, 5 June 1999, from Yugoslavia transmitting letter of 4 June 1999 from the Minister for Foreign Affairs concerning the acceptance of the Peace Plan by the Government of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia and the Assembly of the Republic of Serbia; requests that its representatives be allowed to present their views at the Security Council on the draft resolution as the Peace Plan will be implemented in their sovereign territory.

S/1999/647 Letter, 5 June 1999, from Yugoslavia transmitting statement of 3 June 1999 by the Federal Ministry of Foreign Affairs, concerning the initiatives of some governmental and non-governmental organizations to airdrop humanitarian aid to Kosovo and Metohija; states that there is no need for this form of relief considering that there exists no obstacles to sending humanitarian dispatches to all parts of the country over customary, safer land routes, however, it would have to be dispatched on the basis of cooperation with the competent Yugoslav organs and institutions.

FORMER YUGOSLAVIA SITUATION (continued)

S/1999/649 Letter, 7 June 1999, from Germany transmitting, on behalf of the President of the European Union, agreement on the principles (peace plan) to move towards a resolution of the Kosovo crisis presented to the leadership of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia by the President of Finland, representing the European Union, and the Special Representative of the President of the Russian Federation; states that the document was accepted by the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia and the Assembly of the Republic of Serbia on 3 June 1999.

S/1999/650 Letter, 2 June 1999, from Germany transmitting statement on Kosovo issued by the European Union on 31 May 1999; states that the Council reaffirmed the European Union’s full support for the efforts of the President of Finland on behalf of the Union and in close cooperation with the United States, the Russian Federation and UN, expects Belgrade to accept the G8 principles and a Security Council resolution, and welcomes the endorsement by the international community of the Stability Pact for South-Eastern Europe and the results of the Petersberg Conference of 27 May 1999.

S/1999/653 Letter, 7 June 1999, from Yugoslavia reporting attacks by the Kosovo Liberation Army, the armed forces of Albania and the air force of NATO against the territory of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia and its armed forces at the Yugoslav-Albanian border, 2-3 June 1999.

S/1999/655 Letter, 7 June 1999, from Yugoslavia transmitting letter of the same date from the Minister for Foreign Affairs concerning the acceptance by the Yugoslav Government of the Ahktzar-Chemomydin document on a peaceful solution for Kosovo and Metohija; expresses the Government’s expectation that the Security Council will adopt a resolution, consistent with the Charter of UN, which will ensure respect for the sovereignty and territorial integrity of Yugoslavia.

S/1999/658 Letter, 7 June 1999, from Yugoslavia reporting armed attacks by the Kosovo Liberation Army, allegedly supported by the armed forces of Albania and air force of NATO, against the territory of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia and its armed forces.


S/1999/663 Letter, 10 June 1999, from the Secretary-General transmitting communication of the same date from the Secretary-General of NATO reporting that the security forces of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia have begun to withdraw from Kosovo in accordance with agreed procedures and modalities, and that NATO air operations against the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia have been suspended.

FORMER YUGOSLAVIA SITUATION (continued)

S/1999/665 Letter, 9 June 1999, from the Secretary-General referring to attached letter of 7 June 1999 from the Prosecutor of the International Tribunal for Yugoslavia outlining the requirements for conducting investigations in Kosovo as soon as international forces are allowed to enter the area; informs the Security Council of his intention to approve the request of the Prosecutor of the International Tribunal to proceed with issuing invitations to all Member States to offer gratis personnel, and to accept experts for the specialized functions related to forensic investigations, for a period of 6 months, and in accordance with the regime for gratis personnel established by the General Assembly.

S/1999/667 Letter, 10 June 1999, from the Russian Federation transmitting statement issued on the same date by its President concerning the suspension of air strikes against Yugoslavia; states that Russian diplomatic corps will pursue vigorous efforts to bring the resolutions of the UN Security Council into effect with a view to resolving the Kosovo question and establishing a firm peace and stability in the Balkans.

S/1999/675 Letter, 11 June 1999, from the Secretary-General informing the President of the Security Council of his intention to appoint Sergio Vieira de Mello (Brazil) as his Special Representative to control the implementation of the international civil presence to be established in Kosovo (Yugoslavia) on an interim basis.

S/1999/676 Letter, 14 June 1999, from the President of the Security Council referring to document S/1999/675; informs the Secretary-General that the members of the Council take note of his intention to appoint Sergio Vieira de Mello (Brazil) as his Special Representative, on an interim basis, to control the implementation of the international civil presence to be established in Kosovo, Federal Republic of Yugoslavia.

S/1999/672 Letter, 15 June 1999, from the Secretary-General transmitting letter of 10 June 1999 from the Secretary-General of NATO including the military-technical agreement concluded by the military authorities of NATO and the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro) on the procedures and modalities for the withdrawal of the security forces of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia from Kosovo.

S/1999/679 Letter, 17 June 1999, from the President of the Security Council informing the Secretary-General that the members of the Council approve of the concept of operations for the UN Interim Administration Mission in Kosovo outlined in his report (S/1999/672).

S/1999/694 Letter, 18 June 1999, from the Secretary-General transmitting letter of 11 June 1999 from the Deputy Permanent Representative of Norway to UN; informs the Secretary-General that, in view of the adoption by the Security Council of resolution 1244 (1999), the Organization for Security and Cooperation in Europe considers that further reporting by them under resolutions 1160 (1998) and 1203 (1998) has been rendered redundant.
FORMER YUGOSLAVIA SITUATION (continued)


S/1999/702 Letter, 21 June 1999, from the Secretary-General informing the Security Council of his intention to appoint Patricia McGowan Wald, a candidate for judge of the Chambers of the International Criminal Tribunal for the Former Yugoslavia, as a member of the International Tribunal.

S/1999/708 Letter, 22 June 1999, from Yugoslavia informing the President of the Security Council of its position regarding the implementation of resolution 1244 (1999) on the deployment of the international civil and military safety guarantees in Kosovo and Metohija; requests that the Special Representative, demobilization and humanitarian assistance.


S/1999/719 Letter, 25 June 1999, from Croatia concerning the status of negotiations with Yugoslavia on the issue of Prevlaka; states that it is committed to a peaceful solution of the issue.


S/1999/728 Letter, 28 June 1999, from the President of the Security Council referring to letter (S/1999/727) concerning the composition of the International Criminal Tribunal for the former Yugoslavia; supports the Secretary-General’s intention to appoint Judge Patricia McGowan Wald as a member of the International Tribunal.

FORMER YUGOSLAVIA SITUATION (continued)

S/1999/729 Letter, 23 June 1999, from Yugoslavia transmitting letter of the same date from the Federal Minister for Foreign Affairs concerning deteriorating of the security situation in Kosovo and Metohija since the implementation of the Security Council resolution 1244 (1999) and states that it is necessary to conclude an appropriate agreement on the status of the international presences in Kosovo and Metohija, between the Government of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia and UN; also contains an enclosure entitled "An overview of terrorist and other acts of violence in the provinces of Kosovo and Metohija from 12 to 27 June 1999."


S/1999/743 Letter, 1 July 1999, from Yugoslavia concerning the implementation of several provisions of Security Council resolution 1244 (1999) concerning safety guarantees to all citizens, disarmament of KLA and respect for the territorial integrity and sovereignty of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia; expresses the urgent need for a speedy conclusion of a comprehensive agreement between the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia and UN on the status and mandate of the overall international presence in Kosovo and Metohija.

S/1999/747 Letter, 2 July 1999, from Yugoslavia informing the President of the Security Council of the status of cultural institutions in Pristina on 28 June 1999; requests that the international security force (KFOR) take immediate and effective action, including physical protection, of the cultural institutions, so that they may continue their regular activities.

S/1999/748 Letter, 2 July 1999, from the Secretary-General informing the Security Council of his intention to appoint Bernard Kouchner (France) as his Special Representative to head the UN Interim Administration Mission in Kosovo (Federal Republic of Yugoslavia).

S/1999/749 Letter, 6 July 1999, from the President of the Security Council informing the Secretary-General that members of the Council have taken note of his proposal in S/1999/748 to appoint Bernard Kouchner as his Special Representative to head the UN Interim Administration Mission in Kosovo (Federal Republic of Yugoslavia).

S/1999/755 Letter, 6 July 1999, from Yugoslavia transmitting statement by the Government of the Yugoslav constituent Republic of Serbia regarding the joint statement signed in Pristina on 2 July 1999 by Bishop Artemije of Pristina and Momcilo Trajkovic with Hashim Thaci, under the auspices of UN and KFOR; states that the alleged representatives represent only themselves and that political parties among legitimate representatives of all national communities should start immediately.
FORMER YUGOSLAVIA SITUATION (continued)

S/1999/759 Letter, 6 July 1999, from Yugoslavia
corresponding to the return of customs authorities to the
border crossings with the former Yugoslav Republic of
Macedonia and the Republic of Albania in the territory of
Kosovo and Metohija; requests the Security Council to
consider this issue urgently in accordance with
resolution 1244 (1999).

S/1999/760 Letter, 7 July 1999, from Yugoslavia
transmitting memorandum concerning the Prevlaka
Peninsula; states that Prevlaka is an integral part of Boka
Kotoranka Bay which is part of the Federal Republic of
Yugoslavia, referring to maps and extracts of laws and
decisions.

United Arab Emirates transmitting press communiqué
issued by the Ministerial Council of the Gulf Cooperation
Council at its resumed 71st regular session, Jeddah,
Saudi Arabia, 3 July 1999.

S/1999/765 Letter, 7 July 1999, from Yugoslavia
transmitting letter of the same date by the Federal
Minister for Foreign Affairs concerning joint statement
signed on 2 July in Pristina under the auspices of the UN
Interim Administration Mission in Kosovo and KFOR;
states that UN representatives in Kosovo and Metohija
do not have the power to choose or proclaim arbitrarily
Serb or other representatives of any national community,
and calls for a meeting with the UN, either in Belgrade or
in New York, to sign an agreement for further
implementation of Security Council resolution 1244
(1999).

S/1999/774 Letter, 8 July 1999, from the Secretary-
General informing the President of the Security Council
of his intention to appoint Jacques Paul Klein (United
States) as his Special Representative and Coordinator of
UN Operations in Bosnia and Herzegovina, with effect

S/1999/775 Letter, 12 July 1999, from the President of the
Security Council referring to the Secretary-General's
letter of 8 July 1999 (S/1999/774) and informing him that
the members of the Security Council agree with his
intention to appoint Jacques Paul Klein (United States)
as his Special Representative and Coordinator of UN
Operations in Bosnia and Herzegovina.

S/1999/783 Letter, 13 July 1999, from Croatia referring to
the memorandum submitted by Yugoslavia in document
S/1999/760; concerns the Joint Declaration signed by
both countries in Geneva of 30 Sept. 1992 and the
official map of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia as
posted on its Government's web site.

S/1999/783/Corr.1 Letter, 13 July 1999, from Croatia :
corrigendum.
corrects text.

FORMER YUGOSLAVIA SITUATION (continued)

to Secretary-General's report of 8 July 1999 on the UN
Mission of Observers in Prevlaka (S/1999/764); calls for
the preservation of the original concept of the UN
security system on Prevlaka, in accordance with the
agreement on normalization of relations between the 2
countries, published as a document of the Security
Council (S/1999/706, annex).

S/1999/797 Letter, 16 July 1999, from Yugoslavia
concerning the views and positions of the Government
on the Secretary-General's report on the UN Interim
Administration Mission in Kosovo (UNMIK) of 12 July
1999 (S/1999/779); takes exception to the presentation
of the overall situation in Kosovo and Metohija and
questions the mandate and authority of UNMIK.

transmitting letter from the Chairman of the Delegation of
the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia for negotiations of
the disputed issue of Prevlaka addressed to the
Chairman of the Delegation of Croatia; states that the
Yugoslav side stands ready to continue the negotiations
without delay in accordance with relevant Security
Council resolutions.

S/1999/800 Letter, 19 July 1999, from Yugoslavia,
transmitting letter of 16 July from its President
concerning the report on the UN Interim Administration
Mission in Kosovo (UNMIK) (S/1999/779); states that the
current situation in Kosovo and Metohija indicates that
compliance with the spirit of resolution 1244 (1999) has
been far from satisfactory, and expresses the objections
of the Government regarding the concept of the mandate
and powers of UNMIK as outlined in paragraphs 34 to 42
of the report.

reporting the massacre of 14 Serbian farmers in the
village of Staro Gradsko in Kosovo and Metohija on 23
July 1999, allegedly perpetrated by the Kosovo
Liberation Army (KLA); urges the Security Council to
convene a meeting to adopt the necessary measures to
ensure the full protection of civilians and the full
implementation of resolution 1244 (1999); also transmits
statement by the Yugoslav leadership on the massacre.

transmitting memorandum on the implementation of
Security Council resolution 1244 (1999), issued by
Yugoslavia, 27 July; includes an enclosure listing alleged
violent acts which occurred in Kosovo and Metohija
during the period 12 June-26 July 1999, according to
information provided by the Peace and Tolerance Centre
in Pristina.

corrigendum.
corrects text.

corrigendum.
corrects text.
FORMER YUGOSLAVIA SITUATION (continued)


S/1999/858 (A/53/1033) Letter, 6 Aug. 1999, from Yugoslavia concerning the status of Yugoslavia in the Convention on Wetlands of International Importance Especially as Waterfowl Habitat (1971) (Ramsar Convention), adopted by the 7th Meeting of the Conference of the Contracting Parties (A/53/975-S/1993/615); states that Yugoslavia is a full-fledged Party to the Convention and that the Contracting Parties are not authorized to make a decision on Yugoslavia's status; refers to articles 34-35 of the Vienna Convention on Succession of States in Respect of Treaties that regulates the participation of States in international treaties of predecessor States.


S/1999/898 Letter, 17 Aug. 1999, from Yugoslavia reporting on the travel of the Prime Minister of Albania to Kosovo and Metohija, without prior notification to Yugoslav authorities or the granting of a Yugoslav visa, during which time he made an address to local residents whom he allegedly called "Albanian citizens" and stated that Kosovo and Metohija would become part of "Greater Albania" in the future.


S/1999/899 Letter, 20 Aug. 1999, from Yugoslavia informing about the establishment of the "customs service of Kosovo", which exercises customs control without applying the customs procedures of Yugoslavia; states that this is a violation of Security Council resolution 1244 (1999); requests that the said service be disbanded, that Yugoslav customs officers be allowed to return to the border crossings to Albania and Macedonia, and that the Yugoslav customs service in Kosovo and Metohija be enabled to function undisturbed.

FORMER YUGOSLAVIA SITUATION (continued)


S/1999/922 Letter, 26 Aug. 1999, from Yugoslavia transmitting statement of the same date from the meeting of the President of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia with the most responsible leaders of the country following the discovery of the massacre of 15 Serbian civilians in Kosovo and Metohija.

S/1999/923 Letter, 27 Aug. 1999, from Croatia transmitting statement of 26 Aug. 1999 from the Government regarding letter of 25 Aug. 1999 from the President of the International Tribunal for the Former Yugoslavia (S/1999/912); states that the alleged claim concerning Croatia's non-cooperation with the Tribunal is unfounded and that Croatia will present its views and explain its position to international organizations and foreign Governments, which will be corroborated by facts.

S/1999/934 Letter, 1 Sept. 1999, from Yugoslavia concerning the alleged refusal of the UN Interim Administrative Mission in Kosovo (UNMIK) of seizing public and State property of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia in violation of Security Council Resolution 1244 (1999) and International law; demands the restitution of the seized property and its return to the legal owner and calls upon the Security Council to instruct UNMIK to abide by its mandate.

S/1999/935 Letter, 1 Sept. 1999, from Yugoslavia concerning the alleged position of the Government regarding the press statement on Kosovo by the President of the Security Council on 30 Aug. 1999; welcomes the reaffirmation of the principle of Yugoslavia's sovereignty and territorial integrity and states that urgent measures by the Security Council are needed for a full implementation of resolution 1244 (1999), in the light of alleged attacks against Serbs and other non-Albanian civilians.

S/1999/936 Letter, 1 Sept. 1999, from Croatia transmitting letter of the same date from the Minister for Foreign Affairs regarding the position of Croatia on its cooperation with the International Tribunal for the Former Yugoslavia (ICTY); states that Croatia has, until now, successfully cooperated with the ICTY and that the questions raised are of a legal and procedural nature and easy to resolve.
FORMER YUGOSLAVIA SITUATION (continued)

S/1999/949 Letter, 3 Sept. 1999, from Yugoslavia protesting against the decision of the Special Representative of the Secretary-General in Kosovo (resolution No. 1999/97) to establish the customs and related services and to introduce a foreign currency in Kosovo and Metohija; states that this is a violation of Security Council resolution 1244 (1999) and reiterates its request that the said service be disbanded, that Yugoslav customs officers be allowed to return to the border crossings to Albania and Macedonia, and that the Yugoslav customs service in Kosovo and Metohija be enabled to function undisturbed.

S/1999/953 Letter, 7 Sept. 1999, from Yugoslavia protesting against the establishment of regulation No. 1999/4 by the Special Representative of the Secretary-General for Kosovo permitting the use of foreign currencies as legal tender in Kosovo and Metohija; calls upon the Security Council to condemn the regulation and to cancel it immediately.

S/1999/962 Letter, 9 Sept. 1999, from Yugoslavia reporting that the United States contingent of KFOR is building a military base near Urosevac in Kosovo and Metohija; also reports daily attacks carried out by the Kosovo Liberation Army on Serbian towns and villages.

S/1999/966 Letter, 12 Sept. 1999, from Yugoslavia reporting the attack on the Serbian population of the northern part of Kosovska Mitrovica on 9 Sept. 1999, allegedly carried out by ethnic Albanians of the Kosovo Liberation Army; requests that the UN Interim Administration Mission in Kosovo and KFOR carry out their obligations under Security Council resolution 1244 (1999), particularly the provisions relating to disarmament and the full protection of civilians.


S/1999/999 Letter, 23 Sept. 1999, from Yugoslavia expressing its concern regarding the agreement on the establishment of the "Kosovo Protection Corps" between the representatives of the KFOR, the UN Interim Administration Mission in Kosovo (UNMIK) and the Kosovo Liberation Army (KLA) in Pristina on 20 Sept. 1999; states that this decision of KFOR and UNMIK constitutes a step towards Albanian separatist goals in Kosovo and Metohija and is unacceptable to Yugoslavia.

FORMER YUGOSLAVIA SITUATION (continued)

S/1999/1001 Letter, 24 Sept. 1999, from Yugoslavia conveying the views and positions of the Government on the report of the Secretary-General on the situation in the negotiations with the Republic of Croatia on the disputed issue of Prcanj; includes letter from the head of the Yugoslav delegation to his Croatian counterpart.

S/1999/1012 Letter, 24 Sept. 1999, from Finland transmitting statement on the demilitarization of the Kosovo Liberation Army, issued by the Presidency of the European Union, 23 Sept. 1999; welcomes the formation of the multi-ethnic Kosovo Protection Corps, under the operational control of KFOR.

S/1999/1014 Note verbale, 16 Sept. 1999, from Austria referring to the Secretary-General's note of 4 Oct. 1994 concerning the application of article 27 of the Statute of the International Tribunal for the Former Yugoslavia; informs the Security Council that Austria is willing to carry out imprisonment sentences imposed by the International Tribunal in accordance with Austrian law, on a case-by-case basis.

S/1999/1018 Letter, 1 Oct. 1998, from Yugoslavia referring to the mortar attack on civilians at the Kosovo Polje market on 28 Sept. 1999; reiterates the demand that the Security Council annul the decision to transform the Kosovo Liberation Army into the Kosovo Protection Corps.

S/1999/1019 Letter, 1 Oct. 1999, from Yugoslavia expressing concern over the decision of the UN Interim Administrative Mission in Kosovo to open Pristina Airport for commercial flights; states that the decision constitutes a violation of the provisions of Security Council resolution 1244 (1999) and runs counter to Yugoslavia's rights of membership in the ICAC and the rules and regulations of that organization.

S/1999/1027 Letter, 4 Oct. 1999, from Yugoslavia forwarding its report on the situation in the negotiations with the Republic of Croatia on the disputed issue of Prcanj; includes letter from the head of the Yugoslav delegation to his Croatian counterpart.
FORMER YUGOSLAVIA SITUATION (continued)

S/1999/1031 Letter, 5 Oct. 1999, from Yugoslavia calling upon the Security Council to take, in accordance with article 4 of Security Council resolution 1244 (1999) measures to enable the units of the Army of Yugoslavia and the Serbian police personnel to return to Kosovo and Metohija, in order to avert the exodus of the Serbs, Montenegrins and other non-Albanians from Kosovo and Metohija.

S/1999/1032 Letter, 5 Oct. 1999, from Yugoslavia drawing the attention of the Security Council to the alleged construction of military bases by the United States at Urosevac, Podujevo and Pec in Kosovo and Metohija; transmite article on the subject published by the Washington Post on 5 Oct. 1999 entitled “Home sweet home in Kosovo”; refers to a previously lodged protest over this matter in document (S/1999/965) and demands that the Security Council take measures to put an end to this activity.

S/1999/1042 Letter, 11 Oct. 1999, from Georgia informing the President of the Security Council that, since 28 Sept. 1999, a battalion of the Georgian Army has been pursuing the mission in Kosovo, Yugoslavia, as part of the Turkish regiment in the German zone of responsibility and that this is the 1st participation of the Georgian battalion in international peacekeeping, in particular in the international security presence established pursuant to Security Council resolution 1244 (1999).

S/1999/1046 Letter, 9 Oct. 1999, from Yugoslavia concerning the situation in Orahovac in Kosovo and Metohija; states that the Kosovo Liberation Army has blocked access to humanitarian convoys and that water and power supplies to the Serb-populated part of the town have been obstructed; also states that over 1,000 Serbian and Roma children have been prevented from attending school.


S/1999/1056 Letter, 13 Oct. 1999, from Yugoslavia expressing concern over the decision of the UN Interim Administrative Mission in Kosovo to grant permission to foreign air companies to fly commercial flights to Pristina; states that the decision constitutes a violation of the provisions of Security Council resolution 1244 (1999) and reiterates its expectation that the decision will be revoked.

S/1999/1067 Letter, 15 Oct. 1999, from Yugoslavia expressing concern over the decision of the Special Representative of the Secretary-General of 15 Oct. 1999, authorizing the UN civilian presence in Kosovo and Metohija to issue registration plates for vehicles in that province; states that the decision constitutes a violation of the provisions of Security Council resolution 1244 (1999) and of the Constitutions of Yugoslavia and Serbia (Yugoslavia); requests the Security Council to react promptly and effectively to this violation.

FORMER YUGOSLAVIA SITUATION (continued)

S/1999/1074 Letter, 19 Oct. 1999, from Yugoslavia concerning the visit of the UN Secretary-General to Kosovo and Metohija; conveys surprise and disappointment of the Government that, during the visit, the Secretary-General did not meet with the official representatives of Yugoslavia; states that it is incongruous with Security Council resolution 1244 (1999) and encourages the Albanian separatists.

S/1999/1075 Letter, 20 Oct. 1999, from Yugoslavia expressing concern over the visit of the Foreign Minister of Albania to Kosovo and Metohija; states that the visit constitutes a violation of the sovereignty of Yugoslavia, is contrary to Security Council resolution 1244 (1999) and encourages the Albanian separatists.

S/1999/1093 Letter, 16 Nov. 1999, from Yugoslavia protesting against the opening of the operation of the Pristina-Tirana air route by "Albanian Airlines" without the consent of or consultations with the competent authorities of Yugoslavia.

S/1999/1100 Letter, 22 Oct. 1999, from Yugoslavia informing about incidents that took place between the United States patrol and Serbian civilians in the village of Cernica near Gnjilane in Kosovo and Metohija on 2 and 3 Oct. 1999; protests against the alleged behaviour of the United States contingent of KFOR towards Serbian civilians; states that such incidents encourage Albanian separatism and intimidate the Serbs into leaving Kosovo and Metohija.


S/1999/1104 Letter, 29 Oct. 1999, from Yugoslavia protesting against the alleged attack on a convoy of Serbian refugees, protected by KFOR, on the road from Orahovac, Kosovo and Metohija, to Montenegro, by the Kosovo Liberation Army (KLA) on 27 Oct. 1999; states that the responsibility of this incident lies with the UN civil and security presences and requests the Security Council to exercise its authority and take appropriate, concrete measures.

S/1999/1107 Letter, 29 Oct. 1999, from Yugoslavia protesting against the intention of the Special Representative of the Secretary-General to carry out a population registration in Kosovo and Metohija.

S/1999/1117 Letter, 2 Nov. 1999, from the President of the International Tribunal for the Former Yugoslavia drawing attention to outstanding matters of State non-compliance with article 29 of the International Tribunal's statute, their refusal to cooperate with the Tribunal and failure to carry out their legal obligations; includes a list of previous reports of non-compliance as an annex.
FORMER YUGOSLAVIA SITUATION (continued)

S/1999/1119 Letter, 5 Nov. 1999, from the President of the Security Council referring to the report of the Secretary-General (S/1999/887) and (S/1999/887/Add.1), in which the Secretary-General recommended that the total number of UN civilian police officers in the UN Interim Administration Mission in Kosovo be increased to 4,718; informs the Secretary-General that the members of the Council take note of the proposed increase.


S/1999/1143 Letter, 4 Nov. 1999, from Yugoslavia protesting the decision of the Special Representative of the Secretary-General in Kosovo and Metohija to adopt regulations 1999/10, 1999/11, 1999/12 and 1999/13 which it states are examples of violations of Security Council resolution 1244 (1999).

S/1999/1144 Letter, 5 Nov. 1999, from Yugoslavia informing the President of the Security Council that on 4 Nov. 1999 the Government adopted a memorandum (contained in S/1999/1142) on the implementation of Security Council resolution 1244 (1999); holds KFOR and the UN Interim Administration Mission in Kosovo, in particular the Special Representative of the Secretary-General, responsible for actions taken against Serbs and other non-Albanians in Kosovo and Metohija; asks for the full respect of the sovereignty and territorial integrity of Yugoslavia.

S/1999/1157 Letter, 9 Nov. 1999, from Finland transmitting statement by the Presidency of the European Union issued on behalf of the European Union concerning ongoing violence in Kosovo issued on 4 Nov. 1999; appeals in particular to the leaders of the Kosovo Albanian community to condemn acts of violence and to work with KFOR and the UN Interim Administration Mission in Kosovo to eliminate incidents of violence and intimidation against the Serbs.

S/1999/1164 Letter, 12 Nov. 1999, from Yugoslavia protesting about the state of health services in the upper Morava river basin in Kosovo and Metohija; states that Serbian doctors have been evicted from the Medical Centre at Gnjilane resulting in inadequate health services to the Serbian population.

S/1999/1165 Letter, 12 Nov. 1999, from Yugoslavia protesting against the decision of 8 Nov. 1999 of the Special Representative of the Secretary-General for Kosovo to establish a separate budget and a central budget authority for the province; states that it will not recognize decisions taken by the international security force or the UN Interim Administration Mission in Kosovo in violation of the provisions of Security Council resolution 1244 (1999).

FORMER YUGOSLAVIA SITUATION (continued)

S/1999/1166 Letter, 15 Nov. 1999, from Yugoslavia conveying the commiseration of the Government over the crash of the UN planes in Kosovo and Metohija; states that flights to Kosovo and Metohija are operated in violation of the sovereignty and territorial integrity of Yugoslavia and calls for its sovereign rights to be respected in its entire air space.


S/1999/1190 Letter, 20 Nov. 1999, from Yugoslavia protesting against the 6 new regulations in various fields of civil administration introduced recently by the Special Representative of the Secretary-General of the UN in Kosovo and Metohija; states that it constitutes a flagrant violation of Security Council resolution 1244 (1999).

S/1999/1193 Letter, 22 Nov. 1999, from Yugoslavia concerning the attack that took place near Kursumlija, Serbia, 21 Nov. 1999 allegedly killing 2 members of the Ministry of the Interior and wounding 6 others; demands that an investigation be conducted to apprehend and punish the perpetrators of the crime.

S/1999/1198 Letter, 25 Nov. 1999, from Yugoslavia referring to its earlier letter (S/1999/1193) protesting the alleged attack that took place near Kursumlija on 21 Nov. 1999; provides additional information about a new attack that took place between the villages of Konculj and Lucane, municipality of Bujanovac, on 23 Nov. 1999.

S/1999/1210 (A/54/641) Letter, 23 Nov. 1999, from Liechtenstein transmitting Chairman’s summary on the Extraordinary Liechtenstein Colloquium on Peace and the Future in South-Eastern Europe, 17-20 June 1999 in Tübingen, Liechtenstein; the meeting was held within the wider framework of the Liechtenstein Research Programme on Self-determination at the Woodrow Wilson School of Princeton University.

S/1999/1212 Letter, 1 Dec. 1999, from Yugoslavia stating its objection to the participation of the Kosovo Force and the UN Interim Administration Mission in Kosovo in preparing and staging the marking of the national day of Albania in Kosovo and Metohija.

S/1999/1229 Letter, 8 Dec. 1999, from Yugoslavia lodging a protest over alleged arbitrary arrests and detention of Serbs in Kosovo and Metohija by the international security force and the UN Interim Administration Mission in Kosovo.

S/1999/1240 Letter, 10 Dec. 1999, from Yugoslavia concerning the situation in Kosovo and Metohija which it states has deteriorated since the deployment of the International security force (KFOR) and the UN Interim Administration Mission in Kosovo; includes a list of letters on the matter which have been issued as Security Council documents.
S/1999/1245 Letter, 13 Dec. 1999, from Yugoslavia stating that the question of the division of assets and liabilities of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia is the subject of separate negotiations conducted in the framework of the Peace Implementation Council with the mediation of Special Negotiator Arthur Watts; states also that the last Draft Agreement on succession, proposed by the Special Negotiator, is acceptable to it in principle.


S/1999/1255 Letter, 15 Dec. 1999, from Yugoslavia concerning the Regulation on Bank Licensing, Supervision and Regulation of Banks in Kosovo issued by the Special Representative of the Secretary-General, which it considers a violation of the territorial integrity and sovereignty of Yugoslavia; calls for the UN Interim Administration Mission in Kosovo to abide strictly by Council决议 1244 (1999).

S/1999/1261 Letter, 17 Dec. 1999, from Yugoslavia concerning the decision of the Special Representative of the Secretary-General to grant permission to Albania to open a representative office in Kosovo and Metohija, which it considers a violation of international law and international relations relative to the respect of the sovereignty and territorial integrity of States.

S/1999/1262 Letter, 17 Dec. 1999, from Yugoslavia concerning the joint Administrative Council established by the Special Representative of the Secretary-General, which it considers a violation of Security Council resolution 1244 (1999), which empowers the UN Interim Administration Mission in Kosovo to act as a transitional authority pending the establishment of legal authorities following an election, i.e., until a political solution is achieved.

S/1999/1263 Letter, 17 Dec. 1999, from Yugoslavia concerning alleged destruction of Orthodox religious shrines in Kosovo and Metohija, including in an annex a list of destroyed churches requests the Security Council to take measures to protect these shrines and further requests that monks, nuns and clergy return to their churches and monasteries and that an expert team be allowed to access such sites and to assess damages.

S/1999/1269 Letter, 20 Dec. 1999, from Yugoslavia concerning armed incident on 17 Dec. 1999 in Orahovac which resulted in 1 death and injuries to 9 persons; demands that the perpetrators be brought to justice and that the Kosovo Force implement its obligations in accordance with Security Council resolution 1244 (1999).

FORMER YUGOSLAVIA SITUATION (continued)

S/1999/517 Draft resolution on relief assistance to Kosovo refugees and internally displaced persons in Kosovo, the Republic of Montenegro and other parts of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia / Argentina, Bahrain, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Brazil, Egypt, Gabon, Gambia, Islamic Republic of Iran, Jordan, Kuwait, Malaysia, Morocco, Namibia, Pakistan, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Slovenia, Turkey, United Arab Emirates and Yemen.

S/1999/685 Draft resolution on the deployment of international civil and security presences in Kosovo / Bahrain, Canada, France, Gabon, Germany, Italy, Japan, Netherlands, Russian Federation, Slovenia, Ukraine, United Kingdom and United States.

S/1999/775 Draft resolution on the monitoring of the demilitarization of the Prevlaka peninsula by UN observers.

S/1999/834 Draft resolution on the role of the High Representative for the implementation of the Peace Agreement.

FORMER YUGOSLAVIA SITUATION (continued)

Statements by the President of the Security Council

S/PRST/1999/2 Statement made on behalf of the Security Council at the 3967th meeting, 19 Jan. 1999, in connection with prior consultations held among Council members on the item concerning the situation in Kosovo (Yugoslavia) / President, Security Council.

Strongly condemns the massacre of Kosovo Albanians in the village of Racak in Southern Kosovo, Federal Republic of Yugoslavia, on 15 Jan. 1999, as reported by the Organization for Security and Cooperation in Europe (OSCE) Kosovo Verification Mission (KVM); emphasizes the need for an urgent and full investigation of the facts and urgently calls upon the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia to work with the International Tribunal for the former Yugoslavia and KVM to ensure that those responsible are brought to justice; deplores the decision by Belgrade to declare KVM Head of Mission Mr. Walker persona non grata and reaffirms its full support for Mr. Walker and the efforts of the OSCE to facilitate a peaceful settlement; calls upon Belgrade to rescind this decision and to cooperate fully with Mr. Walker and the KVM; also deplores the decision by the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia to refuse access to the Prosecutor of the International Tribunal and calls upon the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia to cooperate fully with the International Tribunal in carrying out an investigation in Kosovo; condemns the shooting of personnel of the KVM on 15 Jan. 1999 and reiterates its demands that the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia and the Kosovo Albanians cooperate fully with the KVM; warns the Kosovo Liberation Army against actions which are contributing to tensions; calls upon all parties to respect fully their commitments under the relevant resolutions and affirms once again its full support for international efforts to facilitate a peaceful settlement on the basis of equality for all citizens and ethnic communities in Kosovo.

S/PRST/1999/5 Statement made on behalf of the Security Council at the 3974th meeting, 29 Jan. 1999, in connection with prior consultations held among Council members on the item concerning the situation in Kosovo (Yugoslavia) / President, Security Council.

Expresses its deep concern at the escalating violence in Kosovo and about attacks on civilians and underlines the need for a full and unhindered investigation of such actions; supports the decisions of the Foreign Ministers of the International Contact Group, following their meeting in London, 29 Jan., which aim at reaching a political settlement between the parties and establish a framework and timetable for that purpose; reiterates its support for international efforts including those of the Contact Group and the Organization for Security and Cooperation in Europe Kosovo Verification Mission; reaffirms its commitment to the sovereignty and territorial integrity of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia.
FORMER YUGOSLAVIA SITUATION (continued)

S/PV.3966 (15 Jan. 1999) Croatia, Germany and Italy.
S/PV.3967 (19 Jan. 1999) Germany and Italy.
S/PV.3968 (24 Mar. 1999) Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Belarus, Germany and India.
S/PV.3969 (28 Mar. 1999) Albanian, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Cuba, Germany, India, Ukraine and Yugoslavia.
S/PV.4000 (9 May 1999) Albania, Belarus, Cuba, India, Iraq and Ukraine.
S/PV.4003 (14 May 1999) Albania, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Cuba, Egypt, Islamic Republic of Iran, Jordan, Kuwait, Morocco, Pakistan, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Turkey, Ukraine, Yemen and the Organization of the Islamic Conference.
S/PV.4011 (10 June 1999) Albania, Belarus, Bulgaria, Costa Rica, Croatia, Cuba, Germany, Hungary, Islamic Republic of Iran, Italy, Japan, Mexico, Norway, the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia and Ukraine.
S/PV.4014 (18 June 1999) Bosnia and Herzegovina, Germany and Italy.
S/PV.4023 (15 July 1999) Croatia, Germany and Italy.

S/PV.4039 (15 Nov. 1999) Bosnia and Herzegovina.

Discussion in plenary
At the 3966th meeting, draft resolution S/1999/39 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1222 (1999).
At the 3967th meeting, the President made a statement, on behalf of the Council, in connection with prior consultations held among Council members on recent armed Incidents in Kosovo, Federal Republic of Yugoslavia: S/PRST/1999/2.
At the 3974th meeting, the President made a statement, on behalf of the Council, in connection with prior consultations held among Council members on the situation in Kosovo: S/PRST/1999/5.
At the 3982nd meeting, draft resolution S/1999/201 was not adopted owing to the negative vote of a permanent member of the Security Council.
At the 3989th meeting, draft resolution S/1999/328 was not adopted having failed to obtain the required majority (3-0-12).
S/PV.4000 (8 May 1999).
Corrects text.
S/PV.4001 (14 May 1999).
At the 4001st meeting, the President made a statement, on behalf of the Council following consultations among members on the item entitled "Letter dated 7 May 1999 from the Permanent Representative of China to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/1999/523):" S/PRST/1999/12.
S/PV.4003 (14 May 1999).
At the 4003rd meeting, draft resolution S/1999/517 was adopted (13-0-2): resolution 1239 (1999).
S/PV.4011 (10 June 1999).
At the 4011th meeting, draft resolution S/1999/661 was adopted (14-0-1): resolution 1244 (1999).
S/PV.4011/Resumption1 (10 June 1999).
S/PV.4014 (18 June 1999).
At the 4014th meeting, draft resolution S/1999/888 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1247 (1999).
S/PV.4023 (15 July 1999).
At the 4023rd meeting, draft resolution S/1999/795 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1252 (1999).
At the 4030th meeting, draft resolution S/1999/834 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1259 (1999).
FORMER YUGOSLAVIA SITUATION (continued)

S/PV.4051 (5 Nov. 1999).
S/PV.4069 (15 Nov. 1999).
S/PV.4089 (15 Nov. 1999).
Corrects text.

Resolutions

S/RES/1122(1999) [Demilitarization of the Prevlaka peninsula].

Authorizes the UN military observers to continue monitoring the demilitarization of the Prevlaka peninsula until 15 July 1999; requests the Secretary-General, in the light of the improved cooperation and reduction in tensions in Prevlaka as described in his report, to consider possible reductions, without prejudice to the main operational activities of the UN Mission of Observers in Prevlaka (UNMOP), focusing on the possibility of reducing the number of military observers to as few as 22; further requests the Secretary-General to submit a report by 15 Apr. 1999 on the progress of bilateral negotiations between the parties, as well as on possible ways to facilitate a negotiated settlement; urges once again that the parties abide by their mutual commitments and implement fully the Agreement on Normalization of Relations, and stresses in particular the urgent need for them to fulfill rapidly and in good faith their commitment to reach a negotiated resolution of the disputed issue of Prevlaka in accordance with article 4 of the Agreement; requests the UN military observers and the multinational stabilization force to cooperate fully with each other. (Adopted unanimously, 3966th meeting, 15 Jan. 1999)

S/RES/1239(1999) [Relief assistance to Kosovo refugees and internally displaced persons in Kosovo, the Republic of Montenegro and other parts of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia].

Commends the efforts that have been taken by Member States, UNHCR and other international humanitarian relief organizations in providing the urgently needed relief assistance to the Kosovo refugees in Albania, the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia and Bosnia and Herzegovina, and urges them and other in a position to do so to contribute resources for humanitarian assistance to the refugees and internally displaced persons; invites UNHCR and other international humanitarian relief organizations to extend relief assistance to the internally displaced persons in Kosovo, the Republic of Montenegro and other parts of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia, as well as to other civilians being affected by the ongoing crisis; calls for access for UN and all other humanitarian personnel operating in Kosovo and other parts of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia; emphasizes that the humanitarian situation will continue to deteriorate in the absence of a political solution to the crisis consistent with the principles adopted by the Foreign Ministers of Canada, France, Germany, Italy, Japan, the Russian Federation, the United Kingdom and the United States on 6 May 1999 (S/1999/516), and urges all concerned to work towards this aim. (Adopted 13-0-2, 4003rd meeting, 14 May 1999)

S/RES/1244(1999) [Deployment of international civil and security presences in Kosovo].

Decides on the deployment in Kosovo, under UN auspices, of international civil and security presences, with appropriate equipment and personnel as required; requests the Secretary-General to appoint a Special Representative to control the implementation of the international civil presence; authorizes Member States and relevant international organizations to establish the international security presence in Kosovo; authorizes the Secretary-General to establish an international civil presence in Kosovo in order to provide an interim administration for Kosovo under which the people of Kosovo can enjoy substantial autonomy within the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia; decides that the prohibitions imposed by paragraph 8 of resolution 1160 (1998) shall not apply to arms and related material for the use of the international civil and security presences; decides that the international civil and security presences are established for an initial period of 12 months, to continue thereafter unless the Security Council decides otherwise. (Adopted unanimously, 3966th meeting, 15 Jan. 1999)
FORMER YUGOSLAVIA SITUATION (continued)

S/RES/1247(1999) [Continuation of the multinational stabilization force (SFOR) and extension of the mandate of the UN Mission in Bosnia and Herzegovina (UNMIBH)].

Advises the Member States acting through or in cooperation with the organization referred to in Annex 1-A of the Peace Agreement to continue for a further planned period of 12 months the multinational stabilization force (SFOR) as established in accordance with its resolution 1088 (1996) under unified command and control in order to fulfill the role specified in Annex 1-A and Annex 2 of the Peace Agreement; authorizes Member States to take all necessary measures, at the request of SFOR, either in defense of SFOR or to assist the force in carrying out its mission and to take all necessary measures to ensure compliance with the rules and procedures established by the Commander of SFOR, governing command and control of airspace over Bosnia and Herzegovina with respect to all civilian and military air traffic; requests the authorities in Bosnia and Herzegovina to cooperate with the Commander of SFOR to ensure the effective management of the airports of Bosnia and Herzegovina; decides to extend the mandate of UNMIBH for an additional period terminating on 21 June 2000, and also decides that the International Police Task Force (IPTF) shall continue to be entrusted with the tasks set out in Annex 11 of the Peace Agreement; requests the Secretary-General to keep the Council regularly informed regarding the interpretation of Annex 10 on civilian and military air traffic; requests the Commander of SFOR to ensure the effective implementation of the Peace Agreement. (Adopted unanimously, 4014th meeting, 18 June 1999)

S/RES/1252(1999) [Monitoring of the demilitarization of the Prevlaka peninsula by UN observers].

Authorizes the UN military observers to continue monitoring the demilitarization of the Prevlaka peninsula, until 15 Jan. 2000; reiterates its calls upon the parties to cease all violations of the demilitarization regime in UN designated zones, to take steps further to reduce tension and to improve safety and security in the area, to cooperate fully with the UN military observers and to ensure their safety and full and unrestricted freedom of movement; requests the Secretary-General to report by 15 Oct. 1999 with recommendations and options further to develop confidence-building measures between the parties aimed; urges once again that the parties abide by their mutual commitments and implement fully the Agreement on Normalization of Relations; requests the UN military observers and the multinational stabilization force to cooperate fully with each other. (Adopted unanimously, 4023rd meeting, 15 July 1999)

FORMER YUGOSLAVIA SITUATION (continued)

S/RES/1256(1999) [Role of the High Representative for the implementation of the Peace Agreement].

Welcomes and agrees to the designation by the Steering Board of the Peace Implementation Council on 12 July 1999 of Wolfgang Petritsch as High Representative in succession to Carlos Westendorp; pays tribute to the efforts of Carlos Westendorp in his work as High Representative; reaffirms the importance it attaches to the role of the High Representative in pursuing the implementation of the Peace Agreement and giving guidance to and coordinating the activities of the civilian organizations and agencies involved in assisting the parties to implement the Peace Agreement; reaffirms also the final authority of the High Representative in theatre regarding the interpretation of Annex 10 on civilian implementation of the Peace Agreement. (Adopted unanimously, 4030th meeting, 3 Aug. 1999)

GEORGIA SITUATION

See also: UN OBSERVER MISSION IN GEORGIA

Reports


General documents

GEORGIA SITUATION (continued)

S/1999/601 Letter, 19 July 1999, from Georgia transmitting statement of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs on the intention of the Abkhaz separatist authorities to hold presidential elections in the fall of 1999 in Abkhazia, Georgia; states that the holding of fair and free elections will become possible only after agreement has been reached on the political status of Abkhazia within internationally recognized borders of Georgia, when all the residents of the region have the right to vote and freely express their choice, as specified in the statement of the President of the Security Council of 22 Oct. 1996 (S/PRST/1996/43).

S/1999/805 Letter, 20 July 1999, from Georgia concerning the continued availability of armaments to the Abkhaz separatists which has unleashed incidents of violence against returnees; refers to the illegal shipments of armaments to Abkhazia in contravention of Security Council resolution 876 (1993) and states that the increasing amounts of unregistered armaments has contributed to a situation which poses a threat to the security and stability of the region.

S/1999/609 Letter, 21 July 1999, from Georgia transmitting letter of 19 July 1999 from the President concerning the conflict in Abkhazia, Georgia; states that the Security Council should consider, as a matter of utmost urgency, the full resumption of the functions of the UN Observer Mission in Georgia, including reinforcing the monitoring of the human rights situation.

S/1999/813 Letter, 22 July 1999, from Georgia transmitting text entitled "Basic principles for determining the political status of Abkhazia within the new State structure of Georgia", proposed by the Government.

S/1999/814 Letter, 22 July 1999, from Georgia transmitting statement of 6 July 1999 made by the President of Georgia to the International Conference-Seminar on the Policy of Genocide and Ethnic Cleansing in Abkhazia, Georgia. Also transmits the appeal of the participants of the Conference to the Security Council, statement by the Prosecutor General of Georgia and statements by eyewitnesses to armed incidents in Abkhazia.


S/1999/1040 Letter, 7 Oct. 1999, from Finland transmitting statement issued on 6 Oct. 1999 by the Presidency of the European Union on the presidential elections and a referendum on the Constitution held on 3 Oct. 1999 in Abkhazia, Georgia; states that the European Union considers the elections and the referendum null and void and the holding of them detrimental to the efforts to find a peaceful solution to the conflict within the Geneva process.

GEORGIA SITUATION (continued)

S/1999/1058 Letter, 12 Oct. 1999, from Georgia informing about passing Special Decree No. 328 on 19 May 1999 by the President, which brings into force the Provisional Rules of Navigation to the Seaports of Abkhazia; states that the legal regime established by the Decree is consonant with Security Council resolution 876 (1993) on the situation in Abkhazia, which tries to prevent all assistance, other than humanitarian, to Abkhazia, especially the supply of any weapons and munitions.

S/1999/1079 Letter, 13 Oct. 1999, from the Secretary-General addressed to the President of the Security Council reports the appointment of Dieter Boden (Germany) as his Special Representative and Head of Mission of the UN Observer Mission in Georgia.

S/1999/1080 Letter, 21 Oct. 1999, from the President of the Security Council reporting that the members of the Council took note of the Secretary-General's intention to appoint Dieter Boden (Germany) as his Special Representative and Head of the UN Observer Mission in Georgia.

S/1999/1155 Letter, 7 Nov. 1999, from Ukraine transmitting statement by the Council of Ministers for Foreign Affairs of the Commonwealth of Independent States, adopted at the meeting of the Council in Yalta, Ukraine, 8 Oct. 1999; considers the presidential elections and the referendum in Abkhazia, Georgia, to be illegal states that the holding by the Abkhaz side of elections and a "referendum" is not conducive to the settlement of the conflict in Abkhazia, Georgia, and complicates the search for mutually acceptable solutions regarding the status of Abkhazia.


S/1999/1181 Letter, 18 Nov. 1999, from Georgia transmitting statement of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs regarding the alleged violation of the border of Georgia and shooting at the settlements by the helicopters of the air forces of the Russian Federation; demands the leadership of the Russian Federation to put an end to such acts against Georgia.


Draft resolutions

S/1999/79 Draft resolution on extension of the mandate of the UN Observer Mission in Georgia / France, Germany, Russian Federation, United Kingdom and United States.

S/1999/832 Draft resolution on extension of the mandate of the UN Observer Mission in Georgia.
GEORGIA SITUATION (continued)

Statements by the President of the Security Council

S/PV.3997 (7 May 1999).
At the 3997th meeting, the President made a statement, on behalf of the Council following consultations among members on the item, entitled "The situation in Georgia": S/PRST/1999/11.

S/PV.4029 (30 July 1999).
At the 4029th meeting, draft resolution S/1999/632 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1225 (1999).

S/PV.4065 (12 Nov. 1999).
At the 4065th meeting, the President made a statement, on behalf of the Council, following consultations among Council members on the item entitled "The situation in Georgia": S/PRST/1999/30.

Resolutions

S/RES/1225(1999) [Extension of the mandate of the UN Observer Mission in Georgia (UNOMIG)].
Demands that both sides widen their commitment to the UN-led peace process; strongly supports the sustained efforts made by the Secretary-General and his Special Representative with the assistance of the Russian Federation in its capacity as facilitator as well as of the Group of Friends of the Secretary-General and of the Organization for Security and Cooperation in Europe to prevent hostilities and to give a new impetus to the negotiations within the UN-led peace process in order to achieve a comprehensive political settlement, and welcomes, in this context, the intention of the Secretary-General to propose a strengthening of the civilian component of UNOMIG; demands that both sides observe strictly the Moscow Agreement of 14 May 1994 on a Ceasefire and Separation of Forces, and calls upon them to display greater resolve and willingness to make the Joint Investigation Group functional; decides to extend the mandate of UNOMIG for a new period terminating on 31 July 1999, subject to a review by the Council of the mandate of UNOMIG in the event of any changes that may be made in the mandate or in the presence of the Collective Peacekeeping Forces of the Commonwealth of Independent States; requests the Secretary-General to continue to keep the Council regularly informed and to report after 3 months from the date of the adoption of this resolution on the situation in Abkhazia, Georgia. (Adopted unanimously, 3972nd meeting, 28 Jan. 1999)

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GEORGIA SITUATION (continued)


Underlines the necessity for the parties to achieve an early and comprehensive political settlement, which includes a settlement on the political status of Abkhazia within the State of Georgia, which fully respects the sovereignty and territorial integrity of Georgia within its internationally recognized borders; considers unacceptable and illegitimate the holding of self-styled elections in Abkhazia, Georgia; expresses its continuing concern at the situation of refugees and displaced persons, in particular those resulting from the hostilities of May 1998 and calls upon the parties to address this issue urgently by agreeing and implementing effective measures to guarantee the security of those who exercise their unconditional right to return; takes note with appreciation of the agreements reached at the meetings of 16-18 Oct. 1998 and 7-9 June 1999; demands that both sides observe strictly the Moscow Agreement of 14 May 1995 on a Ceasefire and Separation of Forces; condemns the ongoing activities by armed groups, which endanger the civilian population, impede the work of the humanitarian organizations and seriously delay the normalization of the situation in the Gall region, reiterates its concern regarding the security of UNOMIG, welcomes the implementation of measures in this regard and requests the Secretary-General to keep the security of UNOMIG under constant review; decides to extend the mandate of UNOMIG for a new period terminating on 31 Jan. 2000; requests the Secretary-General to continue to keep the Council regularly informed and to report 3 months from the date of the adoption of this resolution on the situation in Abkhazia, Georgia. (Adopted unanimously, 4029th meeting, 30 July 1999)

GREAT LAKES REGION (AFRICA)—REGIONAL SECURITY

See also: BURUNDI SITUATION

DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF THE CONGO SITUATION

REFUGEES

RWANDA SITUATION

General documents

S/1999/65 Letter, 14 Jan. 1999, from the Sudan referring to the final report of the International Commission of Inquiry (Rwanda) contained in document S/1998/1056; reiterates allegations that between 5,000 and 6,000 of the former Forces armées rwandaises and Interahamwe have been located in the southern Sudan and trained in Juba, Amadi and Nganagia.


S/1999/450 Letter, 20 Apr. 1999, from the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya transmitting Peace Agreement for the Great Lakes Region, signed at Sirte, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, by the leaders of Uganda, the Democratic Republic of the Congo, Chad, Eritrea and the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, 18 Apr. 1999; also informs the President of the Security Council of the decision to deploy ceasefire monitors from Liberia, the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya and Zambia in the region.


S/1999/1132 Letter, 2 Nov. 1999, from the Secretary-General informing the President of the Security Council that the Secretary-General has decided to extend the appointment of Mohammed Sahnoun as his Adviser on Africa until 31 Dec. 2000.

S/1999/1133 Letter, 5 Nov. 1999, from the President of the Security Council reporting that the members of the Council take note of the decision of the Secretary-General to extend the appointment of Mohammed Sahnoun as his Adviser on Africa until 31 Dec. 2000.

S/1999/1138 Letter, 2 Nov. 1999, from the Secretary-General informing the Security Council that the Secretary-General has decided to extend the appointment of Ayité Jean-Claude Kpakpo (Benin) as Senior UN Adviser to the Facilitator of the Burundi Peace Process until June 2000.

S/1999/1139 Letter, 5 Nov. 1999, from the President of the Security Council reporting that the members of the Council take note of the decision of the Secretary-General to extend the appointment of Ayité Jean-Claude Kpakpo (Benin) as Senior UN Adviser to the Facilitator of the Burundi peace process until June 2000; refers to document (S/1999/1138).

S/1999/1298 Letter, 29 Dec. 1999, from the Secretary-General informing the Security Council of his decision to appoint Berhanu Dinka as his Special Representative for the Great Lakes Region at the Assistant Secretary-General level; also informs the Council of his intention to extend the Special Representative's mandate, as revised, until the end of Dec. 2000.

S/1999/1297 Letter, 30 Dec. 1999, from the President of the Security Council referring to the document S/1999/1296; informs the Secretary-General that the members of the Council take note of his decision to appoint Berhanu Dinta as his Special Representative for the Great Lakes Region.
GREAT LAKES REGION (AFRICA)-REGIONAL SECURITY (continued)

Participation by non-Council members (without the right to vote)


GUINEA BISSAU SITUATION (continued)

Reports


General documents


GUINEA BISSAU SITUATION (continued)


S/1999/446 Letter, 19 Apr. 1999, from Togo informing the Secretary-General that the Government of Togo has decided to establish a UN Peace-building Support Office in Guinea-Bissau.

S/1999/494 Letter, 26 Apr. 1999, from the Secretary-General informing the Security Council of his decision to appoint Samuel Nana-Sinkam (Cameroon) as his Representative in Guinea-Bissau to lead the UN Post-Conflict Peace-Building Support Office established by Security Council resolution 1233 (1999).

S/1999/495 Letter, 30 Apr. 1999, from the President of the Security Council referring to letter of 26 Apr. from the Secretary-General (S/1999/494): reports that the members of the Security Council have taken note of the decision to appoint Samuel Nana-Sinkam of Cameroon as the Secretary-General’s Representative in Guinea-Bissau.

S/1999/533 Letter, 10 May 1999, from Burkina Faso transmitting 3 communiqués issued by the Central Organ of the Mechanism for Conflict Prevention, Management and Resolution of OAU at its 57th ordinary session, held at ambassadorial level at Addis Ababa on 10 May 1999.

S/1999/552 Letter, 12 May 1999, from Togo transmitting communiqué of 7 May 1999 issued by the Office of the President of Togo: concerns the seizure of power in Guinea-Bissau by the self-proclaimed military junta.

S/1999/569 Letter, 13 May 1999, from Mali transmitting communiqué concerning the situation in Guinea-Bissau, issued by the Government, 9 May: condemns the outbreak of hostilities, demands that the provisions of the 1998 Abuja agreement and its protocol be respected and calls for a political agreement and national reconciliation so that a free and democratic election can be held.

S/1999/581 Letter, 18 May 1999, from Germany transmitting statement of the same date issued by the Presidency of the European Union concerning recent developments in Guinea-Bissau: condemns the new outbreak of violence in violation of the Abuja Agreement as well as the attacks on diplomatic missions and states that it will carefully monitor developments and draw its conclusions from the current situation in consideration of the mechanisms laid down in the revised 4th Lomé Convention.
GUINEA BISSAU SITUATION (continued)

S/1999/650 Letter, 25 May 1999, from Cape Verde transmitting communiqué concerning the recent events in Guinea-Bissau, issued by the Community of Portuguese-Speaking Countries, 18 May 1999; expresses regret at the many casualties and substantial destruction of property and encourages the parties to further the implementation of measures towards the fulfillment of commitments undertaken, underlining the importance of holding legislative and presidential elections, scheduled for 28 Nov. 1999.


S/1999/737 Letter, 28 June 1999, from the Secretary-General transmitting revised mandate of the UN Peace-building Support Office in Guinea-Bissau (UNOGBIS), which takes into account the new realities on the ground and would enable UNOGBIS to contribute meaningfully to efforts aimed at restoring durable peace and sustainable development in the country.

S/1999/738 Letter, 30 June 1999, from the President of the Security Council reporting that the members of the Council take note of the information contained in letter of 28 June from the Secretary-General (S/1999/737) concerning the revised mandate of the UN Peace-building Support Office in Guinea-Bissau.


S/1999/1091 Letter, 13 Oct. 1999, from the Secretary-General referring to his report on Guinea-Bissau (S/1999/1015); reports on the tenuous situation along the borders with Guinea and Senegal and the request of the transitional Government of Guinea-Bissau for international military observers to monitor the situation; proposes instead for now to provide measures of confidence among the population during the electoral process and enumerates these measures.

S/1999/1092 Letter, 26 Oct. 1999, from the President of the Security Council reporting that the members of the Council take note of the Secretary-General’s proposals for providing interim measures of confidence among the population of Guinea-Bissau during the electoral process.


GUINEA BISSAU SITUATION (continued)


Draft resolutions

S/1999/369 Draft resolution on implementation of the Abuja Agreement and on establishment of a Post-Conflict Peace Building Support Office in Guinea-Bissau.

Participation by non-Council members (without the right to vote)


Discussion in plenary

S/PV.3991 (6 Apr. 1999).

At the 3991st meeting, draft resolution S/1999/369 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1233 (1999).

Resolutions


Commends the parties for the steps taken so far in the implementation of the Abuja Agreement, in particular the establishment of the new Government of National Unity, and strongly urges them to adopt and implement all measures necessary to ensure the smooth functioning of the new Government and all other institutions; supports the decision of the Secretary-General to establish UNOGBIS under the leadership of a Representative of the Secretary-General (S/1999/233); encourages all agencies, programmes, offices and funds of the UN system, including the Bretton Woods institutions, as well as other international partners to lend their support to UNOGBIS and to the Representative of the Secretary-General in order to establish, together with the Government of Guinea-Bissau, a comprehensive, concerted and coordinated approach to peace-building in Guinea-Bissau. (Adopted unanimously, 3991st meeting, 8 Apr. 1999)

HAITI—POLITICAL CONDITIONS

See also: UN CIVILIAN POLICE MISSION IN HAITI

Reports


Issued: 19 May 1999.


Issued: 18 Nov. 1999.
HAITI—POLITICAL CONDITIONS (continued)

General documents

S/1999/1 Letter, Jan. 27 1999, from Germany
transmitting statement on the current political situation in
Haiti, issued by the Presidency of the European Union,
26 Jan. 1999; calls upon all concerned to embark on a
political dialogue in order to establish a new Electoral
Council with a view to organizing elections as soon as
possible.

transmitting text entitled "Position of the Haitian
Government on the expiration of the mandate of the
forty-sixth Legislature", issued by the Ministry of Foreign

S/1999/170 (E/1999/7) Letter, 16 Feb. 1999, from the
President of the Economic and Social Council to the
President of the Security Council concerning
implementation of Article 65 of the Charter of the UN;
presents the outcome of discussions on 2 themes, the
promotion of durable peace and sustainable
development in Africa and a long-term programme of
support for Haiti.

S/1999/403 (E/1999/12) Letter, 7 Apr. 1999, from the
President of the Security Council; refers to document
E/1999/7-S/1999/170 and Security Council resolution
1212 (1998) and states that the members of the Council
will follow the matter concerning the designing of a long-
term programme of support for Haiti and may have
specific suggestions on cooperation between the 2
Councils in this regard.

S/1999/865 (E/1999/115) Letter, 31 July 1999, from the
President of the Economic and Social Council informing
the President of the Security Council of the adoption of
Economic and Social Council resolution 1999/11 based
on the report and recommendations of the Ad Hoc
Advisory Group on Haiti (E/1999/103) in which, among
other items, it is recommended to the General Assembly
to renew the mandate of the UN component of the
International Civilian Mission in Haiti and to consider
devising a special training and technical assistance
programme for the Haitian National Police.

President of the Security Council to the President of the
Economic and Social Council; refers to Economic and
Social Council resolution 1999/11 and informs the
President that the members of the Security Council
believe the efforts of the international community should
be geared towards supporting the Government of Haiti in
addressing the issues of capacity building of its
governmental institutions.

S/1999/069 Letter, 10 Sept. 1999, from the Secretary-
General informing the Security Council of his intention to
appoint Alfredo Lopes Cabral, the Permanent
Representative of Guinea-Bissau to the UN, as his
Representative in Haiti and Head of the UN Civilian
Police Mission replacing Julian Harston, who is leaving
his position in Haiti to join the UN Mission in Bosnia and
Herzegovina as the Secretary-General's Deputy Special
Representative.

Draft resolutions

S/1999/70 Letter, 14 Sept. 1999, from the President of
the Security Council informing the Secretary-General
that the members of the Council take note of his
intention to appoint Alfredo Lopes Cabral (Guinea-
Bissau) as his Representative in Haiti and Head of the
UN Civilian Police Mission in Haiti.

HAITI—POLITICAL CONDITIONS (continued)

Discussion in plenary


Resolutions

S/RES/1277(1999) [Decision to continue the UN Civilian
Police Mission in Haiti (MIPONUH)].

HUMAN RIGHTS

See also: FORMER YUGOSLAVIA—HUMAN RIGHTS
INTERNATIONAL TRIBUNAL—FORMER
YUGOSLAVIA
INTERNATIONAL TRIBUNAL—RWANDA

General documents

Turkmenistan reporting the introduction of a moratorium
on the use of the death penalty as a measure of
punishment, legalized by a decree issued by the
President of Turkmenistan on 6 Jan. 1999.

transmitting press release on the continuing death toll of
Eritreans in detention camps in Ethiopia, issued by the
Ministry of Foreign Affairs, 9 Jan. 1999; calls on the
international community to ensure the release of Eritrean
prisoners and to conduct an investigation into the matter.

transmitting report by Amnesty International concerning
the human rights of Eritreans and Ethiopians of Eritrean
origin in Ethiopia.
HUMAN RIGHTS (continued)

S/1999/46 (A/53/825) Letter, 11 Feb. 1999, from Lebanon transmitting letter from the national Follow-up Committee for the support of Lebanese detainees in Israeli prisons addressed to the Prime Minister and Minister for Foreign Affairs of Lebanon; provides information about Lebanese prisoners in Israeli prisons and in detention camps inside occupied Lebanese territory, including lists of detained persons in the various detention camps.


HUMAN RIGHTS—FORMER YUGOSLAVIA

See: FORMER YUGOSLAVIA—HUMAN RIGHTS

ICJ—MEMBERS (continued)

S/1999/1197 Note concerning the date of an election to fill a vacancy in the International Court of Justice / Secretary-General.

Draft resolutions

S/1999/1205 Draft resolution on election to fill a vacancy in the International Court of Justice.

Discussion in plenary

S/PV.4059 (3 Nov. 1999).

At the 4059th meeting, Awn Shawkat Al-Khasawneh (Jordan), Gilbert Guillame (France), Rosalyn Higgins (United Kingdom), Gonzalo Parra-Aranguren (Venezuela) and Raymond Ranjeva (Madagascar), having received the required majority of the votes in the Security Council and later in the General Assembly, were elected members of ICJ for a term of office of 9 years beginning on 6 Feb. 2000.

S/PV.4075 (30 Nov. 1999).

At the 4075th meeting, draft resolution S/1999/1205 was adopted without vote: resolution 1278 (1999).

Resolutions

S/RES/1278(1999) (Election to fill a vacancy in the International Court of Justice).

Decides that the election to fill the vacancy shall take place on 2 Mar. 2000 at a meeting of the Security Council and at a meeting of the General Assembly at its 54th session (Adopted without vote, 4075th meeting, 30 Nov. 1999)

INDIA—PAKISTAN

See: UN MILITARY OBSERVER GROUP IN INDIA AND PAKISTAN

INDONESIA—POLITICAL CONDITIONS

General documents


INTER-AFRICAN MISSION TO MONITOR THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE BANGUI AGREEMENTS

See: CENTRAL AFRICAN REPUBLIC SITUATION

INTERFET

See: INTERNATIONAL FORCE, EAST TIMOR
INTERNATIONAL FORCE, EAST TIMOR
See also: EAST TIMOR QUESTION

Reports


General documents
S/1999/975 Letter, 14 Sept. 1999, from Australia informing the Secretary-General that it is willing to accept leadership of the proposed multinational force in East Timor and that it is also prepared to make a substantial contribution to the force itself.

S/1999/1052 Identical letters, 12 Oct. 1999, from Indonesia addressed to the Secretary-General and to the President of the Security Council regarding the armed incident between Indonesian police and the International Force in East Timor that took place in Mataain, a village close to the border of East Timor, 10 Oct. 1999, during which 1 policeman was killed and others, as well as a civilian, were injured.

INTERNATIONAL FORCE, EAST TIMOR (continued)

S/1999/1055 Identical letters, 13 Oct. 1999, from Australia addressed to the Secretary-General and to the President of the Security Council informing, in the capacity as lead nation of the International Force in East Timor (INTERFET), about an exchange of fire between INTERFET and Indonesian forces (TNI and POLRI) and military elements that took place on 10 Oct. 1999 in the vicinity of Mataain, near the border between East and West Timor, and resulted in casualties on the Indonesian side.

Discussion in plenary

INTERNATIONAL POLICE TASK FORCE
See also: BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA SITUATION FORMER YUGOSLAVIA SITUATION UN MISSION IN BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA

Reports


General documents
S/1999/287 Letter, 17 Mar. 1999, from the Secretary-General reporting his intention to appoint Colonel Detlef Buwitt (Germany) to succeed Richard Monk (United Kingdom) as Commissioner of the International Police Task Force.

S/1999/288 Letter, 17 Mar. 1999, from the President of the Security Council informing the Secretary-General that the members of the Council take note of his intention to appoint Colonel Detlef Buwitt (Germany) as Commissioner of the International Police Task Force.

Draft resolutions
S/1999/688 Draft resolution on continuation of the multinational stabilization force and extension of the mandate of the UN Mission in Bosnia and Herzegovina / Canada, France, Germany, Italy, Netherlands, Russian Federation, United Kingdom and United States.

Participation by non-Council members (without the right to vote)
S/PV.4014 (18 June 1999) Bosnia and Herzegovina, Germany and Italy.

Discussion in plenary
S/PV.4014 (18 June 1999).
At the 4014th meeting, draft resolution S/1999/688 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1247 (1999).
INTERNATIONAL POLICE TASK FORCE (continued)

Resolutions

S/RES/1247(1999) [Continuation of the multinational stabilization force (SFOR) and extension of the mandate of the UN Mission in Bosnia and Herzegovina (UNMIBH)].

Authorizes the Member States acting through or in cooperation with the organization referred to in Annex 1-A of the Peace Agreement to continue for a further planned period of 12 months the multinational stabilization force (SFOR) as established in accordance with its resolution 1088 (1996) under unified command and control in order to full/1the role specified in Annex 1-A and Annex 2 of the Peace Agreement; authorizes Member States to take all necessary measures, at the request of SFOR, either in defence of SFOR or to assist the force in carrying out its mission and to take all necessary measures to ensure compliance with the rules and procedures established by the Commander of SFOR, governing command and control of airspace over Bosnia and Herzegovina with respect to all civilian and military air traffic; requests the authorities in Bosnia and Herzegovina to cooperate with the Commander of SFOR to ensure the effective management of the airports of Bosnia and Herzegovina; decides to extend the mandate of UNMIBH for an additional period terminating on 21 June 2000, and also decides that the International Police Task Force (IPTF) shall continue to be entrusted with the tasks set out in Annex 1 of the Peace Agreement; requests the Secretary-General to keep the Council regularly informed on the work of IPTF and its progress in assisting the restructuring of law enforcement agencies and UNMIBH's progress in monitoring and assessing the court system and to report every 3 months on the implementation of the mandate of UNMIBH as a whole. (Adopted unanimously, 4014th meeting, 18 June 1999)

INTERNATIONAL SECURITY

See also: PEACEKEEPING OPERATIONS

General documents


S/1999/170 (E/1999/7) Letter, 16 Feb. 1999, from the President of the Economic and Social Council to the President of the Security Council concerning implementation of Article 65 of the Charter of the UN; presents the outcome of discussions on 2 themes, the promotion of durable peace and sustainable development in Africa and a long-term programme of support for Haiti.

INTERNATIONAL SECURITY (continued)


S/1999/643 Letter, 10 May 1999, from the Sudan transmitting article published in the New York Times on the same date, entitled "Previous U.S. Intelligence Shortcomings" which list events stated to concern US intelligence activities.


S/1999/867 (A/54/214) Letter, 10 Aug. 1999, from Pakistan transmitting letter from the Foreign Minister concerning the alleged shooting down by India of a Pakistani navy aircraft inside Pakistani territory on 10 July 1999, killing 16 crew members; states that Pakistan reserves the right to make an appropriate response in self-defence.

S/1999/873 Letter, 10 Aug. 1999, from the Democratic People's Republic of Korea (DPRK) transmitting statement of the same date by the Government, entitled "Japan cannot see in 21st century as long as relations with DPRK remain unsettled"; concerns foreign relations between Japan and the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.


INTERNATIONAL SECURITY (continued)


S/1999/996 Letter, 23 Sept. 1999, from China, France, the Russian Federation, the United Kingdom and the United States transmitting statement by the Ministers for Foreign Affairs of the 5 permanent members of the Security Council following a meeting with the Secretary-General, 23 Sept. 1999; also transmits statement on combating international terrorism by the same 5 Ministers.


Statements by the President of the Security Council


Recalls its primary responsibility under the Charter of UN for the maintenance of international peace and security; affirms its commitment to the principles of the political independence, sovereignty and territorial integrity of all States in conducting peace-building activities, and the need for States to comply with their obligations under international law; bearing this in mind, the Council stresses the need for the implementation of practical measures to promote the success of the process which may include the following: (a) the inclusion within the specific peace agreements and on a case-by-case basis, within UN peacekeeping mandates, of clear terms for disarmament, demobilization and reintegration of ex-combatants, including the safe and timely disposal of arms and ammunition; (b) the establishment by Governments contributing to peacekeeping operations of databases of experts on disarmament, demobilization and reintegration of ex-combatants; (c) the prevention and reduction of the excessive and destabilizing flow, accumulation and illegitimate use of small arms and light weapons; requests the Secretary-General to submit to the Council within a period of 6 months, a report containing his analysis, observations and recommendations; the report should pay special attention to the problems of disarmament and demobilization of child soldiers and their reintegration into society.

INTERNATIONAL SECURITY (continued)

Participation by non-Council members (without the right to vote)

S/PV.4020 (8 July 1999) Australia, Bangladesh, Croatia, El Salvador, Finland, Guatemala, Indonesia, Japan, Mozambique, New Zealand, Republic of Korea and South Africa.

Discussion in plenary

S/PV.4020 (8 July 1999).
S/PV.4020 (Resumption1) (8 July 1999).
S/PV.4021 (8 July 1999).

At the 4021st meeting, the President made a statement, on behalf of the Council following consultations among members, on the item entitled “Maintenance of peace and security and post-conflict peace-building”;


INTERNATIONAL TRIBUNAL-FORMER YUGOSLAVIA

See also: BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA SITUATION
CROATIA SITUATION
FORMER YUGOSLAVIA-HUMAN RIGHTS
FORMER YUGOSLAVIA SITUATION
HUMAN RIGHTS

Reports


General documents

S/1999/383 Letter, 16 Mar. 1999, from the President of the International Tribunal for the former Yugoslavia reporting that the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro) continues to refuse to permit the Prosecutor and investigators of the International Tribunal to enter Kosovo; urges the Security Council to provide the necessary support to enable the Tribunal to discharge its mandate.
S/1999/625 Letter, 29 May 1999, from Yugoslavia transmitting statement dated 27 May 1999 from Yugoslavia following the indictment of the President of Yugoslavia and other senior officials by the International Tribunal for the Former Yugoslavia in The Hague.
INTERNATIONAL TRIBUNAL-FORMER YUGOSLAVIA (continued)

S/1999/685 Letter, 9 June 1999, from the Secretary-General referring to attached letter of 7 June 1999 from the Prosecutor of the International Tribunal for Yugoslavia outlining the requirements for conducting investigations in Kosovo as soon as international forces are allowed to enter the area; informs the Security Council of his intention to approve the request of the Prosecutor of the International Tribunal to proceed with issuing invitations to all Member States to offer gratis personnel, and to accept experts for the specialized functions related to forensic investigations, for a period of 6 months, and in accordance with the regime for gratis personnel established by the General Assembly.


S/1999/728 Letter, 26 June 1999, from the President of the Security Council referring to letter (S/1999/727) concerning the composition of the International Criminal Tribunal for the former Yugoslavia; supports the Secretary-General's intention to appoint Judge Patricia McGowan Wald as a member of the International Tribunal.


S/1999/923 Letter, 27 Aug. 1999, from Croatia transmitting statement of 26 Aug. 1999 from the Government regarding letter of 25 Aug. 1999 from the President of the International Tribunal for the Former Yugoslavia (S/1999/912); states that the alleged claim concerning Croatia's non-cooperation with the Tribunal is unfounded and that Croatia will present its views and explain its position to international organizations and foreign Governments, which will be corroborated by facts.

S/1999/936 Letter, 1 Sept. 1999, from Croatia transmitting letter of the same date from the Minister for Foreign Affairs regarding the position of Croatia on its cooperation with the International Tribunal for the Former Yugoslavia (ICTY); states that Croatia has, until now, successfully cooperated with the ICTY and that the questions raised are of a legal and procedural nature and easy to resolve.

INTERNATIONAL TRIBUNAL-FORMER YUGOSLAVIA (continued)

S/1999/1014 Note verbale, 16 Sept. 1999, from Austria referring to the Secretary-General's note of 4 Oct. 1994 concerning the application of article 27 of the Statute of the International Tribunal for the Former Yugoslavia; informs the Security Council that Austria is willing to carry out imprisonment sentences imposed by the International Tribunal in accordance with Austrian law, on a case-by-case basis.


S/1999/1117 Letter, 2 Nov. 1999, from the President of the International Tribunal for the Former Yugoslavia drawing attention to outstanding matters of State non-compliance with article 29 of the International Tribunal's statute, their refusal to cooperate with the Tribunal and failure to carry out their legal obligations; includes a list of previous reports of non-compliance as an annex.


S/1999/1304 Letter, 20 Dec. 1999, from the Secretary-General proposing the appointment of Fausto Pocar (Italy) as a Judge of the International Tribunal for Yugoslavia.

S/1999/1305 Letter, 29 Dec. 1999, from the President of the Security Council referring to letter S/1999/1304; informs the Secretary-General that after consulting the members of the Security Council, he concurs with the intention to appoint Fausto Pocar as a Judge of the International Tribunal for Yugoslavia.

S/1999/1306 Letter, 30 Dec. 1999, from the Secretary-General referring to document (S/1999/1305); informs the President of the Security Council that he has appointed Fausto Pocar (Italy) as a Judge of the International Tribunal for Yugoslavia.

Draft resolutions


Participation by non-Council members (without the right to vote)


Discussion in plenary


At the 1033rd meeting, draft resolution S/1999/863 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1259 (1999).
INTERNATIONAL TRIBUNAL—FORMER YUGOSLAVIA (continued)

S/PV.4053 (10 Nov. 1999).

Resolutions


Appoints Ms. Carla Del Ponte as Prosecutor of the International Tribunal for the Former Yugoslavia and the International Tribunal for Rwanda, with effect from the date on which Mrs. Louise Arbour's resignation takes effect.

(Adopted unanimously, 4033rd meeting, 11 Aug. 1999)

INTERNATIONAL TRIBUNAL—RWANDA

See also: HUMAN RIGHTS

RWANDA SITUATION

Reports


General documents


S/1999/449 Letter, 20 Apr. 1999, from the President of the Security Council referring to letter dated 12 Apr. 1999 (S/1999/448) concerning the composition of the International Criminal Tribunal for Rwanda; supports the Secretary-General's decision to appoint Judge Asoka de Zoysa Gunawardena as a member of the Tribunal.

S/1999/556 (A/53/960) Identical letters, 17 May 1999, from the Secretary-General addressed to the President of the General Assembly and the President of the Security Council transmitting letter of 14 May 1999 from the President of the International Tribunal for Rwanda; concerns extension of the term of office of a non-elected judge of the Tribunal in order to allow him to dispose of 2 on-going cases.

S/1999/1148 Letter, 8 Nov. 1999, from Rwanda transmitting statement of 8 Nov. 1999 by the Minister of Foreign Affairs and Regional Cooperation; condemns the recent decision of the Appeals Chamber of the International Criminal Tribunal for Rwanda to release from detention and dismiss criminal charges against Jean Bosco Bararagwiza and states that under the circumstances the Government of Rwanda has decided to suspend all cooperation with and assistance to the Tribunal.

Draft resolutions

S/1999/576 Draft resolution on completion of cases being handled by Judges of the International Tribunal for Rwanda whose terms of office are due to expire.

INTERNATIONAL TRIBUNAL—RWANDA (continued)


Participation by non-Council members (without the right to vote)


Discussion in plenary

S/PV.4066 (19 May 1999).

At the 4006th meeting, draft resolution S/1999/576 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1241 (1999).


At the 4033rd meeting, draft resolution S/1999/863 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1259 (1999).

S/PV.4063 (10 Nov. 1999).

Resolutions

S/RES/1241(1999) [Completion of cases being handled by Judges of the International Tribunal for Rwanda whose terms of office are due to expire].

Endorses the recommendation of the Secretary-General that Judge Aspegren, once replaced as a member of the Tribunal, finish the Rutaganda and Musema cases which he has begun before expiry of his term of office; and takes note of the intention of the international Tribunal to finish the cases if possible before 31 January 2000. (Adopted unanimously, 4006th meeting, 19 May 1999)


Appoints Ms. Carla Del Ponte as Prosecutor of the International Tribunal for the Former Yugoslavia and the International Tribunal for Rwanda, with effect from the date on which Mrs. Louise Arbour's resignation takes effect. (Adopted unanimously, 4033rd meeting, 11 Aug. 1999)

IPTF

See: INTERNATIONAL POLICE TASK FORCE

IRAN (ISLAMIC REPUBLIC OF)—IRAQ

General documents

S/1999/31 Letter, 10 Jan. 1999, from Iraq reporting violations of the ceasefire and the Tehran agreement concerning the area of separation between Iraq and Iran that were committed by the Iranian side, 22 June-7 Dec. 1998.

IRAN (ISLAMIC REPUBLIC OF)–IRAQ (continued)


S/1999/265 Letter, 10 Mar. 1999, from the Islamic Republic of Iran transmitting compilation of previously unreported violations by Iraq of the terms of the ceasefire between the 2 countries in 1997.

S/1999/280 Letter, 14 Mar. 1999, from Iraq informing the Deputy Chief of the Joint Staff Command of the armed forces of Iran on 10 June 1999 in pursuance of its letter of the same date from the Minister for Foreign Affairs reporting that on 10 June 1999, Iranian side fired targeted a well-known active terrorist camp, located in the Territory of Iraq, on 10 June 1999 in pursuance of its policies against terrorism and in the exercise of its right of self-defence under Art. 51 of the Charter.

S/1999/420 (A/54/78) Letter, 13 Apr. 1999, from the Islamic Republic of Iran transmitting the English translation of note verbale of 12 Apr. 1999 from the Ministry of Foreign Affairs addressed to the Embassy of Iraq in Tehran; concerns the assassination of the Deputy Chief of the Joint Staff Command of the armed forces of Iran on 10 Apr. 1999 allegedly by the Iraq-based MKO and calls upon Iraq to extradite those responsible for masterminding the killing.

S/1999/455 Letter, 20 Apr. 1999, from Iraq transmitting letter of the same date from the Minister for Foreign Affairs; refers to letter from the Islamic Republic of Iran (A/54/78-S/1999/420) concerning the assassination of the Deputy Chief of the Joint Staff Command of the armed forces of Iran on 10 Apr. 1999; states that Iraq is not responsible for the actions of the Mojahedin-e Khalq Organization.


S/1999/673 Letter, 12 June 1999, from Iraq transmitting letter of the same date from the Minister for Foreign Affairs reporting that on 10 June 1999, Iranian side fired 3 long-range ground-to-ground missiles at the Khaled camp, where the Mujahidin Khalq organization is based, and which is situated in Iraqi territory.

S/1999/781 Letter, 12 July 1999, from the Islamic Republic of Iran referring to letter dated 12 June from Iraq (S/1999/673); reports that concerned authorities targeted a well-known active terrorist camp, located in the territory of Iraq, on 10 June 1999 in pursuance of its policies against terrorism and in the exercise of its right of self-defence under Art. 51 of the Charter.


IRAN (ISLAMIC REPUBLIC OF)–IRAQ (continued)

S/1999/926 Letter, 26 Aug. 1999, from Iraq reporting violations of the ceasefire and the Tehran agreement concerning the area of separation between Iraq and Iran that were committed by the Iranian side, 11 Apr.-28 July 1999.

S/1999/1101 Letter, 27 Oct. 1999, from Iraq reporting violations of the ceasefire resolution and the Tehran agreement concerning the area of separation between Iraq and Iran that were committed by the Iranian side, 23 June- 4 Oct. 1999.

S/1999/1271 Letter, 20 Dec. 1999, from Iraq reporting violations of the ceasefire resolution and the Tehran agreement concerning the area of separation between Iraq and Iran that were committed by the Iranian side, 5 Oct.-27 Nov. 1999.

IRAN (ISLAMIC REPUBLIC OF)–UNITED ARAB EMIRATES

General documents

S/1999/10 Letter, 5 Jan. 1999, from the United Arab Emirates requesting the Security Council to retain in the list of matters of which it is seized the item entitled "Letter dated 3 Dec. 1991 from the Permanent Representatives of Algeria, Iraq, the Libyan Arab Republic and the People's Democratic Republic of Yemen to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council", which relates to the question of dispute between Iran and the United Arab Emirates over the 3 islands of the Greater Tunb, the Lesser Tunb and Abu Musa.

S/1999/64 Letter, 29 Jan. 1999, from the United Arab Emirates transmitting note verbal of 13 Jan. 1999 from the Ministry of Foreign Affairs addressed to the Embassy of the Islamic Republic of Iran in Abu Dhabi; refers to the manoeuvres carried out by air, ground and naval forces of the Iranian Army and Guard under the name "Unity 77", 4- 10 Dec. 1998; protests that the manoeuvres included the islands of the Greater Tunb, the Lesser Tunb and Abu Musa.


IRAN (ISLAMIC REPUBLIC OF)—UNITED ARAB EMIRATES (continued)

S/1999/236 Letter, 4 Mar. 1999, from the United Arab Emirates transmitting final communiqué adopted by the Ministerial Council of the Gulf Cooperation Council at its 23rd special session held in Abu Dhabi, 4 Mar. 1999; concerns the military exercises being conducted by the naval and air forces of the Islamic Republic of Iran in the waters between the Strait of Hormuz and the island of Abu Musa.

S/1999/296 Letter, 17 Mar. 1999, from the Islamic Republic of Iran transmitting 8 notes verbales from the Islamic Republic of Iran in response to 8 notes verbales from the United Arab Emirates; states that the assertions contained in them constitute interference in its internal affairs and categorically rejects them.

S/1999/305 Letter, 22 Mar. 1999, from the United Arab Emirates transmitting section (a) of the press release issued following the 70th session of the Ministerial Council of the Gulf Cooperation Council, held in Riyadh, Saudi Arabia, 14 and 15 Mar. 1999; concerns territorial claims over the islands, Greater Tunb, Lesser Tunb and Abu Musa.


S/1999/802 Letter, 20 July 1999, from the United Arab Emirates transmitting excerpt from the statement made by its Under-Secretary of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs in the 26th session of the Islamic Conference of Foreign Ministers held in Ouagadougou, Burkina Faso, 28 June-2 July 1999; concerns relations with the Islamic Republic of Iran and the dispute over the 3 islands of the Greater Tunb, the Lesser Tunb and Abu Musa.

IRAN (ISLAMIC REPUBLIC OF)—UNITED STATES (continued)

S/1999/1273 Letter, 21 Dec. 1999, from the United Arab Emirates concerning the territorial claims over 3 islands: Greater Tunb, Lesser Tunb and Abu Musa; requests the Security Council to retain in the list of matters of which it is seized the item entitled “Letter dated 3 December 1971 from the Permanent Representatives of Algeria, Iraq, the Libyan Arab Republic and the People’s Democratic Republic of Yemen to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/10409)”, which relates to this matter.

IRAQ

See: IRAQ—HUMAN RIGHTS
IRAQ—KUWAIT SITUATION

IRAQ—AIRSPACE

See: IRAQ—POST-CONFLICT SITUATION

IRAQ—HUMAN RIGHTS

Reports


General documents

S/1999/356 Letters, 27 and 30 Mar. 1999, respectively, from the Chairman of the panels established pursuant to the note by the President of the Security Council of 30 Jan. 1999 (S/1998/100); transmits the final reports of the 3 panels on disarmament and current and future ongoing monitoring and verification issues, the humanitarian situation in Iraq, and prisoners of war and Kuwaiti property, adopted on 27 and 30 Mar. respectively.
IRAQ–HUMAN RIGHTS (continued)


IRAQ–IRAN (ISLAMIC REPUBLIC OF)

See: IRAN (ISLAMIC REPUBLIC OF)–IRAQ

IRAQ–POST–CONFLICT SITUATION

See also: IRAQ–TURKEY

IRAQ-KUWAIT SITUATION

General documents


S/1999/30 Identical letters, 10 Jan. 1999, from Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General and to the President of the Security Council reporting that violations of its airspace by United States aircraft continued over the period 16-31 Dec. 1998 and that the aircraft in question carried out reconnaissance activities.


S/1999/72 Identical letters, 23 Jan. 1999, from Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General and to the President of the Security Council reporting that violations of its airspace by United States aircraft continued over the period 1-15 Jan. 1999 and that the aircraft in question carried out reconnaissance activities.


S/1999/198 Identical letters, 22 Feb. 1999, from Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General and to the President of the Security Council, reporting that violations of its airspace by United States and British aircraft continued over the period 1-15 Feb. 1999 and that the aircraft in question engaged in reconnaissance activities.

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IRAQ—POST—CONFLICT SITUATION (continued)

S/1999/410 Letter, 12 Apr. 1999, from Iraq reporting that 395 mines, bombs, missiles and other unexploded ordnance were found and disposed of between 1 Feb. and 31 Mar. 1999.

S/1999/411 Letter, 12 Apr. 1999, from Iraq transmitting letter of 11 Apr. 1999 from the Minister for Foreign Affairs; reports the large-scale destruction of livestock in Iraq due to foot and mouth disease and appeals for the urgent supply of sufficient quantities of vaccine to halt the epidemic.

S/1999/447 Identical letters, 20 Apr. 1999, from Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General and to the President of the Security Council; transmits letter of the same date from the Minister for Foreign Affairs concerning violations of Iraq's airspace by United States and British aircraft based in Saudi Arabia and Kuwait; reports also, that the aircraft in question dropped fuel tanks on populated areas, killing a number of innocent civilians and damaging a number of dwellings.

S/1999/458 Identical letters, 21 Apr. 1999, from Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General and to the President of the Security Council, reporting that violations of its airspace by United States and British aircraft continued over the period 8-15 Apr. 1999 and that the aircraft in question engaged in reconnaissance activities.

S/1999/503 Identical letters, 3 May 1999, from Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General and to the President of the Security Council reporting that violations of its airspace by United States and British aircraft continued over the period 23-30 Apr. 1999 and requesting that they intervene with a view to bringing a halt to such actions.

S/1999/534 Identical letters, 10 May 1999, from Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General and to the President of the Security Council; transmits letter of 9 May from the Minister for Foreign Affairs concerning violations of Iraq's airspace by United States and British aircraft based in Saudi Arabia and Kuwait; reports that the aircraft in question dropped NK bombs on populated areas, killing 6 civilians and destroying property.

S/1999/559 Identical letters, 11 May 1999, from Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General and to the President of the Security Council, reporting the continued violations of Iraqi airspace by United States and British aircraft, 1-7 May 1999; states that these activities continue to cause deaths and injuries among the civilian population and material damage to public and private property and reaffirms Iraq's right to demand reparation.

S/1999/540 Identical letters, 11 May 1999, from Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General and to the Security Council reporting violations of its territorial waters by Kuwaiti patrols confiscating fishing permits on board Iraqi crafts; requests the Security Council to intervene with the Government of Kuwait and induce it to halt the violations.

IRAQ—POST—CONFLICT SITUATION (continued)

S/1999/584 Identical letters, 18 May 1999, from Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General and to the President of the Security Council, reporting the continued violations of Iraqi airspace by United States and British aircraft, 8-15 May 1999; states that these activities continue to cause deaths and injuries among the civilian population and material damage to public and private property and reaffirms Iraq's right to demand reparation.

S/1999/608 Identical letters, 24 May 1999, from Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General and to the President of the Security Council reporting that violations of its airspace by United States and British aircraft continued over the period 16-22 May 1999 and that the aircraft in question engaged in reconnaissance activities.

S/1999/616 Letter, 26 May 1999, from Kuwait refuting allegations contained in Letter of 11 May 1999 from Iraq (S/1999/540); denies alleged violations of Iraq's territorial waters by Kuwaiti patrols and states that Iraqi fishing boats were inside Kuwait's territorial waters at channel 160 and were asked to leave.

S/1999/641 Identical letters, 3 June 1999, from Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General and to the President of the Security Council, reporting that violations of its airspace by United States and British aircraft continued over the period 23-31 May 1999, and that the aircraft in question engaged in reconnaissance activities.

S/1999/668 Letter, 10 June 1999, from Iraq reporting that 1,492 mines, bombs, missiles and other unexploded ordnance were found and disposed of in all parts of Iraq between 1 Apr. and 31 May 1999.

S/1999/669 Identical letters, 10 June 1999, from Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General and to the President of the Security Council reporting that violations of its airspace by United States and British aircraft continued over the period 1-7 June 1999 and that the aircraft in question carried out reconnaissance activities.

S/1999/699 Identical letters, 20 June 1999, from Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General and to the President of the Security Council reporting that violations of its airspace by United States and British aircraft continued over the period 8-15 June 1999 and that the aircraft in question carried out reconnaissance activities.

S/1999/730 Identical letters, 26 June 1999, from Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General and to the President of the Security Council reporting that violations of its airspace by the United States and British aircraft continued over the period 16-22 June 1999 and that the aircraft in question carried out reconnaissance activities.

S/1999/757 Letter, 6 July 1999, from Iraq transmitting letter from the Acting Minister for Foreign Affairs reporting activities involving the placing of locusts' eggs in areas contiguous to Khansheen district, allegedly carried out by a New Zealand official working in Iraq under UN auspices.
IRAQ—POST-CONFLICT SITUATION (continued)

S/1999/772 Identical letters, 12 July 1999, from Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General and to the President of the Security Council reporting that violations of its airspace by United States and British aircraft continued over the period 1-8 July 1999, and that the aircraft in question carried out reconnaissance activities.

S/1999/776 Letter, 10 July 1999, from Iraq transmitting letter of 8 July 1999 from the Minister for Foreign Affairs reporting the interception of an Iraqi vessel by a United States warship, violations of Iraqi airspace and bombings of civilian targets and installations in Iraq by United States and British aircraft, 1 Jan.-30 June 1999.

S/1999/819 Letter, 23 July 1999, from Iraq transmitting letter of 22 July from the Minister for Foreign Affairs reporting alleged attacks on Iraq's southern governorates by United States and British aircraft based in Saudi Arabia and Kuwait, 18 July 1999; requests the Secretary-General to intervene to prevent such acts and affirms its legal right to seek compensation for the damage.

S/1999/841 Letter, 2 Aug. 1999, from Iraq transmitting letter of 1 Aug. from the Minister for Foreign Affairs reporting alleged attacks on Iraq's northern and southern governorates by United States and British aircraft based in Turkey, Saudi Arabia and Kuwait, 29 and 30 July 1999; requests the Secretary-General to intervene to prevent such acts and affirms its legal right to seek compensation for the damage.

S/1999/842 Letter, 2 Aug. 1999, from Iraq transmitting letter of 1 Aug. from the Minister for Foreign Affairs reporting alleged attacks by United States and British aircraft based in Saudi Arabia, Turkey and Kuwait, causing destruction, deaths and injuries among civilians; requests the Security Council and the Secretary-General to intervene to prevent such acts, and affirms Iraq's legal right to seek compensation for the damage.

S/1999/844 Letter, 3 Aug. 1999, from Iraq transmitting letter of 1 Aug. from the Minister for Foreign Affairs reporting alleged attacks on Iraq's northern and southern governorates by United States and British aircraft based in Turkey, Saudi Arabia and Kuwait, 29 and 30 July 1999; requests the Security Council to intervene to prevent such acts and affirms its legal right to seek compensation for the damage.

S/1999/845 Identical letters, 3 Aug. 1999, from Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General and to the President of the Security Council reporting that violations of its airspace by United States and British aircraft based in Saudi Arabia, Kuwait and Turkey continued over the period 23-31 July 1999; requests the Secretary-General and the Security Council to intervene to prevent such acts, and affirms Iraq's legal right to seek compensation for the damage.

IRAQ—POST-CONFLICT SITUATION (continued)

S/1999/870 Identical letters, 10 Aug. 1999, from Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General and to the President of the Security Council; reports violations of its airspace by United States and British aircraft taking off from bases in Saudi Arabia, Kuwait and Turkey, 1-7 Aug. 1999, allegedly carrying out acts of aggression, observation and provocation.

S/1999/880 Identical letters, 15 Aug. 1999 from Iraq transmitting letter dated 14 Aug. 1999 from the Minister for Foreign Affairs; reports bombings on 10 Aug. of grain storage facilities in Muthanna Governorate in south Iraq by United States and British aircraft, damaging the facilities and the grain stored in them; requests the Security Council to intervene with the Governments of the 2 countries to desist from further acts of this nature.

S/1999/885 Identical letters, 17 Aug. 1999, from Kuwait addressed to the Secretary-General and to the President of the Security Council informing that on 11 Aug. 1999 a Kuwaiti coastguard patrol arrested a boat inside Kuwaiti territorial waters, which was coming from Iraq, flying the United Arab Emirates flag, and was carrying humanitarian goods which should have been intended for distribution to the Iraqi people.

S/1999/891 Letter, 18 Aug. 1999 from Iraq reporting that over 1400 unexploded mines, bombs, missiles and ordnance left behind after the military activities in Iraq were found and dealt with in various parts of the country between 1 June-31 July 1999.

S/1999/893 Identical letters, 18 Aug. 1999, from Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General and to the President of the Security Council transmitting identical letters dated 17 Aug. from the Minister for Foreign Affairs concerning the bombing of a scientific encampment for the observation of the solar eclipse located in the Dayr Mar Mati area to the north of Mosul by United States and British aircraft on 10 Aug. 1999; reports that allegedly a number of civilians were killed or injured; requests the Security Council to intervene with the Governments of the United States and the United Kingdom to halt repetition of military acts against Iraq.

S/1999/894 Identical letters, 18 Aug. 1999, from Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General and to the President of the Security Council; reports violations of its airspace by United States and British aircraft taking off from bases in Saudi Arabia, Kuwait and Turkey, 8-14 Aug. 1999, allegedly causing deaths and injuries among the civilian population and material damage to private and public property.

S/1999/897 Letter, 16 Aug. 1999, from Iraq referring to the report from the Organization for the Prohibition of Chemical Weapons on the work of the special team for Iraq (TM-1-99); demands that a comprehensive inventory of all items at the Special Commission's premises in Baghdad be made by an impartial, professional team in order to determine all facts concerning the contents of those premises.
IRAQ—POST-CONFLICT SITUATION

S/1999/501 Identical letters, 23 Aug. 1999, from Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General and to the President of the Security Council transmitting identical letters of 22 Aug. from the Minister for Foreign Affairs concerning the bombing of 17 Aug. 1999 launched by United States and British aircraft; reports that 19 civilians were killed and 11 injured, most of them women and children; requests the Security Council to take necessary measures to induce the United States and the United Kingdom to cease military acts against Iraq.

S/1999/915 Identical letters, 25 Aug. 1999, from Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General and to the President of the Security Council reporting violations of its airspace by United States and British aircraft taking off from bases in Saudi Arabia, Kuwait and Turkey, 15-21 Aug. 1999, allegedly causing deaths and injuries among the civilian population and material damage to private and public property.

S/1999/947 Identical letters, 5 Sept. 1999, from Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General and to the President of the Security Council; reports violations of its airspace by United States and British aircraft taking off from bases in Saudi Arabia, Kuwait and Turkey, 22-31 Aug. 1999, allegedly causing deaths and injuries among the civilian population and material damage to private and public property.

S/1999/967 Identical letters, 11 Sept. 1999, from Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General and to the President of the Security Council reporting that violations of its airspace by the United States and British aircraft continued over the period 2-7 Sept. 1999 and that the aircraft in question carried out reconnaissance activities.

S/1999/978 Identical letters, 12 Sept. 1999, from Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General and to the President of the Security Council reporting that the United States and British aircraft violated Iraq's airspace and fired projectiles at the village of Almutarrah in the south of Iraq on 9 Sept. 1999; requests the Security Council to take fully upon itself the responsibilities entrusted to it by the Charter of the UN and to take the steps necessary to ensure that the Governments of the United States and United Kingdom put an end to their military activities against Iraq.

S/1999/990 Identical letters, 18 Sept. 1999, from Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General and to the President of the Security Council reporting that violations of its airspace by United States and British aircraft taking off from bases in Saudi Arabia, Kuwait and Turkey continued over the period 8-14 Sept. 1999 and that the aircraft in question carried out reconnaissance activities.

S/1999/999 Identical letters, 23 Sept. 1999, from Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General and to the President of the Security Council, reporting that violations of its airspace by United States and British aircraft based in Saudi Arabia, Kuwait and Turkey continued over the period 15-21 Sep. 1999 and that the aircraft in question carried out reconnaissance activities.

IRAQ—POST-CONFICT SITUATION

S/1999/1009 Identical letters, 23 Sept. 1999, from Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General and to the President of the Security Council, reporting that violations of its airspace by United States and British aircraft based in Saudi Arabia, Kuwait and Turkey continued on 21 Sept. 1999 and that the aircraft in question carried out reconnaissance activities; states that a Swedish journalist was injured by fragments from an air-to-surface missile as he was riding in a vehicle near the Ur archeological site, 375 kilometres south of Baghdad.

S/1999/1017 Letter, 1 Oct. 1999, from Iraq transmitting letter of the same date from the Minister for Foreign Affairs: reports the interception by United States naval vessels in the Arabian Gulf near Iraqi territorial waters of cargo vessels that were transporting humanitarian goods to Iraq.

S/1999/1022 Identical letters, 6 Oct. 1999, from Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General and to the President of the Security Council reporting that violations of its airspace by United States and British aircraft based in Saudi Arabia, Kuwait and Turkey continued over the period 22-30 Sept. 1999 and that the aircraft in question carried out reconnaissance activities.

S/1999/1039 Letter, 7 Oct. 1999, from Iraq stating that 183 mines, bombs, missiles and other unexploded ordnance were found and disposed of in various parts of Iraq between 1 Aug. and 30 Sept. 1999.

S/1999/1047 Identical letters, 11 Oct. 1999, from Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General and to the President of the Security Council reporting that violations of its airspace by United States and British aircraft based in Saudi Arabia, Kuwait and Turkey continued over the period 1-6 Oct. and that the aircraft in question carried out reconnaissance activities.

S/1999/1070 Identical letters, 17 Oct. 1999, from Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General and to the President of the Security Council, reporting that violations of Iraqi airspace by United States and British aircraft based in Saudi Arabia, Kuwait and Turkey continued over the period 9-15 Oct. 1999 and that the aircraft in question carried out reconnaissance activities.

S/1999/1086 Identical letters, 26 Oct. 1999, from Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General and to the President of the Security Council reporting that violations of its airspace by United States and British aircraft based in Saudi Arabia, Kuwait and Turkey continued during the period 16-23 Oct. 1999 and that the aircraft in question engaged in reconnaissance activities.

S/1999/1128 Letter, 4 Nov. 1999, from Iraq reporting that on 27 Oct. 1999 a formation of United States and British warplanes dropped 5 heat flares in an area north of Mosul in Ninawa Governorate; asks the Secretary-General to intervene in this matter and affirms Iraq's right to seek compensation for the damage done.
IRAQ—POST-CONFLICT SITUATION (continued)

S/1999/1131 Identical letters, 6 Nov. 1999, from Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General and to the President of the Security Council reporting that violations of its airspace by United States and British aircraft continued over the period 24-31 Oct. 1999 and that the aircraft in question carried out reconnaissance activities.

S/1999/1149 Identical letters, 9 Nov. 1999, from Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General and to the President of the Security Council reporting violations of its airspace by United States and British aircraft, 18 July-9 Sept. 1999.

S/1999/1161 Identical letters, 10 Nov. 1999, from Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General and to the President of the Security Council, reports that violations of its airspace by United States and British aircraft based in Saudi Arabia, Kuwait and Turkey continued over the period 1-7 Nov. 1999 and that the aircraft in question carried out reconnaissance activities.

S/1999/1182 Identical letters, 17 Nov. 1999, from Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General and to the President of the Security Council, reporting that violations of its airspace by United States and British aircraft based in Saudi Arabia, Kuwait and Turkey continued over the period 8-15 Nov. 1999 and that the aircraft in question carried out reconnaissance activities.

S/1999/1195 Identical letters, 24 Nov. 1999, from Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General and to the President of the Security Council, reporting that violations of its airspace by United States and British aircraft based in Saudi Arabia, Kuwait and Turkey continued over the period 16-22 Nov. 1999 and that the aircraft in question carried out reconnaissance activities.

S/1999/1221 Identical letters, 5 Dec. 1999, from Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General and to the President of the Security Council; reports violations of its airspace and damage caused by United States and British aircraft taking off from bases in Saudi Arabia, Kuwait and Turkey, 23-30 Nov. 1999.

S/1999/1239 Identical letters, 10 Dec. 1999, from Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General and to the President of the Security Council; reports that violations of its airspace by United States and British aircraft based in Saudi Arabia, Kuwait and Turkey continued over the period 1-7 Dec. 1999 and that the aircraft in question carried out reconnaissance activities.

S/1999/1246 identical letters, 13 Dec. 1999, from Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General and to the President of the Security Council reporting that on 12 Dec. United States and British aircraft bombed residential areas in Ninawa Governorate in northern Iraq, allegedly killing 2 children and wounding a woman and 4 more children.

S/1999/1254 Letter, 13 Dec. 1999, from Iraq reporting that 293 mines, bombs, missiles and other unexploded ordnance were found and disposed of in Iraq, 1 Oct.-30 Nov. 1999.
IRAQ–TURKEY (continued)


IRAQ–UNITED KINGDOM

General documents

S/1999/41 Letter, 15 Jan. 1999, from Iraq transmitting statement issued on 14 Jan. following a meeting of senior officials chaired by President Saddam Hussein, to consider developments relevant to the bombing of Iraq by the United States and the United Kingdom.

IRAQ–UNITED STATES

General documents

S/1999/41 Letter, 15 Jan. 1999, from Iraq transmitting statement issued on 14 Jan. following a meeting of senior officials chaired by President Saddam Hussein, to consider developments relevant to the bombing of Iraq by the United States and the United Kingdom.


S/1999/690 Letter, 17 June 1999, from Iraq transmitting letter of 16 June 1999 from the Deputy Prime Minister and Acting Minister for Foreign Affairs of Iraq; alleges that the United States Administration is interfering in Iraq’s internal affairs with a view to undermining the stability and the security of the country.


IRAQ–UNITED STATES (continued)

S/1999/1288 Letter, 29 Dec. 1999, from Iraq concerning the interception of freighter HYBY 2 on 19 Dec. 1999 by US naval forces and the delay in the delivery of foodstuffs and other humanitarian items to the country as a result.

IRAQ–UNITED STATES

See also: IRAQ–POST–CONFLICT SITUATION

NUCLEAR NON–PROLIFERATION

UN IRAQ–KUWAIT OBSERVATION MISSION

Reports


S/1999/64 Letter, 27 Jan. 1999, from the Netherlands and Slovenia transmitting letter of 25 Jan. 1999 from the Executive Chairman of the UN Special Commission including reports on the current state of affairs with respect to the disarmament of Iraq’s proscribed weapons and on ongoing monitoring and verification in Iraq.

S/1999/110 Letter, 3 Feb. 1999, from the Chairman of the Security Council Committee established by resolution 661 (1990) concerning the situation between Iraq and Kuwait; transmits report prepared by the Committee pursuant to paragraph 6 (f) of the guidelines to facilitate full international implementation of paragraphs 24, 25 and 27 of Security Council resolution 687 (1991).

S/1999/127 Letter, 8 Feb. 1999, from the Secretary-General transmitting communication from the Director General of the International Atomic Energy Agency containing a brief report on the status of implementation of the mandate of the Agency in Iraq which may be helpful in facilitating the work of the panel established by the Security Council on disarmament and current and future monitoring and verification issues arising from resolutions of the Security Council regarding Iraq.


S/1999/393 Letter, 7 Apr. 1999, from the Secretary–General transmitting the 7th consolidated semi–annual report of the Director General of IAEA under paragraph 16 of Security Council resolution 1051 (1996); concerns the Agency’s monitoring and verification activities in Iraq.

IRAQ-KUWAIT SITUATION (continued)

S/1999/401 Note transmitting the 7th report of the Executive Chairman of the UN Special Commission established by the Secretary-General pursuant to paragraph 9 (b) (I) of Security Council resolution 687 (1991) / Secretary-General. Issued: 9 Apr. 1999.

S/1999/470 Letter, 26 Mar. 1999 from the President of the Governing Council of the UN Compensation Commission transmitting report of the Commission which contains 7 reports and recommendations of the Panels of Commissioners in the E2, E3, E4 and F1 categories of claims submitted by corporations and Governments seeking compensation for loss, damage or injury arising out of Iraq-Kuwait situation.


S/1999/519 Letter, 4 May 1999, from the Chairman of the Security Council Committee established by resolution 661 (1990) concerning the situation between Iraq and Kuwait transmitting report of the Committee pursuant to paragraph 5, subparagraph (i), of the guidelines to facilitate full international implementation of paragraphs 24, 25 and 27 of Security Council resolution 687 (1991).


S/1999/582 Letter, 19 May 1999, from the Chairman of the Security Council Committee established by resolution 661 (1990) concerning the situation between Iraq and Kuwait transmitting report of the Committee on the implementation of the arrangements in paragraphs 1, 2, 6, 8, 9 and 10 of resolution 986 (1995).

S/1999/746 Letter, 2 July 1999, from the Secretary-General transmitting report of the group of experts established pursuant to paragraph 9 of Security Council resolution 1242 (1999), which provides a review of the list of oil spare parts and equipment submitted by the Government of Iraq under the distribution plan for phase VI.

S/1999/746/Add.1 Letter, 2 July 1999, from the Secretary-General transmitting list of parts and equipment, oil sector requirements for Phase VI, pursuant to paragraph 1 of the Security Council resolution 1175 (1998).

IRAQ-KUWAIT SITUATION (continued)

S/1999/1177 Letter, 17 Nov. 1999, from the Chairman of the Security Council Committee established by resolution 661 (1990) concerning the situation between Iraq and Kuwait; transmits 12th report prepared by the Committee pursuant to paragraph 10 of Security Council resolution 1242 (1999) on implementation of the arrangements in paragraphs 1, 2, 6, 8, 9 and 10 of resolution 986 (1995).

General documents

S/1999/10 Letter, 4 Jan. 1999, from Iraq referring to paragraph 8 (g) of Security Council resolution 986 (1995) on funds from the sale of Iraqi oil; requests that the amount withheld in escrow be transferred to an account to be opened with the Federal Reserve Bank of New York and that the Central Bank of Iraq be provided with the financial statement relating to the operations of the account.

S/1999/40 Identical letters, 14 Jan. 1999, from Kuwait addressed to the Secretary-General and to the President of the Security Council transmitting article by Tarlq Aziz entitled "Who should apologize to whom?" published in the Iraqi newspaper "AI-Thawrah", issue no. 9674, 10 Jan. 1999; concerns relations between Iraq and Kuwait.

S/1999/41 Letter, 15 Jan. 1999, from Iraq transmitting statement issued on 14 Jan. following a meeting of senior officials chaired by President Saddam Hussein, to consider developments relevant to the bombing of Iraq by the United States and the United Kingdom.

S/1999/85 Letter, 28 Jan. 1999, from Belarus transmitting statement issued by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs following the air strikes by the United States Air Force against the territory of Iraq on 25 Jan. 1999; reaffirms its position regarding the need to cease military strikes against Iraq and to seek a solution to the Iraqi crisis through diplomatic means.

S/1999/100 Note on the establishment of 3 separate panels regarding Iraq on disarmament, monitoring and verification, on humanitarian and on prisoners of war and Kuwaiti property issues / President, Security Council.


S/1999/103 Letter, 31 Jan. 1999, from Iraq transmitting letter of 30 Jan. 1999 from the Ministry for Foreign Affairs; calls attention to the fact that on 13 Jan. 1999 an aide to the United States Assistant Secretary of State for Near Eastern Affairs entered northern Iraq through Turkish territory at the head of a delegation from the United States and British Intelligence agencies and accompanied by officials from the Turkish Ministry of Foreign Affairs in gross violation of Iraq's sovereignty, of the norms of international law and of the provisions of the domestic laws of States that prohibit entry into their territory without the approval of the national authorities. Requests the Secretary-General to intervene directly in this matter.

S/1999/112 Letter, 3 Feb. 1999, from Iraq transmitting letter of 2 Feb. 1999 from the Ministry for Foreign Affairs concerning procedural order no. 8 of 15 Sept. 1998 relating to a claim filed by the company, Fahd al-Sultan's Sons and Partners; refers to Iraq's response to the 19th report of the Governing Council of the Compensation Commission and affirms that it needs to be provided with all the documentation in the possession of the Commission concerning these complex claims.

S/1999/113 Letter, 3 Feb. 1999, from Iraq transmitting letter of 2 Feb. 1999 from the Ministry for Foreign Affairs concerning payment orders relating category "F" claims; states that the Government of Iraq will continue to express its reservations in respect of decisions taken concerning compensation so long as no details are provided regarding the claims.

S/1999/183 Letter, 13 Feb. 1999, from Iraq transmitting letter of 12 Feb. 1999 from the Deputy Prime Minister and Acting Minister for Foreign Affairs; reports that the United States and the United Kingdom are continuing to implement their policy against Iraq and states that it constitutes a dangerous precedent in international relations and a breach of the norms and covenants governing such relations. Requests the Secretary-General to request the Security Council to bring an end to those actions.

S/1999/180 Letter, 17 Feb. 1999, from Iraq transmitting letter of the same date from the Vice-President and Acting Minister for Foreign Affairs concerning the policies of the UN Compensation Commission; states that Iraq was not afforded the opportunity to give its views on the oil sector claims covered in the procedural directive issued by the Panel of Commissioners appointed to examine category "E" claims and included in Cor, mission report S/AC.25/1998/R.22.

S/1999/199 Letter, 24 Feb. 1999, from Iraq transmitting letter of 23 Feb. 1999 from the Deputy Prime Minister and Acting Minister for Foreign Affairs; concerns action taken by the representatives of the United States and the United Kingdom regarding contracts for spare parts for the oil sector in phase IV of the oil-for-food programme; requests that the holds placed on pending contracts be lifted in keeping with the provisions of resolution 1175 (1998).
IRAQ-KUWAIT SITUATION (continued)

S/1999/220 Letter, 1 Mar. 1999, from Iraq concerning the bombardment by United States aircraft of the operational control system for the Iraq-Turkey oil export pipeline, which has halted oil exports; requests the Secretary-General to inform the Security Council of the grave consequences of that act and to take appropriate measures.

S/1999/225 Letter, 2 Mar. 1999, from Iraq transmitting letter of the same date concerning air strikes against Iraq by United States aircraft on 1 Mar. 1999; states that these attacks have caused serious damage to oil installations in the north of Iraq and have halted the flow of crude oil through the Iraq-Turkey pipeline system resulting in a loss of resources for use under the Memorandum of Understanding between Iraq and UN.

S/1999/228 Letter, 2 Mar. 1999, from Iraq transmitting letter of the same date concerning air strikes against Iraq by United States aircraft on 28 Feb. and 2 Mar. 1999; states that these attacks have caused serious damage to Iraqi oil installations in the north of Iraq and have halted the flow of crude oil through the Iraq-Turkey pipeline system resulting in a loss of resources for use under the Memorandum of Understanding between Iraq and UN.


S/1999/279 Letter, 15 Mar. 1999, from the Chairman of the Security Council Committee established by resolution 661 (1990) concerning the situation between Iraq and Kuwait; transmits report of the Committee on the implementation of the arrangements in paragraphs 1, 2, 6, 8, 9 and 10 of resolution 986 (1995).


S/1999/345 (A/54/75) Letter, 25 Mar. 1999, from Iraq transmitting letter of the same date from the Minister for Foreign Affairs referring to article published in the Albuquerque Tribune on 24 Nov. 1998, concerning the alleged use by United States and British forces of depleted uranium (DU) weapons during "Operation Desert Storm" in 1991; includes map showing primary areas of DU expenditure.

IRAQ-KUWAIT SITUATION (continued)

S/1999/356 Letters, 27 and 30 Mar. 1999, respectively, from the Chairman of the panels established pursuant to the note by the President of the Security Council of 30 Jan. 1999 (S/1999/100); transmits the final reports of the 3 panels on disarmament and current and future ongoing monitoring and verification issues, the humanitarian situation in Iraq, and prisoners of war and Kuwaiti property, adopted on 27 and 30 Mar. respectively.


S/1999/373 Letter, 5 Apr. 1999, from Iraq transmitting letter of 2 Apr. 1999 from the Minister for Foreign Affairs; reports that on 2 Apr. 1999 aircraft of the United States and the United Kingdom destroyed Iraq's main oil pumping station which serves the Mina al-Bakr oil terminal, hampering the application of the memorandum of understanding concerning the oil-for-food programme.

S/1999/374 Letter, 3 Apr. 1999, from Iraq transmitting letter of 2 Apr. 1999 from the Minister for Foreign Affairs reporting that aircraft of the United States and the United Kingdom destroyed Iraq's main oil pumping station which serves the Mina al-Bakr oil terminal on 2 Apr. 1999, hampering the application of the memorandum of understanding concerning the oil-for-food programme.


S/1999/384 Letter, 6 Apr. 1999, from the President of the Security Council informing the Secretary-General that members of the Council concur with his recommendation that the UN Iraq-Kuwait Observation Mission be maintained and have decided to review the question by 6 Oct. 1999.


S/1999/415 Note transmitting personal remarks by the Chairman of the panels, Ambassador Celso Amorim / President, Security Council.

S/1999/422 Letter, 13 Apr. 1999, from Iraq informing the Secretary-General of air space violations committed on the Kuwaiti side of the demilitarized zone on 4 Apr. 1999.

S/1999/442 Letter, 18 Apr. 1999, from Iraq transmitting letter of the same date from the Minister for Foreign Affairs concerning the processing of contracts for spare parts and supplies for the oil sector currently placed on hold by the Committee established by resolution 661 (1990).
IRAQ-KUWAIT SITUATION (continued)

S/1999/487 Letter, 22 Apr. 1999, from Iraq informing the Secretary-General about cases of interception of Iraqi fishing boats and confiscation of fishing permits belonging to fishermen by Kuwaiti patrols on 5-6 Apr. 1999 inside Iraqi territorial waters; requests him to intervene with the Government of Kuwait with a view to halting these violations that have recently become more frequent.

S/1999/500 Letter, 2 May 1999, from Iraq transmitting letter of 29 Apr. 1999 from the Minister for Foreign Affairs; states that it is unjust that 30 per cent of the proceeds of the oil sold under the oil-for-food programme should be deducted in order to provide compensation, and urges the Secretary-General to take action to halt these deductions and allocate the sums involved to the urgent humanitarian needs of the Iraqi people.

S/1999/549 Letter, 12 May 1999, from Iraq transmitting letter of 11 May 1999 from the Minister for Foreign Affairs stating that the procurement and distribution plans within the 5 phases of the Memorandum of Understanding between the Government of Iraq and UN are not meeting the urgent humanitarian needs of the people of Iraq; calls for lifting of the embargo without further conditions.

S/1999/553 Identical letters, 12 May 1999, from Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General and to the President of the Security Council; reports attack on an Iraqi fishing boat by a Kuwaiti naval patrol on 4 May 1999.

S/1999/559 Letter, 13 May 1999, from the Secretary-General informing the President of the Security Council of his approval of the revised part 7 of the executive summary of the distribution plan, concerning telecommunications, submitted by Iraq. Also transmits letter of 13 May 1999 from the Executive Director of the Office of the Iraq Programme to the Permanent Representative of Iraq to UN and note verbale of 1 Apr. 1999 from Iraq to the Office of the UN Programme in Iraq including part 7 of the executive summary of the plan.

S/1999/570 Letter, 15 May 1999, from Iraq transmitting letter of 11 May 1999 from the Minister for Foreign Affairs referring to letter of 2 Feb. 1999 (S/1999/113); requests that the UN Compensation Commission provide Iraq with the documentation relating to the category "F" claims of the Jordanian ministries and governmental agencies, so that it can prepare its responses and comments.


IRAQ-KUWAIT SITUATION (continued)

S/1999/572 Letter, 17 May 1999, from Iraq transmitting letter of 16 May 1999 from the Minister for Foreign Affairs responding to the statement made by the Executive Director of the Office of the Iraq Programme, concerning medicines and medical supplies and equipment; claims that the statement is not based on objective facts which proves that the oil-for-food programme has failed to meet the humanitarian needs of the Iraqi people.


S/1999/616 Letter, 28 May 1999, from Kuwait refuting allegations contained in letter of 11 May 1999 from Iraq (S/1999/540); denies alleged violations of Iraq's territorial waters by Kuwaiti patrols and states that Iraqi fishing boats were inside Kuwait's territorial waters at channel 160 and were asked to leave.

S/1999/627 Identical letters, 29 May 1999, from Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General and to the President of the Security Council reporting incidents involving Kuwaiti patrols on 6, 15 and 17 May 1999.

S/1999/671 Letter, 11 June 1999, from the Secretary-General transmitting letter of the same date from the Executive Director of the Office of the Iraq Programme addressed to the Permanent Representative of Iraq to UN conveying the Secretary-General's acceptance of the distribution plan submitted by Iraq in accordance with the Memorandum of Understanding of 20 May 1996 and Security Council resolution 1242 (1999). Also transmits letter dated 2 June 1999 from Kuwait which includes the plan.

S/1999/674 Letter, 12 June 1999, from Iraq transmitting letter of 11 June 1999 from the Minister for Foreign Affairs; states that the withholding of compensation payments from Iraqi funds designated for urgent humanitarian needs represents a violation of Iraq's rights; urges the Secretary-General to intervene and institute a review of the UN Compensation Commission's budget.

S/1999/742 Letter, 30 June 1999, from Iraq transmitting letter of 26 June 1999 from the President of the National Assembly of Iraq, which contains information and statistical data summarizing the results attained during the past 2 years, as well as problems encountered during the implementation of the Memorandum of Understanding.
IRAQ-KUWAIT SITUATION (continued)


S/1999/784 Letter, 13 July 1999, from Kuwait reporting the interception of 2 Iraqi naval units inside Kuwaiti territorial waters and the confiscation of the identity documents of the seamen by Kuwaiti patrols, 11 June; further reports that the seamen were taken back to the vessels which were escorted out of Kuwaiti territorial waters.

S/1999/931 Letter, 28 July 1999, from Iraq transmitting letter of the same date from the Deputy Prime Minister protesting against the destruction of the 7 specimens of VX nerve gas at the Special Commission's premises in Baghdad; calls for a full inventory of all items at the Special Commission's premises.

S/1999/1033 Letter, 31 Aug. 1999, from Iraq addressing the Secretary-General and to the President of the Security Council informing that on 11 Aug. 1999 a Kuwaiti coastguard patrol arrested a boat inside Kuwaiti territorial waters, which was coming from Iraq, flying the United Arab Emirates flag, and was carrying humanitarian goods which should have been intended for distribution to the Iraqi people.

S/1999/1035 Letter, 6 July 1999, from Iraq transmitting letter of the same date from the President of the Security Council reporting that on 6 July a group of Iraqi fishermen inside Iraqi territorial waters were taken by Kuwaiti coastal patrols to the Kuwaiti interior, where they were interrogated and confined until 19 July; requests the Secretary-General and the President of the Security Council to intervene with the government of Kuwait with a view to halting these violations that have recently become more frequent.

S/1999/931 Identical letters, 31 Aug. 1999, from Iraq addressed to the Secretary-General and to the President of the Security Council reporting that on 6 July a group of Iraqi fishermen inside Iraqi territorial waters were taken by Kuwaiti coastal patrols to the Kuwaiti interior, where they were interrogated and confined until 19 July; requests the Secretary-General and the President of the Security Council to intervene with the government of Kuwait with a view to halting these violations that have recently become more frequent.


S/1999/931 Letter, 22 Aug. 1999, from the Ministry for Foreign Affairs stating the facts on the seizure by the Kuwaiti authorities of an Indian merchant vessel, 11 Aug., for carrying the allegedly re-exported infant dried milk powder which was imported by Iraq under the oil-for-food programme.


IRAQ-KUWAIT SITUATION (continued)

S/1999/1053 Letter, 12 Oct. 1999, from the Secretary-General informing the President of the Security Council of his approval of the plan submitted to him by the Government of Iraq for the purchase and distribution of humanitarian supplies during the period specified in Security Council resolution 1242 (1999) and recommends to the Council to approve the request to increase allocations for oil spare parts and equipment by $330 million, bringing the total allocation to $630 million, during the current phase.


S/1999/1077 Letter, 20 Oct. 1999, from Iraq reporting that on 3 Oct. 1999 3 Iraqi boats were detained and taken to Kuwait ports; requests intervention with Kuwait to ensure the return of the boats and affirms its right to seek compensation.

S/1999/1086 Letter, 22 Oct. 1999, from the Secretary-General concerning delays in the approval of applications submitted to the Security Council Committee Established pursuant to resolution 661 (1990); transmits note of the same date from the Executive Director of the Iraq Programme concerning holds on applications, which is affecting the implementation of the humanitarian programme.

S/1999/1088 Letter, 21 Oct. 1999, from Iraq concerning the alleged circulation by the United States representative of a document at the 190th meeting of the Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution 661 (1990) entitled "Saddam Hussein's Iraq"; states that the document is full of false allegations and that the content bears no relation to the function of this Committee, which is humanitarian and not political and that the Committee should focus its work on how to simplify its procedures in order to assist the Iraqi people.


S/1999/1165 Letter, 10 Nov. 1999, from the President of the Security Council informing the Security-General that the members of the Security Council agree with his decision to appoint General John Augustine Vize (Ireland) as next Force Commander of the UN Iraq-Kuwait Observation Mission, effective 30 Nov. 1999.

S/1999/1170 Letter, 15 Nov. 1999, from Iraq transmitting information on the consequences of the economic sanctions against Iraq, including drinking-water problems and public health in general.

IRAQ-KUWAIT SITUATION (continued)


S/1999/1209 Letter, 29 Nov. 1999, from Iraq transmitting its comments on the report of the Secretary-General (S/1999/1162) on the implementation of phase VI under the memorandum of understanding of 20 May 1996 and the oil-for-food programme.


S/1999/1243 Letter, 13 Dec. 1999, from Iraq transmitting letter of 11 Dec. from the Minister for Foreign Affairs; refers to his previous letters (S/1999/113) and (S/1999/570) and states that the UN Compensation Commission has been concealing from Iraq information relating to claims, urges the Secretary-General to intervene in this matter.

Draft resolutions

S/1999/588 Draft resolution on measures to provide for the humanitarian needs of the Iraqi people / Argentina, United Kingdom and United States.

S/1999/1029 Draft resolution on measures to provide for the humanitarian needs of the Iraqi people / Netherlands.

S/1999/1180 Draft resolution on measures to provide for the humanitarian needs of the Iraqi people.

S/1999/1216 Draft resolution on measures to provide for the humanitarian needs of the Iraqi people.

S/1999/1230 Draft resolution on the measures to facilitate the distribution of humanitarian supplies to the Iraqi people.

S/1999/1232 Draft resolution on establishment of the UN Monitoring, Verification and Inspection Commission / United Kingdom.

Participation by non-Council members (without the right to vote)

IRAQ-KUWAIT SITUATION (continued)

**Discussion in plenary**

S/PV.4008 (21 May 1999).
At the 4008th meeting, draft resolution S/1999/588 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1242 (1999).

At the 4050th meeting, draft resolution S/1999/1020 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1266 (1999).

S/PV.4070 (19 Nov. 1999).
At the 4070th meeting, draft resolution S/1999/1180 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1275 (1999).

S/PV.4077 (3 Dec. 1999).
At the 4077th meeting, draft resolution S/1999/1215 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1280 (1999).

Corrects text.

At the 4079th meeting, draft resolution S/1999/1230 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1281 (1999).

At the 4084th meeting, draft resolution S/1999/1232 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1284 (1999).

Corrects text.

**Resolutions**

S/RES/1242(1999) [Measures to provide for the humanitarian needs of the Iraqi people].

Decides that the provisions of resolution 653 (1995), except those contained in paragraphs 4, 11 and 12, shall remain in force for a new period of 180 days beginning at 00,01 hours EST, on 25 May 1999; further decides that paragraph 2 of resolution 1153 (1998) shall remain in force and shall apply to the 180-day period referred to above; further decides to conduct a thorough review of all aspects of the implementation of this resolution 90 days after the entry into force of paragraph above and again prior to the end of the 180-day period, on receipt of the reports referred to below, and expresses its intention, prior to the end of the 180-day period, to consider favourably renewal of the provisions of this resolution as appropriate, provided that the said reports indicate that those provisions are being satisfactorily implemented; requests the Secretary-General to report to the Council if Iraq is unable to export petroleum and petroleum products sufficient to produce the total sum provided for above and, following consultations with relevant UN agencies and the Iraqi authorities, make recommendations for the expenditure of the sum expected to the available, consistent with the priorities established in resolution 1153 (1998) and with the distribution plan referred to in resolution 1175 (1998); decides that paragraphs 1, 2, 3 and 4 of resolution 1175 (1998) shall remain in force and shall apply to the new 180-day period referred to above; decides to keep these arrangements under review to ensure the uninterrupted flow of humanitarian supplies into Iraq, and expresses its willingness to review the relevant recommendations of the report of the panel established to review humanitarian issues as appropriate with regard to the 180-day period referred to above. (Adopted unanimously, 4008th meeting, 21 May 1999)

S/RES/1266(1999) [Measures to provide for the humanitarian needs of the Iraqi people].

Decides that the provisions of resolution 1153 (1998), as extended by resolution 1242 (1999), shall be modified to the extent necessary to authorize States to permit the import of petroleum and petroleum products originating in Iraq, including financial and other essential transactions directly related thereto, sufficient to produce an additional sum, beyond that provided for by resolution 1242 (1999), equivalent to the total shortfall of revenues authorized but not generated under resolutions 1210 (1998) and 1153 (1998), US$3.04 billion, within the period of 180 days from 0001 hours, eastern standard time, on 25 May 1999. (Adopted unanimously, 4050th meeting, 4 Oct. 1999)

S/RES/1276(1999) [Measures to provide for the humanitarian needs of the Iraqi people].

Decides to extend the period referred to in paragraphs 1, 2 and 8 of resolution 1242 (1999) and in paragraph 1 of 1266 (1999) until 4 Dec. 1999. (Adopted unanimously, 4070th meeting, 19 Nov. 1999)
IRAQ-KUWAIT SITUATION (continued)

S/RES/1260(1999) [Measures to provide for the humanitarian needs of the Iraqi people].
Decides to extend the period referred to in paragraphs 1, 2 and 3 of resolution 1242 (1999) and in paragraph 1 of 1266 (1999) until 11 Dec. 1999. (Adopted 11-0-3, 4077th meeting, 3 Dec. 1999)

S/RES/1281(1999) [Measures to facilitate the distribution of humanitarian supplies to the Iraqi people].
Decides that the provisions of resolution 986 (1995), except those contained in paragraphs 4, 11 and 12, shall remain in force for a new period of 180 days beginning at 00.01 hours, Eastern Standard Time, on 12 Dec. 1999; further decides that paragraph 2 of resolution 1163 (1998) shall remain in force and shall apply to the 180-day period referred to in paragraph 1 above; requests the Secretary-General to continue to take the actions necessary to ensure the effective and efficient implementation of this resolution; further decides to conduct a thorough review of all aspects of the implementation of this resolution 90 days after the entry into force of paragraph 1 above and again prior to the end of the 180-day period and expresses its intention, prior to the end of the 180-day period, to consider favourably renewal of the provisions of this resolution as appropriate, provided that the said reports indicate that those provisions are being satisfactorily implemented; requests the Secretary-General to report to the Council if Iraq is unable to export petroleum and petroleum products sufficient to produce the total sum described in paragraph 1 of 1266 (1999) until 11 Dec. 1999. (Adopted unanimously, 3 Dec. 1999)

Decides to extend the period referred to in paragraphs 1, 2 and 3 of resolution 1242 (1999) and in paragraph 1 of 1266 (1999) until 11 Dec. 1999; (Adopted 11-0-3, 4077th meeting, 3 Dec. 1999)

S/RES/1281(1999) [Measures to facilitate the distribution of humanitarian supplies to the Iraqi people].
Decides that the provisions of resolution 986 (1995), except those contained in paragraphs 4, 11 and 12, shall remain in force for a new period of 180 days beginning at 00.01 hours, Eastern Standard Time, on 12 Dec. 1999; further decides that paragraph 2 of resolution 1163 (1998) shall remain in force and shall apply to the 180-day period referred to in paragraph 1 above; requests the Secretary-General to continue to take the actions necessary to ensure the effective and efficient implementation of this resolution; further decides to conduct a thorough review of all aspects of the implementation of this resolution 90 days after the entry into force of paragraph 1 above and again prior to the end of the 180-day period and expresses its intention, prior to the end of the 180-day period, to consider favourably renewal of the provisions of this resolution as appropriate, provided that the said reports indicate that those provisions are being satisfactorily implemented; requests the Secretary-General to report to the Council if Iraq is unable to export petroleum and petroleum products sufficient to produce the total sum described in paragraph 1 of 1266 (1999) until 11 Dec. 1999. (Adopted unanimously, 3 Dec. 1999)

Israel-Lebanon

See also: MIDDLE EAST SITUATION
TERRITORIES OCCUPIED BY ISRAEL
UN INTERIM FORCE IN LEBANON

Reports


General documents


S/1999/22 Letter, 8 Jan. 1999, from Lebanon requesting the Security Council to extend the mandate of the UN Interim Force in Lebanon, which expires on 31 Jan., for a further interim period of 6 months.


ISRAEL-LEBANON (continued)


S/1999/146 (A/53/825) Letter, 11 Feb. 1999, from Lebanon transmitting letter from the national Follow-up Committee for the Support of Lebanese detainees in Israeli prisons addressed to the Prime Minister and Minister for Foreign Affairs of Lebanon; provides information about Lebanese prisoners in Israeli prisons and in detention camps inside occupied Lebanese territory, including lists of detained persons in the various detention camps.

S/1999/150 (A/53/828) Letter, 12 Feb. 1999, from Israel refuting charges made in letter of 11 Jan. 1999 from Lebanon (A/53/792-S/1999/33); states that as a result of Lebanon's failure to fulfill its legal responsibilities, Israel is compelled to take defensive measures against terrorist attacks against Israel from Lebanese territory.


S/1999/172 (A/53/834) Letter, 18 Feb. 1999, from Lebanon reporting that Israel has expanded the area it occupies in southern Lebanon to include the village of Amoun; urges the Secretary-General and members of the Security Council to act promptly to restore the status quo ante.


S/1999/185 (A/53/840) Letter, 22 Feb. 1999, from Israel referring to letter from Lebanon (A/53/834-S/1999/172), which reports that Israel has expanded the area it occupies in southern Lebanon to include the village of Amoun; states that the village has long been the part of the security zone which Israel has been compelled to maintain in response to the continued attacks emanating from Lebanon.


S/1999/300 (A/54/74) Letter, 16 Mar. 1999, from Israel referring to letter from Lebanon (A/53/831-S/1999/158); states that the Government of Lebanon continues to be directly responsible for the volatile security situation in southern Lebanon.


ISRAEL-LEBANON (continued)

S/1999/430 (A/53/909) Letter, 15 Apr. 1999, from Lebanon referring to its letter (A/53/834-S/1999/172) and reporting that on 15 Apr. 1999 Israel sent 50 men, preceded by a Merkava tank, an armoured personnel carrier and a jeep into the village of Gunsun and proceeded to arrest residents and to prevent inhabitants from entering.


S/1999/704 (A/54/138) Letter, 21 June 1999, from Israel referring to letter from Lebanon (A/53/967-S/1999/566) and the activities of the Hezbollah Organization and states that Israel is left with no choice but to exercise its right to self-defence in accordance with international law. Also calls on the Government of Lebanon to return to the negotiating table to implement resolution 425 (1978).

S/1999/114 (A/53/1010) Letter, 24 June 1999, from Lebanon reporting that on 24 June Israeli aircraft launched a series of attacks against the area of Al-Journhour, on the Beirut heights, against the south and the areas of Al Jia, and Baalbek and Ras-al-Ain, in the northern Bekaa causing civilian casualties and considerable destruction of civilian property.

S/1999/777 (A/53/1011) Letter, 25 June 1999, from Lebanon referring to its letter of 24 June (A/53/1010-S/1999/714) and reporting bombing by Israeli aircraft of an electric power station at Arb Salim, as well as several bridges connecting the southern region to Beirut and certain bridges linking the southern areas.

S/1999/720 Letter, 25 June 1999, from Lebanon requesting that the Security Council extend the mandate of the UN Interim Force in Lebanon, which expires on 31 July 1999, for a further interim period of 6 months.

S/1999/734 Letter, 26 June 1999, from the League of Arab States transmitting letter of 26 June 1999 from its Secretary-General reporting aerial bombardment against Lebanon by Israel; calls for the implementation of the Council resolution 425 (1976) which calls for the withdrawal of Israeli forces from Lebanon.

S/1999/740 Letter, 30 June 1999, from Israel refuting charges made in letters of 24 and 25 June 1999 from Lebanon (A/53/1010-S/1999/714 and S/1999/720); states that as a result of Lebanon's failure to honour its commitments established by the Understanding of 26 Apr. 1996, Israel is compelled to take defensive measures against attacks on Israel from Lebanese territory.

S/1999/839 (A/53/1031) Letter, 2 Aug. 1999, from Lebanon reporting that Israeli forces have been holding the village of Ayta under siege since 15 July 1999; requests the intervention of the Secretary-General with a view to lifting the siege of Ayta and other occupied villages and to securing the release of the detained citizens.

S/1999/861 (A/53/1034) Letter, 9 Aug. 1999, from Saudi Arabia referring to the agreement to observe on 14 July 1999 the Day of Lebanese Prisoners in Israeli Prisons; calls on the international community to cooperate to lift the siege of Ayta and other occupied villages and to secure the release of the detained citizens.

S/1999/878 (A/53/1035) Letter, 12 Aug. 1999, from Israel refuting allegations by Lebanon that Israel has been holding the village of Ayta under siege (A/53/1031-S/1999/839); states that movements of residents of Ayta are not restricted within the security zone and outside and that food and medicines are regularly supplied to Ayta without interruption.


S/1999/997 (A/54/351) Letter, 13 Sept. 1999, from Israel referring to the letter dated 20 July 1999 from Lebanon (A/53/1024-S/1999/811); claims that the Government of Lebanon is directly responsible for the volatile situation along its southern border, and that it continues to reject negotiations for resolving conflict; calls upon the Government of Lebanon to return to negotiations to restore peace and security along their common border.

S/1999/1023 (A/54/435) Letter, 30 Sept. 1999, from Lebanon requesting the extension of the mandate of the UN Interim Force in Lebanon, which expires on 31 Jan. 2000, for a further interim period of 6 months.


S/1999/1167 Letter, 9 Nov. 1999, from the Secretary-General informing the Security Council of his intention to appoint Seth Kofi Obeng (Ghana) as the next Force Commander of the UN Interim Force in Lebanon, to replace Jioje K. Konrote (Fiji) whose term expired on 30 Sept. 1999.

S/1999/1168 Letter, 15 Nov. 1999, from the President of the Security Council stating that the members of the Council agree with the Secretary-General's proposal to appoint Major General Seth Kofi Obeng (Ghana) to succeed Major General Jioje K. Konrote (Fiji) as Force Commander of the UN Interim Force in Lebanon.

S/1999/1178 (A/54/620) Letter, 17 Nov. 1999, from Israel referring to letters from Lebanon (A/53/1050-S/1999/971 and A/54/435-S/1999/1023); claims that Lebanon is directly responsible for the volatile situation along its southern border, and that it continues to reject negotiations for resolving the conflict; calls upon Lebanon to return to negotiations to restore peace and security along their common border.


S/1999/1284 Letter, 28 Dec. 1999, from Lebanon requesting the extension of the mandate of the UN Interim Force in Lebanon, which expires on 31 Jan. 2000, for a further interim period of 6 months.


See: PALESTINE QUESTION
JAMMU AND KASHMIR
See also: UN MILITARY OBSERVER GROUP IN INDIA AND PAKISTAN

General documents
S/1999/633 (A/54/118) Letter, 27 May 1999, from Pakistan transmitting letter from the Prime Minister concerning military operations by India aimed at positions across the Line of Control in sectors controlled by Pakistan in the disputed state of Jammu and Kashmir; states that the situation requires that the UN Military Observer Group in India and Pakistan (UNMOGIP) be immediately reinforced and activated and also requests the Secretary-General to consider sending a Special Envoy to the region to help reduce tensions.


S/1999/732 Letter, 28 June 1999, from Germany transmitting declaration on Kashmir issued by the Presidency of the European Union, 24 June 1999; expresses deep concern at the continuing military confrontation in Kashmir and states that, in order to reduce tensions in the region, India and Pakistan should show maximum restraint and resume the dialogue in accordance with bilateral commitments and the Lahore Declaration.


S/1999/937 Letter, 2 Sept. 1999, from Pakistan transmitting letter from the Foreign Minister concerning the shooting down of an unarmed Pakistani Navy aircraft by India on 10 Aug. 1999; states that the incident took place over Pakistani airspace and urges the Security Council to support its request to send a fact-finding mission and its demand on India for appropriate compensation.

KFOR
See also: FORMER YUGOSLAVIA SITUATION KOSOVO (YUGOSLAVIA)

Reports
S/1999/692 Letter, 17 June 1999, from the Secretary-General transmitting letter of the same date from the Secretary-General of NATO; includes the initial report on the international security force (KFOR) operations for the period 12-15 June 1999.

KFOR (continued)
S/1999/787 Letter, 8 July 1999, from the Secretary-General transmitting report to the Security Council on the operations of the international security presence in Kosovo (KFOR) covering the period from 17 to 30 June 1999.

S/1999/858 Letter, 10 Aug. 1999, from the Secretary-General transmitting report to the Security Council on the operations of the international security presence in Kosovo (KFOR) covering the period from 1 to 27 July 1999.


General documents
S/1999/682 Letter, 15 June 1999, from the Secretary-General transmitting letter of 10 June 1999 from the Secretary-General of NATO including the military-technical agreement concluded by the military authorities of NATO and the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro) on the procedures and modalities for the withdrawal of the security forces of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia from Kosovo.

S/1999/729 Letter, 28 June 1999, from Yugoslavia transmitting letter of the same date from the Federal Minister for Foreign Affairs concerning deterioration of the security situation in Kosovo and Metohija since the implementation of the Security Council resolution 1244 (1999) and states that it is necessary to conclude an appropriate agreement on the status of the international presences in Kosovo and Metohija, between the Government of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia and UN; also contains an enclosure entitled "An overview of terrorist and other acts of violence in the provinces of Kosovo and Metohija from 12 to 27 June 1999".
KFOR (continued)

S/1999/743 Letter, 1 July 1999, from Yugoslavia concerning the implementation of several provisions of Security Council resolution 1244 (1999) concerning safety guarantees to all citizens, disarmament of KLA and respect for the territorial integrity and sovereignty of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia; expresses the urgent need for a speedy conclusion of a comprehensive agreement between the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia and UN on the status and mandate of the overall international presence in Kosovo and Metohija.

S/1999/747 Letter, 2 July 1999, from Yugoslavia informing the President of the Security Council of the status of cultural institutions in Pristina on 26 June 1999; requests that the international security force (KFOR) take immediate and effective action, including physical protection, of the cultural institutions, so that they may continue their regular activities.

S/1999/758 Letter, 6 July 1999, from Yugoslavia transmitting statement by the Government of the Yugoslav constituent Republic of Serbia regarding the joint statement signed in Pristina on 2 July 1999 by Bishop Artemije of Pristina and Momcilo Trajkovic with Hashim Thaci, under the auspices of UN and KFOR; states that the alleged representatives represent only themselves and that political talks among legitimate representatives of all national communities should start immediately.

S/1999/759 Letter, 6 July 1999, from Yugoslavia concerning the return of customs authorities to the border crossings with the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia and the Republic of Albania in the territory of Kosovo and Metohija; requests the Security Council to consider this issue urgently in accordance with resolution 1244 (1999).

S/1999/766 Letter, 7 July 1999, from Yugoslavia transmitting letter of the same day by the Federal Minister for Foreign Affairs concerning joint statement signed on 2 July in Pristina under the auspices of the UN Interim Administration Mission in Kosovo and KFOR; states that UN representatives in Kosovo and Metohija do not have the power to choose or proclaim arbitrarily Serb or other representatives of any national community, and calls for a meeting with the UN, either in Belgrade or in New York, to sign an agreement for further implementation of Security Council resolution 1244 (1999).


KFOR (continued)


S/1999/1144 Letter, 5 Nov. 1999, from Yugoslavia informing the President of the Security Council that on 4 Nov. 1999 the Government adopted a memorandum (contained in S/1999/1124) on the implementation of Security Council resolution 1244 (1999); holds KFOR and the UN Interim Administration Mission in Kosovo: in particular the Special Representative of the Secretary-General, responsible for actions taken against Serbs and other non-Albanians in Kosovo and Metohija; asks for the full respect of the sovereignty and territorial integrity of Yugoslavia.

S/1999/1165 Letter, 12 Nov. 1999, from Yugoslavia protesting against the decision of 8 Nov. 1599 of the Special Representative of the Secretary-General for Kosovo to establish a separate budget and a central budget authority for the province; states that it will not recognize decisions taken by the international security force or the UN Interim Administration Mission in Kosovo in violation of the provisions of Security Council resolution 1244 (1999).

S/1999/1193 Letter, 22 Nov. 1999, from Yugoslavia concerning the attack that took place near Kursumlija, Serbia, 21 Nov. 1999 allegedly killing 2 members of the Ministry of the Interior and wounding 6 others; demands that an investigation be conducted to apprehend and punish the perpetrators of the crime.

S/1999/1229 Letter, 8 Dec. 1999, from Yugoslavia lodging a protest over alleged arbitrary arrests and detention of Serbs in Kosovo and Metohija by the international security force and the UN Interim Administration Mission in Kosovo.

S/1999/1269 Letter, 20 Dec. 1999, from Yugoslavia concerning armed incident on 17 Dec. 1999 in Orahovac which resulted in 1 death and injuries to 9 persons; demands that the perpetrators be brought to justice and that the Kosovo Force implement its obligations in accordance with Security Council resolution 1244 (1999).

Draft resolutions

S/1999/681 Draft resolution on the deployment of international civil and security presences in Kosovo / Bahrain, Canada, France, Gabon, Germany, Italy, Japan, Netherlands, Russian Federation, Slovenia, Ukraine, United Kingdom and United States.
KFOR (continued)

Participation by non-Council members (without the right to vote)

S/PV.4011 (10 June 1999) Albania, Belarus, Bulgaria, Costa Rica, Croatia, Cuba, Germany, Hungary, Islamic Republic of Iran, Italy, Japan, Mexico, Norway, the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia and Ukraine.

Discussion in plenary

S/PV.4011 (10 June 1999).

At the 4011th meeting, draft resolution S/1999/661 was adopted (14-0-1): resolution 1244 (1999).

Resolutions

S/RES/1244(1999) [Deployment of international civil and security presences in Kosovo].

Decides on the deployment in Kosovo, under JN auspices, of international civil and security presences, with appropriate equipment and personnel as required; requests the Secretary-General to appoint a Special Representative to control the implementation of the international civil presence; authorizes Member States and relevant international organizations to establish the international security presence in Kosovo; authorizes the Secretary-General to establish an international civil presence in Kosovo in order to provide an interim administration for Kosovo under which the people of Kosovo can enjoy substantial autonomy within the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia; decides that the prohibitions imposed by paragraph 8 of resolution 1160 (1998) shall not apply to arms and related materiel for the use of the international civil and security presences; decides that the international civil and security presences are established for an initial period of 12 months, to continue thereafter unless the Security Council decides otherwise. (Adopted 14-0-1, 4011th meeting, 10 June 1999)

KOREAN QUESTION (continued)

See also: NUCLEAR NON-PROLIFERATION

General documents


S/1999/251 Letter, 9 Mar. 1999, from the Democratic People's Republic of Korea bringing to the attention of the Security Council the use by the United States of biological and chemical weapons and other actions against civilian population during the Korean war; submits an extract on the subject, from the report of the investigation team of the International Association of Democratic Lawyers published on 31 Mar. 1952.

KOREAN QUESTION (continued)


S/1999/877 Letter, 11 June 1999, from the Democratic People's Republic of Korea alleging that the United States is reinforcing its armed forces on a large scale in South Korea, pursuant to the new Operation Pan 5027-98.


S/1999/695 Letter, 15 June 1999, from the Republic of Korea reporting the presence of fishing boats and naval vessels of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea in its territorial waters in violation of the Northern Limit Line recognized in the South-North Basic Agreement concluded in 1992; further states that on 15 June a naval ship from the Democratic People's Republic of Korea opened fire against naval vessels of the Republic of Korea which fired back in self-defense.


S/1999/926 Letter, 3 Sept. 1999, from the Republic of Korea referring to its letter (S/1999/655) concerning the presence of fishing boats and naval vessels of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea in its territorial waters; rejects the "North Korean Military Demarcation Line in the West Sea (Yellow Sea)" declared unilaterally by North Korea in violation of the 1992 South-North Basic Agreement.

KOSOVO (YUGOSLAVIA)

See also: FORMER YUGOSLAVIA SITUATION

KFOR

UN INTERIM ADMINISTRATION MISSION IN KOSOVO

Reports


KOSOVO (YUGOSLAVIA) (continued)

S/1999/682 Letter, 17 June 1999, from the Secretary-General transmitting letter of the same date from the Secretary-General of NATO; includes the initial report on the international security force (KFOR) operations for the period 12-15 June 1999.

S/1999/767 Letter, 8 July 1999, from the Secretary-General transmitting report to the Security Council on the operations of the international security presence in Kosovo (KFOR) covering the period from 17 to 30 June 1999.


KOSOVO (YUGOSLAVIA) (continued)

General documents


S/1999/24 Letter, 9 Jan. 1999, from Yugoslavia transmitting letter of the same date from the Federal Minister for Foreign Affairs; reports the latest military activities of the "Kosovo Liberation Army" in Kosovo and Metohija.

S/1999/50 Letter, 16 Jan. 1999, from Albania requesting that an urgent meeting of the Security Council be convened with regard to the recent massacre of ethnic Albanians in the village of Racak, Kosovo.

S/1999/51 Letter, 17 Jan. 1999, from Yugoslavia transmitting statement of 16 Jan. made by the President of the Republic of Serbia following the statement of the Head of the OSCE Verification Mission in Kosovo and Metohija; concerns the on-site investigation of recent developments in Kosovo and Metohija.

S/1999/52 Letter, 18 Jan. 1999, from Albania transmitting letter from the Minister for Foreign Affairs concerning the recent massacre of ethnic Albanians in Racak, Kosovo; urges the Secretary-General's immediate engagement in the matter.

S/1999/55 Letter, 12 Jan. 1999, from Albania transmitting comments on the Secretary-General's report (S/1998/1221); states that the provisions of the agreement of 13 Oct. 1998 between Yugoslavia and the United States Special Envoy regarding the situation in Kosovo are not being implemented; reports incidents at the Albanian/Yugoslav border during the 1st week of Jan. 1999 and reconfirms the willingness of the Government of Albania to cooperate in finding a peaceful solution to the problem of Kosovo.


S/1999/54 Letter, 18 Jan. 1999, from Australia transmitting statement issued on the same date by the Minister for Foreign Affairs condemning the massacre of ethnic Albanians in Kosovo.
KOSOVO (YUGOSLAVIA) (continued)

S/1999/194 Letter, 23 Feb. 1999, from Ukraine transmitting statement of 19 Feb. 1999 by the Verkhovna Rada (Parliament); condemns the intention to solve the problem of Kosovo and Metohija by means of force, including the bombardment of Yugoslavia, and appeals to the Security Council and to the Parliaments and Governments of the world to do their utmost to avert armed conflict in Europe.


S/1999/244 Letter, 7 Mar. 1999, from Yugoslavia transmitting statement of 6 Mar. 1999 by the President of the Republic of Serbia (Yugoslavia) and the Vice-President of its Government referring to their letters addressed to the members of the Contact Group; draws attention to the campaign set in motion to have the representatives of the political parties of the Albanian separatist movement sign a non-existent "Agreement" which was neither discussed nor approved at Rambouillet nor by the Contact Group.

S/1999/245 Letter, 7 Mar. 1999, from Yugoslavia transmitting statement of 5 Mar. 1999 by the Office of the President on the talks on the autonomy of Kosovo and Metohija; states that the major part of the agreement has not been discussed within the Contact Group or in the talks and that self-government for Kosovo and Metohija must include the respect of the sovereignty and territorial integrity of Yugoslavia.


S/1999/222 Letter, 17 Mar. 1999, from Yugoslavia transmitting letter of the same date from the Minister for Foreign Affairs; concerns military activity by NATO against Yugoslavia and its build-up of troops in the neighbouring Republic of Macedonia; requests that a meeting of the Security Council be convened in order to urge NATO to cease its military activity against Yugoslavia, to stop any further build-up of troops and arms in the region and to withdraw those already deployed.

S/1999/301 Letter, 20 Mar. 1999, from Yugoslavia transmitting statement issued on 19 Mar. 1999 by the Government concerning the proceedings and results of the meetings on Kosovo and Metohija held in France; rejects those provisions of the political agreement giving Kosovo and Metohija the status of a 3rd federal unit or the status of an independent state.

KOSOVO (YUGOSLAVIA) (continued)


S/1999/314 Letter, 23 Mar. 1999, from Yugoslavia transmitting reply of the President to the message of the Co-Chairmen of the Rambouillet meeting and the Ministers for Foreign Affairs of France and the United Kingdom; rejects the Rambouillet Agreement stating that there were no talks between the 2 parties and that the Agreement was published in the Kosovo press (the Albanian paper Koha Ditore) before the start of the Rambouillet talks; also denounces military intervention by NATO.


S/1999/318 Letter, 24 Mar. 1999, from Yugoslavia transmitting conclusions of the National Assembly of the Yugoslav constituent Republic of Serbia, at its session held on 23 Mar. 1999, relative to the report of the State delegation on the Rambouillet and Paris talks; condemns the threat against its country and states that the political agreement was not reached because the Contact Group proposals cancelled out the sovereignty and territorial integrity of the Republic of Serbia and of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia.


KOSOVO (YUGOSLAVIA) (continued)

S/1999/322 Letter, 24 Mar. 1999, from Yugoslavia requesting to convene, on the basis of Chapter VII of the Charter, an urgent meeting of the Security Council so that it may take an immediate action to condemn and to stop the NATO's military activities against Yugoslavia and to protect its sovereignty and territorial integrity.

S/1999/323 Letter, 24 Mar. 1999, from Belarus requesting an urgent meeting of the Security Council to consider the situation caused by the military activity of NATO against Yugoslavia.


S/1999/331 Letter, 25 Mar. 1999, from Tajikistan transmitting statement of the same date from the Ministry of Foreign Affairs; expresses concern over the bomb strikes against Yugoslavia and calls for peaceful means in resolving the conflict.

S/1999/332 (A/53/877) Letter, 24 Mar. 1999, from Belarus transmitting statement of the same date by the President; expresses concern at decision of the leaders of NATO to use military force against Yugoslavia and calls for the convening of an emergency meeting of the Security Council on the matter.


KOSOVO (YUGOSLAVIA) (continued)


S/1999/352 (A/53/886) Letter, 26 Mar. 1999, from the Russian Federation transmitting appeal by the Federation Council of the Federal Assembly addressed to the parliaments of all countries, the Inter-Parliamentary Union, the Parliamentary Assembly of the Council of Europe, the Parliamentary Assembly of the Organization for Security and Cooperation and the Inter-Parliamentary Assembly of the States members of the Commonwealth of Independent States; states that the missile and bomb strikes being carried out by NATO against the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia are a flagrant violation of the Charter of the UN and of the universally accepted norms and principles of international law.

S/1999/353 Letter, 27 Mar. 1999, from Yugoslavia transmitting letter of 25 Mar. 1999 from the Minister for Foreign Affairs to the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Norway, as the Chairman-in-Office of the Organization for Security and Cooperation in Europe (OSCE) requesting the latter to convene a special session of the OSCE Permanent Council to consider and undertake measures to stop NATO air strikes against Yugoslavia.

S/1999/357 Letter, 29 Mar. 1999, from Yugoslavia reporting damage caused by NATO air strikes on targets throughout the country.

KOSOVO (YUGOSLAVIA) (continued)


S/1999/363 Letter, 31 Mar. 1999, from the Islamic Republic of Iran transmitting statement of the OIC Contact Group on Bosnia and Herzegovina and Kosovo, adopted at its meeting held at the ambassadorial level, 26 Mar. 1999; expresses concern over the failure of the peace effort to persuade Yugoslavia to accept a political solution to the situation in Kosovo.

S/1999/366 Letter, 31 Mar. 1999, from Yugoslavia transmitting letter of the same date from Federal Minister for Foreign Affairs concerning bomb strikes by NATO and calling on the Secretary-General to act within his powers, in particular, Article 99 of the Charter of UN, to put an end to the military activity by NATO.

S/1999/367 Letter, 31 Mar. 1999, from Yugoslavia referring to the letter from the Secretary-General of NATO (S/1999/338); states that data contained in the annex to the letter citing the instances of Yugoslavia's non-compliance with the provisions of Security Council resolution 1199 (1998) are inaccurate.


S/1999/375 Letter, 4 Apr. 1999, from Yugoslavia transmitting letter of 3 Apr. 1999 from the Federal Minister for Foreign Affairs to the President of the international Committee of the Red Cross concerning the air strikes by NATO and the humanitarian crisis in the country.

S/1999/376 Letter, 4 Apr. 1999, from Yugoslavia transmitting letter of 3 Apr. 1999 from the Federal Minister for Foreign Affairs to the UN High Commissioner for Refugees concerning the air strikes by NATO and the humanitarian crisis in the country.


KOSOVO (YUGOSLAVIA) (continued)

S/1999/383 Letter, 16 Mar. 1999, from the President of the International Tribunal for the former Yugoslavia reporting that the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro) continues to refuse to permit the Prosecutor and investigators of the International Tribunal to enter Kosovo; urges the Security Council to provide the necessary support to enable the Tribunal to discharge its mandate.

S/1999/388 Letter, 6 Apr. 1999, from Yugoslavia transmitting joint statement issued by the Governments of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia and Serbia (Yugoslavia), 6 Apr. 1999; proposes the cessation of all actions of the Yugoslav Army and police in Kosovo and Metohija against the "KLA", the preparation by government representatives, in cooperation with Albanians represented by Mr. Rugova, of a political agreement, which will form a basis for autonomy in Kosovo and Metohija within Serbia; d Yugoslavia, and a programme for the return of refugees and the establishment of self-government, with assistance from UNHCR and the International Committee of the Red Cross.

S/1999/391 Note transmitting letters of 2 and 3 Apr. 1999, exchanged between the Secretary-General of NATO and UN High Commissioner for Refugees concerning the assistance for refugees from Kosovo / President, Security Council.

S/1999/394 Letter, 7 Apr. 1999, from the Islamic Republic of Iran transmitting declaration of the Organization of the Islamic Conference (OIC) Contact Group on Bosnia and Herzegovina and Kosovo, adopted at its Ministerial Meeting held in Geneva on 7 Apr. 1999; urges the immediate implementation of OIC draft resolution presented to the 55th session of the Commission of Human Rights and appeals to the International community to extend humanitarian assistance to refugees and internally displaced persons in and outside Kosovo.

S/1999/398 Letter, 6 Apr. 1999, from Yugoslavia transmitting letter of 1 Apr. 1999 from the President of the Bar Association of Belgrade addressed to the Security Council; calls for the cessation of the aerial bombing of Belgrade by NATO forces.

S/1999/402 Letter, 9 Apr. 1999, from the Secretary-General transmitting his statement of the same date concerning Kosovo; calls upon the Yugoslav authorities to cease the expulsion of the civilian population and all activities of military and paramilitary forces in Kosovo, and to accept the deployment of an international force to secure an environment for the return of refugees and the delivery of humanitarian aid. Also urges NATO to suspend air bombardments on the territory of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia upon the acceptance of the above conditions by the Yugoslav authorities.
KOSOVO (YUGOSLAVIA) (continued)

S/1999/405 Letter, 8 Apr. 1999, from Austria transmitting the Vienna Declaration on Peace and Tolerance in Kosovo adopted at the Conference on Peace and Tolerance in Kosovo, 17-18 Mar. 1999, which brought together representatives from all major religions in Kosovo to discuss the current crisis in the region.

S/1999/406 Letter, 11 Apr. 1999, from Yugoslavia informing the President of the Security Council of a border incident on 9 Apr. 1999 between its armed forces and ethnic Albanians from Kosovo and Metohija with the support of the armed forces of Albania and NATO at the State border line between the Morina and Kosare posts.

S/1999/412 Letter, 12 Apr. 1999, from Yugoslavia transmitting statement of the Supreme Command of the Army of Yugoslavia regarding the aerial bombings being carried out by NATO forces.

S/1999/413 Letter, 8 Apr. 1999, from Germany transmitting statement made on 7 Apr. 1999 by the Minister for Foreign Affairs on the situation in Kosovo; concerns the reaction by the Foreign Ministers of Germany, France, Italy, the United Kingdom and the United States to the announcement by the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia of a unilateral "ceasefire" during the Orthodox Easter holidays.

S/1999/414 Letter, 9 Apr. 1999, from Germany transmitting conclusions of the Special General Council of the European Union on the situation in Kosovo set forth on 8 Apr. 1999; calls on the President of Yugoslavia to stop military action, to withdraw troops, police and paramilitary forces from Kosovo, to agree to the stationing of an international military peacekeeping force and to agree to the unconditional return of all deportees.

S/1999/423 Letter, 14 Apr. 1999, from Yugoslavia reporting that the air forces of NATO bombed a column of refugees on the Djakovica-Prizren road near the villages of Madanaj and Meja on 14 Apr. 1999; requests that an emergency meeting of the Security Council be convened on the matter.

S/1999/428 Letter, 15 Apr. 1999, from Germany transmitting proposal entitled "Kosovo Peace Plan" aiming at a solution to the Kosovo crisis; lists points to be determined, proposes that the agreement be turned into a Security Council resolution under Chapter VII of the Charter and provides details pertaining to its implementation.

S/1999/429 Letter, 15 Apr. 1999, from Germany transmitting the Chairman's summary of the deliberations on Kosovo at the informal meeting of the Heads of State and Government of the European Union, Brussels, 14 Apr. 1999; reiterates that they will persist in pursuing the goal of a multi-ethnic and democratic Kosovo and expresses their support for the initiative of the Secretary-General of 9 Apr. 1999 calling for an immediate halt to the use of force, the withdrawal of all military and special police forces, the deployment of an international military force and the return of all refugees and displaced persons.

S/1999/431 (A/53/911) Letter, 15 Apr. 1999, from Ukraine transmitting excerpts from the Presidential statement at his meeting on 15 Apr. 1999 with the representatives of the national mass media on the mediation initiative of Ukraine regarding the settlement of the Kosovo crisis; states that the use of force is inadmissible without a relevant decision of the UN Security Council and presents a 3-phase plan for the settlement of the Yugoslav conflict.

S/1999/433 Identical letters, 17 Apr. 1999, from Ukraine addressed to the Secretary-General and to the President of the Security Council; transmits letter from the Minister of Foreign Affairs, containing a 3-phase plan of action on the settlement of the Yugoslav crisis proposed by the President of Ukraine.


S/1999/438 Letter, 16 Apr. 1999, from Yugoslavia transmitting letter of the same date from the Minister for Foreign Affairs concerning military activity by NATO against Yugoslavia; contains an enclosure which outlines the position of the Government on Kosovo and Metohija.

S/1999/437 Letter, 19 Apr. 1999, from Yugoslavia transmitting aide-mémoire regarding the humanitarian consequences of the military activities of NATO against the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia; states that the 25-day aerial bombardment by NATO have caused enormous human casualties and vast material destruction.

S/1999/438 Identical letters, 19 Apr. 1999, from Australia addressed to the Secretary-General and to the President of the Security Council transmitting identical letters of the same date from its Special Envoy addressed to the Presidents of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia and Serbia; asks for the release of the 2 Australian aid workers currently being held in detention by the Yugoslav authorities.

S/1999/439 Letter, 19 Apr. 1999, from Yugoslavia transmitting letter of 18 Apr. from the Minister for Foreign Affairs concerning the arrest of 2 Australian nationals at the border crossing of Batrovac on 31 Mar. 1999; states that they are being investigated for espionage and that the Australian Embassy in Belgrade will be secured consular access.

S/1999/444 Letter, 20 Apr. 1999, from Croatia reporting violation of the demilitarized zone established between Croatia and Yugoslavia by soldiers of the Yugoslav army; calls upon Yugoslavia to withdraw its forces from the demilitarized zone and upon the Security Council to ensure strict compliance with its resolutions pertaining to the Prevlaka issue.
KOSOVO (YUGOSLAVIA) (continued)


S/1999/451 Letter, 9 Apr. 1999, from South Africa transmitting statement on the situation in Kosovo issued by the Movement of Non-Aligned Countries, 9 Apr. 1999; calls for an immediate cessation of hostilities and the safe return of all refugees and displaced persons who are fleeing Kosovo and urges the Secretary-General to intensify the role of UN in alleviating their suffering and to investigate all abuses of human rights.


S/1999/461 (A/53/920) Letter, 21 Apr. 1999, from the Russian Federation transmitting resolution and declaration concerning the military operations by NATO in the territory of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia, adopted by the Inter-Parliamentary Assembly of States members of the Commonwealth of Independent States, 3 Apr. 1999; calls on the Parliaments and Governments of the States members of NATO to take immediate action to halt the military operations. Also calls on the leadership of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia to settle the Kosovo conflict by peaceful means.

S/1999/462 (A/53/921) Letter, 21 Apr. 1999, from the Russian Federation transmitting information from the State Committee on environmental protection “On possible environmental consequences of the military aggression by the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) against Yugoslavia”; states that NATO's bombing is causing damage to the natural environment and that there is the risk of serious environmental disaster in the event of the accidental destruction of nuclear facilities.

S/1999/465 Letter, 22 Apr. 1999, from Yemen transmitting letter of the same date setting forth a proposal by the President for a peace initiative with regard to the situation in Yugoslavia; proposes a halt to all military operations including aerial attacks by NATO and, the withdrawal of Yugoslav troops, under UN supervision, to be replaced by an international peacekeeping force created pursuant to a Security Council resolution. Also proposes that UN preside over a peace conference to be attended by all interested parties.

S/1999/468 Identical letters, 22 Apr. 1999, from the Islamic Republic of Iran addressed to the Secretary-General and to the President of the Security Council transmitting statement of the same date by the Organization of the Islamic Conference Contact Group on Bosnia and Herzegovina and Kosovo; expresses support for the Secretary-General's proposals (S/1999/402) calling upon the Yugoslav authorities to undertake 5 commitments to allow for a lasting political solution to be found for the crisis in Kosovo through diplomacy.

S/1999/472 Letter, 24 Apr. 1999, from Yugoslavia transmitting letter of the same date from the Federal Minister for Foreign Affairs; states that NATO military activities against Yugoslavia have concentrated primarily on civilian targets and urges the Security Council to condemn these activities and take the specific steps to end them without delay.

S/1999/473 Letter, 23 Apr. 1999, from Uruguay transmitting statement on the humanitarian situation in Kosovo, issued by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, 22 Apr. 1999; expresses its solidarity with the inhabitants of Kosovo and its readiness to receive refugees from that region to the extent of its capacity and available resources.


S/1999/478 (A/53/925) Letter, 14 Apr. 1999, from Cuba transmitting statements concerning the military activities of NATO against the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia, issued by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, 25 Mar. and 7 Apr. 1999; states that the effort to impose solutions by force is incompatible with the basic principles of international law and expresses its support for the urgent search for a reasonable, just solution to the conflict.

S/1999/479 Letter, 26 Apr. 1999, from Yugoslavia transmitting assessment of NATO's military activities against Yugoslavia issued by the Federal Constitutional Court and based on the standards of its internal legal system and of international law.

S/1999/484 (A/53/929) Letter, 27 Apr. 1999, from Mexico transmitting letter of 21 Apr. 1999 from the Minister for Foreign Affairs; expresses regret at the recent turn of events in Yugoslavia and welcomes steps taken by the UN in the promotion of dialogue and negotiation in accordance with the provisions of the Charter.
KOSOVO (YUGOSLAVIA) (continued)

S/1999/490 Letter, 23 Apr. 1999, from Germany transmitting conclusions on the Kosovo crisis and statement on Bulgaria and Romania, both issued by the Council of the European Union, 26 Apr. 1999; expresses strong support for maximum pressure from the international community on the Yugoslavian regime, reaffirms its commitment to relieving the fate of refugees and internally displaced persons and, considers the regional implications of the crisis. The Council also welcomes the efforts and initiatives undertaken by Bulgaria and Romania to contribute to a political solution of the crisis.

S/1999/496 Letter, 30 Apr. 1999, from Yugoslavia transmitting letter of the same date from the Federal Minister for Foreign Affairs; concerns the decision of the Council of the European Union to ban the shipment of oil and oil derivatives to the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia.

S/1999/506 (A/53/935) Letter, 3 May 1999, from Yugoslavia transmitting letter of 27 Apr. 1999 from the President of the Yugoslav Commission for Cooperation with UNICEF and the Promotion of the Status of Women to the Executive Director of UNICEF; states that NATO military activity has seriously affected the implementation of the Yugoslav plans of action for children and women and demands that UNICEF take urgent action to protect the 3 million children in Yugoslavia.

S/1999/510 Letter, 4 May 1999, from Yugoslavia reporting recent escalation of NATO bombing of civilian targets all over Yugoslavia.

S/1999/511 Letter, 4 May 1999, from Yugoslavia transmitting open letter of 30 Apr. 1999 from the Federal Minister of Agriculture addressed to Ministers for Agriculture and to specialized government agencies in the field of agriculture concerning the effects of the NATO’s military activity on the agriculture of the country; expresses concern over the ecological damage of agricultural land and states that a cessation of NATO’s actions is indispensable to prevent further human, material, economic and ecological damage.

S/1999/516 Letter, 6 May 1999, from Germany transmitting statement by the Chairman of the meeting of the G-8 Foreign Ministers held at the Petersberg Centre on 6 May 1999 concerning the adoption of principles on the political solution to the Kosovo crisis.
KOSOVO (YUGOSLAVIA) (continued)

S/1999/562 Letter, 14 May 1999, from Yugoslavia informing the Security Council that on the same date NATO planes struck the refugee centre at Kosiste resulting in the death of 79 people, mostly women and children; refers to other military activities of NATO and states that it expects the Security Council to condemn this latest act against innocent civilians.

S/1999/564 Letter, 17 May 1999, from Yugoslavia transmitting aide mémoire on NATO's use of inhumane weapons against the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia from 25 Mar. to 15 May 1999; states that the consequences of using these weapons are more inhumane and dangerous than those of using conventional arms.


S/1999/592 Letter, 20 May 1999, from the Russian Federation transmitting statement on the latest air strikes by NATO against civilian targets in Belgrade, issued by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, 20 May 1999; calls on the NATO leadership and member countries of the alliance to proceed seriously to political negotiations with the objective of settling the Kosovo problem.

S/1999/604 Letter, 25 May 1999, from Yugoslavia reporting the destruction of its power grid by NATO's air force, causing power outages all over the country; expresses concern over the humanitarian effects of these actions on the population.


KOSOVO (YUGOSLAVIA) (continued)

S/1999/619 Letter, 27 May 1999, from Yugoslavia transmitting aide mémoire on NATO's bombings of diplomatic and consular missions and officers in the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia; states that these activities represent a violation of the norms of international law regarding the use of force, the sovereignty of states and, in particular, the provisions of the Convention on the Prevention and Punishment of Crimes against Internationally Protected Persons, including Diplomatic Agents.


S/1999/631 Letter, 1 June 1999, from Yugoslavia informing that it has accepted the principles of the G-8, including a UN presence with a mandate to be established by Security Council resolution on the condition that the NATO bombings are urgently stopped.

S/1999/637 Letter, 2 June 1999, from Yugoslavia transmitting memorandum on the continued military actions allegedly by the regular armed forces of the Albania in collusion with the NATO air force and the Kosovo Liberation Army against the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia; requests that the Security Council condemn these acts and take urgent and immediate measures in this regard.

S/1999/638 Letter, 2 June 1999, from Yugoslavia informing the President of the Security Council of organized border incidents on 28 and 29 May 1999 carried out by ethnic Albanians allegedly with the support of the armed forces of Albania and NATO at the State border posts of Oplaz, Kosare, Djkovica and Prizren.

S/1999/646 Letter, 5 June 1999, from Yugoslavia transmitting letter of 4 June 1999 from the Minister for Foreign Affairs concerning the acceptance of the Peace Plan by the Government of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia and the Assembly of the Republic of Serbia; requests that its representatives be allowed to present their views at the Security Council on the draft resolution as the Peace Plan will be implemented in their sovereign territory.

S/1999/647 Letter, 5 June 1999, from Yugoslavia transmitting statement of 3 June 1999 by the Federal Ministry of Foreign Affairs concerning the initiatives of some governmental and non-governmental organizations to airdrop humanitarian aid to Kosovo and Metohija; states that there is no need for this form of relief considering that there exists no obstacles to sending humanitarian dispatches to all parts of the country over customary, safer land routes, however, it would have to be dispatched on the basis of cooperation with the competent Yugoslav organs and institutions.
KOSOVO (YUGOSLAVIA) (continued)


S/1999/649 Letter, 7 June 1999, from Yugoslavia transmitting, on behalf of the Presidency of the European Union, agreement on the principles (peace plan) to move towards a resolution of the Kosovo crisis presented to the leadership of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia by the President of Finland, representing the European Union, and the Special Representative of the President of the Russian Federation; states that the document was accepted by the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia and the Assembly of the Republic of Serbia on 3 June 1999.

S/1999/650 Letter, 2 June 1999, from Germany transmitting statement on Kosovo issued by the European Union on 31 May 1999; states that the Council reaffirmed the European Union's full support for the efforts of the President of Finland on behalf of the Union and in close cooperation with the United States, the Russian Federation and UN, expects Belgrade to accept the 58 principles and a Security Council resolution, and welcomes the endorsement by the international community of the Stability Pact for South-Eastern Europe and the results of the Petersberg Conference of 27 May 1999.

S/1999/653 Letter, 7 June 1999, from Yugoslavia reporting attacks by the Kosovo Liberation Army, the armed forces of Albania and the air force of NATO against the territory of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia and its armed forces at the Yugoslav-Albanian border, 2-3 June 1999.

S/1999/655 Letter, 7 June 1999, from Yugoslavia transmitting letter of the same date from the Minister for Foreign Affairs concerning the acceptance by the Yugoslav Government of the Ahlissari-Chernomyrdin document on a peaceful solution for Kosovo and Metohija; expresses the Government's expectation that the Security Council will adopt a resolution, consistent with the Charter of UN, which will ensure respect for the sovereignty and territorial integrity of Yugoslavia.

S/1999/656 Letter, 7 June 1999, from Yugoslavia reporting armed attacks by the Kosovo Liberation Army, allegedly supported by the armed forces of Albania and air force of NATO, against the territory of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia and its armed forces.


KOSOVO (YUGOSLAVIA) (continued)

S/1999/683 Letter, 10 June 1999, from the Secretary-General transmitting communication of the same data from the Secretary-General of NATO reporting that the security forces of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia have begun to withdraw from Kosovo in accordance with agreed procedures and modalities, and that NATO air operations against the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia have been suspended.

S/1999/685 Letter, 9 June 1999, from the Secretary-General referring to attached letter of 7 June 1999 from the Prosecutor of the International Tribunal for Yugoslavia outlining the requirements for conducting investigations in Kosovo as soon as international forces are allowed to enter the area; informs the Security Council of his Intention to approve the request of the Prosecutor of the International Tribunal to proceed with issuing invitations to all Member States to offer gratis personnel, and to accept experts for the specialized functions related to forensic investigations, for a period of 6 months, and in accordance with the regime for gratis personnel established by the General Assembly.

S/1999/687 Letter, 10 June 1999, from the Russian Federation transmitting statement issued on the same date by its President concerning the suspension of air strikes against Yugoslavia; states that Russian diplomatic corps will pursue vigorous efforts to bring the resolutions of the UN Security Council into effect with a view to resolving the Kosovo question and establishing a firm peace and stability in the Balkans.

S/1999/685 Letter, 11 June 1999, from the Secretary-General informing the President of the Security Council of his intention to appoint Sergio Vieira de Mello (Brazil) as his Special Representative to control the implementation of the international civil presence to be established in Kosovo (Yugoslavia) on an interim basis.

S/1999/676 Letter, 14 June 1999, from the President of the Security Council referring to document S/1999/675; informs the Secretary-General that the members of the Council take note of his intention to appoint Sergio Vieira de Mello (Brazil) as his Special Representative, on an interim basis, to control the implementation of the international civil presence to be established in Kosovo, Federal Republic of Yugoslavia.

S/1999/682 Letter, 15 June 1999, from the Secretary-General transmitting letter of 10 June 1999 from the Secretary-General of NATO including the military-technical agreement concluded by the military authorities of NATO and the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro) on the procedures and modalities for the withdrawal of the security forces of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia from Kosovo.

S/1999/689 Letter, 17 June 1999, from the President of the Security Council informing the Secretary-General that the members of the Council approve of the concept of operations for the UN Interim Administration Mission in Kosovo outlined in his report (S/1999/672).
KOSOVO (YUGOSLAVIA) (continued)

S/1999/684 Letter, 18 June 1999, from the Secretary-General transmitting letter of 11 June 1999 from the Deputy Permanent Representative of Norway to UN; informs the Secretary-General that, in view of the adoption by the Security Council of resolution 1244 (1999), the Organization for Security and Cooperation in Europe considers that further reporting by them under resolutions 1160 (1998) and 1203 (1999) has been rendered redundant.

S/1999/702 Letter, 21 June 1999, from the Secretary-General transmitting letter of 20 June from the Deputy Permanent Representative of Norway to UN; reports that all uniformed Federal Republic of Yugoslavia and Serbian Security Forces have withdrawn from Kosovo as of 20 June 1999 and the Alliance's limited air response and phased air campaign have therefore been terminated.

S/1999/703 Letter, 21 June 1999, from Yugoslavia transmitting statement by the Federal Government concerning the honouring of commitments under Security Council resolution 1244 (1999) by the UN security force in Kosovo and Metohija; requests that a special civilian agreement be signed as soon as possible with UN.

S/1999/708 Letter, 22 June 1999, from Yugoslavia informing the President of the Security Council of its position regarding the implementation of resolution 1244 (1999) on the deployment of the international civil and security presences in Kosovo and Metohija; requests clarification on all coordination activities including the role of the Special Representative, demilitarization and humanitarian assistance.


S/1999/729 Letter, 28 June 1999, from Yugoslavia transmitting letter of the same date from the Federal Minister for Foreign Affairs concerning deterioration of the security situation in Kosovo and Metohija since the implementation of the Security Council resolution 1244 (1999) and states that it is necessary to conclude an appropriate agreement on the status of the international presences in Kosovo and Metohija, between the Government of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia and UN; also contains an enclosure entitled "An overview of terrorist and other acts of violence in the provinces of Kosovo and Metohija from 12 to 27 June 1999".

S/1999/743 Letter, 1 July 1999, from Yugoslavia concerning the implementation of several provisions of Security Council resolution 1244 (1999) concerning safety guarantees to all citizens, disarmament of KLA and respect for the territorial integrity and sovereignty of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia; expresses the urgent need for a speedy conclusion of a comprehensive agreement between the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia and UN on the status and mandate of the overall international presence in Kosovo and Metohija.

S/1999/747 Letter, 2 July 1999, from Yugoslavia informing the President of the Security Council of the status of cultural institutions in Pristina on 28 June 1999; requests that the international security force (KFOR) take immediate and effective action, including physical protection, of the cultural institutions, so that they may continue their regular activities.

S/1999/748 Letter, 2 July 1999, from the Secretary-General informing the Security Council of his intention to appoint Bernard Kouchner (France) as his Special Representative to head the UN Interim Administration Mission in Kosovo (Federal Republic of Yugoslavia).

S/1999/749 Letter, 6 July 1999, from the President of the Security Council informing the Secretary-General that members of the Council have taken note of his proposal in S/1999/748 to appoint Bernard Kouchner as his Special Representative to head the UN Interim Administration Mission in Kosovo (Federal Republic of Yugoslavia).

S/1999/758 Letter, 6 July 1999, from Yugoslavia transmitting statement by the Government of the Yugoslav constituent Republic of Serbia regarding the joint statement signed in Pristina on 2 July 1999 by Bishop Artemije of Pristina and Momcilo Trajkovic with Hashim Thaci, under the auspices of UN and KFOR; states that the alleged representatives represent only themselves and that political talks among legitimate representatives of all national communities should start immediately.

S/1999/759 Letter, 6 July 1999, from Yugoslavia concerning the return of customs authorities to the border crossings with the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia and the Republic of Albania in the territory of Kosovo and Metohija; requests the Security Council to consider this issue urgently in accordance with resolution 1244 (1999).


S/1999/786 Letter, 7 July 1999, from Yugoslavia transmitting letter of the same date by the Federal Minister for Foreign Affairs concerning joint statement signed on 2 July in Pristina under the auspices of the UN Interim Administration Mission in Kosovo and KFOR; states that UN representatives in Kosovo and Metohija do not have the power to choose or proclaim arbitrarily Serb or other representatives of any national community, and calls for a meeting with the UN, either in Belgrade or in New York, to sign an agreement for further implementation of Security Council resolution 1244 (1999).
KOSOVO (YUGOSLAVIA) (continued)

S/1999/797 Letter, 15 July 1999, from Yugoslavia concerning the views and positions of the Government on the Secretary-General's report on the UN Interim Administration Mission in Kosovo (UNMIK) of 12 July 1999 (S/1999/779); takes exception to the presentation of the overall situation in Kosovo and Metohija and questions the mandate and authority of UNMIK.

S/1999/800 Letter, 19 July 1999, from Yugoslavia, transmitting letter of 16 July from its President concerning the report on the UN Interim Administration Mission in Kosovo (UNMIK) (S/1999/779); states that the current situation in Kosovo and Metohija indicates that compliance with the spirit of resolution 1244 (1999) has been far from satisfactory, and expresses the objections of the Government regarding the concept of the mandate and powers of UNMIK as outlined in paragraphs 34 to 42 of the report.

S/1999/818 Letter, 24 July 1999, from Yugoslavia reporting the massacre of 14 Serbian farmers in the village of Staro Gradske in Kosovo and Metohija on 23 July 1999, allegedly perpetrated by the Kosovo Liberation Army (KLA); urges the Security Council to convene a meeting to adopt the necessary measures to ensure the full protection of civilians and the full implementation of resolution 1244 (1999); also transmits statement by the Yugoslav leadership on the massacre.

S/1999/828 Letter, 28 July 1999, from Yugoslavia transmitting memorandum on the implementation of Security Council resolution 1244 (1999), issued by Yugoslavia, 27 July; includes an enclosure listing alleged violent acts which occurred in Kosovo and Metohija during the period 12 June-26 July 1999, according to information provided by the Peace and Tolerance Centre in Pristina.


KOSOVO (YUGOSLAVIA) (continued)

S/1999/888 Letter, 17 Aug. 1999, from Yugoslavia reporting on the travel of the Prime Minister of Albania to Kosovo and Metohija, without prior notification to Yugoslav authorities or the granting of a Yugoslav visa, during which time he made an address to local residents whom he allegedly called "Albanian citizens" and stated that Kosovo and Metohija would become part of "Greater Albania" in the future.

S/1999/890 Letter, 19 Aug. 1999, from the Russian Federation transmitting statement issued 17 Aug. 1999 by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs concerning the situation in Kosovo; states that the process of weapons surrender is moving extremely slowly and that the military activities of the Albanians are a violation of Security Council resolution 1244 (1999).

S/1999/899 Letter, 20 Aug. 1999, from Yugoslavia informing about the establishment of the "customs service of Kosovo", which exercises customs control without applying the customs procedures of Yugoslavia; states that this is a violation of Security Council resolution 1244 (1999); requests that the said service be disbanded, that Yugoslav customs officers be allowed to return to the border crossings to Albania and Macedonia, and that the Yugoslav customs service in Kosovo and Metohija be enabled to function undisturbed.


S/1999/922 Letter, 29 Aug. 1999, from Yugoslavia transmitting statement of the same date from the meeting of the President of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia with the most responsible leaders of the country following the discovery of the massacre of 15 Serbian civilians in Kosovo and Metohija.


S/1999/934 Letter, 1 Sept. 1999, from Yugoslavia concerning the alleged practice of the UN Interim Administrative Mission in Kosovo (UNMIK) of seizing public and State property of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia in violation of Security Council Resolution 1244 (1999) and international law; demands the restitution of the seized property and its return to the legal owner and calls upon the Security Council to instruct UNMIK to abide by its mandate.
KOSOVO (YUGOSLAVIA) (continued)

S/1999/935 Letter, 1 Sept. 1999, from Yugoslavia

KOSOVO (YUGOSLAVIA) (continued)

S/1999/935 Letter, 1 Sept. 1999, from Yugoslavia concerning position of the Government regarding the press statement on Kosovo by the President of the Security Council on 30 Aug. 1999; welcomes the reaffirmation of the principle of Yugoslavia's sovereignty and territorial integrity and states that urgent measures by the Security Council are needed for a full implementation of resolution 1244 (1999), in the light of alleged attacks against Serbs and other non-Albanian civilians.

S/1999/945 Letter, 3 Sept. 1999, from Yugoslavia protesting against the decision of the Special Representative of the Secretary-General in Kosovo (regulation No. 1999/3) to establish the customs and related services and to introduce a foreign currency in Kosovo and Metohija; states that this is a violation of Security Council resolution 1244 (1999) and reiterates its requests that the said service be disbanded, that Yugoslav customs officers be allowed to return to the border crossings to Albania and Macedonia, and that the Yugoslav customs service in Kosovska Mitrovica be enabled to function undisturbed.

S/1999/953 Letter, 7 Sept. 1999, from Yugoslavia protesting against the establishment of regulation No. 1999/4 by the Special Representative of the Secretary-General for Kosovo permitting the use of foreign currencies as legal tender in Kosovo and Metohija; calls upon the Security Council to condemn the regulation and to cancel it immediately.

S/1999/962 Letter, 9 Sept. 1999, from Yugoslavia protesting against the shelling of 5 Serbian villages near Gnjilane by the Kosovo Liberation Army (KLA) on 8 Sept. 1999; requests the Security Council to ensure that KFOR carries out its obligation to disarm the KLA, which implies not only collection but also destruction of its weapons and the dismantling of its organization and structure.

S/1999/965 Letter, 10 Sept. 1999, from Yugoslavia reporting that the United States contingent of KFOR is building a military base near Urosevac in Kosovo and Metohija; also reports daily attacks carried out by the Kosovo Liberation Army on Serbian towns and villages.

S/1999/966 Letter, 12 Sept. 1999, from Yugoslavia reporting the attack on the Serbian population of the northern part of Kosovska Mitrovica on 9 Sept. 1999, allegedly carried out by ethnic Albanians of the Kosovo Liberation Army; requests that the UN Interim Administration Mission in Kosovo and KFOR carry out their obligations under Security Council resolution 1244 (1999), particularly the provisions relating to disarmament and the full protection of civilians.


S/1999/999 Letter, 23 Sept. 1999, from Yugoslavia expressing its concern regarding the agreement on the establishment of the "Kosovo Protection Corps" between the representatives of the KFOR and the UN Interim Administration Mission in Kosovo (UNMIK) and the Kosovo Liberation Army (KLA) in Pristina on 20 Sept. 1999; states that this decision of KFOR and UNMIK constitutes a step towards Albanian separatist goals in Kosovo and Metohija and is unacceptable to Yugoslavia.

S/1999/1001 Letter, 24 Sept. 1999, from Yugoslavia conveying the views and positions of the Government on the report of the Secretary-General on the UN Interim Administration Mission in Kosovo (S/1999/987) of 16 Sept. 1999; states that the report is not fully reflective of the situation in Kosovo and Metohija and proposes that the Security Council dispatch a delegation to Kosovo and Metohija to ascertain the real situation.

S/1999/1002 Letter, 22 Sept. 1999, from Yugoslavia protesting over the signing of the agreement on the establishment of the "Kosovo Protection Corps" between the representatives of the KFOR and the UN Interim Administration Mission in Kosovo (UNMIK) and the Kosovo Liberation Army; states that the decision violates Security Council resolution 1244 (1999) and insists that it be annulled along with all other decisions taken by KFOR and UNMIK, which violate the sovereignty and territorial integrity of Yugoslavia.

S/1999/1012 Letter, 24 Sept. 1999, from Finland transmitting statement on the demilitarization of the Kosovo Liberation Army, issued by the Presidency of the European Union, 23 Sept. 1999; welcomes the formation of the multi-ethnic Kosovo Protection Corps, under the operational control of KFOR.

S/1999/1018 Letter, 1 Oct. 1998, from Yugoslavia referring to the mortar attack on civilians at the Kosovo Polje market on 28 Sept. 1999; reiterates the demand that the Security Council annul the decision to transform the Kosovo Liberation Army into the Kosovo Protection Corps.

S/1999/1019 Letter, 1 Oct. 1999, from Yugoslavia expressing concern over the decision of the UN Interim Administration Mission in Kosovo to open Pristina Airport for commercial flights; states that the decision constitutes a violation of the provisions of Security Council resolution 1244 (1999) and runs counter to Yugoslavia's rights of membership in the ICAO and the rules and regulations of that organization.

S/1999/1031 Letter, 5 Oct. 1999, from Yugoslavia calling upon the Security Council to take, in accordance with article 4 of Security Council resolution 1244 (1999) measures to enable the units of the Army of Yugoslavia and the Serbian police personnel to return to Kosovo and Metohija, in order to avert the exodus of the Serbs, Montenegrins and other non-Albanians from Kosovo and Metohija.
KOSOVO (YUGOSLAVIA) (continued)

S/1999/1076 Letter, 20 Oct. 1999, from Yugoslavia expressing concern over the visit of the Foreign Minister of Albania to Kosovo and Metohija; states that the visit constitutes a violation of the sovereignty of Yugoslavia, is contrary to Security Council resolution 1244 (1999) and encourages the Albanian separatists.

S/1999/1089 Letter, 22 Oct. 1999, from Yugoslavia protesting the opening of the operation of the Pristina-Tirana air route by "Albanian Airlines" without the consent of or consultations with the competent authorities of Yugoslavia.

S/1999/1090 Letter, 22 Oct. 1999, from Yugoslavia informing about incidents that took place between the United States patrol and Serbian civilians in the village of Cernica near Gnjilane in Kosovo and Metohija on 2 and 3 Oct. 1999; protests against the alleged behaviour of the United States contingent of KFOR towards Serbian civilians; states that such incidents encourage Albanian separatism and intimidate the Serbs into leaving Kosovo and Metohija.

S/1999/1103 Letter, 26 Oct. 1999, from Yugoslavia concerning the situation of the Serbs and other non-Albanians in Kosovo and Metohija; reports alleged acts of ethnic cleansing and violence against Serbs, including bombing of Serbian houses.

S/1999/1104 Letter, 29 Oct. 1999, from Yugoslavia protesting against the alleged attack on a convoy of Serbian refugees, protected by KFOR, on the road from Orahovac, Kosovo and Metohija, to Montenegro, by the Kosovo Liberation Army (KLA) on 27 Oct. 1999; states that the responsibility of this incident lies with the UN civil and security presences and requests the Security Council to exercise its authority and make appropriate, concrete measures.

S/1999/1107 Letter, 29 Oct. 1999, from Yugoslavia protesting against the intention of the Special Representative of the Secretary-General to carry out a population registration in Kosovo and Metohija.

S/1999/1119 Letter, 5 Nov. 1999, from the President of the Security Council referring to the report of the Secretary-General (S/1999/127) and (S/1999/687/Add.1), in which the Secretary-General recommended that the total number of UN civilian police officers in the UN Interim Administration Mission in Kosovo be increased to 4,718; informs the Secretary-General that the members of the Council take note of the proposed increase.


S/1999/1143 Letter, 4 Nov. 1999, from Yugoslavia protesting the decision of the Special Representative of the Secretary-General in Kosovo and Metohija to adopt regulations 1999/10, 1999/11, 1999/12 and 1999/13 which it states are examples of violations of Security Council resolution 1244 (1999).
KOSOVO (YUGOSLAVIA) (continued)

S/1999/1144 Letter, 5 Nov. 1999, from Yugoslavia informing the President of the Security Council that on 4 Nov. 1999 the Government adopted a memorandum (contained in S/1999/1124) on the implementation of Security Council resolution 1244 (1999); holds KFOR and the UN Interim Administration Mission in Kosovo, in particular the Special Representative of the Secretary-General, responsible for actions taken against Serbs and other non-Albanians in Kosovo and Metohija; asks for the full respect of the sovereignty and territorial integrity of Yugoslavia.

S/1999/1157 Letter, 9 Nov. 1999, from Finland transmitting statement by the Presidency of the European Union issued on behalf of the European Union concerning ongoing violence in Kosovo issued on 4 Nov. 1999; appeals in particular to the leaders of the Kosovo Albanian community to condemn acts of violence and to work with KFOR and the UN Interim Administration Mission in Kosovo to eliminate incidents of violence and intimidation against the Serbs.

S/1999/1164 Letter, 12 Nov. 1999, from Yugoslavia protesting about the state of health services in the upper Morava river basin in Kosovo and Metohija; states that Serbian doctors have been evicted from the Medical Centre at Gnjilane resulting in inadequate health services to the Serbian population.

S/1999/1165 Letter, 12 Nov. 1999, from Yugoslavia protesting against the decision of 8 Nov. 1999 of the Special Representative of the Secretary-General for Kosovo to establish a separate budget and a central budget authority for the province; states that it will not recognize decisions taken by the international security force or the UN Interim Administration Mission in Kosovo in violation of the provisions of Security Council resolution 1244 (1999).

S/1999/1166 Letter, 15 Nov. 1999, from Yugoslavia conveying the commodisation of the Government over the crash of the UN planes in Kosovo and Metohija; states that flights to Kosovo and Metohija are operated in violation of the sovereignty and territorial integrity of Yugoslavia and calls for its sovereign rights to be respected in its entire air space.

S/1999/1190 Letter, 20 Nov. 1999, from Yugoslavia protesting against the 6 new regulations in various fields of civil administration introduced recently by the Special Representative of the Secretary-General of the UN in Kosovo and Metohija; states that it constitutes a flagrant violation of Security Council resolution 1244 (1999).

S/1999/1193 Letter, 22 Nov. 1999, from Yugoslavia concerning the attack that took place near Kursumlija, Serbia, 21 Nov. 1999 allegedly killing 2 members of the Ministry of the Interior and wounding 6 others; demands that an Investigation be conducted to apprehend and punish the perpetrators of the crime.
KOSOVO (YUGOSLAVIA) (continued)

S/1999/1262 Letter, 17 Dec. 1999, from Yugoslavia concerning the Joint Administrative Council established by the Special Representative of the Secretary-General, which it considers a violation of Security Council resolution 1244 (1999), which empowers the UN Interim Administration Mission in Kosovo to act as a transitional authority pending the establishment of legal authorities following an election, i.e., until a political solution is achieved.

S/1999/1263 Letter, 17 Dec. 1999, from Yugoslavia concerning alleged destruction of Orthodox religious shrines in Kosovo and Metohija, including in an annex a list of destroyed churches; requests the Security Council to take measures to protect these shrines and further requests that monks, nuns and clergy return to their churches and monasteries and that an expert team be allowed to access such sites and to assess damages.

S/1999/1260 Letter, 20 Dec. 1999, from Yugoslavia concerning armed incident on 17 Dec. 1999 in Orahovac which resulted in 1 death and injuries to 9 persons; demands that the perpetrators be brought to justice and that the Kosovo Force implement its obligations in accordance with Security Council resolution 1244 (1999).


Draft resolutions


S/1999/517 Draft resolution on relief assistance to Kosovo refugees and internally displaced persons in Kosovo, the Republic of Montenegro and other parts of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia / Argentina, Bahrain, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Brazil, Egypt, Gabon, Gambia, Islamic Republic of Iran, Jordan, Kuwait, Malaysia, Morocco, Namibia, Pakistan, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Slovenia, Turkey, United Arab Emirates and Yemen.

S/1999/861 Draft resolution on the deployment of international civil and security presences in Kosovo / Bahrain, Canada, France, Gabon, Germany, Italy, Japan, Netherlands, Russian Federation, Slovenia, Ukraine, United Kingdom and United States.

KOSOVO (YUGOSLAVIA) (continued)

Statements by the President of the Security Council

S/PRES/1999/5 Statement made on behalf of the Security Council at the 3967th meeting, 19 Jan. 1999, in connection with prior consultations held among Council members on the item concerning the situation in Kosovo (Yugoslavia) / President, Security Council.

Strongly condemns the massacre of Kosovo Albanians in the village of Racak in Southern Kosovo, Federal Republic of Yugoslavia, on 15 Jan. 1999, as reported by the Organization for Security and Cooperation in Europe (OSCE) Kosovo Verification Mission (KVM); emphasizes the need for an urgent and full investigation of the facts and urgently calls upon the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia to work with the International Tribunal for the former Yugoslavia and KVM to ensure that those responsible are brought to justice; deplores the decision by Belgrade to declare KVM Head of Mission Mr. Walker persona non grata and reaffirms its full support for Mr. Walker and the efforts of the OSCE to facilitate a peaceful settlement; calls upon Belgrade to rescind this decision and to cooperate fully with Mr. Walker and the KVM; also deplores the decision by the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia to refuse access to the Prosecutor of the International Tribunal and calls upon the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia to cooperate fully with the International Tribunal in carrying out an investigation in Kosovo; condemns the shooting of personnel of the KVM on 15 Jan. 1999 and reiterates its demands that the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia and the Kosovo Albanians cooperate fully with the KVM; warns the "Kosovo Liberation Army" against actions which are contributing to tensions; calls upon all parties to respect fully their commitments under the relevant resolutions and affirms once again its full support for international efforts to facilitate a peaceful settlement on the basis of equality for all citizens and ethnic communities in Kosovo.

S/PRES/1999/6 Statement made on behalf of the Security Council at the 3974th meeting, 29 Jan. 1999, in connection with prior consultations held among Council members on the item concerning the situation in Kosovo (Yugoslavia) / President, Security Council.

Expresses its deep concern at the escalating violence in Kosovo and about attacks on civilians and underlines the need for a full and unhindered investigation of such actions; supports the decisions of the Foreign Ministers of the International Contact Group, following their meeting in London, 29 Jan., which aim at reaching a political settlement between the parties and establish a framework and timetable for that purpose; reiterates its support for international efforts including those of the Contact Group and the Organization for Security and Cooperation in Europe Kosovo Verification Mission; reaffirms its commitment to the sovereignty and territorial integrity of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia.
KOSOVO (YUGOSLAVIA) (continued)


Recalls the press statement by the President on 8 May 1999 and expresses its deep distress and concern over the bombing of the Embassy of the People's Republic of China in the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia on 7 May 1999, which has caused serious casualties and property damage; expresses its deepest sympathy and profound condolences to the Chinese Government and families of the victims; expresses profound regret over the bombing and deep sorrow for the loss of lives, injuries and property damage caused by tragedy by members of NATO; reaffirms that the principle of the inviolability of the diplomatic personnel and premises must be respected in all cases in accordance with internationally accepted norms; stresses the need for a complete and thorough investigation of the bombing by NATO. In this connection, it takes note of the fact that an investigation has been initiated by NATO and awaits the results of the investigation.

Participation by non-Council members (without the right to vote)

S/PV.3967 (19 Jan. 1999) Germany and Italy.
S/PV.3974 (29 Jan. 1999) Germany and Italy.
S/PV.3988 (24 Mar. 1999) Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Belarus, Germany and India.
S/PV.3989 (26 Mar. 1999) Albania, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Cuba, Germany, India, Ukraine and Yugoslavia.
S/PV.4000 (8 May 1999) Albania, Belarus, Cuba, India, Iraq and Ukraine.
S/PV.4003 (14 May 1999) Albania, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Cuba, Egypt, Islamic Republic of Iran, Jordan, Kuwait, Morocco, Pakistan, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Turkey, Ukraine, Yemen and the Organization of the Islamic Conference.
S/PV.4011 (10 June 1999) Albania, Belarus, Bulgaria, Costa Rica, Croatia, Cuba, Germany, Hungary, Islamic Republic of Iran, Italy, Japan, Mexico, Norway, the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia and Ukraine.

Discussion in plenary


At the 3967th meeting, the President made a statement, on behalf of the Council, in connection with prior consultations held among Council members on recent armed incidents in Kosovo, Federal Republic of Yugoslavia: S/PRST/1999/2.
KOSOVO (YUGOSLAVIA) (continued)

Resolutions

S/RES/1239(1999) [Relief assistance to Kosovo refugees and internally displaced persons in Kosovo, the Republic of Montenegro and other parts of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia].

Commends the efforts that have been taken by Member States, UNHCR and other international humanitarian relief organizations in providing the urgently needed relief assistance to the Kosovo refugees in Albania, the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia and Bosnia and Herzegovina, and urges them and other in a position to do so to contribute resources for humanitarian assistance to the refugees and internally displaced persons; invites UNHCR and other international humanitarian relief organizations to extend relief assistance to the internally displaced persons in Kosovo, the Republic of Montenegro and other parts of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia, as well as to other civilians being affected by the ongoing crisis; calls for access for UN and other humanitarian personnel operating in Kosovo and other parts of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia; emphasizes that the humanitarian situation will continue to deteriorate in the absence of a political solution to the crisis consistent with the principles adopted by the Foreign Ministers of Canada, France, Germany, Italy, Japan, the Russian Federation, the United Kingdom and the United States on 3 May 1999 (S/1999/516), and urges all concerned to work towards this aim. (Adopted 13-0-2, 4013rd meeting, 14 May 1999)

S/RES/1244(1999) [Deployment of international civil and security presences in Kosovo].

Decides on the deployment in Kosovo, under UN auspices, of international civil and security presences, with appropriate equipment and personnel as required; requests the Secretary-General to appoint a Special Representative to control the implementation of the international civil presence; authorizes Member States and relevant international organizations to establish the international security presence in Kosovo; authorizes the Secretary-General to establish an international civil presence in Kosovo in order to provide an interim administration for Kosovo under which the people of Kosovo can enjoy substantial autonomy within the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia; decides that the prohibitions imposed by paragraph 8 of resolution 1160 (1998) shall not apply to arms and related material for the use of the international civil and security presences; decides that the international civil and security presences are established for an initial period of 12 months, to continue thereafter unless the Security Council decides otherwise. (Adopted 14-0-1, 4011th meeting, 10 June 1999)

LIBERIA SITUATION

See also: AFRICA-REGIONAL SECURITY

Reports


General documents

S/1999/876 Letter, 11 Aug. 1999, from Liberia reporting an armed incursion on 10 Aug. 1999 into Liberian territory from the Republic of Guinea along the Liberian-Guinean border in the Foya District; states that a note of protest has been submitted to Guinea and further that the Government of Liberia reserves the right to defend its territorial integrity against aggression.


LIBYAN ARAB JAMAHIRIYA

See: ATTACKS ON AIRCRAFT

LIBYAN ARAB JAMAHIRIYA-UNITED KINGDOM

General documents

LIBYAN ARAB JAMAHIRIYA–UNITED STATES

General documents

S/1999/457 Letter, 15 Apr. 1999, from Libyan Arab Jamahiriya transmitting indictment against a number of American officials who allegedly planned and executed the bombing of 2 Libyan cities, Tripoli and Benghazi on 15 Apr. 1986, issued by the Court of First Instance of Southern Tripoli on 22 Mar. 1998.


LOCKERBIE INCIDENT
See: ATTACKS ON AIRCRAFT

LUKASA PEACE ACCORDS
See: ANGOLA SITUATION

MACEDONIA
See: THE FORMER YUGOSLAV REPUBLIC OF MACEDONIA SITUATION

MIDDLE EAST SITUATION (continued)

General documents


S/1999/22 Letter, 8 Jan. 1999, from Lebanon requesting the Security Council to extend the mandate of the UN Interim Force in Lebanon, which expires on 31 Jan., for a further interim period of 6 months.


S/1999/105 Letter, 1 Feb. 1999, from Lebanon transmitting information on compliance of the Palestinian Authority and Israel with their obligations under the Wye River Memorandum.

S/1999/136 (A/53/823) Letter, 9 Feb. 1999, from Palestine referring to a letter from Israel (S/1999/105); states that the content of that letter, which follows a pattern of repetitive distortions and false statements, is regrettable.

S/1999/146 (A/53/825) Letter, 11 Feb. 1999, from Lebanon transmitting letter from the national Follow-up Committee for the support of Lebanese detainees in Israeli prisons addressed to the Prime Minister and Minister for Foreign Affairs of Lebanon; provides information about Lebanese prisoners in Israeli prisons and in detention camps inside occupied Lebanese territory, including lists of detained persons in the various detention camps.

S/1999/150 (A/53/826) Letter, 12 Feb. 1999, from Israel refuting charges made in letter of 11 Jan. 1999 from Lebanon (A/53/782-S/1999/33); states that as a result of Lebanon’s failure to fulfill its legal responsibilities, Israel is compelled to take defensive measures against terrorist attacks against Israeli civilians.


S/1999/172 (A/53/634) Letter, 18 Feb. 1999, from Lebanon reporting that Israel has expanded the area it occupies in southern Lebanon to include the village of Amun; urges the Secretary-General and members of the Security Council to act promptly to restore the status quo ante.
MIDDLE EAST SITUATION (continued)

S/1999/240 Letter, 4 Mar. 1999, from the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya reporting that 2 Israeli helicopters hovered for 3 minutes in the wake of a Libyan vessel that was making for Beirut; states that this act is a violation by Israel of international law relating to the freedom of shipping in the region.


S/1999/300 (A/54/747) Letter, 16 Mar. 1999, from Israel referring to letter from Lebanon (A/53/831-S/1999/158); states that the Government of Lebanon continues to be directly responsible for the volatile security situation in southern Lebanon.


S/1999/334 (A/53/875) Letter, 25 Mar. 1999, from Palestine referring to comments made to the media by the Israeli representative on the issue of General Assembly resolution 181 (II); states that the resolution provides the legal basis for the existence of both the Jewish and the Arab States in Mandated Palestine and that Israel's statement that the resolution is "null and void" is inadmissible.


MIDDLE EAST SITUATION (continued)

S/1999/430 (A/53/909) Letter, 15 Apr. 1999, from Lebanon referring to its letter (A/53/834-S/1999/172) and reporting that on 15 Apr. 1999 Israel sent 50 men, preceded by a Merkava tank, an armoured personnel carrier and a jeep into the village of Amoun and proceeded to arrest residents and to prevent inhabitants from entering.


S/1999/464 (A/54/83) Letter, 19 Apr. 1999, from Israel concerning legal obligations of Israel and Palestine Liberation Organization with respect to the interim arrangements created by the Oslo Accords in the West Bank and Gaza Strip; refutes the Palestinian argument that the transitional period will end on 4 May 1999, causing a legal and political vacuum which should be filled by a unilateral declaration of a Palestinian state.

S/1999/474 (A/53/923) Letter, 23 Apr. 1999, from Palestine concerning the decision of 22 Apr. 1999 by the Government of Israel on issuance of closure orders against offices at the Orient House in East Jerusalem; states that such actions and measures are illegal under international law and undermine and violate the principles of the Middle East peace process and that the Security Council is obliged to take appropriate measures in this regard.

S/1999/505 (A/55/935) Letter, 3 May 1999, from Palestine transmitting letter of 29 Apr. 1999 by the Chairman of the Executive Committee of the PLO enclosing statement of the Central Council upon conclusion of its extraordinary session, 27-29 Apr. 1999; calls for the international community to compel Israel to carry out its obligations, in accordance with the agreements signed by the Government of Israel and the PLO, in order to implement Security Council resolutions 242 (1967) and 338 (1973) and other relevant resolutions.

S/1999/507 (A/54/92) Letter, 3 May 1999, from Israel referring to letter from Palestine (A/53/923-S/1999/474); states that Jerusalem is an issue for final status negotiations in accordance with Israel-PLO agreements, and for this reason, governmental activity by the Palestinian Authority at the Orient House in Jerusalem, or at any other location outside areas under Palestinian territorial jurisdiction, constitutes a violation of the agreements.

S/1999/512 (A/53/938) Letter, 4 May 1999, from the Chairman of the Committee on the Exercise of the Inalienable Rights of the Palestinian People reporting that the Committee took note of the series of meetings held in Gaza, 27-29 Apr. 1999, within the framework of the extraordinary session of the Palestinian Central Council, and of the final statement adopted at the conclusion of the session; calls on Israel to respond to the Palestinian Central Council's decisions, and return to the negotiating table without any pre-conditions.
In Its capacity as G-8 Presidency, transmitting the G-8 call for the Government of Lebanon to return to the negotiating table to implement resolution 425 (1978). Referring to letter from Lebanon (A/53/967) and the activities of the Hezbollah Organization and states that Israel is left with no choice but to exercise its sovereignty in accordance with international law.

Lebanon reporting Israeli attacks on southern Lebanon and the Westem Bekaa and arbitrary practices against the civilian inhabitants, May 1999.

Lebanon reporting Israeli attacks on southern Lebanon and the Westem Bekaa, June 1999.

Lebanon reporting that on 24 June Israeli aircraft launched a series of attacks against the area of Al-Jounhour, on the Beirut heights, against the south and the areas of Al Jis, and Baalbek and Ras-al-AYn, in the northern Bekaa causing civilian casualties and considerable destruction of civilian property.

Lebanon requesting that the Security Council extend the mandate of the UN Interim Force in Lebanon, which expires on 31 July 1999, for a further interim period of 6 months.

Letter, 26 June 1999, from the League of Arab States transmitting letter of 26 June 1999 from its Secretary-General reporting aerial bombardment against Lebanon by Israel; calls for the implementation of the Council resolution 425 (1978) which calls for the withdrawal of Israeli forces from Lebanon.

Letter, 30 June 1999, from Israel refuting charges made in letters of 24 and 25 June 1999 from Lebanon (A/53/1010-S/1999/714 and S/1999/720); states that as a result of Lebanon’s failure to honour its commitments established by the Understanding of 26 April 1996, Israel is compelled to take defensive measures against attacks on Israel from Lebanese territory.


Letter, 9 July 1999, from Lebanon transmitting, on the occasion of Lebanese Detainee Day, 14 July 1999, a plea letter by the Follow-up Committee for the Support of Lebanese Detainees in Israeli Prisons; calls on the international community to intensify its efforts towards the release and towards the ending of the ordeal of those Lebanese held in Israeli-controlled detention camps and prisons.

Letter, 20 July 1999, from Israel transmitting letter from the Minister for Foreign Affairs presenting the position of the new Israeli Government on the Middle East peace process; also addresses Israel’s participation in UN.

MIDDLE EAST SITUATION (continued)

S/1999/864 Letter, 15 Sept. 1999, from the President of the Security Council informing the Secretary-General that the members of the Council take note of his intention, contained in letter (S/1999/983), to appoint Terje Roed-Larsen (Norway) as the UN Special Coordinator for the Middle East Peace Process and Personal Representative to the PLO and the Palestinian Authority.

S/1999/1023 (A/54/435) Letter, 20 Oct. 1999, from Palestine reconciling Israel's alleged decision to proceed with the establishment of 32 new settlements in the occupied territories and the confiscation of massive areas of land in the southern West Bank, even after the signing of the Wye River Memorandum.

S/1999/1167 Letter, 9 Nov. 1999, from the Secretary-General informing the Security Council that the members of the Council agree with the Secretary-General's proposal to appoint Seth Kofi Obeng (Ghana) as the next Force Commander of the UN Interim Force in Lebanon, to replace Jioje K. Konrote (Fiji) whose term expired on 30 Sept. 1999.

S/1999/1168 Letter, 15 Nov. 1999, from the President of the Security Council stating that the members of the Council agree with the Secretary-General's proposal to appoint Major General Seth Kofi Obeng (Ghana) to succeed Major General Jioje K. Konrote (Fiji) as Force Commander of the UN Interim Force in Lebanon.

S/1999/1178 (A/54/620) Letter, 17 Nov. 1999, from Israel referring to letters from Lebanon (A/53/1050-S/1999/971 and A/54/351-S/1999/1023): claims that Lebanon is directly responsible for the volatile situation along its southern border, and that it continues to reject negotiations for resolving conflict; calls upon Lebanon to return to negotiations to restore peace and security along their common border.

MIDDLE EAST SITUATION (continued)

S/1999/854 (A/53/1032) Letter, 5 Aug. 1999, from Saudi Arabia referring to the agreement to observe on 14 July 1999 the Day of Lebanese Prisoners in Israeli Prisons; calls on the international community to secure the release of sick prisoners and those who have served their term and to send an international commission of inquiry to bring to trial Israeli officers who have allegedly perpetrated acts of torture.


S/1999/786 (A/53/1035) Letter, 12 Aug. 1999, from Israel refuting allegations by Lebanon that Israel has been holding the village of Ayta under siege (A/53/1031-S/1999/823); states that movements of residents of Ayta are not restricted within the security zone and cut aids and that food and medicines are regularly supplied to Ayta without interruption.


S/1999/979 (A/54/351) Letter, 13 Sept. 1999, from Israel referring to the letter dated 20 July 1999 from Lebanon (A/53/1024-S/1999/811); claims that the Government of Lebanon is directly responsible for the volatile situation along its southern border, and that it continues to reject negotiations for resolving conflict; calls upon the Government of Lebanon to return to negotiations and to restore peace and security along their common border.

S/1999/983 Letter, 10 Sept. 1999, from the Secretary-General informing that Terje Roed-Larsen (Norway) will replace Chinmay R. Gharekhan as the UN Special Coordinator for the Middle East Peace Process and the Secretary-General's Personal Representative to the PLO and the Palestinian Authority as of 1 Oct. 1999.
MIDDLE EAST SITUATION (continued)


S/1999/1226 Letter, 9 Nov. 1999, from the Secretary-General concerning the peace talks in the Middle East; proposes to establish a unified UN structure in the region, with a recognized focal point for the Organization's contributions to the implementation of the peace agreements.

S/1999/1227 Letter, 8 Dec. 1999, from the President of the Security Council informing the Secretary-General that the members of the Council take note of his request to the UN Special Coordinator for the Middle East Peace Process and Personal Representative to the PLO and the Palestinian Authority to reconfigure the existing UN office based in Gaza (S/1999/1226).


S/1999/1284 Letter, 28 Dec. 1999, from Lebanon requesting the extension of the mandate of the UN Interim Force in Lebanon, which expires on 31 Jan. 2000, for a further interim period of 6 months.

Draft resolutions

S/1999/75 Draft resolution on extension of the mandate of the UN Interim Force in Lebanon.

S/1999/609 Draft resolution on extension of the mandate of the UN Disengagement Observer Force.

S/1999/826 Draft resolution on extension of the mandate of the UN Interim Force in Lebanon.

S/1999/1189 Draft resolution on the extension of the mandate of the UN Disengagement Observer Force.

MIDDLE EAST SITUATION (continued)

Statements by the President of the Security Council


States that the position taken by the Secretary-General in his report on the UN Disengagement Observer Force (S/1999/579), is that despite the present quiet in the Israeli-Syrian sector, the situation in the Middle East continues to be potentially dangerous and is likely to remain so, unless and until a comprehensive settlement covering all aspects of the Middle East problem can be reached; notes that the statement of the Secretary-General reflects the view of the Security Council.


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S/PRST/1999/24 Statement made on behalf of the Security Council, at the 4028th meeting, 30 July 1999, in connection with prior consultations held among Council members on the item entitled "The situation in the Middle East" / President, Security Council.

Reaffirms its commitment to the full sovereignty, political independence, territorial integrity and national unity of Lebanon within its internationally recognized boundaries; as the Security Council extends the mandate of the UN Interim Force in Lebanon (UNIFIL) for a further interim period on the basis of resolution 425 (1997), the Council again stresses the urgent need for the implementation of that resolution in all its aspects; commends the Lebanese Government for its successful effort to extend its authority in the south of the country in full coordination with UNIFIL; expresses its concern over the continuing violence in Southern Lebanon, regrets the loss of civilian life, and urges all parties to exercise restraint; notes with deep concern the high level of casualties which UNIFIL has suffered and pays a special tribute to all those who gave their life while serving in UNIFIL; commends UNIFIL's troops and troop-contributing countries for their sacrifices and commitment to the cause of international peace and security under difficult circumstances.
MIDDLE EAST SITUATION (continued)

S/PRST/1999/33 Statement made on behalf of the Security Council, at the 4071st meeting, 24 Nov. 1999, in connection with the Council’s consideration of the item entitled “The situation in the Middle East” / President, Security Council.

States that the position taken by the Secretary-General in his report on the UN Disengagement Observer Force (S/1999/175) that “Despite the present quiet in the Israeli-Syrian sector, the situation in the Middle East continues to be potentially dangerous and is likely to remain so, unless and until a comprehensive settlement covering all aspects of the Middle East problem can be reached”, reflects the view of the Security Council.

Discussion in plenary


At the 3970th meeting, draft resolution S/1999/75 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1223 (1999). - At the same meeting, the President made a statement, on behalf of the Council, in connection with prior consultations held among Council members on the report of the Secretary-General on the UN Interim Force in Lebanon (S/1999/61): S/PRST/1999/4.

S/PV.4009 (27 May 1999).

At the 4009th meeting, draft resolution S/1999/609 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1243 (1999). - At the same meeting, the President made a statement, on behalf of the Council, in connection with the renewal of the mandate of the UN Disengagement Observer Force: S/PRST/1999/15.

S/PV.4028 (30 July 1999).

At the 4028th meeting, draft resolution S/1999/826 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1254 (1999). - At the same meeting, the President made a statement, on behalf of the Council, in connection with prior consultations held among Council members on the report of the Secretary-General on the UN Interim Force in Lebanon (S/1999/807): S/PRST/1999/24.

S/PV.4071 (24 Nov. 1999).

At the 4071st meeting, draft resolution S/1999/1189 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1276 (1999). - At the same meeting, the President made a statement, on behalf of the Council, in connection with the renewal of the mandate of the UN Disengagement Observer Force: S/PRST/1999/33.

Resolved

S/RES/1223(1999) [Extension of the mandate of the UN Interim Force in Lebanon (UNIFIL)].

Decides to extend the present mandate of UNIFIL for a further period of 6 months, that is until 31 July 1999. (Adopted unanimously, 3970th meeting, 28 Jan. 1999)

MINE CLEARANCE—PEACEKEEPING OPERATIONS

General documents

S/1998/1 Letter, 31 Dec. 1998, from Iraq transmitting letter of the same date from the Minister for Foreign Affairs referring to his earlier letter on assistance in mine clearance (S/1998/1198); concerns Iraq's rejection of any further dealings on Iraqi territory between UN and non-governmental organizations that do not enjoy legal status in Iraq.

MINURCA

See: UN MISSION IN THE CENTRAL AFRICAN REPUBLIC

MINURSO

See: UN MISSION FOR THE REFERENDUM IN WESTERN SAHARA

MIPONUH

See: UN CIVILIAN POLICE MISSION IN HAITI
SECURITY COUNCIL – 54TH YEAR – 1999
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See: CENTRAL AFRICAN REPUBLIC SITUATION

MONUA
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MONUC
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MULTINATIONAL MILITARY STABILIZATION FORCE
See: STABILIZATION FORCE

NAGORNY KARABAKH SITUATION
See: ARMENIA–AZERBAIJAN

NATO–MEMBERSHIP
See: EUROPE–REGIONAL SECURITY

NATO FORCES–YUGOSLAVIA
See: KOSOVO (YUGOSLAVIA)

NIGER–POLITICAL CONDITIONS

General documents

S/1999/434 Letter, 15 Apr. 1999, from Germany transmitting statement of 14 Apr. 1999 issued by the Presidency of the European Union condemning the coup d’etat in Niger and calling upon the military leadership to set a timetable for a return to democracy; states that the European Union is forced to re-examine its cooperation with Niger, in compliance with the mechanisms laid down in the revised 4th Lomé Convention.


NUCLEAR NON-PROLIFERATION
See also: DISARMAMENT

KOREAN QUESTION

Reports

General documents


NUCLEAR NON-PROLIFERATION (continued)


PAKISTAN–INDIA

See: UN MILITARY OBSERVER GROUP IN INDIA AND PAKISTAN

PALESTINE QUESTION

See also: ISRAEL–LEBANON MIDDLE EAST SITUATION TERRITORIES OCCUPIED BY ISRAEL

Reports


General documents

S/1999/105 Letter, 1 Feb. 1999, from Israel transmitting information on compliance of the Palestinian Authority and Israel with their obligations under the Wye River Memorandum.

S/1999/136 (A/53/823) Letter, 9 Feb. 1999, from Palestine referring to a letter from Israel (S/1999/105); states that the content of that letter, which follows a pattern of repetitive distortions and false statements, is regrettable.


S/1999/334 (A/53/879) Letter, 25 Mar. 1999, from Palestine referring to comments made to the media by the Israeli representative on the issue of General Assembly resolution 181 (II) concerning Jerusalem; states that the resolution provides the legal basis for the existence of both the Jewish and the Arab States in Mandated Palestine and that the question of the future of Jerusalem must be resolved through negotiations.


PALESTINE QUESTION (continued)

S/1999/365 (A/54/77) Letter, 30 Mar. 1999, from Israel referring to the letter from Palestine (A/53/879-S/1999/334) on the issue of General Assembly resolution 181 (II) concerning Jerusalem; restates its position that the resolution is null and void.

S/1999/464 (A/54/83) Letter, 19 Apr. 1999, from Israel concerning legal obligations of Israel and Palestine Liberation Organization with respect to the interim arrangements created by the Oslo Accords in the West Bank and Gaza Strip; refutes the Palestinian argument that the transitional period will end on 4 May 1999, causing a legal and political vacuum which should be filled by a unilateral declaration of a Palestinian state.

S/1999/474 (A/53/823) Letter, 23 Apr. 1999, from Palestine concerning the decision of 22 Apr. 1999 by the Government of Israel on issuance of closure orders against offices at the Orient House in East Jerusalem; states that such actions and measures are illegal under international law and undermine and violate the principles of the Middle East peace process and that the Security Council is obliged to take appropriate measures in this regard.

S/1999/505 (A/53/935) Letter, 3 May 1999, from Palestine transmitting letter of 29 Apr. 1999 by the Chairman of the Executive Committee of the PLO enclosing statement of the Central Council upon conclusion of its extraordinary session, 27-29 Apr. 1999; calls on the international community to compel Israel to carry out its obligations, in accordance with the agreements signed by the Government of Israel and the PLO, in order to implement Security Council resolutions 242 (1967) and 338 (1973) and other relevant resolutions.

S/1999/507 (A/54/82) Letter, 3 May 1999, from Israel referring to letter from Palestine (A/53/923-S/1999/474); states that Jerusalem is an issue for final status negotiations in accordance with Israel-PLO agreements, and for this reason, governmental activity by the Palestinian Authority at the Orient House in Jerusalem, or at any other location outside areas under Palestinian territorial jurisdiction, constitutes a violation of the agreements.

S/1999/512 (A/53/938) Letter, 4 May 1999, from the Chairman of the Committee on the Exercise of the Inalienable Rights of the Palestinian People reporting that the Committee took note of the series of meetings held in Gaza, 27-29 Apr. 1993, within the framework of the extraordinary session of the Palestinian Central Council, and of the final statement adopted at the conclusion of the session; calls on Israel to respond to the Palestinian Central Council's decisions, and return to the negotiating table without any pre-conditions.
PALESTINE QUESTION (continued)

S/1999/525 (A/53/946) Identical letters, 7 May 1999, from the Chairman of the Arab Group and on behalf of the members of the League of Arab States addressed to the Secretary-General and to the President of the Security Council on the occasion of the 50th anniversary of Israel's admittance to membership in the UN; calls on the international community to ensure that Israel respect the provisions of the UN Charter, international law, international humanitarian law, UN resolutions and the agreements it has signed with its neighbours, and withdraw from all occupied Palestinian territories, including Jerusalem and the occupied Syrian Golan back to the lines of 4 June 1967, and from occupied southern Lebanon.

S/1999/587 (A/53/968) Letter, 20 May 1999, from Palestine concerning construction by Israel of settlements at Jabal Abu Ghneim, to the south East of Jerusalem, and at Ras al-Amrud, within the original boundaries of the municipality of East Jerusalem; states this construction is illegal and calls on the Security Council to take immediate action to reverse the Israeli decisions.

S/1999/597 (A/53/972) Identical letters, 11 May 1999, from Palestine addressed to the Secretary-General and to the President of the Security Council concerning a "closure order" for 3 offices in the Orient House in East Jerusalem, issued by the Israeli Government on 10 May 1999; calls upon the Security Council to ensure that illegal Israeli actions in Jerusalem and the rest of Palestinian occupied territories cease and be reversed.

S/1999/640 (A/53/995) Letter, 3 June 1999, from Palestine concerning the Israeli decision to enlarge a settlement called "Ma'ale Adumim", located about 6 km east of Jerusalem, by approximately 12,000 dunums (3,250 acres); calls on the Security Council to take necessary measures to ensure the cessation and reversal of Israeli actions in this regard.


S/1999/854 (A/53/1032) Letter, 5 Aug. 1999, from Palestine reporting on the intention of the Israeli army to allow 27 of the 31 settler encampments which were set near existing settlements since the signing of the Wye River Memorandum to remain intact; states that it is a violation of the 4th Geneva Convention in the occupied Palestinian territory, including Jerusalem; calls for the reversal of this action and if not reversed will require serious consideration and follow-up by the High Contracting Parties.


PALESTINE QUESTION (continued)

S/1999/983 Letter, 10 Sept. 1999, from the Secretary-General informing that Terje Roed-Larsen (Norway) will replace Chirmaya R. Gharekhan as the UN Special Coordinator for the Middle East Peace Process and the Secretary-General's Personal Representative to the PLO and the Palestinian Authority as of 1 Oct. 1999.

S/1999/984 Letter, 16 Sept. 1999, from the President of the Security Council informing the Secretary-General that the members of the Council take note of his intention, contained in letter (S/1999/983), to appoint Terje Roed-Larsen (Norway) as the UN Special Coordinator for the Middle East Peace Process and Personal Representative to the PLO and the Palestinian Authority.


S/1999/1150 (A/54/538) Letter, 8 Nov. 1999, from Israel reporting that 3 pipe bombs exploded near the shopping center in the coastal town of Netanya, on 6 Nov. 1999, wounding at least 14 people in the blast.


S/1999/1226 Letter, 9 Nov. 1999, from the Secretary-General concerning the peace talks in the Middle East; proposes to establish a unified UN structure in the region, with a recognized focal point for the Organization's contributions to the implementation of the peace agreements.

S/1999/1227 Letter, 8 Dec. 1999, from the President of the Security Council informing the Secretary-General that the members of the Council take note of his request to the UN Special Coordinator for the Middle East Peace Process and Personal Representative to the PLO and the Palestinian Authority to reconfigure the existing UN office based in Gaza (S/1999/1226).

PAN AMERICAN WORLD AIRWAYS INCIDENT

See: ATTACKS ON AIRCRAFT
PAPUA NEW GUINEA—POLITICAL CONDITIONS

General documents

S/1999/1152 Letter, 23 Oct. 1999, from the Secretary-General informing the Security Council of his decision to extend the presence of the UN Political Office in Bougainville, Papua New Guinea by a further 12 months to assist in the peace process.

S/1999/1153 Letter, 10 Nov. 1999, from the President of the Security Council reporting that the members of the Council take note of the Secretary-General's intention to extend the presence of the UN Political Office in Bougainville, Papua New Guinea by a further 12 months.

PEACEKEEPING OPERATIONS

See also: INTERNATIONAL POLICE TASK FORCE
UN CIVILIAN POLICE MISSION IN HAITI
UN DISENGAGEMENT OBSERVER FORCE
UN INTERIM FORCE IN LEBANON
UN IRAQ-KUWAIT OBSERVATION MISSION
UN MILITARY OBSERVER GROUP IN INDIA AND PAKISTAN
UN MISSION FOR THE REFERENDUM IN WESTERN SAHARA
UN MISSION IN BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA
UN MISSION IN EAST TIMOR
UN MISSION IN SIERRA LEONE
UN MISSION IN THE CENTRAL AFRICAN REPUBLIC
UN MISSION OF OBSERVERS IN PREVLAKA
UN MISSION OF OBSERVERS IN TAJIKISTAN
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See: UN MISSION OF OBSERVERS IN PREVLAKA

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See also: BURUNDI SITUATION
DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF THE CONGO SITUATION
GREAT LAKES REGION (AFRICA)—REGIONAL SECURITY
RWANDA SITUATION

General documents


Discussion in plenary

S/PV.4025 (26 July 1999).

REGIONAL COOPERATION

General documents

S/1999/825 Letter, 26 July 1999, from the Russian Federation, Tajikistan and Uzbekistan transmitting communique on the working meeting of the Ministers for Foreign Affairs of their respective Governments signed in Tashkent, 16 July 1999; concerns cooperation among the 3 countries.

REGIONAL SECURITY—AFRICA

See: AFRICA—REGIONAL SECURITY

RWANDA—HUMAN RIGHTS

General documents

S/1999/339 Letter, 18 Mar. 1999, from the Secretary-General requesting confirmation of the support of the Security Council with respect to the intention to set up an independent inquiry into the actions which UN took before and during the period of the crisis that occurred in Rwanda in 1994.
RWANDA—HUMAN RIGHTS (continued)


RWANDA—INTERNATIONAL TRIBUNAL

See: INTERNATIONAL TRIBUNAL—RWANDA

RWANDA SITUATION

See also: AFRICA—REGIONAL SECURITY
         BURUNDI SITUATION
         DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF THE CONGO SITUATION
         GREAT LAKES REGION (AFRICA)—REGIONAL SECURITY
         INTERNATIONAL TRIBUNAL—RWANDA
         REFUGEES

Reports


General documents

S/1999/66 Letter, 14 Jan. 1999, from the Sudan referring to the final report of the International Commission of Inquiry (Rwanda) contained in document S/1998/1096; refutes allegations that between 5,000 and 8,000 of the former Forces armees rwandais and Interahamwe have been located in the southern Sudan and trained in Juba, Amadi and Nfangala.

S/1999/339 Letter, 18 Mar. 1999, from the Secretary-General requesting confirmation of the support of the Security Council with respect to the intention to set up an independent inquiry into the actions which the UN took before and during the period of the crisis that occurred in Rwanda in 1994.

S/1999/340 Letter, 26 Mar. 1999, from President of the Security Council referring to letter of 18 Mar. 1999 from the Secretary-General (S/1999/339); informs the Secretary-General that the members of the Security Council support his intention to set up an independent inquiry into the actions which the UN took before and during the period of the crisis that occurred in Rwanda in 1994.


SANCTIONS—LIBYAN ARAB JAMAHIRIYA

See: ATTACKS ON AIRCRAFT

SANCTIONS COMPLIANCE

General documents

S/1999/92 Note on the work of the sanctions committees / President, Security Council.


SANCTIONS COMPLIANCE—ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE

General documents

S/1999/204 Note concerning the General Assembly resolution 53/107, entitled "Implementation of the provisions of the Charter of the United Nations related to assistance to 3rd States affected by the application of sanctions" / Secretary-General.


SFOR

See: STABILIZATION FORCE

SIERRA LEONE—POLITICAL CONDITIONS

See also: AFRICA—REGIONAL SECURITY
         UN MISSION IN SIERRA LEONE
         UN OBSERVER MISSION IN SIERRA LEONE

Reports

S/1999/20 Special report on the UN Observer Mission in Sierra Leone / Secretary-General.

S/1999/237 5th report on the UN Observer Mission in Sierra Leone / Secretary-General.


S/1999/836 7th report on the UN Observer Mission in Sierra Leone / Secretary-General.

S/1999/336/Add.1 7th report on the UN Observer Mission in Sierra Leone: addendum / Secretary-General.
SIERRA LEONE–POLITICAL CONDITIONS
(continued)


S/1999/111 Letter, 3 Feb. 1999, from the Chairman of the Security Council Committee established pursuant to Security Council resolution 1132 (1997) concerning Sierra Leone; reports that the Committee received notification on 11 Jan. 1999 from the Government of United Kingdom for the export of logistical equipment through Lungi International Airport for the sole use in Sierra Leone by the Economic Community of West African States Monitoring Group and/or the Government of Sierra Leone.

S/1999/138 Letter, 10 Feb. 1999, from Sierra Leone transmitting the President’s address to the nation, 7 Feb. 1999; states that the Government of Sierra Leone has consented to permit Foday Sankoh, leader of the Revolutionary United Front, to meet and consult with his colleagues and thereafter inform the Government as to how they intend to facilitate the peace process.

S/1999/147 Letter, 16 Feb. 1999, from the Chairman of the Security Council Committee established pursuant to Security Council resolution 1132 (1997) concerning Sierra Leone; reports that the Committee received notification on 12 Feb. 1999 from the Government of Sierra Leone of the decision to import through Lungi International Airport, 2 helicopter gunships and a stated quantity of arms and arms materiel, to be used for peacekeeping purposes.

S/1999/166 Letter, 22 Feb. 1999, from Sierra Leone transmitting address delivered on 21 Feb. 1999 by the President concerning the continuing conflict in the country; calls on the Security Council to consider the possibility of taking further action in the interest of peace and stability.

S/1999/193 Letter, 22 Feb. 1999, from Liberia transmitting statement of 19 Feb. 1999 issued by the Government; reaffirms its recognition of the elected Government as the legitimate Government of Sierra Leone and lists steps undertaken to discourage Liberian citizens from complicating the crisis in Sierra Leone and to ensure compliance with the laws and conventions relating to mercenaries.

S/1999/213 Letter, 25 Feb. 1999, from Liberia transmitting letter of 23 Feb. from the President requesting the deployment of the UN observers/monitors along the border between Liberia and Sierra Leone.

S/1999/224 Letter, 1 Mar. 1999, from Sierra Leone transmitting address to the nation delivered on 28 Feb. 1999 by the President regarding the concessions made by the Government in search for peace and the response from the Revolutionary United Front rebels on the call for dialogue and political settlement; appeals to the rebels to release all children.

General documents

S/1999/517 Letter, 6 Jan. 1999, from Liberia transmitting letter of the same date from the President refuting allegations regarding Liberia’s support of the Armed Forces Revolutionary Council/Revolutionary United Front forces in Sierra Leone, made by the Force Commander of the Monitoring Group of the Economic Community of West African States and the Foreign Minister of Sierra Leone at the meeting of the Committee of Five on Sierra Leone, Abidjan, 28 Dec. 1998.

SIERRA LEONE—POLITICAL CONDITIONS

(continued)

S/1999/350 Letter, 26 Mar. 1999, from the Chairman of the Security Council Committee established pursuant to Security Council resolution 1132 (1997) concerning Sierra Leone; reports that the Committee received notification on 25 Feb. 1999 from the United Kingdom for the export of arms and related matériel to Sierra Leone in connection with its programme of assistance to that country.

S/1999/381 Letter, 5 Apr. 1999, from the Chairman of the Security Council Committee established pursuant to Security Council resolution 1132 (1997) concerning Sierra Leone; reports, pursuant to resolution 1171 (1998), that the Committee had received notification on 1 Apr. 1999 from Ukraine for the export of 2 helicopters, as well as spare and additional equipment for the said aircraft for the sole use of the Military Observer Group of the Economic Community of West African States.

S/1999/508 Letter, 3 May 1999, from Sierra Leone transmitting address to the nation delivered on 27 Apr. 1999 by the President on the occasion of the 28th anniversary of the independence of the country.

S/1999/585 Letter, 19 May 1999, from Togo transmitting agreement on ceasefire in Sierra Leone, signed by the President of the Republic of Sierra Leone and the leader of the Revolutionary United Front in Lomé on 18 May 1999.


S/1999/656 Letter, 7 June 1999, from Togo transmitting Joint Communiqué issued on 5 June 1999 by the President of the Republic of Liberia and President of the Togolese Republic; draws particular attention to paragraphs 11-19 concerning peacemaking efforts in Sierra Leone as well as a review of issues of common interest.

S/1999/769 Letter, 8 July 1999, from Togo transmitting the Final communiqué on the Sierra Leone peace talks in Lomé signed on 7 July 1999 by the President of Sierra Leone and the Leader of the Revolutionary United Front of Sierra Leone, under the auspices of the President of Togo.

S/1999/777 Letter, 12 July 1999, from Togo transmitting Peace Agreement between the Government of Sierra Leone and the Revolutionary United Front of Sierra Leone (RUF/SL), signed by the President of Sierra Leone and the leader of the RUF/SL in Lomé on 7 July 1999.
SIERRA LEONE—POLITICAL CONDITIONS
(continued)


S/1999/1186 Letter, 16 Nov. 1999, from the Secretary-General informing the Security Council of his intention to appoint Ouyem Adeniji (Nigeria) as his Special Representative for Sierra Leone and the Head of the UN Mission in Sierra Leone.

S/1999/1187 Letter, 19 Nov. 1999, from the President of the Security Council referring to the Secretary-General's letter of 16 Nov. 1999 (S/1999/1186); informs the Secretary-General that the members of the Council take note of his intention to appoint Ouyem Adeniji (Nigeria) as his Special Representative for Sierra Leone and Head of the UN Mission in Sierra Leone.

S/1999/1189 Letter, 22 Nov. 1999, from the Secretary-General informing the Security Council of his intention to appoint Major General Vijay Kumar Jetley (India) as Force Commander of the UN Mission in Sierra Leone.

S/1999/1200 Letter, 26 Nov. 1999, from the President of the Security Council referring to the Secretary-General's letter of 22 Nov. 1999 (S/1999/1189); informs the Secretary-General that the members of the Council take note of his intention to appoint Vijay Kumar Jetley (India) as Force Commander of the UN Mission in Sierra Leone.

S/1999/1285 Letter, 23 Dec. 1999, from the Secretary-General informing the Security Council that Nigeria as well as Ghana and Guinea intend to withdraw their troops from the Military Observer Group (ECOMOG) of the Economic Community of West African States making it impossible for ECOMOG to perform its vital functions; recommends to the Security Council to expand the mandate of the UN Mission in Sierra Leone to enable it to assume the functions now performed by ECOMOG.

Draft resolutions
S/1999/26 Draft resolution on extension of the mandate of the UN Observer Mission in Sierra Leone.
S/1999/262 Draft resolution on extension of the mandate of the UN Observer Mission in Sierra Leone.
S/1999/664 Draft resolution on extension of the mandate of the UN Observer Mission in Sierra Leone.
S/1999/874 Draft resolution on the peace process and reconstruction in Sierra Leone.
S/1999/1069 Draft resolution on the establishment of the UN Mission in Sierra Leone.

SIERRA LEONE—POLITICAL CONDITIONS
(continued)

Statements by the President of the Security Council

S/PRST/1999/1 Statement made on behalf of the Security Council at the 3963rd meeting, 7 Jan. 1999, in connection with prior consultations held among Council members on the item entitled "The situation in Sierra Leone" / President, Security Council.

Expresses its grave concern at the attacks by armed rebels of the former junta and Revolutionary United Front in the capital of Sierra Leone, and at the resulting suffering and loss of life; demands that the rebels lay down their arms immediately and cease all violence; the Council reiterates once more its firm support for the legitimate and democratically-elected government of President Kabbah; urges the Committee created pursuant to resolution 1132 (1997) to pursue active measures to investigate violations of the embargo and to report to the Council, with recommendations as appropriate; welcomes the offers made by leaders in the region aimed at resolving the conflict and in that context urges them, including the ECOWAS Committee of Six, to facilitate the peace process; it also calls on the Secretary-General to do all he can to assist in these efforts, including through his Special Representative; urges all States urgently to provide resources, including logistical and other support, to help maintain an effective peacekeeping presence in Sierra Leone.


Welcomes the recent holding of internal talks by a rebel delegation in Lomé and calls upon all concerned to remain committed to the process of negotiation and demonstrate flexibility in their approach to the process; condemns the killings, atrocities, destruction of property and other violations of human rights and international humanitarian law perpetrated on civilians by the rebels, and calls upon them to cease such actions and release all hostages and abductees; urges both parties to cease hostilities for the duration of the Lomé talks; stresses that it will be prepared to consider deploying monitors throughout Sierra Leone when a credible ceasefire is in place and respected by all sides; underlines the importance of a plan for the internationally supervised disarmament, demobilization and re-integration of ex-combatants, including child soldiers; reafirm the obligation of all states to comply with the embargo on the sale or supply of arms and related materiel.

Participation by non-Council members (without the right to vote)

S/PV.3963 (7 Jan. 1999) Sierra Leone.
S/PV.4012 (11 June 1999) Sierra Leone.
SIERRA LEONE—POLITICAL CONDITIONS
(continued)

S/PV.4035 (20 Aug. 1999) Sierra Leone.

Discussion in plenary

S/PV.3963 (7 Jan. 1999).

At the 3963rd meeting, the President made a statement, on behalf of the Council, in connection with the Council's consideration of the item entitled "The situation in Sierra Leone": S/PRST/1999/1.


At the 3964th meeting, draft resolution S/1999/262 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1220 (1999).


At the 3986th meeting, draft resolution S/1999/262 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1231 (1999).


At the 4005th meeting, the President made a statement, on behalf of the Council following consultations among members on the item entitled "The situation in Sierra Leone": S/PRST/1999/13.

S/PV.4012 (11 June 1999).

At the 4012th meeting, draft resolution S/1999/664 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1245 (1999).

S/PV.4035 (20 Aug. 1999).

At the 4035th meeting, draft resolution S/1999/874 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1260 (1999).


Corrects text.


At the 4054th meeting, draft resolution S/1999/1069 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1270 (1999).


Resolutions

S/RES/1220(1999) [Extension of the mandate of the UN Observer Mission in Sierra Leone (UNOMSIL)].

Decides to extend the mandate of UNOMSIL until 13 June 1999; welcomes the intention of the Secretary-General to re-establish UNOMSIL in Freetown as soon as possible, and to that end to increase the current number of military observers and human rights personnel and to redeploy the necessary staff to support the relocation to Freetown, subject to strict attention to the security situation there; condemns the atrocities perpetrated by the rebels on the civilian population of Sierra Leone, including in particular those committed against women and children, deplores all violations of human rights and international humanitarian law which have occurred during the recent escalation of violence; expresses its grave concern at continued reports that support is being afforded to the rebels including through the supply of arms and mercenaries, in particular from the territory of Liberia; requests the Secretary-General to continue to consider, in coordination with the countries of the Mano River Union and other member States of the Economic Community of West African States (ECOWAS), the practicability and effectiveness of the deployment of UN monitors along with forces of the Military Observer Group of ECOWAS (ECOMOG) at the Liberia/Sierra Leone border. (Adopted unanimously, 3986th meeting, 11 Mar. 1999)

S/RES/1245(1999) [Extension of the mandate of the UN Observer Mission in Sierra Leone (UNOMSIL)].

Decides to extend the mandate of UNOMSIL until 13 Dec. 1999; calls upon all concerned to remain committed to the process of negotiation and to demonstrate flexibility in their approach to the process, underlines its strong support for all those involved in the mediation efforts of UN within the Lome process, in particular the work of the Special Representative of the Secretary-General to facilitate dialogue, and for the key role being played by the President of Togo as current Chairman of ECOWAS, and emphasizes the strong commitment of the international community to support a sustainable peace settlement; takes note of the intention of the Secretary-General to revert to the Council with recommendations on an expanded UNOMSIL presence in Sierra Leone with a revised mandate and concept of operations in the event of a successful outcome to the negotiations between the Government of Sierra Leone and rebel representatives in Lome, and underlines that further eventual deployment of UNOMSIL should be considered, taking into account security conditions. (Adopted unanimously, 4012th meeting, 11 June 1999)
Sierra Leone—POLITICAL CONDITIONS

(continued)

S/RES/1260(1999) [Peace process and reconstruction in Sierra Leone].

Authorizes the provisional expansion of the UN Observer Mission in Sierra Leone (UNOMSIL) to up to 210 military observers along with the necessary equipment and administrative and medical support; authorizes the strengthening of the political, civil affairs, information, human rights and child protection elements of UNOMSIL; calls upon RUF and all other armed groups in Sierra Leone to begin immediately to disband and give up their arms in accordance with the provisions of the Peace Agreement, and to participate fully in the disarmament, demobilization and reintegration programme in Sierra Leone; welcomes the adoption of the Human Rights Manifesto by the parties concerned in Sierra Leone; stresses the need for the international community and the Government of Sierra Leone to design and implement programmes to address the special needs of war victims and substantial need for humanitarian assistance to the people of Sierra Leone; stresses the need for sustained and generous assistance for the longer term tasks of reconstruction, economic and social recovery and development in Sierra Leone; welcomes the commitment of the Government of Sierra Leone to work with UNICEF and the Office of the Special Representative of the Secretary-General for Children and Armed Conflict and other international agencies to give particular attention to the long-term rehabilitation of child combatants in Sierra Leone. (Adopted unanimously, 4035th meeting, 20 Aug. 1999)

S/RES/1270(1999) [Establishment of the UN Mission in Sierra Leone (UNAMSIL)].

Decides to establish UNAMSIL with immediate effect for an initial period of 6 months and with the following mandate: (a) to cooperate with the Government of Sierra Leone and the other parties to the Peace Agreement in the implementation of the Agreement; (b) to assist the Government in the implementation of the disarmament, demobilization and reintegration plan; (c) to that end, to establish a presence at key locations throughout the territory of Sierra Leone, including at disarmament/reception centres and demobilization centres; (d) to ensure the security and freedom of movement of UN personnel; (e) to monitor adherence to the ceasefire in accordance with the ceasefire agreement of 18 May 1999 (S/1999/585, annex) through the structures provided for therein; (f) to encourage the parties to create confidence-building mechanisms and support their functioning; (g) to facilitate the delivery of humanitarian assistance; (h) to support the operations of UN civilian officials; (i) to provide support to the elections, which are to be held in accordance with the present constitution of Sierra Leone; decides further that UNAMSIL will take over the substantive civilian and military components and functions of the UN Observer Mission in Sierra Leone (UNOMSIL) as well as its assets, and to that end decides that the mandate of UNOMSIL shall terminate immediately on the establishment of UNAMSIL; stresses the need for close cooperation and coordination between ECOMOG and UNAMSIL in carrying out their respective tasks, and welcomes the intended establishment of joint operations centres at headquarters and also at subordinate levels in the field; requests the Government of Sierra Leone to conclude a status-of-forces agreement with the Secretary-General within 30 days of the adoption of this resolution. (Adopted unanimously, 4054th meeting, 22 Oct. 1999)

Small Arms

General documents

SMALL ARMS (continued)

Statements by the President of the Security Council


Notes with grave concern that the destabilizing accumulation of small arms has contributed to the intensity and duration of armed conflict; also notes that the easy availability of small arms can be a contributing factor to undermining peace agreements, complicit of peace-building efforts and impeding political, economic and social development; is deeply concerned that countries involved in, emerging from, or close to protracted armed conflicts are particularly vulnerable to violence resulting from the indiscriminate use of small arms in armed conflict; emphasizes that the prevention of illicit trafficking is of immediate concern in the global search for ways and means to curb the wrongful use of small arms, including their use by terrorists; emphasizes the importance of regional cooperation in tackling the issue of illicit trafficking in small arms; calls for effective implementation of arms embargoes, imposed by the Council in its relevant resolutions; calls for measures to discourage arms flows to countries or regions engaged in or emerging from armed conflicts; requests the Secretary-General to develop a reference manual for use in the field on ecologically safe methods of weapons destruction in order better to enable Member States to ensure the disposal of weapons voluntarily surrendered by civilians or retrieved from former combatants.

Discussion in plenary


At the 4048th meeting, the President made a statement, on behalf of the Council, in connection with prior consultations held among Council members on the item entitled “Small arms”: S/PRES/1999/28.

SOMALIA SITUATION (continued)

Reports


General documents

S/1999/683 Letter, 17 May 1999, from Ethiopia transmitting letter from the Vice-Minister for Foreign Affairs drawing attention to developments in Somalia; refers to eyewitness accounts of various news agencies and alleges that Eritrea has embarked on large-scale military activity in Somalia through shipments of arms, including heavy weapons, in support of one of the warring factions in Somalia in violation of Security Council resolution 733 (1992).

S/1999/600 Letter, 24 May 1999, from Djibouti concerning the alleged involvement of Eritrean weapons and personnel in the situation in Somalia; calls upon the Security Council to take urgent necessary measures to thwart such activities in the region.


S/1999/1007 Letter, 23 Sept. 1999 from the President of Djibouti transmitting portion of his statement to the General Assembly, 22 Sept. 1999 which addressed the situation in Somalia; urges members of the Security Council to evaluate the extreme gravity of the situation in Somalia and appeals to the International community to help bring governance to Somalia.

S/1999/1134 Letter, 2 Nov. 1999, from the Secretary-General referring to his recent report on the situation in Somalia (S/1999/882); requests that the Council members support his decision to continue the activities of the UN Political Office for Somalia for the biennium 2000-2001.

S/1999/1135 Letter, 5 Nov. 1999, from the President of the Security Council informing the Secretary-General that the members of the Council take note of his decision to continue the activities of the UN Political Office for Somalia for the biennium 2000-2001 (S/1999/1134).

S/1999/1206 Letter, 29 Nov. 1999, from Djibouti transmitting declaration of the 7th Summit of Heads of State and Government of the Intergovernmental Authority on Development, Djibouti, 26 Nov. 1999; transmits also, the resolution on the Somali peace initiative and proposals of the President of Djibouti adopted at the Summit.

S/1999/1259 Letter, 14 Dec. 1999, from Finland transmitting statement on Somalia issued by the Presidency of the European Union, 3 Dec. 1999; welcomes the decision adopted by the 7th Summit of Heads of State and Government of the Intergovernmental Authority on Development (IGAD), Djibouti, 26 Nov. 1999, and states that it is looking forward to examining proposals and the mechanism for their implementation that IGAD is going to produce in collaboration with the Standing Committee on Somalia.
SOMALIA SITUATION (continued)

Statements by the President of the Security Council


Expresses alarm at the serious deterioration in the political, military and humanitarian situation in Somalia and concern at the reports of increasing external interference in Somalia; expresses support for the activities of the Standing Committee on Somalia and calls upon all Somali factions to cease all hostilities; expresses deep concern at reports of the illicit delivery of weapons and military equipment to Somalia in violation of the arms embargo imposed by resolution 733 (1992) and calls upon States to observe the arms embargo; requests Member States having information about violation of the provisions of the resolution to provide the information to the Committee created pursuant to resolution 751 (1992); condemns attacks or acts of violence against civilians and on humanitarian workers; calls upon the Somali factions to cooperate with UN agencies and other organizations carrying out humanitarian activities and guarantees the security and freedom of movement of humanitarian personnel; urges all States to contribute to the appeal of UN to ensure continued relief and rehabilitation efforts in all regions of Somalia.


Reaffirms its commitment to a comprehensive and lasting settlement of the situation in Somalia, bearing in mind respect for the sovereignty, territorial integrity and political independence and unity of Somalia, in accordance with the principles of the Charter of the UN; expresses concern at the increasingly evident effects of the lack of a functioning central government in Somalia; expresses full support for the efforts exerted by the Intergovernmental Authority on Development to find a political solution to the crisis in Somalia; strongly calls upon all States to observe and improve the effectiveness of the arms embargo imposed by resolution 733 (1992) and to refrain from any actions which might exacerbate the situation in Somalia; urges all States to contribute generously to the appeals of the UN to ensure continued relief and rehabilitation efforts in all regions of Somalia, including those aimed at the strengthening of civil society; calls upon the Somali factions to ensure the safety and freedom of movement of all humanitarian personnel and to facilitate the delivery of humanitarian relief; encourages the Secretary-General to review the role of the UN in Somalia, as a prelude to the UN playing an enhanced role, aimed at achieving a comprehensive and lasting settlement of the situation in Somalia. This review would include the possible relocation of some UN programmes and agencies, as well as the UN Political Office for Somalia.

SOMALIA SITUATION (continued)

Participation by non-Council members (without the right to vote)

S/PV.4010 (27 May 1999) Italy.

Discussion in plenary

S/PV.4010 (27 May 1999).

At the 4010th meeting, the President made a statement, on behalf of the Council following consultations among Council members, on the item entitled "The situation in Somalia": S/PRST/1999/16.

S/PV.4066 (12 Nov. 1999).

At the 4066th meeting, the President made a statement, on behalf of the Council, following consultations among Council members on the item entitled "The situation in Somalia": S/PRST/1999/31.

STABILIZATION FORCE

See also: BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA SITUATION FORMER YUGOSLAVIA SITUATION

Reports


S/1999/538 Letter, 10 May 1999, from the Secretary-General transmitting monthly report of the Secretary-General of NATO on the operations of the Stabilization Force for the period 21 May-20 Apr. 1999.

S/1999/842 Letter, 3 June 1999, from the Secretary-General transmitting monthly report of the Secretary-General of NATO on the operations of the Stabilization Force for the period 21 Apr.-20 May 1999.

S/1999/768 Letter, 8 July 1999, from the Secretary-General transmitting monthly report of the Secretary-General of NATO on the operations of the Stabilization Force for the period 21 May-20 June 1999.

STABILIZATION FORCE (continued)


General documents

S/1999/372 Letter, 4 Apr. 1999, from Yugoslavia claiming that the Stabilization Force (SFOR) dynamited the section of the Belgrade-Bar railroad near the station of Sirpi resulting in the death of a railroad guard; requests the convening of an emergency meeting of the Security Council on the actions of SFOR.

S/1999/629 Letter, 29 May 1999, from Yugoslavia reporting that 6 members of the Stabilization Force violated the border of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia, near the village of Olandici on 26 May 1999; also reports that they were disarmed and returned over the border after being held until 27 May 1999.

S/1999/629 Letter, 30 May 1999, from Yugoslavia alleging that on 22 May 1999 10 members of the Stabilization Force entered Yugoslavia in the region of Orljaca and opened fire on Yugoslav organs guarding the border; states that it expects the Security Council to condemn this act and to take measures to prevent its repetition.

Draft resolutions

S/1999/688 Draft resolution on continuation of the multinational stabilization force and extension of the mandate of the UN Mission in Bosnia and Herzegovina (UNMIBH). Authorizes the Member States acting through or in cooperation with the organization referred to in Annex 1-A of the Peace Agreement to continue for a further planned period of 12 months the multinational stabilization force (SFOR) as established in accordance with its resolution 1088 (1996) under unified command and control in order to fulfill the role specified in Annex 1-A and Annex 2 of the Peace Agreement; authorizes Member States to take all necessary measures, at the request of SFOR or to assist the force in carrying out its mission and to take all necessary measures to ensure compliance with the rules and procedures established by the Commander of SFOR, governing command and control of airspace over Bosnia and Herzegovina with respect to all civilian and military air traffic; requests the authorities in Bosnia and Herzegovina to cooperate with the Commander of SFOR to ensure the effective management of the airports of Bosnia and Herzegovina; decides to extend the mandate of UNMIBH for an additional period terminating on 21 June 2000, and also decides that the International Police Task Force (IPTF) shall continue to be entrusted with the tasks set out in Annex 11 of the Peace Agreement; requests the Secretary-General to keep the Council regularly informed on the work of IPTF and its progress in assisting the restructuring of law enforcement agencies and UNMIBH's progress in monitoring and assessing the court system and to report every 3 months on the implementation of the mandate of UNMIBH as a whole. (Adopted unanimously, 4014th meeting, 18 June 1999)

SUDAN–ERITREA

See: ERITREA–SUDAN

SUDAN–POLITICAL CONDITIONS

General documents


S/1999/997 Letter, 23 Sept. 1999, from the League of Arab States transmitting resolution No. 5896 entitled "Foreign conspiratorial schemes against the Sudan", adopted by the Council of the League of Arab States at its 112th regular session at the level of Ministers for Foreign Affairs, Cairo, 12-13 Sept. 1999; reiterates its support for the Sudan in confronting threats to its sovereignty.
SUDAN—POLITICAL CONDITIONS (continued)


S/1999/1206 Letter, 29 Nov. 1999, from Djibouti transmitting declaration of the 7th Summit of Heads of State and Government of the Intergovernmental Authority on Development, Djibouti, 26 Nov. 1999; transmits also, the resolution on the Somali peace initiative and proposals of the President of Djibouti adopted at the Summit.

SUDAN-UGANDA

General documents

S/1999/169 Letter, 18 Feb. 1999, from the Sudan transmitting letter of the same date from the Minister for Foreign Affairs concerning a conference of Sudanese armed opposition held in Kampala, 8-12 Feb. 1999; alleges that Uganda continues to interfere in the internal affairs of the Sudan by hosting the conference aimed at overthrowing the legitimate Government in the Sudan.


TAJIKISTAN SITUATION

See also: UN MISSION OF OBSERVERS IN TAJIKISTAN

Reports


General documents


S/1999/285 Letter, 9 Mar. 1999, from the President of the Security Council informing the Secretary-General that members of the Security Council have taken note of his intention to appoint Brigadier-General John Hvidegaard (Denmark) as Chief Military Observer of the UN Mission of Observers in Tajikistan.

TAJIKISTAN SITUATION (continued)

S/1999/814 Letter, 25 May 1999, from Tajikistan transmitting statement of the same date by the Government; states that it is in favour of speeding up the peace process in all areas defined in the General Agreement but considers the unwarranted demands by the United Tajik Opposition on the National Reconciliation Commission unacceptable.


S/1999/885 Letter, 13 Sept. 1999, from the Secretary-General informing that Ivo Petrov (Bulgaria) will be appointed to replace Jan Kubis as the Special Representative for Tajikistan.

S/1999/886 Letter, 17 Sept. 1999, from the President of the Security Council informing the Secretary-General that the members of the Council take note of his intention, contained in letter (S/1999/885), to appoint Ivo Petrov (Bulgaria) as his Special Representative for Tajikistan.

S/1999/1159 Letter, 11 Nov. 1999, from Tajikistan transmitting Protocol on Political Guarantees During the Preparation for and Holding of the Elections to the Majlis-I Oli (the Parliament) of Tajikistan, signed by the President of Tajikistan and the Head of the Commission on National Reconciliation, Dushanbe, 5 Nov. 1999.


Draft resolutions

S/1999/557 Draft resolution on extension of the mandate of the UN Mission of Observers in Tajikistan.

S/1999/1158 Draft resolution on extension of the mandate of the UN Mission of Observers in Tajikistan.
TAJIKISTAN SITUATION (continued)

Statements by the President of the Security Council


Welcomes the regular contacts between the President of the Republic of Tajikistan and the leader of the United Tajik Opposition (UTO) and the work of the Commission on National Reconciliation aimed at achieving further progress in the peace process; regrets that progress has remained slow and underlines the necessity for the parties to speed up the full and sequential implementation of the General Agreement on the Establishment of Peace and National Accord in Tajikistan, especially the Protocol on military issues; calls upon the parties to Intensify their efforts to create conditions for the holding in 1999 of a constitutional referendum and presidential elections, as well as the timely holding of parliamentary elections.


Welcomes the official declaration by the United Tajik Opposition (UTO) of the disbandment of its armed units and the decision by the Supreme Court of Tajikistan lifting the bans and restrictions on activities by the political parties and movements of UTO as important steps contributing to the democratic development of Tajik society; encourages the parties to continue their active work in creating conditions for the timely holding of a constitutional referendum and presidential and parliamentary elections; underlines the importance of the involvement of the UN, in continued close cooperation with the Organization for Security and Co-operation in Europe in this process and welcomes the intention of the Secretary-General to approach Member States with concrete proposals on voluntary contributions to support such involvement; underlines the need for UNMOT to operate throughout Tajikistan and to have the necessary personnel and financial support; urges the Secretary-General to appoint a successor to Jan Kubis as the Special Representative as soon as possible; calls upon Member States and others concerned to make voluntary contributions to launch projects for demobilization and to provide support for the elections, and to respond promptly and generously to the consolidated inter-agency appeal for Tajikistan; decides to extend the mandate of UNMOT for a period of 6 months until 15 Nov. 1999; requests the Secretary-General to keep the Council informed of all significant developments and also requests him to report within 3 months of the adoption of this resolution on its implementation. (Adopted unanimously, 404th meeting, 15 May 1999)

S/RES/1274(1999) [Extension of the mandate of the UN Mission of Observers in Tajikistan (UNMOT)],

Calls upon the parties to undertake further concerted measures to implement fully the General Agreement, especially all the provisions of the Protocol on military issues (S/1997/209, annex II), and to create conditions for the timely holding of parliamentary elections, underlines the necessity of the full resumption of the work of the CNR, and reiterates its encouragement to the CNR to intensify its efforts to broaden a dialogue among the various political forces in the country in the interests of the restoration and strengthening of civil accord in Tajikistan; decides to extend the mandate of UNMOT for a period of 6 months until 15 May 2000; requests the Secretary-General to submit after the parliamentary elections and within 4 months of the adoption of this resolution an interim report on its implementation. (Adopted unanimously, 404th meeting, 12 Nov. 1999)
TERRITORIES OCCUPIED BY ISRAEL

See also: ISRAEL-LEBANON
MIDDLE EAST SITUATION
PALESTINE QUESTION
UN DISENGAGEMENT OBSERVER FORCE
UN INTERIM FORCE IN LEBANON

Reports
S/1999/575 Report of the UN Disengagement Observer
Force for the period 15 Nov. 1999-15 May 1999 / Secretary-General.
S/1999/1175 Report of the UN Disengagement Observer
Force for the period 16 May-15 Nov. 1999 / Secretary-General.
Issued: 15 Nov. 1999.

General documents
S/1999/105 Letter, 1 Feb. 1999, from Israel transmitting
information on compliance of the Palestinian Authority
and Israel with their obligations under the Wye River
Memorandum.
Palestine referring to a letter from Israel (S/1999/105);
states that the content of that letter, which follows a
pattern of repetitive distortions and false statements, is
regrettable.
S/1999/348 (A/54/76) Letter, 26 Mar. 1999, from
Germany transmitting statement on the Middle East
peace process, issued by the heads of State and
Palestine concerning the decision of 22 Apr. 1999 by the
Government of Israel on issuance of closure orders
against offices at the Orient House in East Jerusalem;
states that such actions and measures are illegal under
international law and undermine and violate the
principles of the Middle East peace process and that the
Security Council is obliged to take appropriate measures
in this regard.
referring to letter from Palestine (A/53/923-S/1999/474);
states that Jerusalem is an issue for final status
negotiations in accordance with Israeli-PLO agreements,
and for this reason, governmental activity by the
Palestinian Authority at the Orient House in Jerusalem,
or at any other location outside areas under Palestinian
territorial jurisdiction, constitutes a violation of the
agreements.
Palestine concerning construction by Israel of
settlements at Jabal Abu Ghneim, to the south East of
Jerusalem, and at Ras al-Amud, within the original
boundaries of the municipality of East Jerusalem; states
this construction is illegal and calls on the Security
Council to take immediate action to reverse the Israeli
decisions.

TERRITORIES OCCUPIED BY ISRAEL (continued)
S/1999/597 (A/53/972) Identical letters, 11 May 1999,
from Palestine addressed to the Secretary-General and
to the President of the Security Council concerning a
"closure order" for 3 offices in the Orient House in East
Jerusalem, issued by the Israeli Government on 10 May
1999; calls upon the Security Council to ensure that
illegal Israeli actions in Jerusalem and the rest of
Palestinian occupied territories cease and be reversed.
Palestine concerning the Israeli decision to enlarge a
settlement called "Ma'alot Adumim", located about 6 km
east of Jerusalem, by approximately 12,000 dunums
(3,250 acres); calls on the Security Council to take
necessary measures to ensure the cessation and
reversal of Israeli actions in this regard.
Palestine reporting on the intention of the Israeli army to
allow 27 of the 31 settler encampments which were set
near existing settlements since the signing of the Wye
River Memorandum to remain intact; states that it is a
violation of the 4th Geneva Convention in the occupied
Palestinian territory, including Jerusalem; calls for the
reversal of this action and if not reversed will require
serious consideration and follow-up by the High
Contracting Parties.
Burkina Faso transmitting final communiqué of the 26th
session of the Islamic Conference of Foreign Ministers
(Session of Peace and Partnership for Development),
Ouagadougou, Burkina Faso, 28 June-1 July 1999.
S/1999/983 Letter, 10 Sept. 1999, from the Secretary-
General informing that Terje Roed-Larsen (Norway) will
replace Chinmaya R. Gharekhan as the UN Special
Coordinator for the Middle East Peace Process and the
Secretary-General's Personal Representative to the PLO
and the Palestinian Authority as of 1 Oct. 1999.
S/1999/984 Letter, 16 Sept. 1999, from the President of
the Security Council informing the Secretary-General
that the members of the Council take note of his
intention, contained in letter (S/1999/983), to appoint
Terje Roed-Larsen (Norway) as the UN Special
Coordinator for the Middle East Peace Process and
Personal Representative to the PLO and the Palestinian
Authority.
S/1999/1150 (A/54/538) Letter, 8 Nov. 1999, from Israel
reporting that 3 pipe bombs exploded near the shopping
center in the coastal town of Netanya, on 6 Nov. 1999,
wounding at least 14 people in the blast.
S/1999/1226 Letter, 9 Nov. 1999, from the Secretary-
General concerning the peace talks in the Middle East;
proposes to establish a unified UN structure in the
region, with a recognized focal point for the
Organization's contributions to the implementation of the
peace agreements.
TERRITORIES OCCUPIED BY ISRAEL (continued)

S/1999/1227 Letter, 8 Dec. 1999, from the President of the Security Council informing the Secretary-General that the members of the Council take note of his request to the UN Special Coordinator for the Middle East Peace Process and Personal Representative to the PLO and the Palestinian Authority to reconfigure the existing UN office based in Gaza (S/1999/1226).

Draft resolutions

S/1999/609 Draft resolution on extension of the mandate of the UN Disengagement Observer Force.

S/1999/1189 Draft resolution on the extension of the mandate of the UN Disengagement Observer Force.

Statements by the President of the Security Council

S/PRST/1999/15 Statement made on behalf of the Secretary-General in his report on the UN Disengagement Observer Force (S/1999/575), that despite the present quiet in the Israeli-Syrian sector, the situation in the Middle East continues to be potentially dangerous and is likely to remain so, unless and until a comprehensive settlement covering all aspects of the Middle East problem can be reached; notes that the statement of the Secretary-General reflects the view of the Security Council.

S/PRST/1999/33 Statement made on behalf of the Secretary-General in his report on the UN Disengagement Observer Force (S/1999/1175) that "Despite the present quiet in the Israeli-Syrian sector, the situation in the Middle East continues to be potentially dangerous and is likely to remain so, unless and until a comprehensive settlement covering all aspects of the Middle East problem can be reached", reflects the view of the Security Council.

Discussion in plenary

S/IVP.4009 (27 May 1999).

At the 4009th meeting, draft resolution S/1999/609 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1243 (1999). - At the same meeting, the President made a statement, on behalf of the Council, in connection with the renewal of the mandate of the UN Disengagement Observer Force: S/PRST/1999/15.

S/IVP.4071 (24 Nov. 1999).

At the 4071st meeting, draft resolution S/1999/1189 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1276 (1999). - At the same meeting, the President made a statement, on behalf of the Council, in connection with the renewal of the mandate of the UN Disengagement Observer Force: S/PRST/1999/33.

TERRORISM

General documents


S/1999/242 Letter, 5 Mar. 1999, from Zambia transmitting statement issued 28 Feb. 1999 by the Chief Government Spokesman and Minister of Information and Broadcasting Services following acts of terrorism which were carried out in Lusaka, where 14 bombs were planted.


TERRORISM (continued)

S/1999/333 (A/53/878) Letter, 24 Mar. 1999, from Lebanon referring to letters from Israel (A/53/840-S/1999/185 and A/54/74-S/1999/300); alleges that Israel has been engaging in acts of state terrorism under cover of conducting pre-emptive strikes against terrorist attacks from Lebanon.


S/1999/454 Letter, 19 Apr. 1999, from the Sudan transmitting letter of 4 Apr. 1999 from the Minister for External Relations Including the report of the fact-finding committee of the Sudanese Universities Union on Al-Shifa Pharmaceutical Factory which was destroyed by the United States.

S/1999/456 Letter, 20 Apr. 1999, from Iraq transmitting letter of the same date from the Minister for Foreign Affairs; refers to letter from the Islamic Republic of Iran (A/54/78-S/1999/420) concerning the assassination of the Deputy Chief of the Joint Staff Command of the armed forces of Iran on 10 Apr. 1999; states that Iraq is not responsible for the actions of the Mojahedin-e Khalq Organization.

S/1999/463 (A/54/82) Letter, 21 Apr. 1999, from Israel referring to letters from the Syrian Arab Republic (A/53/876-S/1999/326) and Lebanon (A/53/878-S/1999/333); states that allowing terrorist acts to be organized in one's territory under the pretext of national liberation struggle is a violation of international norms and calls on Lebanon and Syria to resume negotiations with Israel to resolve all outstanding issues.

S/1999/516 Letter, 5 May 1999, from the Sudan transmitting release of 3 May concerning the decision of the United States Department of Justice and the United States Treasury to unfreeze the accounts of one of the owners of the Shifa pharmaceutical plant destroyed on 20 Aug. 1998, issued by the attorneys in Washington D.C. representing the owner; transmits also articles concerning the bombing of the pharmaceutical plant by the United States, published by The Independent and The Washington Times newspapers on 4 and 5 May 1999 respectively.


TERRORISM (continued)


S/1999/704 (A/54/138) Letter, 21 June 1999, from Israel referring to letter from Lebanon (A/53/967-S/1999/586) and the activities of the Hezbollah Organization and states that Israel is left with no choice but to exercise its right to self-defence in accordance with international law. Also calls on the Government of Lebanon to return to the negotiating table to implement resolution 425 (1978).


S/1999/909 Letter, 17 Aug. 1999, from the Sudan transmitting letter of 15 Aug. 1999 from the Minister for Foreign Affairs on the occasion of the 1st anniversary of the bombing of the Al-Shifa pharmaceutical factory; states that allegations made by the United States to justify the attack were untrue and that the Sudan maintains its demand for the Security Council to send a fact-finding mission to investigate the situation.

S/1999/986 Letter, 19 Aug. 1999, from the Sudan transmitting statement issued on the same day by the Government on the 1st anniversary of the bombing by the United States of the Al-Shifa pharmaceutical plant; states that the bombing constituted a violation of the Sudan's sovereignty and that the plant allegedly did not produce chemical weapons; calls on the Security Council to send a fact-finding mission to the Sudan to investigate the nature of the plant.

S/1999/903 Letter, 23 Aug. 1999, from the Sudan transmitting article published in the Washington Post on 21 Aug. 1999 entitled "U.S. wasn't sure plant had nerve gas role", in which the paper allegedly provides further evidence that the United States bombing of the Al-Shifa pharmaceutical factory on 20 Aug. 1998 was carried out on the basis of faulty intelligence reports and unsupported allegations.
TERRORISM (continued)


S/1999/996 Letter, 23 Sept. 1999, from China, France, the Russian Federation, the United Kingdom and the United States transmitting statement by the Ministers for Foreign Affairs of the 5 permanent members of the Security Council following a meeting with the Secretary-General, 23 Sept. 1999; also transmits statement on combating international terrorism by the same 5 Ministers.

S/1999/1021 Letter, 1 Oct. 1999, from the United States transmitting summary of the indictment returned against Usama bin Laden and Muhammad Ati in United States Federal Court, Southern District New York, on 4 Nov. 1998; reports that the Taliban had rejected 20 requests from the United States to expel or turn over Usama bin Laden and members of his organization to responsible authorities in a country where he could be brought to justice.

S/1999/1064 Letter, 12 Oct. 1999, from Sudan transmitting article by Reuters dated 12 Oct. 1999, entitled "US senator questions 1998 bombing in Sudan", which concerns the statement of the Chairman of the Senate Intelligence Committee on the quality of evidence that led to the United States bombing of the Al-Shifa Pharmaceutical Company in the Sudan in 1998 and the timing of the attack; observes that this statement represents further evidence that the reasons given by the United States for the bombing were based on faulty, misleading intelligence.


TERRORISM (continued)


S/1999/1150 (A/54/538) Letter, 8 Nov. 1999, from Israel reporting that 3 pipe bombs exploded near the shopping center in the coastal town of Netanya, on 6 Nov. 1999, wounding at least 14 people in the blast.


Draft resolutions

S/1999/1072 Draft resolution on international cooperation in the fight against terrorism.

Discussion in plenary


At the 4053rd meeting, draft resolution S/1999/1071 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1269 (1999).

Resolutions

S/RES/1269 (1999) [International cooperation in the fight against terrorism].

Uniquely condemns all acts, methods and practices of terrorism as criminal and unjustifiable; calls upon all States to implement fully the international anti-terrorist conventions; stresses the vital role of the UN in strengthening international cooperation in combating terrorism and emphasizes the importance of enhanced coordination among States, international and regional organizations; calls upon all States to take, inter alia, in the context of such cooperation and coordination, appropriate steps to cooperate with each other, to prevent and suppress in their territories through all lawful means the preparation and financing of any acts of terrorism, to deny those who plan, finance or commit terrorist acts safe havens by ensuring their apprehension and prosecution or extradition, to take appropriate measures in conformity with the relevant provisions of national and international law, to exchange information in accordance with international and domestic law. (Adopted unanimously, 4053rd meeting, 19 Oct. 1999)
THE FORMER YUGOSLAV REPUBLIC OF MACEDONIA SITUATION
See also: FORMER YUGOSLAVIA SITUATION
UN PREVENTIVE DEPLOYMENT FORCE

Reports

General documents
S/1999/1286 Letter, 21 Dec. 1999, from the Secretary-General referring to Security Council resolution 845 (1993); informs the Security Council of his decision to appoint Matthew Nimetz (United States) as his Personal Envoy in light of the resignation of Cyprus Vance and with the consent of the parties.
S/1999/1287 Letter, 23 Dec. 1999, from the President of the Security Council informing the Secretary-General that the members of the Council have taken note of his decision (S/1999/1286) to appoint Matthew Nimetz (United States) as his Personal Envoy, to replace Cyprus Vance.

Draft resolutions
S/1999/201 Draft resolution on extension of the mandate of the UN Preventive Deployment Force / Canada, France, Germany, Italy, Netherlands, Slovenia, United Kingdom and United States.

Participation by non-Council members (without the right to vote)

Discussion in plenary
S/PV.3982 (25 Feb. 1999). At the 3982nd meeting, draft resolution S/1999/201 was not adopted owing to the negative vote of a permanent member of the Security Council.

TURKEY–IRAQ
See: IRAQ–TURKEY

UGANDA–SUDAN
See: SUDAN–UGANDA

UN–MEMBERS

Reports
S/1999/715 Report concerning the application of the Republic of Kiribati for admission to membership in the UN / Committee on the Admission of New Members. Issued: 30 June 1999.
S/1999/716 Report concerning the application of the Republic of Nauru for admission to membership in the UN / Committee on the Admission of New Members. Issued: 25 June 1999.
S/1999/823 Report concerning the application of the Kingdom of Tonga for admission to membership in the UN / Committee on the Admission of New Members. Issued: 27 July 1999.

General documents
S/1999/120 Letter, 5 Feb. 1999, from Bosnia and Herzegovina, Croatia, Slovenia and the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia; refers to letter from Yugoslavia (S/1999/107) and states that the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro) is not a successor to the former Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia and cannot be considered a Member State of UN until it submits an application for membership and admitted into membership in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Charter of UN.
S/1999/152 Letter, 12 Feb. 1999, from Yugoslavia referring to letter from Bosnia and Herzegovina, Croatia, Slovenia and the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia (S/1999/120); states that the membership of Yugoslavia in UN has neither been terminated nor suspended.
S/1999/209 Letter, 25 Feb. 1999, from Bosnia and Herzegovina, Croatia, Slovenia and the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia concerning Yugoslavia's membership at the UN; states that Yugoslavia should apply for membership at the UN and not continue automatically the membership of the former Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia at the UN.
S/1999/286 Letter, 9 Mar. 1999, from the Islamic Republic of Iran referring to communications by the authorities of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia and Montenegro) concerning the status of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia in the UN; states that members of the Contact Group of the Organization of the Islamic Conference consider all 5 States that emerged after the dissolution of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia equal successors which must apply for membership in the UN.
S/1999/477 (A/53/926) Note transmitting application of the Republic of Kiribati for admission to membership in the UN / Secretary-General.
S/1999/478 (A/53/927) Note transmitting application of the Republic of Nauru for admission to membership in the UN / Secretary-General.
UN-MEMBERS (continued)

S/1999/793 (A/53/1022) Note transmitting application of the Kingdom of Tonga for admission to membership in the UN / Secretary-General.


Statements by the President of the Security Council


Notes with great satisfaction the Republic of Kiribati's solemn commitment to uphold the purposes and principles of the Charter of the UN and to fulfill all the obligations contained therein and looks forward to the day in the near future when the Republic of Kiribati will join as a Member of the UN and to working closely with its representatives.


Notes with great satisfaction the Republic of Nauru's solemn commitment to uphold the purposes and principles of the Charter of the UN and to fulfill all the obligations contained therein; and looks forward to the day in the near future when the Republic of Nauru will join as a Member of the UN and to working closely with its representatives.


The Security Council has decided to recommend to the General Assembly that the Kingdom of Tonga be admitted as a Member of the UN; notes with satisfaction the Kingdom of Tonga's solemn commitment to uphold the purposes and principles of the Charter of the UN and to fulfill all the obligations contained therein; looks forward to the day in the near future when the Kingdom of Tonga will join as a Member of the UN and work closely with its representatives.

Discussion in plenary

S/PV.3995 (4 May 1999).

S/PV.3996 (4 May 1999).


At the 4016th meeting, the draft resolution in S/1999/715 was adopted without vote: resolution 1248 (1999). At the same meeting, the President made a statement, on behalf of the Council following consultations among members on the report of the Committee on the Admission of New Members concerning the application of the Republic of Kiribati for admission to membership in the UN (S/1999/715); S/PRST/1999/18.

UN-MEMBERS (continued)


At the 4024th meeting, the Council decided to refer the application of Tonga for admission to membership in the UN, contained in S/1999/793, to the Committee on the Admission of New Members.


At the 4026th meeting, the draft resolution in S/1999/823 was adopted without vote: resolution 1253 (1999); at the same meeting, the President made a statement, on behalf of the Council members, on the issue of admission of the Kingdom of Tonga to the membership of the UN: S/PRST/1999/23.

Resolutions

S/RES/1248(1999) [Admission of the Republic of Kiribati to membership in the UN].

Recommends to the General Assembly that the Republic of Kiribati be admitted to membership in the UN.

(Adopted without vote, 4016th meeting, 25 June 1999)

S/RES/1249(1999) [Admission of the Republic of Nauru to membership in the UN].

Recommends to the General Assembly that the Republic of Nauru be admitted to membership in the UN.

(Adopted without vote, 4017th meeting, 25 June 1999)

S/RES/1253(1999) [Admission of the Kingdom of Tonga to membership in the UN].

Recommends to the General Assembly that the Kingdom of Tonga be admitted to membership in the UN.

(Adopted without vote, 4026th meeting, 28 July 1999)

UN. SECURITY COUNCIL—MEMBERSHIP

General documents


UN. SECURITY COUNCIL—MEMBERSHIP (continued)


UN. SECURITY COUNCIL—METHODS OF WORK

General documents

S/1999/165 Note on the importance of the participation of all members of the Security Council in the preparation of the resolutions of the Council and the statements by the President / President, Security Council.

S/1999/266 (A/53/865) Identical letters, 15 Mar. 1999, from Venezuela addressed to the Secretary-General and to the President of the Security Council, concerning the Arris Formula in the Security Council; states that this informal mechanism should be used at the discretion of the President of the Security Council and with the authorization of its members. Also states that it should be used in accordance with its original concept and should not be invoked in order to receive representatives of countries which are full members of the UN.

S/1999/1291 Note on the use of a range of meeting options from which the Security Council can select the one best suited to facilitate specific discussions / President, Security Council.

UN. SECURITY COUNCIL—REPORTS (1998-1999)

General documents


UN. SECURITY COUNCIL—REPORTS (1998-1999) (continued)

Discussion in plenary


At the 4040th meeting, the Council considered and adopted its draft report to the General Assembly covering the period 16 June 1998-15 June 1999.

UN. SECURITY COUNCIL—SANCTIONS COMMITTEES—OFFICERS

General documents


UN. SECURITY COUNCIL (1999)—AGENDA

General documents

S/1999/25 Summary statement on matters of which the Security Council is seized and on the stage reached in their consideration as at 9 Jan. 1999 / Secretary-General.

S/1999/25/Add.1 Summary statement on matters of which the Security Council is seized and on the stage reached in their consideration as at 16 Jan. 1999 / Secretary-General.

S/1999/25/Add.2 Summary statement on matters of which the Security Council is seized and on the stage reached in their consideration as at 23 Jan. 1999 / Secretary-General.

S/1999/25/Add.3 Summary statement on matters of which the Security Council is seized and on the stage reached in their consideration as at 30 Jan. 1999 / Secretary-General.

S/1999/25/Add.4 Summary statement on matters of which the Security Council is seized and on the stage reached in their consideration as at 6 Feb. 1999 / Secretary-General.

S/1999/25/Add.5 Summary statement on matters of which the Security Council is seized and on the stage reached in their consideration as at 13 Feb. 1999 / Secretary-General.

S/1999/25/Add.6 Summary statement on matters of which the Security Council is seized and on the stage reached in their consideration as at 20 Feb. 1999 / Secretary-General.

S/1999/25/Add.7 Summary statement on matters of which the Security Council is seized and on the stage reached in their consideration as at 27 Feb. 1999 / Secretary-General.
UN. SECURITY COUNCIL (1999)—AGENDA (continued)

S/1999/25/Add.8 Summary statement on matters of which the Security Council is seized and on the stage reached in their consideration as at 6 Mar. 1999 / Secretary-General.

S/1999/25/Add.9 Summary statement on matters of which the Security Council is seized and on the stage reached in their consideration as at 13 Mar. 1999 / Secretary-General.

S/1999/25/Add.10 Summary statement on matters of which the Security Council is seized and on the stage reached in their consideration as at 20 Mar. 1999 / Secretary-General.

S/1999/25/Add.11 Summary statement on matters of which the Security Council is seized and on the stage reached in their consideration as at 27 Mar. 1999 / Secretary-General.

S/1999/25/Add.12 Summary statement on matters of which the Security Council is seized and on the stage reached in their consideration as at 3 Apr. 1999 / Secretary-General.

S/1999/25/Add.13 Summary statement on matters of which the Security Council is seized and on the stage reached in their consideration as at 10 Apr. 1999 / Secretary-General.

S/1999/25/Add.14 Summary statement on matters of which the Security Council is seized and on the stage reached in their consideration as at 17 Apr. 1999 / Secretary-General.

S/1999/25/Add.15 Summary statement on matters of which the Security Council is seized and on the stage reached in their consideration as at 24 Apr. 1999 / Secretary-General.

S/1999/25/Add.16 Summary statement on matters of which the Security Council is seized and on the stage reached in their consideration as at 1 May 1999 / Secretary-General.

S/1999/25/Add.17 Summary statement on matters of which the Security Council is seized and on the stage reached in their consideration as at 8 May 1999 / Secretary-General.

S/1999/25/Add.18 Summary statement on matters of which the Security Council is seized and on the stage reached in their consideration as at 15 May 1999 / Secretary-General.

S/1999/25/Add.19 Summary statement on matters of which the Security Council is seized and on the stage reached in their consideration as at 22 May 1999 / Secretary-General.

S/1999/25/Add.20 Summary statement on matters of which the Security Council is seized and on the stage reached in their consideration as at 29 May 1999 / Secretary-General.

S/1999/25/Add.21 Summary statement on matters of which the Security Council is seized and on the stage reached in their consideration as at 5 June 1999 / Secretary-General.

S/1999/25/Add.22 Summary statement on matters of which the Security Council is seized and on the stage reached in their consideration as at 12 June 1999 / Secretary-General.

S/1999/25/Add.23 Summary statement on matters of which the Security Council is seized and on the stage reached in their consideration as at 19 June 1999 / Secretary-General.

S/1999/25/Add.24 Summary statement on matters of which the Security Council is seized and on the stage reached in their consideration as at 26 June 1999 / Secretary-General.

S/1999/25/Add.25 Summary statement on matters of which the Security Council is seized and on the stage reached in their consideration as at 3 July 1999 / Secretary-General.

S/1999/25/Add.26 Summary statement on matters of which the Security Council is seized and on the stage reached in their consideration as at 10 July 1999 / Secretary-General.

S/1999/25/Add.27 Summary statement on matters of which the Security Council is seized and on the stage reached in their consideration as at 17 July 1999 / Secretary-General.

S/1999/25/Add.28 Summary statement on matters of which the Security Council is seized and on the stage reached in their consideration as at 24 July 1999 / Secretary-General.

S/1999/25/Add.29 Summary statement on matters of which the Security Council is seized and on the stage reached in their consideration as at 31 July 1999 / Secretary-General.

S/1999/25/Add.30 Summary statement on matters of which the Security Council is seized and on the stage reached in their consideration as at 7 Aug. 1999 / Secretary-General.

S/1999/25/Add.31 Summary statement on matters of which the Security Council is seized and on the stage reached in their consideration as at 14 Aug. 1999 / Secretary-General.

S/1999/25/Add.32 Summary statement on matters of which the Security Council is seized and on the stage reached in their consideration as at 21 Aug. 1999 / Secretary-General.

S/1999/25/Add.33 Summary statement on matters of which the Security Council is seized and on the stage reached in their consideration as at 28 Aug. 1999 / Secretary-General.
UN. SECURITY COUNCIL (1999)--AGENDA
(continued)

S/1999/25/Add.34 Summary statement on matters of
which the Security Council is seized and on the stage
reached in their consideration as at 4 Sept. 1999
/Secretary-General.

S/1999/25/Add.35 Summary statement on matters of
which the Security Council is seized and on the stage
reached in their consideration as at 11 Sept. 1999
/Secretary-General.

S/1999/25/Add.36 Summary statement on matters of
which the Security Council is seized and on the stage
reached in their consideration as at 16 Sept. 1999
/Secretary-General.

S/1999/25/Add.37 Summary statement on matters of
which the Security Council is seized and on the stage
reached in their consideration as at 28 Sept. 1999
/Secretary-General.

S/1999/25/Add.38 Summary statement on matters of
which the Security Council is seized and on the stage
reached in their consideration as at 1 Oct. 1999
/Secretary-General.

S/1999/25/Add.39 Summary statement on matters of
which the Security Council is seized and on the stage
reached in their consideration as at 9 Oct. 1999
/Secretary-General.

S/1999/25/Add.40 Summary statement on matters of
which the Security Council is seized and on the stage
reached in their consideration as at 16 Oct. 1999
/Secretary-General.

S/1999/25/Add.41 Summary statement on matters of
which the Security Council is seized and on the stage
reached in their consideration as at 23 Oct. 1999
/Secretary-General.

S/1999/25/Add.42 Summary statement on matters of
which the Security Council is seized and on the stage
reached in their consideration as at 30 Oct. 1999
/Secretary-General.

S/1999/25/Add.43 Summary statement on matters of
which the Security Council is seized and on the stage
reached in their consideration as at 6 Nov. 1999
/Secretary-General.

S/1999/25/Add.44 Summary statement on matters of
which the Security Council is seized and on the stage
reached in their consideration as at 12 Nov. 1999
/Secretary-General.

S/1999/25/Add.45 Summary statement on matters of
which the Security Council is seized and on the stage
reached in their consideration as at 20 Nov. 1999
/Secretary-General.

S/1999/25/Add.46 Summary statement on matters of
which the Security Council is seized and on the stage
reached in their consideration as at 27 Nov. 1999
/Secretary-General.

S/1999/25/Add.47 Summary statement on matters of
which the Security Council is seized and on the stage
reached in their consideration as at 4 Dec. 1999
/Secretary-General.

S/1999/25/Add.48 Summary statement on matters of
which the Security Council is seized and on the stage
reached in their consideration as at 11 Dec. 1999
/Secretary-General.

S/1999/25/Add.49 Summary statement on matters of
which the Security Council is seized and on the stage
reached in their consideration as at 18 Dec. 1999
/Secretary-General.

S/1999/25/Add.50 Summary statement on matters of
which the Security Council is seized and on the stage
reached in their consideration as at 25 Dec. 1999
/Secretary-General.

S/1999/25/Add.51 Summary statement on matters of
which the Security Council is seized and on the stage
reached in their consideration as at 1 Jan. 2000
/Secretary-General.

S/1999/123 Letter, 5 Feb. 1999, from Egypt requesting
that agenda items 1, 12, 17 and 20 be retained on the
list of matters of which the Security Council is seized.

requesting the Security Council to retain on the list of
matters of which the Security Council is seized, item 4 of
paragraph 4 of the summary statement by the Secretary-

S/1999/142 Letter, 10 Feb. 1999, from the Syrian Arab
Republic requesting the retention of items 1, 17, 20 and
29, relating to the Middle East situation and Palestine
question, listed in paragraph 7 of the summary
statement on matters of which the Security Council is
seized (S/1999/25).

retention of items 13 and 15 listed in paragraph 7 of the
summary statement on matters of which the Security
Council is seized (S/1999/25).

S/1999/151 Letter, 11 Feb. 1999, from the Chairman of
the Committee on the Exercise of the Inalienable Rights
of the Palestinian People, referring to the summary
statement on matters of which the Security Council is
seized (S/1999/25) and objects to the deletion of the
Palestine question and the Middle East problem, from
the list of items related to the exercise of the inalienable
rights of the Palestinian people.

S/1999/150 Note verbale, 16 Feb. 1999, from the Libyan
Arab Jamahiriya transmitting list of items the Libyan
Government wishes to retain on the list of matters of
which the Security Council is seized.
UN. SECURITY COUNCIL (1999)–AGENDA (continued)

S/1999/170 (E/1999/7) Letter, 15 Feb. 1999, from the President of the Economic and Social Council to the President of the Security Council concerning implementation of Article 65 of the Charter of the UN; presents the outcome of discussions on 2 themes, the promotion of durable peace and sustainable development in Africa and a long-term programme of support for Haiti.


S/1999/180 Letter, 22 Feb. 1999, from Iraq requesting that the Items relating to the question of Palestine and to the exercise by the Palestinian people of their inalienable rights be retained on the list of matters of which the Security Council is seized.

S/1999/181 Letter, 19 Feb. 1999, from Cuba informing the President of the Security Council that Cuba is interested in the retention of all the items listed in the summary statement on matters of which the Security Council is seized (S/1999/25), which it has brought to the attention of the Council.

S/1999/403 (E/1999/12) Letter, 7 Apr. 1999, from the President of the Security Council; refers to document E/1999-5/S/1999/170 and Security Council resolution 1212 (1998) and states that the members of the Council will follow the matter concerning the designing of a long-term programme of support for Haiti and may have specific suggestions on cooperation between the 2 Councils in this regard.

UN. SECURITY COUNCIL (1999)–REPRESENTATIVES' CREDENTIALS

Reports


UN SECURITY COUNCIL (1999) – REPRESENTATIVES’ CREDENTIALS (continued)


UN CIVILIAN POLICE MISSION IN HAITI

See also: HAITI—POLITICAL CONDITIONS

Reports


Issued: 19 May 1999.


Issued: 18 Nov. 1999.

General documents

S/1999/665 (E/1999/115) Letter, 31 July 1999, from the President of the Economic and Social Council informing the President of the Security Council of the adoption of Economic and Social Council resolution 1999/17 based on the report and recommendations of the Ad Hoc Advisory Group on Haiti (E/1999/103) in which, among other items, it is recommended to the General Assembly to renew the mandate of the UN component of the International Civilian Mission in Haiti and to consider devising a special training and technical assistance programme for the Haitian National Police.

S/1999/969 Letter, 10 Sept. 1999, from the Secretary-General informing the Security Council of his intention to appoint Alfredo Lopes Cabral, the Permanent Representative of Guinea-Bissau to the UN, as his Representative in Haiti and Head of the UN Civilian Police Mission replacing Julian Hamlon, who is leaving his position in Haiti to join the UN Mission in Bosnia and Herzegovina as the Secretary-General’s Deputy Special Representative.

S/1999/970 Letter, 14 Sept. 1999, from the President of the Security Council informing the Secretary-General that the members of the Council take note of his intention to appoint Alfredo Lopes Cabral (Guinea-Bissau) as his Representative in Haiti and Head of the UN Civilian Police Mission in Haiti.

Draft resolutions

S/1999/1202 Draft resolution on the decision to continue the UN Civilian Police Mission in Haiti.

UN CIVILIAN POLICE MISSION IN HAITI (continued)

Participation by non-Council members (without the right to vote)


Discussion in plenary

S/PV.4074 (30 Nov. 1999).

At the 4074th meeting, draft resolution S/1999/1202 was adopted (14-0-1): resolution 1277 (1999).

Resolutions

S/RES/1277(1999) [Decision to continue the UN Civilian Police Mission in Haiti (MIPONUH)].

Decides to continue MIPONUH in order to ensure a phased transition to an International Civilian Support Mission in Haiti (MICAH) by 15 Mar. 2000; requests the Secretary-General to coordinate and expedite the transition from MIPONUH and the International Civilian Mission in Haiti to MICAH and to report to the Security Council on the implementation of this resolution by 1 Mar. 2000. (Adopted 14-0-1, 4074th meeting, 30 Nov. 1999)

UN DISENGAGEMENT OBSERVER FORCE

See also: MIDDLE EAST SITUATION TERRITORIES OCCUPIED BY ISRAEL

Reports


Issued: 15 Nov. 1999.

Draft resolutions

S/1999/609 Draft resolution on extension of the mandate of the UN Disengagement Observer Force.


Statements by the President of the Security Council


States that the position taken by the Secretary-General in his report on the UN Disengagement Observer Force (S/1999/575), is that despite the present quiet in the Israeli-Syrian sector, the situation in the Middle East continues to be potentially dangerous and is likely to remain so, unless and until a comprehensive settlement covering all aspects of the Middle East problem can be reached; notes that the statement of the Secretary-General reflects the view of the Security Council.
UN DISENGAGEMENT OBSERVER FORCE (continued)

S/PRST/1999/33 Statement made on behalf of the Security Council, at the 4071st meeting, 24 Nov. 1999, in connection with the Council's consideration of the item entitled "The situation in the Middle East" / President, Security Council.

States that the position taken by the Secretary-General in his report on the UN Disengagement Observer Force (S/1999/1175) that "Despite the present quiet in the Israeli-Syrian sector, the situation in the Middle East continues to be potentially dangerous and is likely to remain so, unless and until a comprehensive settlement covering all aspects of the Middle East problem can be reached", reflects the view of the Security Council.

Discussion in plenary

S/PV.4009 (27 May 1999).

At the 4009th meeting, draft resolution S/1999/609 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1243 (1999). - At the same meeting, the President made a statement, on behalf of the Council, in connection with the renewal of the mandate of the UN Disengagement Observer Force: S/PRST/1999/15.

S/PV.4071 (24 Nov. 1999).

At the 4071st meeting, draft resolution S/1999/1189 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1276 (1999). - At the same meeting, the President made a statement, on behalf of the Council, in connection with the renewal of the mandate of the UN Disengagement Observer Force: S/PRST/1999/33.

Resolutions

S/RES/1243(1999) [Extension of the mandate of the UN Disengagement Observer Force (UNDOF)].

Decides: (a) to call upon the parties concerned to implement immediately its resolution 338 (1973) of 22 Oct. 1973; (b) to renew the mandate of UNDOF for another period of 6 months, that is, until 30 Nov. 1999; (c) to request the Secretary-General to submit, at the end of this period, a report on the development in the situation and the measures taken to implement Security Council resolution 338 (1973). (Adopted unanimously, 4009th meeting, 27 May 1999)

S/RES/1276(1999) [Extension of the mandate of the UN Disengagement Observer Force (UNDOF)].

Decides: (a) to call upon the parties concerned to implement immediately its resolution 338 (1973) of 22 Oct. 1973; (b) to renew the mandate of UNDOF for another period of 6 months, that is, until 31 May 2000; (c) to request the Secretary-General to submit, at the end of this period, a report on the development in the situation and the measures taken to implement Security Council resolution 338 (1973). (Adopted unanimously, 4071st meeting, 24 Nov. 1999)
UN INTERIM ADMINISTRATION MISSION IN KOSOVO (continued)

transmitting statement by the Federal Government
concerning the honouring of commitments under
Security Council resolution 1244 (1999) by the UN
security force in Kosovo and Metohija; requests that a
special civilian agreement be signed as soon as possible
with UN.

S/1999/768 Letter, 22 June 1999, from Yugoslavia
informing the President of the Security Council of its
position regarding the implementation of resolution 1244
(1999) on the deployment of the international civil and
security presences in Kosovo and Metohija; requests
clarification on all coordination activities including the
role of the Special Representative, demilitarization and
humanitarian assistance.

transmitting letter of the same date from the Federal
Minister for Foreign Affairs concerning deterioration of
the security situation in Kosovo and Metohija since the
implementation of the Security Council resolution 1244
(1999) and states that it is necessary to conclude an
appropriate agreement on the status of the international
presences in Kosovo and Metohija, between the
Government of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia and
UN; also contains an enclosure entitled "An overview of
terrorist and other acts of violence in the provinces of
Kosovo and Metohija from 12 to 27 June 1999".

S/1999/743 Letter, 1 July 1999, from Yugoslavia
concerning the implementation of several provisions of
Security Council resolution 1244 (1999) concerning
safety guarantees to all citizens, disarmament of KLA
and respect for the territorial integrity and sovereignty of
the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia; expresses the
urgent need for a speedy conclusion of a comprehensive
agreement between the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia
and UN on the status and mandate of the overall
international presence in Kosovo and Metohija.

S/1999/748 Letter, 2 July 1999, from the Secretary-
General informing the Security Council of his intention to
appoint Bernard Kouchner (France) as his Special
Representative to head the UN Interim Administration
Mission in Kosovo (Federal Republic of Yugoslavia).

S/1999/749 Letter, 5 July 1999, from the President of the
Security Council informing the Secretary-General that
members of the Council have taken note of his proposal
in S/1999/743 to appoint Bernard Kouchner as his
Special Representative to head the UN Interim
Administration Mission in Kosovo (Federal Republic of
Yugoslavia).

UN INTERIM ADMINISTRATION MISSION IN KOSOVO (continued)

S/1999/758 Letter, 6 July 1999, from Yugoslavia
transmitting statement by the Government of the
Yugoslav constituent Republic of Serbia regarding the
joint statement signed in Pristina on 2 July 1999 by
Bishop Artemije of Pristina and Momcilo Trajkovic with
Hashim Thaci, under the auspices of UN and KFOR;
states that the alleged representatives represent only
themselves and that political talks among legitimate
representatives of all national communities should start
immediately.

S/1999/759 Letter, 6 July 1999, from Yugoslavia
concerning the return of customs authorities to the
border crossings with the former Yugoslav Republic of
Macedonia and the Republic of Albania in the territory of
Kosovo and Metohija; requests the Security Council to
consider this issue urgently in accordance with
resolution 1244 (1999).

S/1999/760 Letter, 7 July 1999, from Yugoslavia
transmitting letter of the same date by the Federal
Minister for Foreign Affairs concerning joint statement
signed on 2 July in Pristina under the auspices of the UN
Interim Administration Mission in Kosovo and KFOR;
states that UN representatives in Kosovo and Metohija
do not have the power to choose or proclaim arbitrarily
Serb or other representatives of any national community,
and calls for a meeting with the UN, either in Belgrade or
in New York, to sign an agreement for further
implementation of Security Council resolution 1244
(1999).

concerning the views and positions of the Government
on the Secretary-General's report on the UN Interim
Administration Mission in Kosovo (UNMIK) of 12 July
1999 (S/1999/779); takes exception to the presentation
of the overall situation in Kosovo and Metohija and
questions the mandate and authority of UNMIK.

S/1999/800 Letter, 19 July 1999, from Yugoslavia,
transmitting letter of 16 July from its President
concerning the report on the UN Interim Administration
Mission in Kosovo (UNMIK) (S/1999/779); states that the
current situation in Kosovo and Metohija indicates that
compliance with the spirit of resolution 1244 (1999) has
been far from satisfactory, and expresses the objections
of the Government regarding the concept of the mandate
and powers of UNMIK as outlined in paragraphs 34 to 42
of the report.

protesting the establishment of customs control at 4
border crossings on the borders of the Federal Republic
of Yugoslavia with Albania and the Former Yugoslav
Republic of Macedonia by the authorities of the UN
Interim Administration Mission in Kosovo.
UN INTERIM ADMINISTRATION MISSION IN KOSOVO (continued)


S/1999/934 Letter, 1 Sept. 1999, from Yugoslavia concerning the alleged practice of the UN Interim Administrative Mission in Kosovo (UNMIK) of seizing public and State property of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia in violation of Security Council Resolution 1244 (1999) and international law; demands the restitution of the seized property and its return to the legal owner and calls upon the Security Council to instruct UNMIK to abide by its mandate.

S/1999/945 Letter, 3 Sept. 1999, from Yugoslavia protesting against the decision of the Special Representative of the Secretary-General in Kosovo (regulation No. 1999/3) to establish the customs and related services and to introduce a foreign currency in Kosovo and Metohija; states that this is a violation of Security Council resolution 1244 (1999) and international law; demands that the said service be disbanded, that Yugoslav customs officers be allowed to return to the border crossings to Albania and Macedonia, and that the Yugoslav customs service in Kosovo and Metohija be enabled to function undisturbed.

S/1999/953 Letter, 7 Sept. 1999, from Yugoslavia protesting against the establishment of regulation No. 1999/4 by the Special Representative of the Secretary-General for Kosovo permitting the use of foreign currencies as legal tender in Kosovo and Metohija; calls upon the Security Council to cancel it immediately.

S/1999/107 Letter, 29 Oct. 1999, from Yugoslavia protesting against the intention of the Special Representative of the Secretary-General to carry out a population registration in Kosovo and Metohija.

S/1999/110 Letter, 5 Nov. 1999, from the President of the Security Council referring to the report of the Secretary-General (S/1999/987 and S/1999/987/Add.1), in which the Secretary-General recommended that the total number of UN civilian police officers in the UN Interim Administration Mission in Kosovo be increased to 4,718; informs the Secretary-General that the members of the Council take note of the proposed increase.

UN INTERIM ADMINISTRATION MISSION IN KOSOVO (continued)

S/1999/1262 Letter, 17 Dec. 1999, from Yugoslavia concerning the joint Administrative Council established by the Special Representative of the Secretary-General, which it considers a violation of Security Council resolution 1244 (1999), which empowers the UN Interim Administration Mission in Kosovo to act as a transitional authority pending the establishment of legal authorities following an election, i.e., until a political solution is achieved.

Draft resolutions

S/1999/661 Draft resolution on the deployment of international civil and security presences in Kosovo/Bahrain, Canada, France, Gabon, Germany, Italy, Japan, Netherlands, Russian Federation, Slovenia, Ukraine, United Kingdom and United States.

Participation by non-Council members (without the right to vote)

S/PV.4011 (10 June 1999) Albania, Belarus, Bulgaria, Costa Rica, Croatia, Cuba, Germany, Hungary, Islamic Republic of Iran, Italy, Japan, Mexico, Norway, the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia and Ukraine. Discussion in plenary

S/PV.4011 (10 June 1999)
At the 4011th meeting, draft resolution S/1999/661 was adopted (14-0-1): resolution 1244 (1999).

S/PV.4061 (5 Nov. 1999).

Resolutions

- Decides on the deployment in Kosovo, under UN auspices, of international civil and security presences, with appropriate equipment and personnel as required;
- requests the Secretary-General to appoint a Special Representative to control the implementation of the international civil presence; authorizes Member States and relevant international organizations to establish the international security presence in Kosovo; authorizes the Secretary-General to establish an international civil presence in Kosovo in order to provide an interim administration for Kosovo under which the people of Kosovo can enjoy substantial autonomy within the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia; decides that the prohibitions imposed by paragraph 8 of resolution 1160 (1998) shall not apply to arms and related matériel for the use of the international civil and security presences; decides that the international civil and security presences are established for an initial period of 12 months, to continue thereafter unless the Security Council decides otherwise. (Adopted 14-0-1, 4011th meeting, 10 June 1999)

UN INTERIM FORCE IN LEBANON

See also: ISRAEL-LEBANON
MIDDLE EAST SITUATION
TERRITORIES OCCUPIED BY ISRAEL

Reports


General documents

S/1999/22 Letter, 8 Jan. 1999, from Lebanon requesting the Security Council to extend the mandate of the UN Interim Force in Lebanon, which expires on 31 Jan., for a further interim period of 6 months.

S/1999/1167 Letter, 9 Nov. 1999, from the Secretary-General informing the Security Council of his intention to appoint Seth Kofi Obeng (Ghana) as the next Force Commander of the UN Interim Force in Lebanon, to replace Jioje K. Konrote (Fiji) whose term expired on 30 Sept. 1999.

S/1999/1168 Letter, 15 Nov. 1999, from the President of the Security Council stating that the members of the Council agree with the Secretary-General's proposal to appoint Major General Seth Kofi Obeng (Ghana) to succeed Major General Jioje K. Konrote (Fiji) as Force Commander of the UN Interim Force in Lebanon.

S/1999/1284 Letter, 28 Dec. 1999, from Lebanon requesting the extension of the mandate of the UN Interim Force in Lebanon, which expires on 31 Jan. 2000, for a further interim period of 6 months.

Draft resolutions

S/1999/75 Draft resolution on extension of the mandate of the UN Interim Force in Lebanon.

S/1999/828 Draft resolution on extension of the mandate of the UN Interim Force in Lebanon.
UN INTERIM FORCE IN LEBANON (continued)

Statement by the President of the Security Council

S/PRST/1999/4 Statement made on behalf of the Security Council, at the 3970th meeting, 28 Jan. 1999, in connection with prior consultations held among Council members on the item entitled "The situation in the Middle East"/ President, Security Council. Asserts that all States shall refrain from the threat or use of force against the territorial integrity or political independence of any State; reiterates its full support for the Taif Agreement and for the continued efforts of the Lebanese Government to consolidate peace, national unity and security in the country; commends the Lebanese Government for its successful effort to extend its authority in the south of the country in full coordination with the UN Interim Force in Lebanon (UNIFIL); expresses concern over the continuing violence in Southern Lebanon and urges all parties to exercise restraint and pays a special tribute to all those who gave their life while serving in UNIFIL.

S/PRST/1999/24 Statement made on behalf of the Security Council, at the 4028th meeting, 30 July 1999, in connection with prior consultations held among Council members on the item entitled "The situation in the Middle East"/ President, Security Council. Reaffirms its commitment to the full sovereignty, political independence, territorial integrity and national unity of Lebanon within its internationally recognized boundaries, as the Security Council extends the mandate of the UN Interim Force in Lebanon (UNIFIL) for a further interim period on the basis of resolution 425 (1997), the Council again stresses the urgent need for the implementation of that resolution in all its aspects; commends the Lebanese Government for its successful effort to extend its authority in the south of the country in full coordination with UNIFIL; expresses its concern over the continuing violence in Southern Lebanon, regrets the loss of civilian life, and urges all parties to exercise restraint; notes with deep concern the high level of casualties which UNIFIL has suffered and pays a special tribute to all those who gave their life while serving in UNIFIL; commends UNIFIL's troops and troop-contributing countries for their sacrifices and commitment to the cause of international peace and security under difficult circumstances.

Discussion in plenary


At the 3970th meeting, draft resolution S/1999/75 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1223 (1999). - At the same meeting, the President made a statement, on behalf of the Council, in connection with prior consultations held among Council members on the report of the Secretary-General on the UN Interim Force in Lebanon (S/1999/61): S/PRST/1999/4.

UN INTERIM FORCE IN LEBANON (continued)

S/PV.4028 (30 July 1999).

At the 4028th meeting, draft resolution S/1999/225 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1254 (1999). - At the same meeting, the President made a statement, on behalf of the Council, in connection with prior consultations held among Council members on the report of the Secretary-General on the UN Interim Force in Lebanon (S/1999/807): S/PRST/1999/24.

Resolutions

S/RES/1223 (1999) [Extension of the mandate of the UN Interim Force in Lebanon (UNIFIL)].

Decides to extend the present mandate of UNIFIL for a further period of 6 months, that is until 31 July 1999. (Adopted unanimously, 3970th meeting, 28 Jan. 1999)

S/RES/1254 (1999) [Extension of the mandate of the UN Interim Force in Lebanon (UNIFIL)].

Decides to extend the present mandate of UNIFIL for a further period of 6 months, that is until 31 Jan. 2000; condemns all acts of violence committed in particular against the Force, and urges the parties to put an end to them; requests the Secretary-General to continue consultations with the Government of Lebanon and other parties directly concerned with the implementation of the present resolution and to report to the Security Council thereon. (Adopted unanimously, 4028th meeting, 30 July 1999)

UN IRAQ-KUWAIT OBSERVATION MISSION

See also: IRAQ-KUWAIT SITUATION

Reports


General documents

S/1999/384 Letter, 6 Apr. 1999, from the President of the Security Council informing the Secretary-General that members of the Council concur with his recommendation that the UN Iraq-Kuwait Observation Mission be maintained and have decided to review the question by 6 Oct. 1999.

S/1999/1033 Letter, 6 Oct. 1999, from the President of the Security Council reporting that the members of the Council concur with the Secretary-General's recommendation in (S/1999/1006) that the UN Iraq-Kuwait Observation Mission be maintained and that a decision has been made to review the question again by 6 Apr. 2000.
UN IRAQ-KUWAIT OBSERVATION MISSION (continued)


S/1999/1155 Letter, 10 Nov. 1999, from the President of the Security Council informing the Secretary-General that the members of the Security Council agree with his decision to appoint General John Augustine Vlze (Ireland) as next Force Commander of the UN Iraq-Kuwait Observation Mission, effective 30 Nov. 1999.

UN MILITARY OBSERVER GROUP IN INDIA AND PAKISTAN

See also: JAMMU AND KASHMIR

General documents

S/1999/1148 Letter, 9 Feb. 1999, from the Secretary-General informing the President of the Security Council of his intention to appoint Major-General Jozsef Ball (Hungary) as the next Chief Military Observer of the UN Military Observer Group in India and Pakistan.

S/1999/1149 Letter, 12 Feb. 1999, from the President of the Security Council addressed to the Secretary-General reporting that the members of the Council have taken note of the intention of the Secretary-General to appoint Major-General Jozsef Ball (Hungary) as the Chief Military Observer of the UN Military Observer Group in India and Pakistan.

S/1999/1195 Letter, 20 Oct. 1999, from Canada transmitting a letter from the Minister for Foreign Affairs on the conclusions of the special meeting of the Commonwealth Ministerial Action Group on the Harare Declaration, which was held in London on 18 Oct. 1999 to discuss the situation in Pakistan following the military takeover on 12 Oct. 1999; includes the concluding statement of the special meeting.

UN MISSION FOR THE REFERENDUM IN WESTERN SAHARA

See also: WESTERN SAHARA QUESTION

Reports


UN MISSION FOR THE REFERENDUM IN WESTERN SAHARA (continued)


General documents

S/1999/581 (A/54/151) Letter, 23 June 1999, from Germany transmitting a statement on Western Sahara issued by the Presidency of the European Union, 21 June 1999; welcomes agreements reached on the proposals concerning further steps to be taken to implement the Settlement Plan and calls upon both parties to cooperate fully throughout the voter identification and the appeals process.

S/1999/1109 Letter, 23 Oct. 1999, from the Secretary-General informing the Security Council of his intention to appoint Brigadier-General Claudel Buze (Belgium) to the post of Force Commander of the UN Mission for the Referendum in Western Sahara.

S/1999/1110 Letter, 1 Nov. 1999, from the President of the Security Council reporting that the members of the Council agree with the intention of the Secretary-General to appoint Brigadier-General Claudel Buze (Belgium) to the post of Force Commander of the UN Mission for the Referendum in Western Sahara, contained in document (S/1999/1109).

Draft resolutions

S/1999/78 Draft resolution on extension of the mandate of the UN Mission for the Referendum in Western Sahara.

S/1999/130 Draft resolution on extension of the mandate of the UN Mission for the Referendum in Western Sahara.

S/1999/354 Draft resolution on extension of the mandate of the UN Mission for the Referendum in Western Sahara.

S/1999/489 Draft resolution on extension of the mandate of the UN Mission for the Referendum in Western Sahara.

S/1999/558 Draft resolution on extension of the mandate of the UN Mission for the Referendum in Western Sahara.

S/1999/764 Draft resolution on extension of the mandate of the UN Mission for the Referendum in Western Sahara.
UN MISSION FOR THE REFERENDUM IN WESTERN SAHARA (continued)

S/1999/1239 Draft resolution on extension of the mandate of the UN Mission for the Referendum in Western Sahara / France, Russian Federation, United Kingdom and United States.

Discussion in plenary

At the 3971st meeting, draft resolution S/1999/78 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1224 (1999).

At the 3976th meeting, draft resolution S/1999/130 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1228 (1999).

At the 3990th meeting, draft resolution S/1999/354 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1232 (1999).

S/PV.3994 (30 Apr. 1999).
At the 3994th meeting, draft resolution S/1999/489 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1235 (1999).

S/PV.4002 (14 May 1999).
At the 4002nd meeting, draft resolution S/1999/556 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1238 (1999).

At the 4044th meeting, draft resolution S/1999/964 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1243 (1999).

At the 4080th meeting, draft resolution S/1999/1239 was adopted (14-0-1): resolution 1282 (1999).

Resolutions

S/RES/1224(1999) [Extension of the mandate of the UN Mission for the Referendum in Western Sahara (MINURSO)].
Decides to extend the mandate of MINURSO until 11 Feb. 1999; requests the Secretary-General to keep the Council informed of all significant developments in the implementation of the Settlement Plan and the agreements reached between the parties, and, as appropriate, on the continuing viability of the mandate of MINURSO. (Adopted unanimously, 3971st meeting, 28 Jan. 1999)

S/RES/1228(1999) [Extension of the mandate of the UN Mission for the Referendum in Western Sahara (MINURSO)].
Decides to extend the mandate of MINURSO until 31 Mar. 1999 to allow for consultations in the hope and expectation of agreement on the protocols on identification, appeals and repatriation planning activities, as well as on the essential issue of the implementation calendar, without undermining the integrity of the Secretary-General's proposed package or calling into question its main elements, for the prompt resumption of voter identification and initiation of the appeals process; requests both parties to take concrete action to enable the Office of the UN High Commissioner for Refugees to carry out the necessary preparatory work for the repatriation of Saharan refugees eligible to vote, and their immediate families, according to the Settlement Plan; requests the Secretary-General to report to the Council by 22 Mar. 1999 on the implementation of this resolution; supports the intention of the Secretary-General to ask his Personal Envoy to reassess the viability of the mandate of MINURSO should the prospects for putting the package of measures into effect remain elusive at the time of submission of the Secretary-General's next report. (Adopted unanimously, 3976th meeting, 11 Feb. 1999)

S/RES/1232(1999) [Extension of the mandate of the UN Mission for the Referendum in Western Sahara (MINURSO)].
Decides to extend the mandate of the UN Mission for the Referendum in Western Sahara (MINURSO) until 30 Apr. 1999; requests both parties to move ahead with the necessary discussions to reach an agreement on the refugee repatriation protocol, so that all aspects of the work needed to prepare the way for the repatriation of refugees may begin, including confidence-building measures; welcomes the signature, by the Government of Morocco and the MINURSO Force Commander, of the agreement on mines and unexploded ordnance and urges the POLISARIO Front to engage in a similar effort. (Adopted unanimously, 3990th meeting, 30 Mar. 1999)

S/RES/1235(1999) [Extension of the mandate of the UN Mission for the Referendum in Western Sahara (MINURSO)].
Decides to extend the mandate of MINURSO until 14 May 1999; requests the Secretary-General to keep the Council informed of all significant developments in the implementation of the Settlement Plan and the agreements reached with the parties, and, as appropriate, on the continuing viability of the mandate of MINURSO. (Adopted unanimously, 3994th meeting, 30 Apr. 1999)
UN MISSION FOR THE REFERENDUM IN WESTERN SAHARA (continued)

S/RES/1238 (1999) [Extension of mandate of the UN Mission for the Referendum in Western Sahara (MINURSO)].

Submits to the Security Council a revised table and financial implications for the multinational stabilization force and extension of the mandate of the UN Mission in Bosnia and Herzegovina / Secretary-General.

Decides to extend the mandate of MINURSO until 29 Feb. 2000; welcomes the reiteration by the parties of their agreement in principle to the draft plan of action for cross-border confidence-building measures; takes note of the concern that the problems posed by the current number of candidates who have exercised their right of appeal and the opposing positions taken by the parties on the issue of admissibility seem to allow little possibility of holding the referendum before 2002 or even beyond, and supports the intention of the Secretary-General to instruct his Special Representative to continue his consultations with the parties on these issues; takes note of the assessment by the Secretary-General, however, that difficulties may be encountered in reconciling the opposing views of the parties, and therefore requests the Secretary-General to report before the end of the present mandate on prospects for progress in implementing the Settlement plan within a reasonable period of time. (Adopted 14-0-1, 4080th meeting, 14 Dec. 1999)

UN MISSION IN BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA

See also: BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA SITUATION FORMER YUGOSLAVIA SITUATION INTERNATIONAL POLICE TASK FORCE

Reports


Draft resolutions

S/1999/688 Draft resolution on continuation of the multinational stabilization force and extension of the mandate of the UN Mission in Bosnia and Herzegovina / Canada, France, Germany, Italy, Netherlands, Russian Federation, United Kingdom and United States.

Participation by non-Council members (without the right to vote)

S/PV.4014 (18 June 1999) Bosnia and Herzegovina, Germany and Italy.

Discussion in plenary

S/PV.4014 (18 June 1999).

At the 4014th meeting, draft resolution S/1999/685 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1247 (1999).
UN MISSION IN BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA (continued)

Resolutions

S/RES/1247 (1999) (Continuation of the multinational stabilization force (SFOR) and extension of the mandate of the UN Mission in Bosnia and Herzegovina (UNMIBH)).

Authors the Member States acting through or in cooperation with the organization referred to in Annex 1-A of the Peace Agreement to continue for a further planned period of 12 months the multinational stabilization force (SFOR) as established in accordance with its resolution 1088 (1996) under unified command and control in order to fulfill the role specified in Annex 1-A and Annex 2 of the Peace Agreement; authorizes Member States to take all necessary measures, at the request of SFOR, either in defence of SFOR or to assist the force in carrying out its mission and to take all necessary measures to ensure compliance with the rules and procedures established by the Commander of SFOR, governing command and control of airspace over Bosnia and Herzegovina with respect to all civilian and military air traffic; requests the authorities in Bosnia and Herzegovina to cooperate with the Commander of SFOR to ensure the effective management of the airports of Bosnia and Herzegovina; decides to extend the mandate of UNMIBH for an additional period terminating on 21 June 2000, and also decides that the International Police Task Force (IPTF) shall continue to be entrusted with the tasks set out in Annex 11 of the Peace Agreement; requests the Secretary-General to keep the Council regularly informed on the work of IPTF and its progress in assisting the restructuring of law enforcement agencies and UNMIBH’s progress in monitoring and assessing the court system and to report every 3 months on the implementation of the mandate of UNMIBH as a whole. (Adopted unanimously, 16 June 1999)

UN MISSION IN EAST TIMOR

See also: EAST TIMOR QUESTION

Reports


UN MISSION IN EAST TIMOR (continued)


General documents

S/1999/679 Letter, 11 June 1999, from the Secretary-General informing the Security Council of his intention to appoint Alan James Mills (Australia) to the post of Civilian Police Commissioner of the UN Mission in East Timor.

S/1999/680 Letter, 15 June 1999, from the President of the Security Council referring to document S/1999/679; informs the Secretary-General that the members of the Council have taken note of his intention to appoint Alan James Mills (Australia) as the Civilian Police Commissioner of the UN Mission in East Timor.

S/1999/709 Letter, 21 June 1999, from the Secretary-General informing the Security Council of his decision to appoint Brigadier Rezaqul Haider (Bangladesh) as Chief Military Liaison Officer of the UN Mission in East Timor.

S/1999/710 Letter, 23 June 1999, from the President of the Security Council referring to document S/1999/709; informs the Secretary-General that the members of the Council have taken note of his intention to appoint Brigadier Rezaqul Haider (Bangladesh) as Chief Military Liaison Officer of the UN Mission in East Timor.

S/1999/735 Letter, 25 June 1999, from the Secretary-General transmitting list of countries contributing civilian police personnel to the UN Mission in East Timor.

S/1999/738 Letter, 30 June 1999, from the President of the Security Council informing the Secretary-General that the members of the Council have taken note of his letter (S/1999/735) concerning the composition of the civilian police component of the UN Mission in East Timor.

S/1999/750 Letter, 2 July 1999, from the Secretary-General transmitting list of countries contributing military liaison officers to the UN Mission in East Timor.

S/1999/751 Letter, 6 July 1999, from the President of the Security Council informing the Secretary-General that the members of the Council have taken note of his proposal concerning the composition of the military liaison component of the UN Mission in East Timor as outlined in his letter (S/1999/750).
UN MISSION IN EAST TIMOR (continued)

S/1999/1004 Letter, 21 Sept. 1999, from Finland transmitting statement on East and West Timor, issued by the Presidency of the European Union, 21 Sept. 1999; welcomes the progress in the deployment of the international force in East Timor and supports calls for the establishment of an international commission of inquiry to investigate cases of alleged violation of international humanitarian law.

S/1999/1093 Letter, 25 Oct. 1999, from the Secretary-General informing the Security Council of his decision to appoint Sergio Vieira de Mello (Brazil) as his Special Representative and Head of the UN Transitional Administration in East Timor.

S/1999/1094 Letter, 26 Oct. 1999, from the President of the Security Council referring to document S/1999/1093; reports that the members of the Council take note of the Secretary-General's intention to appoint Sergio Vieira de Mello (Brazil) as the Secretary-General's Special Representative and Head of the UN Transitional Administration in East Timor.

Draft resolutions

S/1999/888 Draft resolution on the establishment of the UN Mission in East Timor.

S/1999/843 Draft resolution on extension of the mandate of the UN Mission in East Timor.

S/1999/904 Draft resolution on extension of the mandate of the UN Mission in East Timor.

S/1999/977 Draft resolution on the establishment of a multinational peace force in East Timor.

UN MISSION IN EAST TIMOR (continued)

Statements by the President of the Security Council


Emphasizes that a popular consultation of the East Timorese people through a direct, secret and universal ballot represents an historic opportunity to resolve the question of East Timor peacefully; expresses serious concern that the Secretary-General, in his assessment, concludes that the necessary condition do not yet exist to begin the operational phases of the consultation process, given the security situation throughout much of East Timor and the absence of a "level playing field"; calls on the UN Mission in East Timor (UNAMET) to follow up reports of violent activity by both the pro-integration militias and Falintil. In this regard, it expresses grave concern at the attack on the UNAMET office in Maliana, East Timor, on 29 June 1999; demands that the incident be thoroughly investigated and the perpetrators be brought to justice; also demands that all parties respect the safety and security of UNAMET personnel; stresses once again the responsibility of the Government of Indonesia to maintain peace and security in East Timor; emphasizes that all local officials in East Timor must abide by the provisions of the Tripartite Agreements (S/1999/513, annexes I-II); urges the Indonesian Government and the pro-integration and pro-independence groups to continue to enhance cooperation with UNAMET, to allow the popular consultation to go ahead in a timely manner.


Welcomes the successful popular consultation of the East Timorese people on 30 Aug. 1999 and the Secretary-General's announcement of the ballot results (S/1999/944); pays tribute to the extraordinary work of the Personal Representative of the Secretary-General and to the staff of the UN Mission in East Timor (UNAMET); calls on all parties to respect the result of the popular consultation and looks to the Indonesian Government to take the necessary constitutional steps to implement the result of the ballot, in accordance with the Agreements of 5 May 1999 (S/1999/513, annexes I-II); condemns the violence which both preceded and followed the popular consultation and expresses its condolences to the families of UN local staff and others killed; also calls upon the Government of Indonesia to take steps to prevent further violence and to guarantee the security of UNAMET staff and its premises; requests the Secretary-General to report as soon as possible on the implementation of the ballot result, including recommendations on the mandate, size and structure of the UN presence in East Timor in the implementation phase (Phase III).
UN MISSION IN EAST TIMOR (continued)

Participation by non-Council members (without the right to vote)

S/PV.4013 (11 June 1999) Australia, Indonesia, New Zealand and Portugal.
S/PV.4041 (3 Sept. 1999) Indonesia and Portugal.
S/PV.4042 (3 Sept. 1999) Indonesia and Portugal.
S/PV.4045 (15 Sept. 1999) Australia, Finland, Indonesia, Japan, New Zealand and Portugal.

Discussion in plenary

S/PV.4013 (11 June 1999).
At the 4013th meeting, draft resolution S/1999/666 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1246 (1999).
S/PV.4019 (29 June 1999).
At the 4019th meeting, the President made a statement, on behalf of the Council following consultations among members, on the item entitled "The situation in Timor": S/PRST/1999/20.
At the 4031st meeting, draft resolution S/1999/843 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1257 (1999).
At the 4038th meeting, draft resolution S/1999/904 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1262 (1999).
S/PV.4041 (3 Sept. 1999).
S/PV.4042 (3 Sept. 1999).
At the 4042nd meeting, the President made a statement, on behalf of the Council following consultations among members, on the item entitled "The situation in East Timor": S/PRST/1999/27.
S/PV.4045 (15 Sept. 1999).
At the 4045th meeting, draft resolution S/1999/977 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1264 (1999).

UN MISSION IN EAST TIMOR (continued)

Resolutions

S/RES/1246(1999) [Establishment of the UN Mission in East Timor (UNAMET)].
Decides to establish until 31 Aug. 1999 UNAMET to organize and conduct a popular consultation, scheduled for 8 Aug. 1999, on the basis of a direct, secret and universal ballot, in order to ascertain whether the East Timorese people accept the proposed constitutional framework providing for a special autonomy for East Timor within the unitary Republic of Indonesia or reject the proposed special autonomy for East Timor, leading to East Timor's separation from Indonesia, in accordance with the General Agreement and to enable the Secretary-General to discharge his responsibility under paragraph 3 of the Security Agreement; authorizes until 31 Aug. 1999 the deployment within UNAMET of up to 280 civilian police officers to act as advisers to the Indonesian Police in the discharge of their duties and, at the time of the consultation, to supervise the escort of ballot papers and boxes to and from the polling sites; authorizes until 31 Aug. 1999 the deployment within UNAMET of 50 military liaison officers to maintain contact with the Indonesian Armed Forces in order to allow the Secretary-General to discharge his responsibilities under the General Agreement and the Security Agreement; reiterates its request to the Secretary-General to keep the Security Council closely informed of the situation. (Adopted unanimously, 4013th meeting, 11 June 1999)

S/RES/1257(1999) [Extension of the mandate of the UN Mission in East Timor (UNAMET)].
Decides to extend the mandate of UNAMET until 30 Sept. 1999. (Adopted unanimously, 4031st meeting, 3 Aug. 1999)

S/RES/1262(1999) [Extension of the mandate of the UN Mission in East Timor (UNAMET)].
Decides to extend the mandate of UNAMET until 30 Nov. 1999. (Adopted unanimously, 4058th meeting, 27 Aug. 1999)
UN MISSION IN EAST TIMOR (continued)

S/RES/1284(1999) [Establishment of multinational peace force in East Timor].

Authorizes the establishment of a multinational force under a unified command structure, pursuant to the request of the Government of Indonesia conveyed to the Secretary-General on 12 Sept. 1999, with the following tasks: to restore peace and security in East Timor, to protect and support the UN Mission in East Timor (UNAMET) in carrying out its tasks and, within force capabilities, to facilitate humanitarian assistance operations, and authorizes the States participating in the multinational force to take all necessary measures to fulfill this mandate; stresses that the expenses for the force will be borne by participating Member States concerned; agrees that the multinational force should collectively be deployed in East Timor until replaced as soon as possible by a UN peacekeeping operation; requests the leadership of the multinational force to provide periodic reports on progress towards the implementation of its mandate through the Secretary-General to the Council, the 1st such report to be made within 14 days of adoption of this resolution. (Adopted unanimously, 4045th meeting, 15 Sept. 1999)

UN MISSION IN SIERRA LEONE

See also: SIERRA LEONE—POLITICAL CONDITIONS

UN OBSERVER MISSION IN SIERRA LEONE

Reports


General documents

S/1999/1186 Letter, 16 Nov. 1999, from the Secretary-General informing the Security Council of his intention to appoint Ouyemi Adenji (Nigeria) as his Special Representative for Sierra Leone and the Head of the UN Mission in Sierra Leone.

S/1999/1187 Letter, 19 Nov. 1999, from the President of the Security Council referring to the Secretary-General's letter of 16 Nov. 1999 (S/1999/1186); informs the Secretary-General that the members of the Council take note of his intention to appoint Ouyemi Adenji (Nigeria) as his Special Representative for Sierra Leone and the Head of the UN Mission in Sierra Leone.

S/1999/1199 Letter, 22 Nov. 1999, from the Secretary-General informing the Security Council of his intention to appoint Major General Vijay Kumar Jetley (India) as Force Commander of the UN Mission in Sierra Leone.

S/1999/1200 Letter, 26 Nov. 1999, from the President of the Security Council referring to the Secretary-General's letter of 22 Nov. 1999 (S/1999/1199); informs the Secretary-General that the members of the Council take note of his intention to appoint Vijay Kumar Jetley (India) as Force Commander of the UN Mission in Sierra Leone.

Draft resolutions

S/1999/1069 Draft resolution on the establishment of the UN Mission in Sierra Leone.

UN MISSION IN SIERRA LEONE (continued)

Participation by non-Council members (without the right to vote)


Discussion in plenary


At the 4054th meeting, draft resolution S/1999/1069 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1270 (1999).


Resolutions

S/RES/1270(1999) [Establishment of the UN Mission in Sierra Leone (UNAMSIL)].

Decides to establish UNAMSIL with immediate effect for an initial period of 6 months and with the following mandate: (a) to cooperate with the Government of Sierra Leone and the other parties to the Peace Agreement in the implementation of the Agreement; (b) to assist the Government in the implementation of the disarmament, demobilization and reintegration plan; (c) to that end, to establish a presence at key locations throughout the territory of Sierra Leone, including at disarmament/reception centres and demobilization centres; (d) to ensure the security and freedom of movement of UN personnel; (e) to monitor adherence to the ceasefire in accordance with the ceasefire agreement of 16 May 1999 (S/1999/585, annex) through the structures provided for therein; (f) to encourage the parties to create confidence-building mechanisms and support their functioning; (g) to facilitate the delivery of humanitarian assistance; (h) to support the operations of UN civilian officials; (i) to provide support to the elections, which are to be held in accordance with the present constitution of Sierra Leone; decides further that UNAMSIL will take over the substantive civilian and military components and functions of the UN Observer Mission in Sierra Leone (UNOMSIL) as well as its assets, and to that end decides that the mandate of UNOMSIL shall terminate immediately on the establishment of UNAMSIL; stresses the need for close cooperation and coordination between ECOMOG and UNAMSIL in carrying out their respective tasks, and welcomes the intended establishment of joint operations centres at headquarters and also at subordinate levels in the field; requests the Government of Sierra Leone to convene a status-of-forces agreement with the Secretary-General within 30 days of the adoption of this resolution (Adopted unanimously, 4054th meeting, 22 Oct. 1999)

UN MISSION IN THE CENTRAL AFRICAN REPUBLIC

See also: CENTRAL AFRICAN REPUBLIC SITUATION

Reports

UN MISSION IN THE CENTRAL AFRICAN REPUBLIC (continued)


S/1999/788 7th report on the UN Mission in the Central African Republic / Secretary-General.


General documents

S/1999/116 Letter, 22 Dec. 1998, from the Secretary-General transmitting letter of 8 Dec. from the President of the Central African Republic concerning the UN Mission in the Central African Republic (MINURCA); requests the Security Council to extend the mandate of MINURCA until the successful completion of the forthcoming presidential elections in 1999.

S/1999/121 Letter, 4 Feb. 1999, from the Secretary-General addressed to the President of the Security Council transmitting letter of 23 Dec. 1998 from the President of the World Bank concerning the link between the economic reform programme and peacekeeping arrangements in the Central African Republic; states that the withdrawal of the UN Mission in the Central African Republic on 15 Jan. 1999 would weaken the prospects for continued economic improvement and could undermine and even reverse the progress made so far.

S/1999/132 Letter, 9 Feb. 1999, from the Central African Republic transmitting letter of the same date from the President concerning the UN Mission in the Central African Republic (MINURCA); states that extension of the mandate of MINURCA until the successful completion of the forthcoming presidential elections in 1999 is needed for the implementation of the Bangui Agreements; reports that the 3 governing powers of democracy are functioning normally.


S/1999/1235 Letter, 3 Dec. 1999, from the Secretary-General reporting the main observations and recommendations of a multidisciplinary mission which visited Bangui from 15 to 19 Nov. 1999, to examine the conditions for the maintenance of the UN presence after the withdrawal of the UN Mission in the Central African Republic on 15 Feb. 2000.

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UN MISSION IN THE CENTRAL AFRICAN REPUBLIC (continued)

S/RES/1271(1999) [Extension of the mandate of the UN Mission in the Central African Republic (MINURCA)].

Decides to extend the mandate of MINURCA until 15 Feb. 2000; calls once again upon the Government of the Central African Republic to continue to take tangible measures to implement the political, economic, social and security reforms mentioned in the report of the Secretary-General of 23 Feb. 1998 (S/1998/219); calls upon the Government of the Central African Republic to coordinate closely with MINURCA, the initial steps of the restructuring programme of the Central African armed forces and of the demobilization and reintegration programme of the released military personnel, appeals to the international community to give its support to these programmes; requests the Secretary-General to submit by 15 Jan. 2000 a report on the implementation of the mandate of MINURCA; decides to remain actively seized of the matter. (Adopted unanimously, 4056th meeting, 22 Oct. 1999)

UN MISSION OF OBSERVERS IN PREVLAKA

See also: CROATIA SITUATION
FORMER YUGOSLAVIA SITUATION

Reports


General documents


Corrects text.

S/1999/471 Letter, 22 Apr. 1999, from Yugoslavia referring to the report of the Secretary-General on the UN Mission of Observers in Prevlaka (S/1999/404); states that the report takes no account of the data from the Internal report of the Chief Military Observer and tends to downplay the violation of the demilitarized zone by Croatia.

UN MISSION OF OBSERVERS IN PREVLAKA (continued)

S/1999/480 Letter, 27 Apr. 1999, from Yugoslavia concerning set up of a checkpoint by the Yugoslav Army in the yellow zone in the area of Prevlaka; states that it was a temporary measure and does not constitute violation of the demilitarized zone established pursuant to an agreement of 15 Sept. 1992 between Croatia and Yugoslavia; further states that competent Yugoslav authorities reiterated guarantee of full safety to the members of the UN Mission of Observers in Prevlaka.


S/1999/796 Letter, 15 July 1999, from Yugoslavia referring to Secretary-General's report of 6 July 1999 on the UN Mission of Observers in Prevlaka (S/1999/764); calls for the preservation of the original concept of the UN security system on Prevlaka, in accordance with the agreement on normalization of relations between the 2 countries, published as a document of the Security Council (S/1999/706, annex).


Draft resolutions

S/1999/39 Draft resolution on the demilitarization of the Prevlaka peninsula.

S/1999/785 Draft resolution on the monitoring of the demilitarization of the Prevlaka peninsula by UN observers.

Participation by non-Council members (without the right to vote)

S/PV.3966 (15 Jan. 1999) Croatia, Germany and Italy.

S/PV.4023 (15 July 1999) Croatia, Germany and Italy.
UN MISSION OF OBSERVERS IN PREVLAKA
(continued)

Discussion In plenary

At the 3966th meeting, draft resolution S/1999/39 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1222 (1999).

S/PV.4023 (15 July 1999).
At the 4023rd meeting, draft resolution S/1999/785 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1252 (1999).

Resolutions

S/RES/1222(1999) [Demilitarization of the Prevlaka peninsula].
Authorizes the UN military observers to continue monitoring the demilitarization of the Prevlaka peninsula until 15 July 1999; requests the Secretary-General, in the light of the improved cooperation and reduction in tensions in Prevlaka as described in his report, to consider possible reductions, without prejudice to the main operational activities of the UN Mission of Observers in Prevlaka (UNMOP), focusing on the possibility of reducing the number of military observers to as few as 22; further requests the Secretary-General to submit a report by 15 Apr. 1999 on the progress of bilateral negotiations between the parties, as well as on possible ways to facilitate a negotiated settlement; urges once again that the parties abide by their mutual commitments and implement fully the Agreement on Normalization of Relations, and stresses in particular the urgent need for them to fulfill rapidly and in good faith their commitment to reach a negotiated resolution of the disputed issue of Prevlaka in accordance with article 4 of the Agreement; requests the UN military observers and the multinational stabilization force to cooperate fully with each other. (Adopted unanimously, 3966th meeting, 15 Jan. 1999)

S/RES/1252(1999) [Monitoring of the demilitarization of the Prevlaka peninsula by UN observers].
Authorizes the UN military observers to continue monitoring the demilitarization of the Prevlaka peninsula, until 15 Jan. 2000; iterates its calls upon the parties to cease all violations of the demilitarization regime in UN designated zones, to take steps further to reduce tension and to improve safety and security in the area, to cooperate fully with the UN military observers and to ensure their safety and full and unrestricted freedom of movement; requests the Secretary-General to report by 15 Oct. 1999 with recommendations and options further to develop confidence-building measures between the parties aimed; urges once again that the parties abide by their mutual commitments and implement fully the Agreement on Normalization of Relations; requests the UN military observers and the multinational stabilization force to cooperate fully with each other. (Adopted unanimously, 4023rd meeting, 15 July 1999)

UN MISSION OF OBSERVERS IN TAJIKISTAN

See also: TAJIKISTAN SITUATION

Reports


General documents


S/1999/255 Letter, 9 Mar. 1999, from the President of the Security Council informing the Secretary-General that members of the Security Council have taken note of his intention to appoint Brigadier-General John Hvidegaard (Denmark) as Chief Military Observer of the UN Mission of Observers in Tajikistan.

S/1999/985 Letter, 13 Sept. 1999, from the Secretary-General informing that Ivo Petrov (Bulgaria) will be appointed to replace Jan Kubis as the Special Representative for Tajikistan.

S/1999/986 Letter, 17 Sept. 1999, from the President of the Security Council informing the Secretary-General that the members of the Council take note of his intention, contained in letter (S/1999/985), to appoint Ivo Petrov (Bulgaria) as his Special Representative for Tajikistan.

Draft resolutions

S/1999/557 Draft resolution on extension of the mandate of the UN Mission of Observers in Tajikistan.
S/1999/1158 Draft resolution on extension of the mandate of the UN Mission of Observers in Tajikistan.
UN MISSION OF OBSERVERS IN TAJIKISTAN

(continued)

Statements by the President of the Security Council


Discussion in plenary


At the 3981st meeting, the President made a statement, on behalf of the Council, in connection with prior consultations held among Council members on the situation in Tajikistan: S/PRST/1999/8.


At the 4004th meeting, draft resolution S/1999/557 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1240 (1999).


At the 4034th meeting, the President made a statement, on behalf of the Council, in connection with prior consultations held among Council members on the item entitled "The situation in Tajikistan and along the Tajik-Afghan border": S/PRST/1999/25.

S/PV.4064 (12 Nov. 1999).

At the 4064th meeting, draft resolution S/1999/1158 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1274 (1999).

Resolutions

S/RES/1240(1999) (Extension of the mandate of the UN Mission of Observers in Tajikistan (UNMOT)).

Requests the Secretary-General to continue to consider means of ensuring a full and active role for UNMOT in the implementation of the General Agreement; calls upon Member States and others concerned to make voluntary contributions to launch projects for demobilization and to provide support for the elections, and to respond promptly and generously to the consolidated inter-agency appeal for Tajikistan for 1999; decides to extend the mandate of UNMOT for a period of 6 months until 15 Nov. 1999; requests the Secretary-General to keep the Council informed of all significant developments and also requests him to report within 3 months of the adoption of this resolution on its implementation. (Adopted unanimously, 4004th meeting, 15 May 1999)

S/RES/1274(1999) (Extension of the mandate of the UN Mission of Observers in Tajikistan (UNMOT)).

Calls upon the parties to undertake further concerted measures to implement fully the General Agreement, especially all the provisions of the Protocol on military issues (S/1997/209, annex II), and to create conditions for the timely holding of parliamentary elections, underlines the necessity of the full resumption of the work of the CNR, and reiterates its encouragement to the CNR to intensify its efforts to broaden a dialogue among the various political forces in the country in the interests of the restoration and strengthening of civil accord in Tajikistan; decides to extend the mandate of UNMOT for a period of 6 months until 15 May 2000; requests the Secretary-General to submit after the parliamentary elections and within 4 months of the adoption of this resolution an interim report on its implementation. (Adopted unanimously, 4064th meeting, 12 Nov. 1999)
UN MONITORING, VERIFICATION AND INSPECTION COMMISSION
See: IRAQ-KUWAIT SITUATION

UN OBSERVER MISSION IN ANGOLA
See also: ANGOLA SITUATION
Reports

General documents
S/1999/871 Letter, 11 Aug. 1999, from the Secretary-General referring to a statement of the President of the Security Council (S/PRTST/19993); reports on the status of the Secretary-General's consultations with the Government of Angola on a continued multidisciplinary presence of the UN in that country and about his intention to initiate arrangements for the earliest establishment of a UN office in Angola and to conclude a status-of-mission agreement with the Government as soon as possible.

Draft resolutions
S/1999/203 Draft resolution on the expiration of the mandate and technical liquidation of the UN Observer Mission in Angola.

Statements by the President of the Security Council

Underlines the importance of UN presence in Angola and recognizes that such a presence depends on the safety of UN personnel and requires the agreement of the Government of Angola and the cooperation of all concerned; it calls upon Member States to support the peace process in Angola through full and immediate implementation of the measures against UNITA contained in resolutions 864 (1993), 1127 (1997) and 1173 (1998) and reiterates its readiness to take steps to reinforce the implementation of these measures on the basis of the recommendations contained in section IV of the report of the Secretary-General of 17 Jan.; urges Member States to fund generously the 1999 Consolidated Humanitarian Appeal for Angola; calls on all concerned to concur and cooperate with UN humanitarian assistance activities, to guarantee the security and freedom of movement of humanitarian personnel and to ensure necessary, adequate and safe access and logistics by land and air.

UN OBSERVER MISSION IN ANGOLA (continued)

Discussion in plenary
At the 3969th meeting, the President made a statement, on behalf of the Council, in connection with prior consultations held among Council members on the situation in Angola: S/PRTST/19993.
At the 3983rd meeting, draft resolution S/1999/203 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1229 (1999).

Resolutions
S/RES/1229(1999) [Expiration of the mandate and technical liquidation of the UN Observer Mission in Angola (MONUA)]. Takes note that the mandate of MONUA expires on 26 Feb. 1999; affirms that notwithstanding the expiration of the mandate of MONUA, the status of Forces Agreement applicable to MONUA remains in force, pursuant to relevant provisions thereof, until the departure of the final elements of MONUA from Angola; decides that the human rights component of MONUA will continue its current activities during the liquidation period; requests the Secretary-General to designate a channel to liaise with the Government of Angola pending the conclusion of the consultations with the Government of Angola regarding the follow-up configuration of UN presence in Angola. (Adopted unanimously, 3983rd meeting, 26 Feb. 1999)

UN OBSERVER MISSION IN GEORGIA
See also: GEORGIA SITUATION
Reports

General documents
S/1999/1079 Letter, 18 Oct. 1999, from the Secretary-General addressed to the President of the Security Council; reports the appointment of Dieter Boden (Germany) as his Special Representative and Head of Mission of the UN Observer Mission in Georgia.
S/1999/1080 Letter, 21 Oct. 1999, from the President of the Security Council reporting that the members of the Council take note of the Secretary-General's intention to appoint Dieter Boden (Germany) as his Special Representative and Head of the UN Observer Mission in Georgia.
UN OBSERVER MISSION IN GEORGIA (continued)


Draft resolutions

S/1999/79 Draft resolution on extension of the mandate of the UN Observer Mission in Georgia / France, Germany, Russian Federation, United Kingdom and United States.

S/1999/832 Draft resolution on extension of the mandate of the UN Observer Mission in Georgia.

Statements by the President of the Security Council


Reiterates its demand that both sides widen their commitment to the UN-led peace process and underlines the necessity for the parties to achieve an early and comprehensive political settlement, which includes a settlement on the political status of Abkhazia within the State of Georgia; expresses its deep concern at the failure of the parties to reach an agreement on the terms for the return of refugees and displaced persons to the Gali region and measures for economic rehabilitation; urges the parties to exercise great restraint in their responses to any incidents arising on the ground and to take concrete steps to improve their cooperation in this field; welcomes the continued contribution that the UN Observer Mission in Georgia (UNOMIG) and the Collective Peacekeeping Forces of CIS (CIS Peacekeeping Force) have made to stabilizing the situation in the zone of conflict and reaffirms the importance it attaches to the security of UNOMIG and of all international personnel and recalls the obligations of both sides in this regard.


Calls on the Georgian and Abkhazian sides to continue to expand their contacts; strongly supports the sustained efforts made by the Secretary-General and his Special Representative with the assistance of the Russian Federation in its capacity as facilitator as well as of the Group of Friends of the Secretary-General and of the Organization for Security and Cooperation in Europe to prevent hostilities and to give a new impetus to the negotiations within the UN-led peace process in order to achieve a comprehensive political settlement, and welcomes, in this context, the intention of the Secretary-General to propose a strengthening of the civilian component of UNOMIG; demands that both sides observe strictly the Moscow Agreement of 14 May 1994 on a Ceasefire and Separation of Forces, and calls upon them to display greater resolve and willingness to make the Joint Investigation Group functional; decides to extend the mandate of UNOMIG for a new period terminating on 31 March 2000, subject to a review by the Council of the mandate or in the presence of the Collective Peacekeeping Forces of the Commonwealth of Independent States; requests the Secretary-General to continue to keep the Council regularly informed and to report after 3 months from the date of the adoption of this resolution on the situation in Abkhazia, Georgia. (Adopted unanimously, 3972nd meeting, 28 Jan. 1999)
UN OBSERVER MISSION IN GEORGIA (continued)
S/RES/1255 (1999) [Extension of the mandate of the UN Observer Mission in Georgia (UNOMIG)].

Underlines the necessity for the parties to achieve an early and comprehensive political settlement, which includes a settlement on the political status of Abkhazia within the State of Georgia, which fully respects the sovereignty and territorial integrity of Georgia within its internationally recognized borders; considers unacceptable and illegitimate the holding of self-styled elections in Abkhazia, Georgia; expresses its continuing concern at the situation of refugees and displaced persons, in particular those resulting from the hostilities of May 1998 and calls upon the parties to address this issue urgently by agreeing and implementing effective measures to guarantee the security of those who exercise their unconditional right to return; takes note with appreciation of the agreements reached at the meetings of 15-16 Oct. 1998 and 7-9 June 1999; demands that both sides observe strictly the Moscow Agreement of 14 May 1994 on a Ceasefire and Separation of Forces; condemns the ongoing activities by armed groups, which endanger the civilian population, impede the work of the humanitarian organizations and seriously delay the normalization of the situation in the Gali region, reiterates its concern regarding the security of UNOMIG, welcomes the implementation of measures in this regard and requests the Secretary-General to keep the security of UNOMIG under constant review; decides to extend the mandate of UNOMIG for a new period terminating on 31 Jan. 2000; requests the Secretary-General to continue to keep the Council regularly informed and to report 3 months from the date of the adoption of this resolution on the situation in Abkhazia, Georgia. (Adopted unanimously, 4029th meeting, 30 July 1999)

UN OBSERVER MISSION IN SIERRA LEONE

See also: SIERRA LEONE—POLITICAL CONDITIONS

UN MISSION IN SIERRA LEONE

Reports

UN OBSERVER MISSION IN SIERRA LEONE (continued)

General documents
S/1999/918 Letter, 24 Aug. 1999, from the Secretary-General referring to Security Council resolution 1260 (1999) authorizing the expansion of the UN Observer Mission in Sierra Leone; proposes that Croatia, the Czech Republic, Denmark, France, Indonesia, Nepal, Norway, Sweden, Thailand, the United Republic of Tanzania and Uruguay be added to the list of countries contributing military personnel to the Observer Mission.
S/1999/919 Letter, 27 Aug. 1999, from the President of the Security Council reporting that the members of the Council agree with the Secretary-General's proposal (S/1999/918) concerning the addition to the list of Member States contributing military personnel to the UN Observer Mission in Sierra Leone.
S/1999/1285 Letter, 23 Dec. 1999, from the Secretary-General informing the Security Council that Nigeria as well as Ghana and Guinea intend to withdraw their troops from the Military Observer Group (ECOMOG) of the Economic Community of West African States making it impossible for ECOMOG to perform its vital functions; recommends to the Security Council to expand the mandate of the UN Mission in Sierra Leone to enable it to assume the functions now performed by ECOMOG.

Draft resolutions
S/1999/26 Draft resolution on extension of the mandate of the UN Observer Mission in Sierra Leone.
S/1999/262 Draft resolution on extension of the mandate of the UN Observer Mission in Sierra Leone.
S/1999/654 Draft resolution on extension of the mandate of the UN Observer Mission in Sierra Leone.
S/1999/874 Draft resolution on the peace process and reconstruction in Sierra Leone.
S/1999/1069 Draft resolution on the establishment of the UN Mission in Sierra Leone.

Participation by non-Council members (without the right to vote)
S/PV.4012 (11 June 1999) Sierra Leone.
S/PV.4035 (20 Aug. 1999) Sierra Leone.

Discussion in plenary
At the 3964th meeting, draft resolution S/1999/26 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1220 (1999).
At the 3988th meeting, draft resolution S/1999/262 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1231 (1999).
UN OBSERVER MISSION IN SIERRA LEONE

(continued)

S/PV.4012 (11 June 1999).
At the 4012th meeting, draft resolution S/1999/664 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1245 (1999).

S/PV.4035 (20 Aug. 1999).
At the 4035th meeting, draft resolution S/1999/874 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1260 (1999).

Corrects text.

At the 4054th meeting, draft resolution S/1999/1069 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1270 (1999).

Resolutions

S/RES/1220(1999) [Extension of the mandate of the UN Observer Mission in Sierra Leone (UNOMSIL)].
Decides to extend the mandate of UNOMSIL until 13 Mar. 1999, takes note of the intention of the Secretary-General, as set out in para. 37 of his Special Report, to reduce the number of military observers in UNOMSIL and to retain in Conakry a small number who would return to Sierra Leone when conditions permit together with the necessary civilian substantive and logistical support staff under the leadership of his Special Representative; requests the Secretary-General to keep the Council closely informed on the situation in Sierra Leone and to submit a further report to the Council with recommendations on the future deployment of UNOMSIL and implementation of its mandate by 5 Mar. 1999. (Adopted unanimously, 3964th meeting, 12 Jan. 1999)

S/RES/1231(1999) [Extension of the mandate of the UN Observer Mission in Sierra Leone (UNOMSIL)].
Decides to extend the mandate of UNOMSIL until 13 June 1999; welcomes the intention of the Secretary-General to re-establish UNOMSIL in Freetown as soon as possible, and to that end to increase the current number of military observers and human rights personnel and to redeploy the necessary staff to support the relocation to Freetown, subject to strict attention to the security situation there;condemns the atrocities perpetrated by the rebels on the civilian population of Sierra Leone, including in particular those committed against women and children, deplors all violations of human rights and international humanitarian law which have occurred during the recent escalation of violence; expresses its grave concern at continued reports that support is being afforded to the rebels including through the supply of arms and mercenaries, in particular from the territory of Liberia; requests the Secretary-General to continue to consider, in coordination with the countries of the Mano River Union and other member States of the Economic Community of West African States (ECOWAS), the practicability and effectiveness of the deployment of UN monitors along with forces of the Military Observer Group of ECOWAS (ECOMOG) at the Liberia/Sierra Leone border. (Adopted unanimously, 3966th meeting, 11 Mar. 1999)

UN OBSERVER MISSION IN SIERRA LEONE

(continued)

S/RES/1245(1999) [Extension of the mandate of the UN Observer Mission in Sierra Leone (UNOMSIL)].
Decides to extend the mandate of UNOMSIL until 13 Dec. 1999; calls upon all concerned to remain committed to the process of negotiation and to demonstrate flexibility in their approach to the process, underlines its strong support for all those involved in the mediation efforts of UN within the Lome process, in particular the work of the Special Representative of the Secretary-General to facilitate dialogue, and for the key role being played by the President of Togo as current Chairman of ECOWAS, and emphasizes the strong commitment of the international community to support a sustainable peace settlement; takes note of the intention of the Secretary-General to revert to the Council with recommendations on an expanded UNOMSIL presence in Sierra Leone with a revised mandate and concept of operations in the event of a successful outcome to the negotiations between the Government of Sierra Leone and rebel representatives in Lome, and underlines that further eventual deployment of UNOMSIL should be considered, taking into account security conditions. (Adopted unanimously, 4012th meeting, 11 June 1999)

S/RES/1260(1999) [Peace process and reconstruction in Sierra Leone].
Authorizes the provisional expansion of the UN Observer Mission in Sierra Leone (UNOMSIL) to up to 210 military observers along with the necessary equipment and administrative and medical support; authorizes the strengthening of the political, civil affairs, information, human rights and child protection elements of UNOMSIL; calls upon RUF and all other armed groups in Sierra Leone to begin immediately to disarm and give up their arms in accordance with the provisions of the Peace Agreement, and to participate fully in the disarmament, demobilization and reintegration programme in Sierra Leone; welcomes the adoption of the Human Rights Manifesto by the parties concerned in Sierra Leone; stresses the need for the international community and the Government of Sierra Leone to design and implement programmes to address the special needs of war victims and substantial need for humanitarian assistance to the people of Sierra Leone, stresses the need for sustained and generous assistance for the longer term tasks of reconstruction, economic and social recovery and development in Sierra Leone; welcomes the commitment of the Government of Sierra Leone to work with UNICEF and the Office of the Special Representative of the Secretary-General for Children and Armed Conflict and other international agencies to give particular attention to the long-term rehabilitation of child combatants in Sierra Leone. (Adopted unanimously, 4035th meeting, 20 Aug. 1999)
UN OBSERVER MISSION IN SIERRA LEONE
(continued)

S/RES/1270(1999) [Establishment of the UN Mission in Sierra Leone (UNAMSIL)]

Decides to establish UNAMSIL with immediate effect for an initial period of 6 months and with the following mandate: (a) to cooperate with the Government of Sierra Leone and the other parties to the Peace Agreement in the implementation of the Agreement; (b) to assist the Government in the implementation of the disarmament, demobilization and reintegration plan; (c) to that end, to establish a presence at key locations throughout the territory of Sierra Leone, including at disarmament/reception centres and demobilization centres; (d) to assure the security and freedom of movement of UN personnel; (e) to monitor adherence to the ceasefire in accordance with the ceasefire agreement of 18 May 1999 (S/1999/585, annex) through the structures provided for therein; (f) to encourage the parties to create confidence-building mechanisms and support their functioning; (g) to facilitate the delivery of humanitarian assistance; (h) to support the operations of UN civilian officials; (i) to provide support to the elections, which are to be held in accordance with the present constitution of Sierra Leone; decides further that UNAMSIL will take over the substantive civilian and military components and functions of the UN Observer Mission in Sierra Leone (UNOMSIL) as well as its assets, and to that end decides that the mandate of UNOMSIL shall terminate immediately on the establishment of UNAMSIL; stresses the need for close cooperation and coordination between ECOMOG and UNAMSIL in carrying out their respective tasks, and welcomes the intended establishment of joint operations centres at headquarters and also at subordinate levels in the field; requests the Government of Sierra Leone to continue a status-of-forces agreement with the Secretary-General within 30 days of the adoption of this resolution (Adopted unanimously, 4054th meeting, 22 Oct. 1999)

UN PEACE-BUILDING SUPPORT OFFICE IN LIBERIA
See: LIBERIA SITUATION

UN PEACEKEEPING FORCE IN CYPRUS
See also: CYPRUS QUESTION

Reports


S/1999/1203 Report on the UN operation in Cyprus for the period from 10 June to 29 Nov. 1999 / Secretary-General. Issued: 29 Nov. 1999.


UN PEACEKEEPING FORCE IN CYPRUS
(continued)

General documents

S/1999/722 Letter, 20 June 1999, from the Secretary-General informing the President of the Security Council of his intention to appoint Ann Hercus as his resident Special Representative and Chief of the UN Operation in Cyprus, with effect from 1 July 1999. Also informs the Council that Diego Cordovez will continue to be available to him as Special Adviser, primarily on issues relating to Latin America.

S/1999/723 Letter, 25 June 1999, from the President of the Security Council reporting that the members of the Council agree with the Secretary-General's proposal to appoint Ann Hercus (New Zealand) as his Special Representative and Chief of the UN Operation in Cyprus.


S/1999/1044 Letter, 11 Oct. 1999, from the President of the Security Council reporting that the members of the Council take note of the appointment of James Holger as the Secretary-General's Acting Special Representative and Chief of Mission of the UN Peacekeeping Force in Cyprus for a period of 3 months effective 1 Oct. 1999.

S/1999/1111 Letter, 29 Oct. 1999, from the Secretary-General informing the Security Council of his intention to designate Alvaro de Soto as his Special Adviser on Cyprus at Headquarters as of 1 Nov. 1999, with the rank of Under-Secretary-General, and his plan to appoint Mr. de Soto as his Special Representative, resident in Cyprus, in the course of spring 2000.

S/1999/1112 Letter, 1 Nov. 1999, from the President of the Security Council reporting that the members of the Council take note of the intention of the Secretary-General to designate Alvaro de Soto as his Special Adviser on Cyprus at Headquarters as of 1 Nov. 1999, with the rank of Under-Secretary-General and his wish to appoint Mr. de Soto as his Special Representative, resident in Cyprus, in the course of spring 2000.

S/1999/1233 Letter, 6 Dec. 1999, from the Secretary-General informing the Security Council of his decision to appoint Major General Victory Rana (Nepal) as the next Commander of the UN Peacekeeping Force in Cyprus.

S/1999/1234 Letter, 10 Dec. 1999, from the President of the Security Council referring to document S/1999/1233; informs the Secretary-General that the members of the Security Council take note of his decision to appoint Major General Victory Rana (Nepal) as the next Commander of the UN Peacekeeping Force in Cyprus.

Draft resolutions

S/1999/724 Draft resolution concerning negotiations for a political settlement in Cyprus under auspices of the Secretary-General.

UN PEACEKEEPING FORCE IN CYPRUS
(continued)

S/1999/725 Draft resolution on extension of the mandate of the UN Peacekeeping Force in Cyprus.

S/1999/1249 Draft resolution on extension of the mandate of the UN Peacekeeping Force in Cyprus.

Discussion in plenary

S/RES/1250(1999) [Negotiations for a political settlement in Cyprus under auspices of the Secretary-General].
Expresses its appreciation for the report of the Secretary-General of 22 June 1999 (S/1999/707) on his mission of Good Offices in Cyprus; reiterates its endorsement of the Initiative of the Secretary-General announced on 30 Sept. 1998, within the framework of his mission of Good Offices, with the goal of reducing tensions and promoting progress towards a just and lasting settlement in Cyprus; requests the Secretary-General, in accordance with the relevant UN Security Council resolutions, to invite the leaders of the 2 sides to negotiations in the autumn of 1999; requests the 2 sides on Cyprus, including military authorities on both sides, to continue to work constructively with the Secretary-General and his Special Representative to create a positive climate on the island that will pave the way for negotiations in the autumn of 1999. (Adopted unanimously, 4018th meeting, 29 June 1999)

S/RES/1251(1999) [Extension of the mandate of the UN Peacekeeping Force in Cyprus (UNFICYP)].
Decides to extend the mandate of UNFICYP for a further period ending 15 Dec. 1999; calls upon the military authorities on both sides to refrain from any action, including acts of provocation in the vicinity of the buffer zone, which would exacerbate tensions; requests the Secretary-General and his Special Representative to continue to work intensively with the 2 sides with a view to early agreement on further specific tension-reducing steps, with full consideration of its resolution 1218 (1998) of 22 Dec. 1998; reaffirms that the status quo is unacceptable and that negotiations on a final political solution to the Cyprus problem have been at an impasse for too long; requests the Secretary-General to submit a report by 1 Dec. 1999 on the implementation of this resolution. (Adopted unanimously, 4018th meeting, 29 June 1999)

S/RES/1283(1999) [Extension of the mandate of the UN Peacekeeping Force in Cyprus (UNFICYP)].
Decides to extend the mandate of UNFICYP for a further period ending 15 June 2000; requests the Secretary-General to submit a report by 1 June 2000 on the implementation of this resolution (Adopted unanimously, 4082nd meeting, 15 Dec. 1999)
UN PREVENTIVE DEPLOYMENT FORCE
See also: FORMER YUGOSLAVIA SITUATION
THE FORMER YUGOSLAV REPUBLIC OF MACEDONIA SITUATION

Reports

General documents

Draft resolutions
S/1999/201 Draft resolution on extension of the mandate of the UN Preventive Deployment Force / Canada, France, Germany, Italy, Netherlands, Slovenia, United Kingdom and United States.

Participation by non-Council members (without the right to vote)

Discussion in plenary
S/PV.3982 (25 Feb. 1999)
At the 3982nd meeting, draft resolution S/1999/201 was not adopted owing to the negative vote of a permanent member of the Security Council.

UN SPECIAL MISSION TO AFGHANISTAN
(continued)

Statements by the President of the Security Council

Reiterates its concern at the continued Afghan conflict, which is a growing threat to regional and international peace and security and condemns the Taliban for the new offensive despite repeated demands by the Council for an unconditional ceasefire; demands that the Afghan parties, especially the Taliban, resume negotiations in full compliance with the provisions of relevant resolutions on Afghanistan adopted by the General Assembly and Security Council; calls upon all States to refrain from any outside interference in the internal affairs of Afghanistan, including the involvement of foreign military personnel and the supply of arms and ammunition used in the conflict; reaffirms its full support for the UN efforts, especially the activities of the UN Special Mission to Afghanistan and those of the Special Envoy of the Secretary-General, in facilitating the political process for a lasting political settlement; calls upon all Afghan parties and, in particular, the Taliban, to take the necessary steps to secure the uninterrupted supply of humanitarian aid to all in need of it and in this connection not to create impediments to the activities of the UN humanitarian agencies and international humanitarian organizations; calls upon all Afghan factions, in particular the Taliban, to take the necessary steps to ensure the safety and freedom of movement of such personnel; welcomes the Declaration of Fundamental Principles for a Peaceful Settlement of the Conflict in Afghanistan adopted by the "Six plus Two" group on 19 July 1999 in Tashkent; condemns the continuing use of Afghan territory for the sheltering and training of terrorists and demands that the Taliban turn over indicted terrorist Usama bin Laden to appropriate authorities as set out in its resolution 1267 (1999)

Participation by non-Council members (without the right to vote)

Discussion in plenary
S/PV.4055 (22 Oct. 1999)
At the 4055th meeting, the President made a statement, on behalf of the Council, in connection with prior consultations held among Council members on the item entitled "The situation in Afghanistan": S/PRST/1999/29.
UN TRANSITIONAL ADMINISTRATION IN EAST TIMOR

See also: EAST TIMOR QUESTION

General documents

S/1999/1094 Letter, 26 Oct. 1999, from the President of the Security Council referring to document S/1999/1093; reports that the members of the Council take note of the Secretary-General's intention to appoint Sergio Vieira de Mello (Brazil) as the Secretary-General's Special Representative and Head of the UN Transitional Administration in East Timor.

S/1999/1294 Letter, 29 Dec. 1999, from the Secretary-General informing the Security Council of his Intention to appoint Major General Jalme de los Santos (Philippines) to the post of Force Commander of the UN Transitional Administration in East Timor and that General de los Santos would be promoted to the rank of Lieutenant General for the purpose of the assignment.

S/1999/1295 Letter, 30 Dec. 1999, from the President of the Security Council referring to document S/1999/1294; Informs the Secretary-General that the members of the Council take note of his Intention to appoint Major General Jaime de los Santos (Philippines) to the post of Force Commander of the UN Transitional Administration in East Timor.

Draft resolutions

S/1999/1083 Draft resolution on the establishment of the UN Transitional Administration in East Timor (UNTAET). Decides to establish, in accordance with the report of the Secretary-General, a UN Transitional Administration in East Timor (UNTAET); decides further that UNTAET will have objectives and a structure along the lines set out in part IV of the report of the Secretary-General, and in particular that its main components will be: (a) a governance and public administration component, including an international police element with a strength of up to 1,640 officers; (b) a humanitarian assistance and emergency rehabilitation component; (c) a military component, with a strength of up to 9,550 troops and up to 200 military observers; welcomes the intention of the Secretary-General to appoint a Special Representative who, as the Transitional Administrator, will be responsible for all aspects of UN work in East Timor and will have the power to enact new laws and regulations and to amend, suspend or repeal existing ones; stresses the need for UNTAET to consult and cooperate closely with the East Timorese people; reiterates the urgent need for coordinated humanitarian and reconstruction assistance, and calls upon all parties to cooperate with humanitarian and human rights organizations; welcomes the intention of the Secretary-General to establish a Trust Fund available for, inter alia, the rehabilitation of essential infrastructure; encourages Member States and international agencies and organizations to provide personnel, equipment and other resources to UNTAET as requested by the Secretary-General; decides to establish UNTAET for an initial period until 31 Jan. 2001. (Adopted unanimously, 4057th meeting, 25 Oct. 1999)

UNAMET

See: UN MISSION IN EAST TIMOR

UNAMSIL

See: UN MISSION IN SIERRA LEONE

UNDOF

See: UN DISENGAGEMENT OBSERVER FORCE

UNFICYP

See: UN PEACEKEEPING FORCE IN CYPRUS

UNIFIL

See: UN INTERIM FORCE IN LEBANON

UNIKOM

See: UN IRAQ-KUWAIT OBSERVATION MISSION

UNITA

See: ANGOLA SITUATION
UNITED ARAB EMIRATES—IRAN (ISLAMIC REPUBLIC OF)
See: IRAN (ISLAMIC REPUBLIC OF)—UNITED ARAB EMIRATES

UNITED KINGDOM—LIBYAN ARAB JAMAHIRIYA
See: LIBYAN ARAB JAMAHIRIYA—UNITED KINGDOM

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UNMIBH
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UNMIK
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UNMOP
See: UN MISSION OF OBSERVERS IN PREVLAKA

UNMOT
See: UN MISSION OF OBSERVERS IN TAJIKISTAN

UNMOVIC
See: IRAQ-KUWAIT SITUATION

UNOMIG
See: UN OBSERVER MISSION IN GEORGIA

UNOMSIL
See: UN OBSERVER MISSION IN SIERRA LEONE

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See: UN PREVENTIVE DEPLOYMENT FORCE

UNSCOM—ACTIVITIES
See: IRAQ-KUWAIT SITUATION

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See: UN SPECIAL MISSION TO AFGHANISTAN

UNTAET
See: UN TRANSITIONAL ADMINISTRATION IN EAST TIMOR

UTA INCIDENT
See: ATTACKS ON AIRCRAFT

WESTERN SAHARA QUESTION
See also: UN MISSION FOR THE REFERENDUM IN WESTERN SAHARA

Reports
S/1999/88 Report on the situation concerning Western Sahara / Secretary-General.


S/1999/483 Report on the situation concerning Western Sahara / Secretary-General.

Issued: 13 May 1999.

S/1999/721 Report on the situation concerning Western Sahara / Secretary-General.

S/1999/875 Report on the situation concerning Western Sahara / Secretary-General.

S/1999/954 Report on the situation concerning Western Sahara / Secretary-General.
Issued: 8 Sept. 1999.

S/1999/1098 Report on the situation concerning Western Sahara / Secretary-General.

S/1999/1219 Report on the situation concerning Western Sahara / Secretary-General.
Issued: 6 Dec. 1999

General documents

S/1999/554 Letter, 13 May 1999, from the Secretary-General transmitting letter of 7 May 1999 from the Minister for Foreign Affairs and Cooperation of Morocco in response to measures proposed by the UN for the identification and the appeal procedure of persons requesting to participate in the Western Sahara Referendum (S/1999/483/Add.1); expresses reservations regarding the question of admissibility and the periodic communication of partial results of the identification.

S/1999/555 Letter, 13 May 1999, from the Secretary-General transmitting letter of 28 April 1999 from the Secretary-General of the Frente Polisario in response to measures proposed by the UN for the identification and the appeal procedure of persons requesting to participate in the Western Sahara Referendum.
WESTERN SAHARA QUESTION (continued)

S/1999/590 Letter, 18 May 1999, from the Secretary-General referring to document S/1999/307 and informing the Security Council of his decision to appoint William Eagleton (United States) to replace Charles Dunbar who resigned from his duties as Special Representative of the Secretary-General for Western Sahara.

S/1999/591 Letter, 21 May 1999, from the President of the Security Council referring to letter of 18 May 1999 from the Secretary-General (S/1999/590); reports that the members of the Security Council have taken note of the decision to appoint William Eagleton (United States) as the Special Representative of the Secretary-General for Western Sahara.

S/1999/718 (A/54/151) Letter, 23 June 1999, from Germany transmitting statement on Western Sahara issued by the Presidency of the European Union, 21 June 1999; welcomes agreements reached on the proposals concerning further steps to be taken to implement the Settlement Plan and calls upon both parties to cooperate fully throughout the voter identification and the appeals process.

S/1999/1109 Letter, 28 Oct. 1999, from the Secretary-General informing the Security Council of his intention to appoint Brigadier-General Claude Buzé (Belgium) to the post of Force Commander of the UN Mission for the Referendum in Western Sahara.

S/1999/1110 Letter, 1 Nov. 1999, from the President of the Security Council reporting that the members of the Council agree with the intention of the Secretary-General to appoint Brigadier-General Claude Buzé (Belgium) to the post of Force Commander of the UN Mission for the Referendum in Western Sahara, contained in document S/1999/1109.

Draft resolutions

S/1999/78 Draft resolution on extension of the mandate of the UN Mission for the Referendum in Western Sahara.

S/1999/130 Draft resolution on extension of the mandate of the UN Mission for the Referendum in Western Sahara.

S/1999/354 Draft resolution on extension of the mandate of the UN Mission for the Referendum in Western Sahara.

S/1999/489 Draft resolution on extension of the mandate of the UN Mission for the Referendum in Western Sahara.

S/1999/556 Draft resolution on extension of the mandate of the UN Mission for the Referendum in Western Sahara.

S/1999/964 Draft resolution on extension of the mandate of the UN Mission for the Referendum in Western Sahara.

S/1999/1239 Draft resolution on extension of the mandate of the UN Mission for the Referendum in Western Sahara / France, Russian Federation, United Kingdom and United States.

WESTERN SAHARA QUESTION (continued)

Discussion in plenary


At the 3971st meeting, draft resolution S/1999/78 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1224 (1999).


At the 3976th meeting, draft resolution S/1999/130 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1228 (1999).


At the 3990th meeting, draft resolution S/1999/354 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1232 (1999).


At the 3994th meeting, draft resolution S/1999/354 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1235 (1999).

S/PV.4002 (14 May 1999).

At the 4002nd meeting, draft resolution S/1999/556 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1238 (1999).


At the 4044th meeting, draft resolution S/1999/964 was adopted unanimously: resolution 1263 (1999).


At the 4080th meeting, draft resolution S/1999/1239 was adopted (14-0-1): resolution 1282 (1999).

Resolutions

S/RES/1224(1999) [Extension of the mandate of the UN Mission for the Referendum in Western Sahara (MINURSO)].

Decides to extend the mandate of MINURSO until 11 Feb. 1999; requests the Secretary-General to keep the Council informed of all significant developments in the implementation of the Settlement Plan and the agreements reached between the parties, and, as appropriate, on the continuing viability of the mandate of MINURSO. (Adopted unanimously, 3971st meeting, 29 Jan. 1999)
WESTERN SAHARA QUESTION (continued)

S/RES/1228(1999) [Extension of the mandate of the UN Mission for the Referendum in Western Sahara (MINURSO)].

Decides to extend the mandate of MINURSO until 31 Mar. 1999 to allow for consultations in the hope and expectation of agreement on the protocols on identification, appeals and repatriation planning activities, as well as on the essential issue of the implementation calendar, without undermining the integrity of the Secretary-General's proposed package or calling into question its main elements, for the prompt resumption of voter identification and initiation of the appeals process; requests both parties to take concrete action to enable the Office of the UN High Commissioner for Refugees to carry out the necessary preparatory work for the repatriation of Saharan refugees eligible to vote, and their immediate families, according to the Settlement Plan; requests the Secretary-General to report to the Council by 22 Mar. 1999 on the implementation of this resolution; supports the intention of the Secretary-General to ask his Personal Envoy to reassess the viability of the mandate of MINURSO should the prospects for putting the package of measures into effect remain elusive at the time of submission of the Secretary-General's next report. (Adopted unanimously, 3976th meeting, 11 Feb. 1999)

S/RES/1232(1999) [Extension of the mandate of the UN Mission for the Referendum in Western Sahara (MINURSO)].

Decides to extend the mandate of the UN Mission for the Referendum in Western Sahara (MINURSO) until 30 Apr. 1999; requests both parties to move ahead with the necessary discussions to reach an agreement on the refugee repatriation protocol, so that all aspects of the work needed to prepare the way for the repatriation of refugees may begin, including confidence-building measures; welcomes the signature, by the Government of Morocco and the MINURSO Force Commander, of the agreement on mines and unexploded ordnance and urges the POLISARIO Front to engage in a similar effort. (Adopted unanimously, 3980th meeting, 30 Mar. 1999)

S/RES/1235(1999) [Extension of the mandate of the UN Mission for the Referendum in Western Sahara (MINURSO)].

Decides to extend the mandate of MINURSO until 14 May 1999; requests the Secretary-General to keep the Council informed of all significant developments in the implementation of the Settlement Plan and the agreements reached with the parties, and, as appropriate, on the continuing viability of the mandate of MINURSO. (Adopted unanimously, 3994th meeting, 30 Apr. 1999)

S/RES/1238(1999) [Extension of the mandate of the UN Mission for the Referendum in Western Sahara (MINURSO)].

Decides to extend the mandate of MINURSO until 14 Sept. 1999 in order to resume the identification process, start the appeals process and conclude all outstanding agreements needed to implement the Settlement Plan, and reaffirms the rights of the applicants, with an expectation that the appeals process will not be turned into a second round of identification; supports the proposed increase in staff of the Identification Commission from 25 to 30 members, and the proposed increase also in the necessary support activities; requests the Secretary-General to report every 45 days on significant developments in the implementation of the Settlement Plan. In particular on the following issues which will form, inter alia, the basis of its consideration of a further extension of the mandate of MINURSO: full and unequivocal cooperation of the parties during the resumption of voter identification and during the start of the appeals process; agreement by the Government of Morocco on the modalities of implementing paragraph 42 of the Status of Forces Agreement; agreement of the parties on the protocol relating to refugees; and confirmation that UNHCR is fully operational in the region; requests further the Secretary-General to submit to the Council a revised timetable and financial implications for the holding of the referendum for the self-determination of the people of the Western Sahara in accordance with the Settlement Plan and the agreements with the parties for its implementation. (Adopted unanimously, 4002nd meeting, 14 May 1999)

S/RES/1263(1999) [Extension of the mandate of the UN Mission for the Referendum in Western Sahara (MINURSO)].

Decides to extend the mandate of MINURSO until 14 Dec. 1999 in order to complete the identification of voters as envisaged in paragraph 21 of the report of the Secretary-General, to implement confidence-building measures and conclude all outstanding agreements needed to implement the Settlement Plan, and to continue with the appeals process, and reaffirms the rights of the applicants, with an expectation that the appeals process will not be turned into a second round of identification; requests the Secretary-General to report every 45 days on significant developments in the implementation of the Settlement Plan; requests also the Secretary-General to submit to the Security Council before the end of the current mandate a comprehensive assessment of steps taken towards the completion of the appeals process, and of staffing requirements as outlined in the report, as well as preparations for the repatriation of refugees and the start of the transitional period. (Adopted unanimously, 4044th meeting, 13 Sept. 1999)
WESTERN SAHARA QUESTION (continued)

S/RES/1222(1999) [Extension of the mandate of the UN Mission for the Referendum in Western Sahara (MINURSO)].

Decides to extend the mandate of MINURSO until 29 Feb. 2000; welcomes the reiteration by the parties of their agreement in principle to the draft plan of action for cross-border confidence-building measures; takes note of the concern that the problems posed by the current number of candidates who have exercised their right of appeal and the opposing positions taken by the parties on the issue of admissibility seem to allow little possibility of holding the referendum before 2002 or even beyond, and supports the intention of the Secretary-General to instruct his Special Representative to continue his consultations with the parties on these issues; takes note of the assessment by the Secretary-General, however, that difficulties may be encountered in reconciling the opposing views of the parties, and therefore requests the Secretary-General to report before the end of the present mandate on prospects for progress in implementing the Settlement plan within a reasonable period of time. (Adopted 14-0-1, 4080th meeting, 14 Dec. 1999)

ZAIRE SITUATION

See: DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF THE CONGO SITUATION
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NOTE

The Security Council, under article 39 of its provisional rules of procedure, invites "members of the Secretariat or other persons, whom it considers competent for the purpose, to supply it with information or to give other assistance in examining matters within its competence".

In such cases, a triple asterisk *** appears in place of the corporate name/country affiliation in each section of the Index to speeches.
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DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF THE CONGO SITUATION
Hasmy, Agam – S/PV.3987; S/PV.4083

EAST TIMOR QUESTION
Hasmy, Agam – S/PV.4057

FORMER YUGOSLAVIA SITUATION
Hasmy, Agam – S/PV.4003; S/PV.4011
Rastam, M.I. – S/PV.3989; S/PV.4000

INTERNATIONAL SECURITY
Albar, Syed Hamid – S/PV.4020
Hasmy, Agam – S/PV.3986; S/PV.4053

INTERNATIONAL TRIBUNAL–FORMER YUGOSLAVIA
Hasmy, Agam – S/PV.4003

INTERNATIONAL TRIBUNAL–RWANDA
Hasmy, Agam – S/PV.4063

IRAQ-KUWAIT SITUATION
Hasmy, Agam – S/PV.4070; S/PV.4077; S/PV.4084

KOSOVO (YUGOSLAVIA)
Hasmy, Agam – S/PV.3988; S/PV.4003; S/PV.4011
Rastam, M.I. – S/PV.3989; S/PV.4000

REFUGEES
Hasmy, Agam – S/PV.4025

SIERRA LEONE–POLITICAL CONDITIONS
Hasmy, Agam – S/PV.3986; S/PV.4054; S/PV.4078
Yahaya, Mohammad Kamal – S/PV.4055

SMALL ARMS
Albar, Syed Hamid – S/PV.4048

TERRORISM
Hasmy, Agam – S/PV.4053

UN MISSION IN EAST TIMOR
Hasmy, Agam – S/PV.4057

UN MISSION IN SIERRA LEONE
Hasmy, Agam – S/PV.4054; S/PV.4078

UN OBSERVER MISSION IN SIERRA LEONE
Hasmy, Agam – S/PV.3985; S/PV.4054

UN TRANSITIONAL ADMINISTRATION IN EAST TIMOR
Hasmy, Agam – S/PV.4057

Mal (continued)

DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF THE CONGO SITUATION
Kasse, Sékou – S/PV.4104

Mali (continued)

UN ORGANIZATION MISSION IN THE DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF THE CONGO
Kasse, Sékou – S/PV.4104

Mexico
FORMER YUGOSLAVIA SITUATION
Tello, Manuel – S/PV.4011 (Resumption 1)

KOSOVO (YUGOSLAVIA)
Tello, Manuel – S/PV.4011 (Resumption 1)

Monaco
CHILDREN IN ARMED CONFLICTS
Boisson, Jacques – S/PV.4037 (Resumption 1)

Mongolia
CHILDREN IN ARMED CONFLICTS
Enkhsaikhan, Jargalsalkhany – S/PV.4037
(Resumption 1)

CIVILIAN PERSONS–ARMED CONFLICTS
Enkhsaikhan, Jargalsalkhany – S/PV.4046
(Resumption 1)

Morocco
AFRICA–REGIONAL SECURITY
Snoussi, Ahmed – S/PV.4049 (Resumption 3)

Mozambique
AFRICA–REGIONAL SECURITY
Santos, Carlos dos – S/PV.4081 (Resumption 1)
Simao, Leonardo Santos – S/PV.4049 (Resumption 2)

CHILDREN IN ARMED CONFLICTS
Gouveia, Cesar – S/PV.4037 (Resumption 1)

EAST TIMOR QUESTION
Santos, Carlos dos – S/PV.4043 (Resumption)

INTERNATIONAL SECURITY
Santos, Carlos dos – S/PV.4020 (Resumption 1)

Namibia
AFGHANISTAN SITUATION
Andjaba, Martin – S/PV.4039 (Resumption 1)

AFRICA–REGIONAL SECURITY
Andjaba, Martin – S/PV.4049 (Resumption 1);
S/PV.4081

ANGOLA SITUATION
Andjaba, Martin – S/PV.4027

ARMED CONFLICTS PREVENTION–UN. SECURITY COUNCIL
Andjaba, Martin – S/PV.4072

BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA SITUATION
Andjaba, Martin – S/PV.4069

BURUNDI SITUATION
Andjaba, Martin – S/PV.4067 (Resumption 1)

CHILDREN IN ARMED CONFLICTS
Andjaba, Martin – S/PV.3977

CIVILIAN PERSONS–ARMED CONFLICTS
Andjaba, Martin – S/PV.3977; S/PV.4046

DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF THE CONGO SITUATION
Andjaba, Martin – S/PV.3987; S/PV.4083; S/PV.4104
Namibia (continued)

EAST TIMOR QUESTION
Andjaba, Martin – S/PV.4085
FORMER YUGOSLAVIA SITUATION
Andjaba, Martin – S/PV.4000; S/PV.4003; S/PV.4011
INTERNATIONAL SECURITY
Andjaba, Martin – S/PV.3966; S/PV.4020
(Resumption 1); S/PV.4053
INTERNATIONAL TRIBUNAL–FORMER YUGOSLAVIA
Theron, Gerhard – S/PV.4063
INTERNATIONAL TRIBUNAL–RWANDA
Theron, Gerhard – S/PV.4063
IRAQ–KUWAIT SITUATION
Andjaba, Martin – S/PV.4077; S/PV.4004
KOSOVO (YUGOSLAVIA)
Andjaba, Martin – S/PV.3988; S/PV.4000; S/PV.4003; S/PV.4011
REFUGEES
Andjaba, Martin – S/PV.4025
SIERRA LEONE–POLITICAL CONDITIONS
Andjaba, Martin – S/PV.3986; S/PV.4035
Ashipala-Musavinyi, Selma – S/PV.4076
SMALL ARMS
Andjaba, Martin – S/PV.4048
TERRORISM
Andjaba, Martin – S/PV.4053
UN MISSION FOR THE REFERENDUM IN WESTERN SAHARA
Andjaba, Martin – S/PV.4080
UN MISSION IN SIERRA LEONE
Ashipala-Musavinyi, Selma – S/PV.4076
UN OBSERVER MISSION IN SIERRA LEONE
Andjaba, Martin – S/PV.3986; S/PV.4035
UN ORGANIZATION MISSION IN THE DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF THE CONGO
Andjaba, Martin – S/PV.4104
WESTERN SAHARA QUESTION
Andjaba, Martin – S/PV.4090

Netherlands (continued)

DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF THE CONGO SITUATION
Walsum, Peter van – S/PV.3987; S/PV.4083; S/PV.4104
EAST TIMOR QUESTION
Walsum, Peter van – S/PV.4057; S/PV.4085
FORMER YUGOSLAVIA SITUATION
Hamalr, A.C.M. (Alphons C.M.) – S/PV.4011
(Resumption 1)
Walsum, Peter van – S/PV.3989; S/PV.4000; S/PV.4003; S/PV.4011
INTERNATIONAL SECURITY
Hamalr, A.C.M. (Alphons C.M.) – S/PV.4053
Walsum, Peter van – S/PV.3986; S/PV.4020
INTERNATIONAL TRIBUNAL–FORMER YUGOSLAVIA
Walsum, Peter van – S/PV.4063
IRAQ–KUWAIT SITUATION
Walsum, Peter van – S/PV.4070; S/PV.4077; S/PV.4084
KOSOVO (YUGOSLAVIA)
Hamalr, A.C.M. (Alphons C.M.) – S/PV.4011
(Resumption 1)
Walsum, Peter van – S/PV.3988; S/PV.3989; S/PV.4000; S/PV.4003; S/PV.4011
REFUGEES
Hamalr, A.C.M. (Alphons C.M.) – S/PV.4025
SIERRA LEONE–POLITICAL CONDITIONS
Hamalr, A.C.M. (Alphons C.M.) – S/PV.4054
Walsum, Peter van – S/PV.3986; S/PV.4035; S/PV.4078
SMALL ARMS
Aartsen, Jozias van – S/PV.4048
TERRORISM
Hamalr, A.C.M. (Alphons C.M.) – S/PV.4053
UN MISSION IN EAST TIMOR
Walsum, Peter van – S/PV.4057
UN MISSION IN SIERRA LEONE
Hamalr, A.C.M. (Alphons C.M.) – S/PV.4054
Walsum, Peter van – S/PV.4078
UN MISSION IN THE CENTRAL AFRICAN REPUBLIC
Kooljumph, Adriaan – S/PV.3984
UN OBSERVER MISSION IN SIERRA LEONE
Hamalr, A.C.M. (Alphons C.M.) – S/PV.4054
Walsum, Peter van – S/PV.3986
UN ORGANIZATION MISSION IN THE DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF THE CONGO
Walsum, Peter van – S/PV.4104
UN TRANSITIONAL ADMINISTRATION IN EAST TIMOR
Walsum, Peter van – S/PV.4057

Netherlands, Prime Minister

AFRICA–REGIONAL SECURITY
Kok, Wilhemina – S/PV.4049 (Resumption 1)

New Zealand

AFRICA–REGIONAL SECURITY
Powles, Michael – S/PV.4081 (Resumption 1)
ARMED CONFLICTS PREVENTION–UN. SECURITY COUNCIL
Powles, Michael – S/PV.4072 (Resumption 1)
New Zealand (continued)

CHILDREN IN ARMED CONFLICTS
Powles, Michael - S/PV.3980; S/PV.4037
(Resumption 1)

CIVILIAN PERSONS-ARMED CONFLICTS
Powles, Michael - S/PV.3980

EAST TIMOR QUESTION
Powles, Michael - S/PV.4043 (Resumption);
S/PV.4045; S/PV.4057

INTERNATIONAL SECURITY
Hughes, Trevor - S/PV.4020 (Resumption 1)

UN MISSION IN EAST TIMOR
Powles, Michael - S/PV.4057

UN TRANSITIONAL ADMINISTRATION IN EAST
TIMOR
Powles, Michael - S/PV.4057

Nigeria

AFRICA-REGIONAL SECURITY
Gambari, Ibrahim - S/PV.4049 (Resumption 3)
Mbanefo, Alpha - S/PV.4081 (Resumption 1)

ARMED CONFLICTS PREVENTION-UN. SECURITY
COUNCIL
Apata, Segun - S/PV.4072 (Resumption 1)

SIERRA LEONE-POLITICAL CONDITIONS
Mbanefo, Alpha - S/PV.4054

UN MISSION IN SIERRA LEONE
Mbanefo, Alpha - S/PV.4054

UN OBSERVER MISSION IN SIERRA LEONE
Mbanefo, Alpha - S/PV.4054

Norway

AFGHANISTAN SITUATION
Honningsvag, Arne - S/PV.4039 (Resumption 1)

AFRICA-REGIONAL SECURITY
Haque, Moin ul - S/PV.4049 (Resumption 3)

ARMED CONFLICTS PREVENTION-UN. SECURITY
COUNCIL
Kolby, Ole Peter - S/PV.4072 (Resumption 1)

BURUNDI SITUATION
Kolby, Ole Peter - S/PV.4067 (Resumption 1)

CHILDREN IN ARMED CONFLICTS
Haque, Moin ul - S/PV.4037 (Resumption 1)
Kolby, Ole Peter - S/PV.3980

CIVILIAN PERSONS-ARMED CONFLICTS
Kolby, Ole Peter - S/PV.3980
Leiro, Jostein - S/PV.4046 (Resumption 1)

EAST TIMOR QUESTION
Honningsvag, Arne - S/PV.4057
Kolby, Ole Peter - S/PV.4043 (Resumption)

FORMER YUGOSLAVIA SITUATION
Kolby, Ole Peter - S/PV.4011 (Resumption 1)

KOSOVO (YUGOSLAVIA)
Kolby, Ole Peter - S/PV.4011 (Resumption 1)

UN MISSION IN EAST TIMOR
Honningsvag, Arne - S/PV.4057

UN TRANSITIONAL ADMINISTRATION IN EAST
TIMOR
Honningsvag, Arne - S/PV.4057

OAU. Chairman

AFRICA-REGIONAL SECURITY
Baaz, Abdallah (Algeria) - S/PV.4049

OAU. Secretary-General

AFRICA-REGIONAL SECURITY
Salim, Ahmed Salim - S/PV.4049

Organization of the Islamic Conference

AFGHANISTAN SITUATION
Lamtani, Sheik - S/PV.4039 (Resumption 1)
FORMER YUGOSLAVIA SITUATION
Hosseini, Ahmad Haji - S/PV.4003
KOSOVO (YUGOSLAVIA)
Hosseini, Ahmad Haji - S/PV.4003

Organization of the Islamic Conference (OIC)

Contact Group on Bosnia and Herzegovina and
Kosovo. Chairman

FORMER YUGOSLAVIA SITUATION
Nejad Hosseinian, Hadi (Islamic Republic of) -
S/PV.4003
KOSOVO (YUGOSLAVIA)
Nejad Hosseinian, Hadi (Islamic Republic of) -
S/PV.4003

Pakistan

AFGHANISTAN SITUATION
Haque, Inam ul - S/PV.4039 (Resumption 1)

AFRICA-REGIONAL SECURITY
Haque, Moin ul - S/PV.4049 (Resumption 3)

CHILDREN IN ARMED CONFLICTS
Haque, Inam ul - S/PV.4037 (Resumption 1)

CIVILIAN PERSONS-ARMED CONFLICTS
Haque, Moin ul - S/PV.3980

KOSOVO (YUGOSLAVIA)
Haque, Moin ul - S/PV.3980

EAST TIMOR QUESTION
Haque, Moin ul - S/PV.4046 (Resumption 2)

Philippines

CIVILIAN PERSONS-ARMED CONFLICTS
Al-Kidwa, Nasser - S/PV.3980 (Resumption 1);
S/PV.4046 (Resumption 1)

Papua New Guinea

EAST TIMOR QUESTION
Donigi, Peter - S/PV.4043 (Resumption)

Siazon, Domingo - S/PV.4049 (Resumption 2)
CHILDREN IN ARMED CONFLICTS
Mabilangan, Felipe - S/PV.4037 (Resumption 1)
Philippines (continued)

EAST TIMOR QUESTION
Mabilangan, Felipe – S/PV.4043

Portugal

AFRICA–REGIONAL SECURITY
Monteiro, António – S/PV.4049 (Resumption 3); S/PV.4081 (Resumption 1); S/PV.4081 (Resumption 1)

CHILDREN IN ARMED CONFLICTS
Monteiro, António – S/PV.4037 (Resumption 1)

EAST TIMOR QUESTION
Gama, Jaime – S/PV.4045

UN MISSION IN EAST TIMOR
Gama, Jaime – S/PV.4045

Monteiro, António – S/PV.4038; S/PV.4043; S/PV.4057

UN TRANSITIONAL ADMINISTRATION IN EAST TIMOR
Monteiro, António – S/PV.4057

Republic of Korea

AFRICA–REGIONAL SECURITY
Lee, Seé-Young – S/PV.4046 (Resumption 3); S/PV.4081

ARMED CONFLICTS PREVENTION–UN. SECURITY COUNCIL
Lee, Seé-Young – S/PV.4072

CHILDREN IN ARMED CONFLICTS
Cho, Chang-beom – S/PV.3980
Lee, Seé-Young – S/PV.4037 (Resumption 1)

CIVILIAN PERSONS–ARMED CONFLICTS
Cho, Chang-beom – S/PV.3980
Lee, Seé-Young – S/PV.4046 (Resumption 1)

EAST TIMOR QUESTION
Lee, Seé-Young – S/PV.4038; S/PV.4043; S/PV.4057

INTERNATIONAL SECURITY
Lee, Seé-Young – S/PV.4020 (Resumption 1)

UN MISSION IN EAST TIMOR
Lee, Seé-Young – S/PV.4038; S/PV.4045

UN TRANSITIONAL ADMINISTRATION IN EAST TIMOR
Lee, Seé-Young – S/PV.4057

Russian Federation

AFGHANISTAN SITUATION
Gatilov, Gennadii Mikhailovich – S/PV.4039

AFRICA–REGIONAL SECURITY
Lavrov, Sergei Viktorovich – S/PV.4049; S/PV.4081

ANGOLA SITUATION
Granovsky, Andrei – S/PV.4027

ARMED CONFLICTS PREVENTION–UN. SECURITY COUNCIL
Gatilov, Gennadii Mikhailovich – S/PV.4072

BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA SITUATION
Lavrov, Sergei Viktorovich – S/PV.4069

BURUNDI SITUATION
Sergeev, Vladimir – S/PV.4067

CHILDREN IN ARMED CONFLICTS
Gatilov, Gennadii Mikhailovich – S/PV.4037
Lavrov, Sergei Viktorovich – S/PV.3977

Rwanda

AFRICA–REGIONAL SECURITY
Iyamuremye, Augustin – S/PV.4049 (Resumption 2)
Mutaboba, Joseph – S/PV.4081 (Resumption 1)

CHILDREN IN ARMED CONFLICTS
Mutaboba, Joseph – S/PV.4037 (Resumption 1)

CIVILIAN PERSONS–ARMED CONFLICTS
Mutaboba, Joseph – S/PV.4046 (Resumption 1)
Rwanda (continued)

DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF THE CONGO
SITUATION
  Mazimhaka, Patrick – S/PV.3987 (Resumption 1)

GREAT LAKES REGION (AFRICA)–REGIONAL
SECURITY
  Mazimhaka, Patrick – S/PV.3987 (Resumption 1)

Saudi Arabia

FORMER YUGOSLAVIA SITUATION
  Shobokshi, Fawzi – S/PV.4003

KOSOVO (YUGOSLAVIA)
  Shobokshi, Fawzi – S/PV.4003

Senegal

AFRICA–REGIONAL SECURITY
  Baudin, Jacques – S/PV.4049 (Resumption 2)

ARMED CONFLICTS PREVENTION–UN. SECURITY
COUNCIL
  Ka, Ibra Deguène – S/PV.4072 (Resumption 1)

Sierra Leone

AFRICA–REGIONAL SECURITY
  Rowe, Sylvester – S/PV.4081 (Resumption 1)

SIERRA LEONE–POLITICAL CONDITIONS
  Dabor, Fode – S/PV.3986; S/PV.4035
  Kamara, Fode – S/PV.4054

UN MISSION IN SIERRA LEONE
  Dabor, Fode – S/PV.3986; S/PV.4035
  Kamara, Fode – S/PV.4054

UN OBSERVER MISSION IN SIERRA LEONE
  Dabor, Fode – S/PV.3986; S/PV.4035
  Kamara, Fode – S/PV.4054

Singapore

EAST TIMOR QUESTION
  Mahbubani, Kishore – S/PV.4043 (Resumption)

Slovakia

AFRICA–REGIONAL SECURITY
  Chlebo, Jaroslav – S/PV.4039 (Resumption 2)

CHILDREN IN ARMED CONFLICTS
  Tomka, Peter – S/PV.4037 (Resumption 1)

CIVILIAN PERSONS–ARMED CONFLICTS
  Tomka, Peter – S/PV.4046 (Resumption 1)

Slovenia (continued)

CHILDREN IN ARMED CONFLICTS
  Türk, Danilo – S/PV.3977; S/PV.4037

CIVILIAN PERSONS–ARMED CONFLICTS
  Türk, Danilo – S/PV.3977; S/PV.4046

DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF THE CONGO
SITUATION
  Memik, Irene – S/PV.4083
  Türk, Danilo – S/PV.3987

EAST TIMOR QUESTION
  Türk, Danilo – S/PV.4057; S/PV.4085

FORMER YUGOSLAVIA SITUATION
  Zbogar, Samuel – S/PV.4043 (Resumption)

GREAT LAKES REGION (AFRICA)–REGIONAL
SECURITY
  Türk, Danilo – S/PV.3987

INTERNATIONAL SECURITY
  Türk, Danilo – S/PV.3968; S/PV.4020; S/PV.4053

INTERNATIONAL TRIBUNAL–FORMER YUGOSLAVIA
  Türk, Danilo – S/PV.4053

INTERNATIONAL TRIBUNAL–RWANDA
  Türk, Danilo – S/PV.4063

IRAQ–KUWAIT SITUATION
  Türk, Danilo – S/PV.4070; S/PV.4084

KOSOVO (YUGOSLAVIA)
  Türk, Danilo – S/PV.3988; S/PV.3989; S/PV.4000;
  S/PV.4003; S/PV.4011

REFUGEES
  Türk, Danilo – S/PV.4025

SIERRA LEONE–POLITICAL CONDITIONS
  Benedejevic, Andrej – S/PV.4078
  Zbogar, Samuel – S/PV.3986; S/PV.4035

SMALL ARMS
  Frlec, Boris – S/PV.4048

TERRORISM
  Türk, Danilo – S/PV.4053

THE FORMER YUGOSLAV REPUBLIC OF
MACEDONIA SITUATION
  Türk, Danilo – S/PV.3982

UN MISSION IN EAST TIMOR
  Türk, Danilo – S/PV.4057

UN MISSION IN SIERRA LEONE
  Badejevic, Andrej – S/PV.4076

UN OBSERVER MISSION IN SIERRA LEONE
  Zbogar, Samuel – S/PV.3986; S/PV.4035

UN PREVENTIVE DEPLOYMENT FORCE
  Türk, Danilo – S/PV.3982

UN TRANSITIONAL ADMINISTRATION IN EAST
TIMOR
  Türk, Danilo – S/PV.4057

South Africa

AFRICA–REGIONAL SECURITY
  Kumalo, Dumisani – S/PV.4049 (Resumption 2)

ARMED CONFLICTS PREVENTION–UN. SECURITY
COUNCIL
  Kumalo, Dumisani – S/PV.4072

CHILDREN IN ARMED CONFLICTS
  Kumalo, Dumisani – S/PV.4037 (Resumption 1)

CIVILIAN PERSONS–ARMED CONFLICTS
  Kumalo, Dumisani – S/PV.4046 (Resumption 1)
South Africa (continued)

DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF THE CONGO
SITUATION
Vermeulen, Pieter - S/PV.3987 (Resumption 1)

EAST TIMOR QUESTION
Kumalo, Dumisani - S/PV.4043 (Resumption)

INTERNATIONAL SECURITY
Badenhorst, Christian - S/PV.4020 (Resumption 1)

Spain

AFRICA-REGIONAL SECURITY
Flores, Juan Luis - S/PV.4081 (Resumption 1)

EAST TIMOR QUESTION
Arias, Inocencio - S/PV.4043 (Resumption)

Sudan

AFRICA-REGIONAL SECURITY
Ismail, Mustafa - S/PV.4049 (Resumption 2)

ARMED CONFLICTS PREVENTION-UN. SECURITY COUNCIL
Erwa, Elfatih - S/PV.4072

CHILDREN IN ARMED CONFLICTS
Erwa, Elfatih - S/PV.4037 (Resumption 1)

DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF THE CONGO
SITUATION
Erwa, Elfatih - S/PV.3987 (Resumption 1)

EAST TIMOR QUESTION
Erwa, Elfatih - S/PV.4043 (Resumption)

Swaziland

AFRICA-REGIONAL SECURITY
Dlamini, Moses - S/PV.4049 (Resumption 3)

Sweden

AFRICA-REGIONAL SECURITY
Dahlgren, Hans - S/PV.4081 (Resumption 1)

EAST TIMOR QUESTION
Dahlgren, Hans - S/PV.4043 (Resumption)

Switzerland

CHILDREN IN ARMED CONFLICTS
Maurer, Peter - S/PV.4037 (Resumption 1)
Staehelin, Jeno - S/PV.3980 (Resumption 1)

CIVILIAN PERSONS-ARMED CONFLICTS
Staehelin, Jeno - S/PV.3980 (Resumption 1); S/PV.4046 (Resumption 1)

Tajikistan

AFGHANISTAN SITUATION
Allmov, Rashid - S/PV.4039 (Resumption 1)

TAJIKISTAN SITUATION
Allmov, Rashid - S/PV.4064

UN MISSION OF OBSERVERS IN TAJIKISTAN
Allmov, Rashid - S/PV.4064

The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia

CIVILIAN PERSONS-ARMED CONFLICTS
Calovski, Nastie - S/PV.4046 (Resumption 1)

FORMER YUGOSLAVIA SITUATION
Calovski, Nastie - S/PV.3982; S/PV.4011 (Resumption 1)

The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia (continued)

KOSOVO (YUGOSLAVIA)
Calovski, Nastie - S/PV.4011 (Resumption 1)

THE FORMER YUGOSLAV REPUBLIC OF MACEDONIA SITUATION
Calovski, Nastie - S/PV.3982

UN PREVENTIVE DEPLOYMENT FORCE
Calovski, Nastie - S/PV.3982

Togo

AFRICA-REGIONAL SECURITY
Koffigoh, Joseph - S/PV.4049 (Resumption 2)

CHILDREN IN ARMED CONFLICTS
Kpotsa, Roland - S/PV.3980

CIVILIAN PERSONS-ARMED CONFLICTS
Kpotsa, Roland - S/PV.3980

Tunisia

DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF THE CONGO
SITUATION
Ben Mustapha, Said - S/PV.4104

UN ORGANIZATION MISSION IN THE DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF THE CONGO
Ben Mustapha, Said - S/PV.4104

Turkey

AFGHANISTAN SITUATION
Vural, Volkan - S/PV.4039 (Resumption 1)

Turkmenistan

AFGHANISTAN SITUATION
Ataeva, Aksoltan - S/PV.4039 (Resumption 1)

Uganda

AFRICA-REGIONAL SECURITY
Semakula Kiwanuka, Matia - S/PV.4049 (Resumption 1)

CHILDREN IN ARMED CONFLICTS
Byeindeza, Fred - S/PV.4037 (Resumption 1)

DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF THE CONGO
SITUATION
Mbabazi, Amama - S/PV.3987 (Resumption 1)

Ukraine

AFRICA-REGIONAL SECURITY
Tardysyuk, Boris - S/PV.4049 (Resumption 1)

CHILDREN IN ARMED CONFLICTS
Ye'chenko, Volodymyr - S/PV.4081 (Resumption 1)

ARMED CONFLICTS PREVENTION-UN. SECURITY COUNCIL
Krokhmal, Volodymyr - S/PV.4072 (Resumption 1)

CHILDREN IN ARMED CONFLICTS
Ye'chenko, Volodymyr - S/PV.3980; S/PV.4037 (Resumption 1)

CIVILIAN PERSONS-ARMED CONFLICTS
Ye'chenko, Volodymyr - S/PV.3980; S/PV.4046 (Resumption 1)

DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF THE CONGO
SITUATION
Ye'chenko, Volodymyr - S/PV.4104
Ukraine (continued)

FORMER YUGOSLAVIA SITUATION
Yel'chenko, Volodymyr – S/PV.3989; S/PV.4003; S/PV.4011 (Resumption 1)
KOSOVO (YUGOSLAVIA)
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Al-Kidwa, Nasser (Palestine)
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Al-Nasser, Nassir (Qatar) (UN. Group of Islamic Countries at the United Nations. Chairman)
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Alatas, Ali (Indonesia)
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Albar, Syed Hamld (Malaysia) (UN. Security Council (54th year: 1999). President)
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Albright, Madeleine Korbel (United States)
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Aleman, Mario (Ecuador)
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Allmov, Rashid (Tajikistan)
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Amorim, Celso (Brazil)

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Amorim, Celso (Brazil) (UN. Security Council (54th year: 1999). President)

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Annabi, Hédi (UN. Assistant Secretary-General for Peace-keeping Operations)

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Annan, Kofi (UN. Secretary-General)

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Bolsson, Jacques (Monaco)
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Andjaba, Martin (Namibia) – S/PV.4036
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Greenstock, Jeremy – S/PV.4027
United States
Burleigh, Peter – S/PV.3965; S/PV.4027
Soderberg, Nancy – S/PV.3999
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Walubita, Kell – S/PV.3983

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Belarus
Syschev, Alyaksandr – S/PV.4072
Brazil
Fonseca, Gelson – S/PV.4072
Canada
Fowler, Robert – S/PV.4072
China
Qin, Huasun – S/PV.4072
Croatia
Simonovic, Ivan – S/PV.4072 (Resumption 1)
Egypt
Aboul Gheit, Ahmed – S/PV.4072 (Resumption 1)
Finland
Korpi, Anna-Maija – S/PV.4072
France
Dejammet, Alain – S/PV.4072
Gabon
Essonghe, Charles – S/PV.4072
Gambia
Jagne, Baboucarr-Blaise – S/PV.4072
Iran (Islamic Republic of)
Nejad Hosseini, Hadi – S/PV.4072 (Resumption 1)
Iraq
Hasan, Saeed – S/PV.4072 (Resumption 1)
Japan
Sakoh, Yukio – S/PV.4072
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya
Dorda, Abuzeid – S/PV.4072
Liechtenstein
Fritsche, Claudia – S/PV.4072 (Resumption 1)
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Hasmy, Agam – S/PV.4072
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Andjaba, Martin – S/PV.4072
Netherlands
Walsum, Peter van – S/PV.4072
New Zealand
Powles, Michael – S/PV.4072 (Resumption 1)
Nigeria
Apata, Segun – S/PV.4072 (Resumption 1)
Norway
Kolby, Ole Peter – S/PV.4072 (Resumption 1)
Pakistan
Haque, Moin ul – S/PV.4072 (Resumption 1)
Republic of Korea
Lee, See-Young – S/PV.4072
Russian Federation
Galilov, Gennadii Mikhailovich – S/PV.4072
Senegal
Ka, Ibra Doguène. – S/PV.4072 (Resumption 1)
Slovenia
Türk, Danilo – S/PV.4072 (Resumption 1)
South Africa
Kumalo, Dumisani – S/PV.4072
Sudan
Enwa, Elfatih – S/PV.4072
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United Kingdom
Greenstock, Jeremy - S/PV.4072
United States
Holbrooke, Richard C. - S/PV.4072
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Bahrain
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Bosnia and Herzegovina
Izetbegovic, Alija - S/PV.4069
Jelavic, Ante - S/PV.4069
Radlic, Zivko - S/PV.4069
Brazil
Fonseca, Gelson - S/PV.4069
Canada
Fowler, Robert - S/PV.4069
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Shen, Guofang - S/PV.4069
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Jagne, Baboucarr-Blaise - S/PV.4069
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Hasmy, Agam - S/PV.4069
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Russia
Sergeev, Vladimir - S/PV.4069
Slovenia
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Kilic, Matti (Finland) - S/PV.4069
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Eidson, Stewart - S/PV.4069
United Republic of Tanzania
Bandora, Musingga - S/PV.4069 (Resumption 1)
United States
Soderberg, Nancy - S/PV.4069

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Poukre-Kono, Fernand - S/PV.3984
China
Chen, Xu - S/PV.3984
Shen, Guofang - S/PV.4056
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Dejammet, Alain - S/PV.3984
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Kooljmans, Adriaan - S/PV.3984
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United Republic of Tanzania
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United States
Soderberg, Nancy - S/PV.4069

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Netunuye, Marc - S/PV.4067
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Fowler, Robert - S/PV.4067
China
Shen, Guofang - S/PV.4067
European Union
Kääriäinen, Matti (Finland) - S/PV.4067
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Dejammet, Alain - S/PV.4067
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Jagne, Baboucarr-Blaise - S/PV.4067 (Resumption 1)
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Hasmy, Agam - S/PV.4067 (Resumption 1)
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Netherlands
Walsum, Peter van - S/PV.4067 (Resumption 1)
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Turkey
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UN. Assistant Secretary-General for Political Affairs
Fall, Ibrahima - S/PV.4067
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Burch, John - S/PV.3980

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Brazil  
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Burkina Faso  
Kazambara, Michel - S/PV.3980

Canada  
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China  
Qin, Huasun - S/PV.3977

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Costa Rica  
Niehaus-Quesada, Berno - S/PV.3980; S/PV.4037 (Resumption 1)

Dominican Republic  
Agular, Cristina - S/PV.3980

Egypt  
Aboul Gheit, Ahmed - S/PV.4037 (Resumption 1)

El Salvador  
Castaneda-Cornejo, Ricardo - S/PV.3980

European Union  
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Finland  
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Jagne, Baboucarr-Bilasse - S/PV.3977; S/PV.4037

Guatemala  
Lavalle-Valdes, Roberto - S/PV.3980

Guyana  
Insonally, Samuel - S/PV.4037 (Resumption 1)

India  
Sharma, Kamaleesha - S/PV.3980; S/PV.4037 (Resumption 1)

Indonesia  
Ponan, Hazairin - S/PV.4037 (Resumption 1)

International Committee of the Red Cross. President Sommaruga, Cornelio - S/PV.3977

Iraq  
Hasan, Saeed - S/PV.3980 (Resumption 1); S/PV.4037 (Resumption 1); S/PV.4037 (Resumption 1)

Japan  
Sato, Yukio - S/PV.4037 (Resumption 1)

Kenya  
Odero, Roselyn - S/PV.4037 (Resumption 1)

Malaysia  
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New Zealand  
Powles, Michael - S/PV.3980; S/PV.4037 (Resumption 1)

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Honningstad, Arne - S/PV.4037 (Resumption 1)

Pakistan  
Kamal, Ahmad - S/PV.3980

Philippines  
Mabiliang, Felipe - S/PV.4037 (Resumption 1)

Portugal  
Monteiro, Antonio - S/PV.4037 (Resumption 1)

Republic of Korea  
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Russian Federation  
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Rwanda  
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Slovenia  
Tom, Pater - S/PV.4037 (Resumption 1)

South Africa  
Kumalo, Dumisani - S/PV.4037 (Resumption 1)

Sudan  
Erwa, Elfath - S/PV.4037 (Resumption 1)

Switzerland  
Maurer, Peter - S/PV.4037 (Resumption 1)

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UN. Special Representative of the Secretary-General on the Impact of Armed Conflict on Children
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UNICEF. Executive Director
Belamy, Carol – S/PV.3977

United Kingdom
Eldon, Stewart – S/PV.3977; S/PV.4037

United Republic of Tanzania
Mwaikagwa, Daudi – S/PV.4037 (Resumption 1)

United States
Burlelgh, Peter – S/PV.3977
Milton, Mark – S/PV.4037 (Resumption 1)
Soderberg, Nancy – S/PV.4037

Uruguay
Pérez-Otermin, Jorge – S/PV.3980 (Resumption 1)

Zambia
Kaanda, Peter – S/PV.3990 (Resumption 1); S/PV.4037 (Resumption 1)

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Australia
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Azerbaijan
Kouliiev, Eddar – S/PV.3980 (Resumption 1)

Bahrain
Busilay, Jassim – S/PV.3977; S/PV.4046

Bangladesh
Chowdhury, Anvarul Karim – S/PV.3980

Botswana
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Brazil
Fonseca, Gelson – S/PV.4046
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Burkina Faso
Kafando, Michel – S/PV.3980

Canada
Axworthy, Lloyd – S/PV.3977
Fowler, Robert – S/PV.4046

China
Chen, Xu – S/PV.4046
Qin, Huasun – S/PV.3977

Costa Rica
Niehaus-Quesada, Bernd – S/PV.3980

Dominican Republic
Aguilar, Cristina – S/PV.3980

Egypt
Aboul Gheit, Ahmed – S/PV.4046 (Resumption 1)
Elaraby, Nabil A. – S/PV.3980 (Resumption 1)

El Salvador
Castaneda-Cornejo, Ricardo – S/PV.3980

European Union
Kastrup, Dieter (Germany) – S/PV.3980

Finland
Korpi, Anna-Maija – S/PV.4046 (Resumption 1)

France
Delamet, Alain – S/PV.3977; S/PV.4046

Gabon
Dangue Rewaka, Denis – S/PV.3977
Essonghe, Charles – S/PV.4046

Gambia
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Guatemala
Lavaile-Valdes, Roberto – S/PV.3980

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India
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Indonesia
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International Committee of the Red Cross
Junod, Sylvie – S/PV.4046 (Resumption 2)

International Committee of the Red Cross. President
Sommaruga, Cornello. – S/PV.3977

Iraq
Hasan, Saeed – S/PV.3980 (Resumption 1); S/PV.4046 (Resumption 2)

Israel
Gold, Dore – S/PV.3980 (Resumption 1); S/PV.4046 (Resumption 2)

Japan
Takesu, Yukio – S/PV.3980

Yamazaki, Ryouchiro – S/PV.4046 (Resumption 1)

Malaysia
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Mongolia
Enkhsaikhan, Jargalsaikhan – S/PV.4046 (Resumption 1)

Namibia
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Netherlands
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New Zealand
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Norway
Kolby, Oie Peter – S/PV.3980

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Pakistan
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Palestine
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Republic of Korea
Cho, Chang-beom – S/PV.3980

Lee, Seo-Young – S/PV.4046 (Resumption 1)

Russian Federation
Fedotov, Yuriy V. – S/PV.3980 (Resumption 1)

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UN High Commissioner for Human Rights
Robinson, Mary – S/PV.4046
UN, Secretary-General
Annan, Kofi – S/PV.4046
UN, Special Representative of the Secretary-General on
the impact of Armed Conflict on Children
Otunnu, Olara – S/PV.3987
Walsum, Peter van (Netherlands) – S/PV.4046
UN, Under-Secretary-General for Humanitarian Affairs
and Emergency Relief Coordinator
Mello, Sergio Vieira de – S/PV.4046 (Resumption 2)
UNICEF, Executive Director
Bellamy, Carol – S/PV.3987
United Kingdom
Eldon, Stewart – S/PV.3977
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United States
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Uruguay
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Zambia
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France
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Kenya
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Netherlands
Walsum, Peter van – S/PV.3987; S/PV.4083;
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Russian Federation
Lavrov, Sergei Viktorovich – S/PV.3987; S/PV.4083;
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Egypt
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France
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NOTE: Information relating to the republication of documents in Supplements to the Official Records of the Security Council, Fifty-fourth Year, was not available at the time this Index was submitted for printing.

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## RESOLUTIONS ADOPTED BY THE SECURITY COUNCIL
### LIST OF RESOLUTIONS

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<th>S/RES.</th>
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| 1249 (1999) | UN--MEMBERS  
(Admission of the Republic of Nauru to membership in the UN) | 4017 / 25 June | 14-0-1 |
| 1250 (1999) | CYPRUS QUESTION  
(Negotiations for a political settlement in Cyprus under auspices of the Secretary-General) | 4018 / 29 June | Unanimous |
| 1251 (1999) | UN PEACEKEEPING FORCE IN CYPRUS  
(Extension of the mandate of the UN Peacekeeping Force in Cyprus (UNFICYP)) | 4018 / 29 June | Unanimous |
| 1252 (1999) | UN MISSION OF OBSERVERS IN PREVLAKA  
[Monitoring of the demilitarization of the Prevlaka peninsula by UN Observers] | 4023 / 15 July | Unanimous |
| 1253 (1999) | UN--MEMBERS  
(Admission of the Kingdom of Tonga to membership in the UN) | 4026 / 28 July | without vote |
| 1254 (1999) | UN INTERIM FORCE IN LEBANON  
(Extension of the mandate of the UN Interim Force in Lebanon (UNIFIL)) | 4028 / 30 July | Unanimous |
| 1255 (1999) | GEORGIA SITUATION  
(Extension of the mandate of the UN Observer Mission in Georgia (UNOMIG)) | 4029 / 30 July | Unanimous |
| 1256 (1999) | FORMER YUGOSLAVIA SITUATION  
(Role of the High Representative for the implementation of the Peace Agreement) | 4030 / 3 Aug. | Unanimous |
| 1257 (1999) | UN MISSION IN EAST TIMOR  
(Extension of the mandate of the UN Mission in East Timor (UNAMET)) | 4031 / 3 Aug. | Unanimous |
| 1258 (1999) | DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF THE CONGO SITUATION  
[Deployment of the UN personnel in the Democratic Republic of the Congo] | 4032 / 6 Aug. | Unanimous |
| 1259 (1999) | INTERNATIONAL TRIBUNAL--FORMER YUGOSLAVIA  
(Appointment of Carla Del Ponte as Prosecutor of the International Tribunal for the Former Yugoslavia and the International Tribunal for Rwanda) | 4033 / 11 Aug. | Unanimous |
| 1260 (1999) | UN OBSERVER MISSION IN SIERRA LEONE  
[Peace process and reconstruction in Sierra Leone] | 4035 / 20 Aug. | Unanimous |
| 1261 (1999) | CHILDREN IN ARMED CONFLICTS  
[Children in armed conflicts] | 4037 / 25 Aug. | Unanimous  
Resumption 1 |
| 1262 (1999) | UN MISSION IN EAST TIMOR  
(Extension of the mandate of the UN Mission in East Timor (UNAMET)) | 4038 / 27 Aug. | Unanimous |
| 1263 (1999) | UN MISSION FOR THE REFERENDUM IN WESTERN SAHARA  
[Extension of the mandate of the UN Mission for the Referendum in Western Sahara (MINURSO)] | 4044 / 13 Sept. | Unanimous |
| 1264 (1999) | UN MISSION IN EAST TIMOR  
[Establishment of multinational peace force in East Timor] | 4045 / 15 Sept. | Unanimous |
| 1265 (1999) | CIVILIAN PERSONS--ARMED CONFLICTS  
[Protection of civilians in armed conflicts] | 4046 / 17 Sept. | Unanimous  
Resumption 2 |
| 1266 (1999) | IRAQ-KUWAIT SITUATION  
[Measures to provide for the humanitarian needs of the Iraqi people] | 4050 / 4 Oct. | Unanimous |
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VOTING CHART OF RESOLUTIONS

Votes are as indicated in the provisional verbatim records of the Security Council, fifty-fourth year, 1999. The following symbols are used to indicate how each member voted:

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Resolutions adopted without vote are indicated by a blank space.

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